

Thermal Expansion Products





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Table of Contents

611

C	General Information
F	Potable Hot Water System
	Series PLT Potable water expansion tanks
	Series DETA ASME pressurized potable water expansion tanks
Ť	Series LFBRV Combination ball valve and relief valve
٢	Series Governor 80M2 Ball cock and thermal expansion relief valve
	Series LF530C Calibrated pressure relief valve
Ν	Nonpotable Hot Water System
	Series 276H300/IWTG Water pressure test gauges
()	Series SCV Service check valves
	Series ETX-ASF Combination packages
	Series HPX Boiler trim-out packages
.	Boiler Header Modules Pro Hydronic packages
	Series ETX, ETSX pressurized expansion tanks for heating and cooling systems 16
	Series ETA ASME pressurized nonpotable water expansion tanks
Î	Series ET-RA ASME pressurized nonpotable water expansion tanks

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figure 1

General Information What is Thermal Expansion?

When water is heated, it expands. For example, water heated from 90°F (32°C) to a thermostat setting of 140°F (60°C) in a 40 gallon hot water heater will expand by almost one-half gallon. This is because when water is heated, its density decreases and its volume expands (see fig. 1). Since water is not compressible, the extra volume created by expansion must go someplace. During no-flow periods in a system, pressure reducing valves, backflow preventers, and other one-way valves are closed, thus eliminating a path for expanded water to flow back to the system supply. Hence, system pressure increases.



Temperature vs Density

Thermal expansion of water in a closed plumbing system can create a number of annoying and potentially dangerous problems. These include: the build up of unusually high pressure in a system (even when a pressure reducing valve is installed); pressure surges; and the chronic or continuous dripping of a temperature and pressure (T&P) relief valve. In addition, dripping faucets and leaking toilet tank ball cock fill valves are also symptomatic of thermal expansion.

More serious problems can also occur due to thermal expansion. When dangerous pressures are built up in a water heater, internal parts may fail such as the internal flues, fittings or water connections. If a flue way collapses, it can lead to the potential release of toxic gases, such as carbon monoxide into living spaces. Thermal expansion can also lead to a ruptured or distorted hot water heating tank and may void the manufacturer's warranty (see fig.2).



Plumbing codes require you to address this safety problem.

No matter what your thermal expansion problem may be, whether for new construction or for retrofitting or remodeling an existing system, Watts offers cost effective solutions for you as outlined in the following pages of this guide. Should you require more detailed information on these products, please feel free to call your local Watts representative, listed on the back of this guide.

Plumbing Code Requirements

Thermal Expansion Control

Plumbing codes require that thermal expansion control be addressed in plumbing systems. A temperature and pressure relief valve is not considered a thermal expansion device. This is because when water is allowed to continuously drip from the T&P relief valve, minerals from the water can build up on the valve, eventually blocking it. This blockage can render the T&P valve useless and potentially lead to hot water heater explosions. The International Plumbing Code (IPC), Uniform Plumbing Code (UPC) and Standard Plumbing Code all require thermal expansion control to be addressed.

Expansion Tank Construction

Section VIII of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code states certain requirements that must be met by an expansion tank for it to meet ASME construction specifications. The Watts Series ETA, ET-RA and DETA tanks all meet these ASME requirements.

Potable vs Nonpotable Systems

Potable refers to water in an open domestic hot water heating system. This is water that could potentially be consumed by people and is not recirculated within the system. Nonpotable refers to water in a closed hydronic heating, radiant floor heating, or a chilled water system where the water is recirculated and does not leave the system.

Each of these hot water heating systems have different thermal expansion requirements explained in more depth in the following pages of this guide.

Water Containment vs Water Relief Solutions

Water Containment solutions allow for thermal expansion while containing thermally expanded water in the plumbing system. The Watts full line of thermal expansion tanks are considered water containment devices. These products require no installation of discharge lines or drains.

Water Relief solutions discharge thermally expanded water at a pressure setting that is below the setting of the water heater's temperature and pressure relief valve. Watts offers a variety of water relief solutions that can be installed on the system piping, in a water closet or on an outside faucet. These products must be piped to a suitable drain or discharge location.

Expansion Tanks

How a Diaphragm Expansion Tank Works

When water is heated in a closed system, it expands. Water is not compressible, therefore, the additional water volume created has to go someplace. When an expansion tank is installed, the excess water enters the prepressurized tank (figure 3). As the temperature and pressure reaches its maximum, the diaphragm flexes against an air cushion (air is compressible) to allow for increased water expansion (figure 4). When the system is opened again or the water cools, the water leaves the tank and returns to the system.



Note: Expansion tanks are always located on the cold water piping to the water heater or heating system.

Selecting an Expansion Tank

To properly select the correct expansion tank for a system, you can either use the selection guide tables which are placed near each tank series throughout this product guide (see figure 5) or use a formula to determine the tank volume and acceptance volume requirements. When using a formula, it is necessary to know the water heater capacity, the water supply pressure, the starting and ending water temperatures and the maximum pressure setting of the relief valve.

	- LAPE		0000 01		0 0) 10	nporate						
SUP Pres	PLY Sure		WATER HEATER Gallons (Liters)									
psi	bar	20 (76)	30 (114)	40 (152)	50 (190)	80 (304)	100 (380)	120 (456)				
40	2.7											
50	3											
55	3.7											
60	4											
70	4.8											
80	5.5									Tank		
90	6									T CHINY		
100	6.9									Tank E		
110	7.5									Tank (
120	8.2									Multip		

figure 5 **Note:** Expansion based on 50°F (10°C) temperature rise.

To select the correct expansion tank, using the selection guides in this product guide, choose the supply pressure (for pressures between those shown, use next highest supply pressure), read across the chart to the correct tank as indicated by the water heater capacity. For capacities between those shown, use next highest capacity.

To accommodate the thermal expansion required for higher temperature and/or higher pressure systems, multiple tanks may be used. Please contact your local authorized Watts representative for assistance in sizing expansion tanks for specific applications requiring multiple tanks.

Other Potable Water Thermal Expansion Solutions



Watts offers several other options for pressure relief besides expansion tanks. These products do not prevent against loss of water, like an expansion tank, but they do limit high pressure and prevent the annoying problems associated with thermal expansion. These products include the: Governor 80M2 combination toilet tank ball cock fill valve and thermal expansion relief valve; the LF530C calibrated pressure relief valve; the LFBRV combination ball valve and relief valve and the H32 hose connection pressure relief valve. These products are described in more detail in the following pages of this product guide.

4

Control Thermal Expansion

in Hot Water Supply Systems

Thermal expansion of heated water may occur wherever potable water is heated in a closed system (when the potable water is isolated from the public water supply by a one-way valve, such as a pressure reducing valve, backflow preventer or check valve). Watts potable water expansion tanks are designed to absorb the increased volume of water created by thermal expansion and to maintain a balanced pressure throughout the potable water supply system. They are used to prevent plumbing system and/or water heater damage and unnecessary relief valve discharge caused by excessive pressure from thermal expansion.



†ASSE 1016 – Listed valves such as the Watts LFL111, LFMMV or LFUSG should be used at point-of-delivery.

Series PLT

Potable Water Expansion Tanks

Models PLT-5, PLT-12, PLT-20, and PLT-35

Series PLT Potable Water Expansion Tanks are designed to absorb thermal expansion and to maintain balanced pressure throughout the potable water supply system.

Heated water expands, and in a domestic hot water system, the system may be closed when isolated from the public water supply by a one-way valve, pressure reducing valve, backflow preventer, check valve, etc. Provisions must be made for this expansion.

Series PLT expansion tanks absorb the increased volume of water created when the hot water storage tank is heated and keeps the system pressure below the relief setting of the T&P relief valve. It is a prepressurized steel tank with an expansion membrane that prevents contact of the water with the air in the tank. This prevents loss of air to the water and ensures long and trouble-free life for the system. These tanks may be used with all types of Direct Fired Hot Water Heaters (gas, oil or electric) and hot water storage tanks.

Features

- Rugged flexible butyl diaphragm
- · Field adjustable pre-charge
- In-line and free standing models
- · Can be used with most standard hot water heaters and storage tanks

Models

PLT-5 has ³/₄" male connection, tank volume 2.1 gal. PLT-12 has ³/₄" male connection, tank volume 4.5 gal. PLT-20 has ³/₄" male connection, tank volume 8.5 gal. PLT-35 has 1" female connection, tank volume 14.0 gal.

Specifications

The potable water expansion tank shall be of drawn steel construction and include a rigid polypropylene reservoir liner. It shall have a butyl diaphragm separating the air chamber from the water containing chamber. Inlet connector shall be stainless steel lined. Materials of manufacture for the liner and diaphragm shall be FDA approved. The potable water expansion tank shall be a Watts Series PLT.

For additional information, request literature ES-PLT.



Standards

Models PLT-5, PLT-12 and PLT-20 are Listed by IAPMO. Certified to ANSI/NSF 61

Model PLT-35 Certified to ANSI/NSF 61



(73°F/23°C)

Selection Guide

SUP Pres	PLY Sure		WATER HEATER Gallons (Liters)										
psi	bar	20 (76)	30 (114)	40 (152)	50 (190)	80 (304)	100 (380)	120 (456)					
40	2.7												
50	3												
55	3.7												
60	4												
70	4.8												
80	5.5												
90	6												
100	6.9												
110	7.5												
120	8.2												
	1												



This table is based upon a relief valve setting of 150psi (10.3 bar), a maximum of 40°F (4°C) temperature rise, and a 20psi (138 kPa) precharge.*

*It is recommended that tanks be precharged to supply pressure (up to 80psi (5.5 bar)). Equalizing precharge pressure to supply pressure increases the application range over those shown in the table.

Model	Conne Size	ection (DN)	Ma Pres	ax. sure	Ma Ter	ax. np.	Ta Voli	nk ume	Ta Accej	nk otance	Prec	Air harge	Dian	neter	Len	gth	We	eight
	in.	тт	psi	bar	F	°C	gal.	liters	gal.	liters	psi	kPa	in.	тт	in.	тт	lbs.	kgs.
PLT-5	³∕₄ M	20	150	10.3	200	93	2.1	8	1.26	4.8	20	138	8	203	11	279	5.5	2.5
PLT-12	³∕4 M	20	150	10.3	200	93	4.5	17	2.8	10.6	20	138	10.5	267	13½	343	10	4.5
PLT-20	³∕4 M	20	150	10.3	200	93	8.5	32	3.2	12.1	20	138	12.5	318	19.2	488	15	6.8
PLT-35	³∕4 M	20	150	10.3	200	93	14.0	53	5.6	21.2	20	138	16.0	406	21.7	551	32	14.5

Series DETA

ASME Pressurized Expansion Tanks for Potable Hot Water

Models DETA 5 – DETA 210

Series DETA tanks are ASME fixed bladder type precharged expansion tanks for commercial and industrial fresh potable hot water applications. They are designed to accept the expanded volume of hot water keeping the system pressure below the relief valve setting. The water is contained in a butyl bladder.

Maximum Design Pressure: DETA 5 – DETA 210: 150psi (10.3 bar) Precharged to 40psi (276 kPa) Maximum Design Temperature: 240°F (115°C)

Features

- ASME Section VIII construction
- Fixed butyl bladder (FDA approved)
- Stainless steel system connection
- Precharged to 40psi (276 kPa) (field adjustable)
- Shell: carbon steel
- System connection: stainless steel
- Bladder: butyl (FDA approved)
- Primer coated exterior

Specifications

Furnish and install as shown on plans a Watts Model DETA _____ gallon _____ " diameter x _____" (high) precharged steel thermal expansion tank with a fixed butyl bladder. The tank shall have a top NPT stainless steel system connection and a .302" – 32" (7.6 – 812.8mm) charging valve connection (standard tire valve) to facilitate the on-site charging of the tank to meet system requirements. The tank must be constructed in accordance with Section VIII of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

For additional information, request literature ES-DETA.

Model	System Connection		Tank Volume		Acceptance Volume		Max. Operating		Dimensions (approx.)						Weig	ght
	(D	N)					Pressure		Dia.		Height			3		
	in.	тт	Gallons	Liters	Gallons	Liters	psig	bar	in.	тт	in.	mm	in.	тт	lbs.	kgs.
DETA 5	3⁄4	20	3.5	13	2.1	8	150	10.3	10	254	14	356	-	_	22	10
DETA 12	3⁄4	20	5	19	3.1	11.7	150	10.3	12	305	14	356	-	-	28	13
DETA 20	3⁄4	20	8	30	3.1	11.7	150	10.3	12	305	20	508	10	254	34	15
DETA 30	1	25	15	57	10.5	40	150	10.3	16	406	33	838	12	305	64	29
DETA 42	1	25	22	84	15.5	59	150	10.3	16	406	32	813	14	356	88	40
DETA 60	1	25	26	99	15.5	59	150	10.3	16	406	34	864	14	356	93	42
DETA 80	1	25	35	133	15.5	59	150	10.3	16	406	45	1143	14	356	109	49
DETA 100	1	25	45	171	21	80	150	10.3	20	508	38	965	18	457	148	67
DETA 125	1	25	60	228	21	80	150	10.3	20	508	49	1245	18	457	175	79
DETA 160	1 ½	40	70	266	52.5	199.5	150	10.3	24	610	46	1676	22	559	259	117
DETA 180	1 ½	40	80	304	52.5	199.5	150	10.3	24	610	49	1168	22	559	268	122
DETA 210	1 ¹ / ₂	40	90	342	52.5	199.5	150	10.3	24	610	52	1321	22	559	283	128

Lift ring on models DETA 42 - DETA 210.







Series LFBRV

Combination Ball Valve and Relief Valves

LEADEREE Series LFBRV, Combination Ball Valve and Relief Valve is an easy to install two-in-one device. Designed to be used as water heater shutoff valves to provide both a means to shut off the water supply to the water heater and to provide protection against excess water pressure caused by thermal expansion. The Series LFBRV features Lead Free* construction to comply with Lead Free* installation requirements.

These valves use a Lead Free* copper silicon alloy body full port valve design** which includes PTFE seats and a blow out proof stem design. The relief valve section includes a Viton[®] ball and stainless steel spring. It is provided with a compression or PEX end fitting to provide a secure method of connecting a discharge line.

Features

- Easy Installation Installs in any position
- Low profile design
- Full port ball valve with virgin PTFE seats
- Blowout proof stem
- Secure drain tube connection available with PEX, Barb or compression fitting models

Specifications

Valve shall include built-in relief protection from water pressure in excess of 75, 80, 100, or 125psi. Each valve shall be full port construction**, Lead Free* copper silicon alloy body, blowout proof 316 stainless steel stem, virgin PTFE seats, PTFE stem packing and stem thrust bearing, Viton® relief ball and 302 stainless steel relief spring. Lead Free* combination ball valve and relief valve shall be constructed using Lead Free* materials. Lead Free* valves shall comply with state codes and standards, where applicable, requiring reduced lead content. Valves shall include brass compression nut and ferrule or PEX end connection for a drain line. Valve shall be IAPMO listed. Valve shall be a Watts Series LFBRV.

** PEX end connections reduce full port to reduced port dimensions.

For additional information, request literature ES-LFBRV.

Available Models

Inlet	Outlet	Relief Outlet
Sweat	Sweat	PEX
Sweat	Sweat	Compression
Thread	Thread	Compression
PEX	PEX	Compression
PEX	PEX	PEX





Typical Installation



Temperature - Pressure Rating

Maximum Temperature: 100°F (32°C) Maximum Pressure: Valve body rated to 400psi (28 bar)

Standards

Listed by IAPMO

*The wetted surface of this product contacted by consumable water contains less than 0.25% of lead by weight.

Model Governor[™]80M2

Toilet Fill Valve and Thermal Expansion Relief Valve

The Governor^{™80M2} is a feature rich universal toilet tank fill valve designed to protect plumbing systems and to conserve water. As a fill valve, it is able to detect a leaking toilet flapper and to prevent the tank from continuously refilling until a repair is made. The override feature enables the toilet to continue to be used until the flapper can be replaced.

The Governor[™]80M2 is also a thermal expansion pressure relief valve limiting supply line pressure and protecting plumbing from the damaging effects of pressure surges due to thermal expansion. The Governor[™]80M2's water conservation feature helps to eliminate the "overfill" condition present with traditional toilet fill valves. The adjustable flow control on the primer tube allows the tank to fill to the appropriate level without overfilling. The Governor[™]80M2 also acts as an anti-siphon backflow preventer keeping tank water from backing up into the potable water supply.

Features

- Leak sensor alerts you to a leaking flapper
- Surge relief limits the supply line pressure to 80psi (552 kPa)
- Simple installation No tools required
- Adjustable water flow control conserves water
- Manual float lock allows toilet to be used until repair can be made
- Adjustable primer flow control
- Prevents backflow of toilet tank water into potable water supply
- Adjustable to fit most standard toilet tanks

Specifications

The Watts Governor 80-M1 is tested and certified under ASSE Standard 1002 and meets IAPMO, and CSA requirements for anti-siphon ball cocks. All materials in contact with water are FDA approved under DVR-21-177-2600. The thermal expansion relief valve is standardly set at 80psi (5.5 bar) to meet existing codes and is non-adjustable. Standard lengths are: 10", $11\frac{1}{2}$ " or $12\frac{1}{2}$ " (254, 292 or 317mm).

Temperature - Pressure Rating

Maximum Working Pressure: 80psi (552 kPa) Temperature Range: 33°F – 110°F (0.5°C – 43.3°C)

Materials

Body: ABS and Acetal Plastic **Gasket:** Black rubber

Standards







Series LF530C

Calibrated Pressure Relief Valves



Series LF530C Calibrated Pressure Relief Valves are

spring operated Lead Free* valves designed for use only as protection from the build up of excessive pressure in systems containing water, oil or air. Series LF530C valves incorporate a calibrated adjustment feature for setting the valve to the relief pressure required. These valves are ideally suited for bypass thermal expansion relief.

Features

- Calibrated adjustment feature for setting valve to relief pressure required
- Adjustable range 50 175psi (3.4 12.1 bar)
- All Lead Free* cast copper silicon alloy body
- All stainless steel spring
- Buna-N disc on machined body seat
- Inlet (bottom), male NPT threaded
- Outlet (side), female NPT threaded

Temperature - Pressure Rating

Maximum Temperature: 180°F (82°C)

Spring Ranges

1/2" or 3/4" (15 or 20mm): 50 - 175psi (3.4 - 12.1 bar)

3/4" (20mm): 100 - 300psi (6.9 - 20.7 bar)

Application Note: The Watts Series LF530C are not ASME approved safety relief valves and should not be used in system application with this requirement.



Model LF530C



For additional information, request literature ES-LF530C.

*The wetted surface of this product contacted by consumable water contains less than 0.25% of lead by weight.

Control Thermal Expansion

in Hot Water Heating Systems

Thermal expansion of heated water may occur wherever water is heated in a closed system (when the boiler water is isolated from the public water supply by a one-way valve, such as a feed water pressure reducing valve, backflow preventer, check valve, etc.). Watts Nonpotable water expansion tanks are designed to absorb the increased volume of water caused by thermal expansion and maintain a balanced pressure throughout the hot water heating system. They are used to prevent system damage and unnecessary relief valve discharge caused by excessive pressure from thermal expansion.



+ Choose one item #16 or #17

Series 276H300, IWTG

Water Pressure Test Gauge

Ideal to accurately determine system pressure in a building. The $\frac{3}{4}$ " (20mm) hose connection easily attaches to a hose bibb or the drain connection on a water heater. A red indicator hand holds at the highest reading registered. When left on overnight, it will register the highest pressure in the system during that period.

(A)

 $^{3\!\!/}$ (20mm) H.T. Hose Connection which easily attaches to an outside hose bibb or to the drain connection on a water heater.

(B)

A Red indicator hand that "HOLDS" at the highest reading registered, to record shock pressure or when left on overnight will register the highest surge pressure which occurred during that period.

(C)

Features a large (21/2" (65mm)) face for easy reading.



Model	Size	(DN)	Ran	ge
	in.	тт	psi	bar
276H300	3⁄4	20	0 - 300	0 – 21
IWTG	3⁄4	20	0 - 200	0 - 14

Series SCV

Service Check Valves

Series SCV service check valves facilitate the servicing of components in systems under pressure. They install between the system and the component.

As the component is threaded into the Service Check Valve, the spring loaded valve opens to system pressure.

As the component is removed, the valve closes, maintaining system integrity while the component is being inspected. This prevents having to drain the entire system each time a component is serviced.

A WARNING

This device is not to be used on safety relief valves or other safety or flow sensitive components.

NOTICE

System pressure must be reduced prior to removing system component.



Available in sizes $^{1\!/}_{1\!/}"$ and $^{1\!/}_{2}"$ inches. Max. Temperature: 240°F (115°C), Max. Pressure: 150psi (10 bar)

Model.	Size	(DN)
	in.	тт
SCV	1/8	3.2
SCV	1/2	12.7

Typical Installation



Series ETX-ASF

Combination Packages

Series ETX-ASF hydronic boiler combination packages make it easier to buy system components by including an ETX expansion tank, AS air separator, and FV4-M1 float vent valve all in one package and for a lower cost than buying each of the components separately.

Model	Air Sej	parator	Float FV-	Vent 4M1	Expansion Tank ETX-15 ETX-30 ETX-60			
	1" (25mm)	1¼" (32mm)	1/8" (3mm)	¹ /8" (3mm)				
Combination	Packages							
ETX-15-ASF	Х		Х		Х			
ETX-15-ASF		Х	Х		Х			
ETX-30-ASF	Х		Х			Х		
ETX-30-ASF		Х	Х			Х		
ETX-60-ASF	Х		Х				Х	
ETX-60-ASF		Х	Х				Х	



Series HPX

Boiler Trim-Out Packages

Series HPX boiler trim-out packages contain all the essential trim-out components of a quality boiler installation in a single easy to carry package. Package Includes:





Package Selection Chart

Model	Air Sep 1" (25mm)	Darator	Ser Check 1/2" (3mm)	Service Check Valve %" (3mm) 1/2" (15mm)		Float, Vent FV-4M1 DuoVent ¼" (3mm) ¼" (3mm)		Fill Valve/ Backflow Preventer 911S B911S		Flow Check 2000S-M5 1" (25mm)	Expansion ETX-15	on Tank ETX-30
Boiler Trim-	out Packages											
HPX-C	X		X	X	X			X				Х
HPX-D		Х	X	X	Х			Х				Х
HPX-15 BC	Х		X	Х		X			Х		Х	

Boiler Header Modules

Complete Packages to Purge, Quiet, Fill, and Service Your Hydronic System

Out of the box, our Boiler Header Module delivers components that make following the industry recommended near-boiler piping virtually foolproof. Boiler industry recommendations (system purge station, followed by an air separator, followed by a service fitting) ensure the contractor correctly pipes a hydronic installation — quickly, easily, and neatly in a compact job space.



Boiler Header Module Pro Hydronic Packages

Model	Ordering Code	Includes		Harry I
HP-30PR0-P100	0235098	HP-BHM-100, ETX-30 (0066606), B911S-M3 (0386462)		
HP-30PR0-P125	0235099	HP-BHM-125, ETX-30 (0066606), B911S-M3 (0386462)		L



Pro Hydronic Packages with NPT AS-MB & RBFF

Model	Ordering Code	Includes
HP-30PR0-100	0235096	AS-MB-100 (0858547), RBFF (0386466), ETX-30 (0066606),
		B911S-M3 (0386462)
HP-30PR0-125	0235097	AS-MB-125 (0858548), RBFF (0386466), ETX-30 (0066606),
		B911S-M3 (0386462)
HP-30PR0-100S	0235101	AS-MB-S-100 (0858551), RBFF (0386466), ETX-30 (0066606),
		B911S-M3 (0386462)
HP-30PR0-125S	0235102	AS-MB-S-125 (0858552), RBFF (0386466), ETX-30 (0066606),
		B911S-M3 (0386462)



Series ETX, ETSX

Pressurized Expansion Tanks for Heating and Cooling Systems*

Series ETX and ETSX Pressurized Expansion Tanks for Heating and Cooling Systems are designed to absorb the increased volume of water created when water is heated. These tanks maintain system pressure below the relief setting of the relief valve. The Series ETX and ETSX's prepressurized steel tank features a durable expansion membrane that prevents contact of the water with the air in the tank. This rugged diaphragm minimizes loss of the air change and ensures long and trouble-free life for the system.

Features

- Precharged at 12psi (83 kPa)
- Rugged flexible butyl diaphragm
- In-line and free standing models
- Compatible with glycol in systems
- Steel construction

Models

ETX Mounts to supply piping ETSX Free standing

Specifications

Furnish and install as shown on plans a Watts Model ETX/ ETSX _____ gallon _____ " diameter x _____ " (high) precharged steel expansion tank with a fixed butyl bladder. The tank shall have an NPT system connection and a .302"-32 charging valve connection (standard tire valve) to facilitate the on-site charging of the tank to meet system requirements. The tank shall be factory precharged to 12psi. The tank shall be a Watts Series ETX or ETSX.

Maximum Working Temperature: 220°F (115°C) Maximum Working Pressure: ETX-15, ETX-30, ETX-60: 75psi (517 kPa)

ETX-90 and ETSX Series: 100psi (6.9 bar) Precharge (field adjustable): 12psi (83 kPa)

*Not for use on potable water systems.



Series ETX



Series ETSX

Quick Sizing Chart												
Boiler Output Net BTU/H	Finned Tube Baseboard	Convectors or Unit Heaters	Cast Iron Radiators	Cast Iron Baseboard								
		Suggested Selection										
20,000 30,000 40,000 50,000 60,000 70,000 80,000 90,000 100,000 125,000 150,000 200,000 250,000 300,000 300,000 300,000 500,000 600,000 700,000 800,000 1,000,000 1,200,000 1,500,000 1,500,000 1,500,000	ETX-15 ETX-15 ETX-15 ETX-15 ETX-30 ETX-30 ETX-30 ETX-30 ETX-30 ETX-30 ETX-30 ETX-30 ETX-60 ETSX-30 ETSX-30 ETSX-30 ETSX-30 ETSX-30 ETSX-30 ETSX-40 ETSX-40 ETSX-40 ETSX-40 ETSX-40 ETSX-60 ETSX-60 ETSX-60 ETSX-60 ETSX-60 ETSX-60 ETSX-60 ETSX-60 ETSX-60 ETSX-60 ETSX-60 ETSX-70 ETSX-70 ETSX-70 ETSX-70 ETSX-70 ETSX-710	ETX-15 ETX-15 ETX-30 ETX-30 ETX-30 ETX-30 ETX-30 ETX-30 ETX-60 ETX-60 ETX-60 ETX-60 ETX-60 ETX-60 ETX-60 ETX-40 ETSX-30 ETSX-40 ETSX-40 ETSX-40 ETSX-40 ETSX-40 ETSX-90 ETSX-90 ETSX-90 ETSX-110 ETSX-110 ETSX-110 ETSX-110 ETSX-110 ETSX-160	ETX-15 ETX-15 ETX-30 ETX-30 ETX-60 ETX-60 ETX-60 ETX-60 ETX-60 ETX-60 ETX-90 ETSX-90 ETSX-40 ETSX-40 ETSX-40 ETSX-40 ETSX-40 ETSX-40 ETSX-90 ETSX-90 ETSX-90 ETSX-90 ETSX-90 ETSX-90 ETSX-90 ETSX-110 ETSX-110 ETSX-160 ETSX-160 ETSX-110 (2)	ETX-15 ETX-15 ETX-30 ETX-30 ETX-60 ETX-60 ETX-60 ETX-60 ETX-90 ETX-90 ETX-90 ETX-90 ETX-90 ETSX-30 ETSX-30 ETSX-30 ETSX-40 ETSX-40 ETSX-60 ETSX-60 ETSX-60 ETSX-90 ETSX-90 ETSX-90 ETSX-90 ETSX-90 ETSX-110 ETSX-110								
1,500,000	EISX-110	EISX-160	EISX-110 (2)	EISX-110								

Note: These recommendations are based on the average water volume of typical closed systems.

Fill pressure 12psi, relief valve set pressure of 30psi and system temperature of 200°F.



ETX

ETSX

Model	Connection Size (DN)		Tank Volume		Accept. Volume		Diameter		Hei	ght	Weight	
	gallons	liters	gallons	liters	gallons	liters	in.	тт	in.	тт	lbs.	kgs.
ETX-15	1⁄2" MNPT	15	2.1	7.9	1.0	3.8	8	203	12½	318	0.5	0.23
ETX-30	1⁄2" MNPT	15	4.5	17.1	2.5	9.5	11	279	14	356	10.0	4.54
ETX-60	1⁄2" MNPT	15	6.0	22.8	3.0	11.4	11¾	290	17 ³ ⁄16	437	11.5	5.22
ETX-90	3⁄4" MNPT	20	15.0	57.0	6.0	22.8	16	406	20 ¹³ ⁄16	528	28.0	12.70
ETSX-30	1" FNPT	25	15.0	57.0	6.0	22.8	16	406	21 ¹¹ ⁄16	551	32.0	14.51
ETSX-40	1" FNPT	25	20.0	76.0	8.0	30.4	16	406	28 ¹³ ⁄16	732	39.0	17.69
ETSX-60	1" FNPT	25	33.0	125.4	13.3	50.5	16	406	42 ¹³ ⁄16	1087	57.0	28.85
ETSX-90	1¼" FNPT	32	44.0	167.2	17.7	67.3	21	533	36 ³ ⁄16	919	72.0	32.66
ETSX-110	1 ¹ ⁄4" FNPT	32	62.0	235.6	24.9	94.6	21	533	471/8	1217	112.0	50.80
ETSX-160	1¼" FNPT	32	81.0	307.8	32.6	123.9	21	533	62	1575	123.0	55.79

Series ETA

ASME Pressurized Expansion Tanks for Heating and Cooling Systems

Models ETA 15 - ETA 240

Series ETA tanks are ASME fixed bladder type precharged expansion tanks. They are designed to absorb the expansion forces and control the pressure in heating and cooling systems. The water is contained in the heavy duty bladder preventing tank corrosion and waterlogging problems.

Features

- ASME Section VIII Construction
- Heavy duty butyl bladder
- Precharged to 12psi (83 kPa) (Field Adjustable)
- Shell: Carbon steel
- Bladder: Heavy duty butyl
- Primer coated exterior

Specifications

Furnish and install as shown on plans a Watts Model ETA _____ gallon _____ " diameter x _____" (high) precharged steel expansion tank with a fixed butyl bladder. The tank shall have a top NPT system connection and a .302" – 32" (7.6 – 812.8mm) charging valve connection (standard tire valve) to facilitate the on-site charging of the tank to meet system requirements. The tank must be constructed in accordance with Section VIII of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

Maximum Design Pressure: ETA 15 – ETA 60: 150psi (10.3 bar) ETA 80 – ETA 240: 125psi (8.6 bar) Precharged to 12psi (83 kPa) Maximum Design Temperature: 240°F (115°C)

For additional information, request literature ES-ETA.





Model	System Tank Connection Volume		Acceptance Max. Volume Operating			ax. rating		Weight								
	Size (DN)					Pressure		Dia.		Height		C				
	in.	тт	Gals.	Liters	Gals.	Liters	psig	bar	in.	тт	in.	тт	in.	тт	lbs.	kgs.
ETA 15	3/4	20	7.8	29.6	2.5	9.5	150	10.3	12	305	19	483	_	_	42	19
ETA 20	3⁄4	20	10.9	41.4	2.5	9.5	150	10.3	12	305	26	660	-	-	52	24
ETA 40	1	25	25	95	10	38	150	10.3	16	406	33	838	12	305	84	38
ETA 60	1	25	35	133	10	38	150	10.3	16	406	45	1143	12	305	97	44
ETA 80	1	25	45	171	21	80	125	8.6	20	508	38	968	18	457	148	67
ETA 100	1	25	60	228	21	80	125	8.6	20	508	49	1245	18	457	175	79
ETA 120	11/2	40	70	266	48	182.4	125	8.6	24	610	46	1168	22	559	259	117
ETA 144	11/2	40	80	304	48	182.4	125	8.6	24	610	49	1245	22	559	268	122
ETA 180	11/2	40	90	342	48	182.4	125	8.6	24	610	52	1321	22	559	283	128
ETA 200	11/2	40	115	437	48	182.4	125	8.6	24	610	66	1676	22	559	325	147
ETA 240	11/2	40	140	532	52	197.6	125	8.6	24	610	78	1981	22	559	362	164

Series ET-RA

ASME Pressurized Expansion Tanks for Heating and Cooling Systems

Models ET-RA 35 - ET-RA 2000

Series ET-RA tanks are ASME removable bladder type precharged expansion tanks. They are designed to absorb the expansion forces and control the pressure in heating and cooling systems. The water is contained in the heavy duty bladder, preventing tank corrosion and waterlogging problems.

Features

- ASME Section VIII Code Construction
- Removable butyl bladder
- Precharged to 12psi (83 kPa) (Field Adjustable)
- Shell: Carbon steel
- Bladder: Heavy duty butyl
- Primer coated exterior

Specifications

Furnish and install as shown on plans a Watts Model ET-RA _____ gallon _____ " diameter x _____" (high) precharged steel expansion tank with a heavy duty butyl rubber bladder. The tank shall have NPT system connections and a .302" - 32" (7.6 – 812mm) charging valve connection (standard tire valve) to facilitate the on-site charging of the tank to meet system requirements. The tank must be constructed in accordance with Section VIII of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

Maximum Design Pressure: 125psi* (8.6 bar) Maximum Design Temperature: 240°F (115°C) Precharged to 12psi (83 kPa) *Models with 200 and 250psi ratings are available.

For additional information, request literature ES-ET-RA.







ET-RA 1000 - ET-RA 2000

Model	Tank	Tank						Dimensions (approx.)							Weight	
	Volume	A (DN)		BC		D		E		F		G				
	Gals. Liters	in. mi	n in.	тт	in.	тт	in.	тт		in.	тт	in.	тт	lbs.	kgs.	
ET-RA 35	10 38	12 30	5 25	635	3/4	19	-	-	.302"	_	_	_	_	40	18	
ET-RA 50	13 49.4	14 35	6 25	635	3/4	19	-	-	-32NC	_	-	-	_	50	23	
ET-RA 85	23 87.4	16 40) 37	940	1	25	1/2	13	_	12	305	5½	140	90	41	
ET-RA 130	35 133	20 50	3 37	940	1	25	1/2	13	-	16	406	5½	140	125	57	
ET-RA 200	53 201.4	24 61) 43	1092	11/2	38	1/2	13	.302"	20	508	5¼	133	210	95	
ET-RA 300	79 300	24 61) 55	1397	11/2	38	3⁄4	19	-32NC	20	508	5¼	133	225	102	
ET-RA 400	106 402.8	30 75) 49	1245	11/2	38	3/4	19	-	24	610	5¼	133	300	136	
ET-RA 500	132 501.6	30 75) 57	1448	11/2	38	3/4	19	-	24	610	5¼	133	335	152	
ET-RA 600	158 600.4	30 75) 65	1651	11/2	38	3/4	19	-	24	610	5¼	133	360	163	
ET-RA 800	211 801.8	36 90) 63	1600	11/2	38	3/4	19	-	30	762	5¼	133	475	215	
ET-RA 1000	2641003.2	36 90) 74	1880	11/2	38	3/4	19	_	_	_	_	-	710	322	
ET-RA 1200	3171204.6	36 90) 86	2184	11/2	38	3/4	19	-	-	-	-	-	720	327	
ET-RA 1400	370 1406	36 90) 99	2515	11/2	38	3/4	19	.302"	-	-	-	-	875	397	
ET-RA 1600	4221603.6	48 120	0 72	1829	11/2	38	3/4	19	-32NC	-	-	-	-	1100	499	
ET-RA 2000	5282006.4	48 120	0 85	2159	11/2	38	3⁄4	19	-	-	-	-	-	1280	581	

Note: Models ET-RA 85 - ET-RA 800 have both top and bottom connections (C and D) to access the bladder.

NOTES





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