CLICK ANYWHERE on THIS PAGE to return to NAVIEN WATER HEATER / HEATING BOILER AGE & MANUALS at InspectApedia.com



# Installation & Operation Manual

NPE Condensing Water Heaters

Model	NPE-180A	
	NPE-210A	
	NPE-240A	
	NPE-150S	
	NPE-180S	
	NPE-210S	
	NPE-240S	



Keep this manual near this water heater for future reference whenever maintenance or service is required.

\* The wetted surface of this product contacted by consumable water contains less than one quarter of one percent (0.25%) of lead by weight.

# \Lambda warning

If the information in these instructions is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result, causing property damage, personal injury or death.

# Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.

### What to do if you smell gas

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

The installation must conform with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSIZ223.1/NFPA 54 and/or CSA B149.1, Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code.

When applicable, the installation must conform with the Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standard, Title 24 CFR, Part 3280 and/or CAN/CSA Z240 MH Series, Mobile Homes.

## Contents

1.	Safety Information	3
_		
2.	About the Water Heater	6
2.1	Items Included	6
2.2	Accessories	6
2.3	Specifications	7
2.5	Components	9
2.6	Dimensions	12
2.7	Rating Plate	14
3.	Installing the Water Heater	15
3.1	Choosing an Installation Location	15
3.2	Mounting the Water Heater to the Wall	17
3.3	Connecting the Gas Supply	18
3.4	Connecting the Water Supply	23
3.5	Connecting the Condensate Drain	30
3.6	Venting the Water Heater	32
3.7	Connecting the Power Supply	44
3.8	Setting the DIP Switches	44
4.	Installing a Cascade System	46
4.1	Connecting Water Supplies	46
4.2	Connecting the Communication Cables	47
5.	Installing a Common Vent System	49
5.1	About the Common Vent System	49
5.2	Navien Backflow Damper (Back-draft Damper)	53
5.3	Starting the Common Vent System	54
5.4	Connecting and Terminating the Vent Pipe	57
5.5	Installing a Condensate Drain	58
5.6	Setting Up the Common Vent System	59
5.7	Common Vent Termination Clearances	60
5.8	Exhaust Vent Termination Clearances (For Direct Vent)	61
5.9	Maintenance	62

6.	Operating the Water Heater	63
6.1	Turning the Water Heater On or Off	63
6.2	Adjusting the Water Temperature	63
6.3	Viewing Basic Information	64
6.4	Setting the Operation Mode	64
6.5	Setting the Parameters	65
6.6	Resetting the Water Heater	70
7.	Appendixes	71
7.1	Gas Conversion	71
7.2	Technical Data	76
7.3	Wiring Diagram	79
7.4	Ladder Diagram	81
7.5	Component Assembly Diagrams and Parts Lists	83
7.6	Installation Check list	95
7.7	Navien H2Air Add-on Controller Kit (Optional)	97
7.8	Navien HotButton Kit (Optional)	98
7.9	Requirements for the State of Massachusetts	99

## 1. Safety Information

The following safety symbols are used in this manual. Read and follow all safety instructions in this manual precisely to avoid unsafe operating conditions, fire, explosion, property damage, personal injury, or death.

## DANGER

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in severe injury or death.

# MARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in injury or death.

# 

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in property damage.

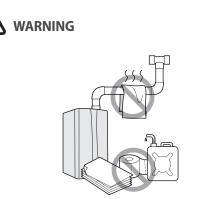


#### If you smell gas:

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switches or use landline phones.
- From a neighbor's phone, call your gas provider and follow their instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas provider, call the fire department.

Do not use or store flammable products, such as gasoline, solvents, or adhesives in the same room or area as the water heater.

- The water heater has a main burner flame that can turn on at any time and can ignite flammable vapors. Vapors from flammable liquids can explode and catch fire, causing death or severe burns.
- Vapors cannot be seen and are heavier than air. They can travel long distances along the ground and can be carried from other rooms to the water heater's main burner flame by air current.
- Keep all flammable products far away from the water heater and store them in approved containers. Keep the containers closed tightly and out of the reach of children and pets.



• Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable liquids near this water heater.

Doing so may result in fire or explosion.

- Do not place combustibles, such as newspapers or laundry, near the water heater or venting system. Doing so may result in a fire.
- Do not place or use hair sprays, spray paints, or any other compressed gases near the water heater or venting system, including the vent termination. Doing so may result in fire or explosion.
- Do not remove the front cover unless the power to the water heater is turned off or disconnected.
   Failure to do so may result in electric shock.
- Do not operate the water heater with the front cover opened.

Doing so may result in fire or carbon monoxide (CO) poisoning, which may result in property damage, personal injury, or death.

- Do not operate this water heater without proper venting. Doing so may result in fire or carbon monoxide (CO) poisoning, which may result in property damage, personal injury, or death.
- Do not touch the power cord or internal components of the water heater with wet hands.
   Daing compay result in electric shock

Doing so may result in electric shock.

California law requires the following Prop 65 warning to be provided:

# 

This product can expose you to chemicals including lead, lead compounds, and carbon bisulfide which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

#### 

- Do not turn on the water heater unless the water and gas supplies are fully opened.
   Doing so may damage the water heater.
- Do not turn on the water if the cold water supply shutoff valve is closed.

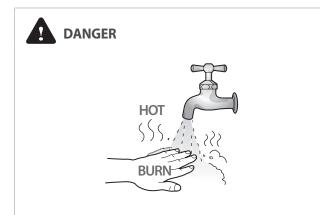
Doing so may damage the water heater.

- Do not use this water heater for anything other than its intended purpose, as described in this manual.
- When servicing the controls, label all wires prior to disconnecting them.

Failure to do so may result in wiring errors, which can lead to improper or dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

- Do not use unapproved replacement or accessory parts. Doing so may result in improper or dangerous operation and will void the manufacturer's warranty.
- Do not place anything in or around the vent terminals, such as a clothes line, that could obstruct the air flow in or out of the water heater.
- This water heater has been approved for use in the USA and Canada only.

Using the water heater in any other country will void the manufacturer's warranty.



#### To prevent burns:

- Use the lowest operating temperature setting necessary to provide comfortably-hot water.
- If your household has children or elderly or disabled residents, consider using a lower temperature setting.
- Do not leave children, the elderly, or disabled persons unsupervised.
- Do not allow small children to play unsupervised in the bathroom.
- Do not allow anyone to change the water temperature while hot water is running.
- Read all the instructions in this manual carefully before changing the temperature setting.
- Feel the water before using it on children, the elderly, or the disabled.
- If it is necessary to set the water temperature above 125°F (52°C), consider installing a thermostatically-controlled mixing valve or temperature-limiting valve. Contact a licensed plumber or your local plumbing authority for more information.



## DANGER

This water heater's water temperature is set to 120°F (49°C) at the factory for your safety and comfort. Increasing the temperature increases the risk of accidental scalding. Water temperatures at or above 125°F (52°C) can cause instant scalding, severe burns, or death. Before you decide to change the temperature setting, read the following charts carefully.

Water Temperature	Time in which a young child can suffer a full thickness (3rd degree) burn			
160°F (70°C)	Less than 1 second			
140°F (60°C)	1 second			
130°F (55°C)	10 seconds			
120°F (49°C)	10 minutes			
100°F (37°C)	very low scald risk			

## 2. About the Water Heater

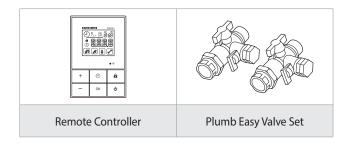
### 2.1 Items Included

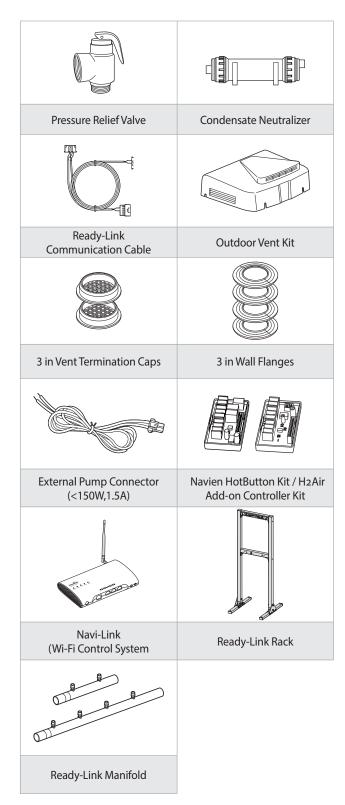
When you open the box, you will find the following items with the water heater. Check the box for each of the following items before installing the water heater.

Madagon Marana M	
Installation & Operation Manual	Quick Installation Manual
Wall Mounting Bracket	Tapping Screws & Anchors
2 in Vent Termination Caps	2 in Wall Flanges
Conversion Kit	Spare Parts

### 2.2 Accessories

The following optional accessories are available for the water heater:





## 2.3 Specifications

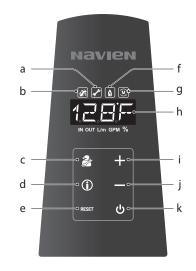
The following table lists the specifications for the water heater. Additional specifications about water, gas, electric, and air supplies (venting) appear in the Installation section.

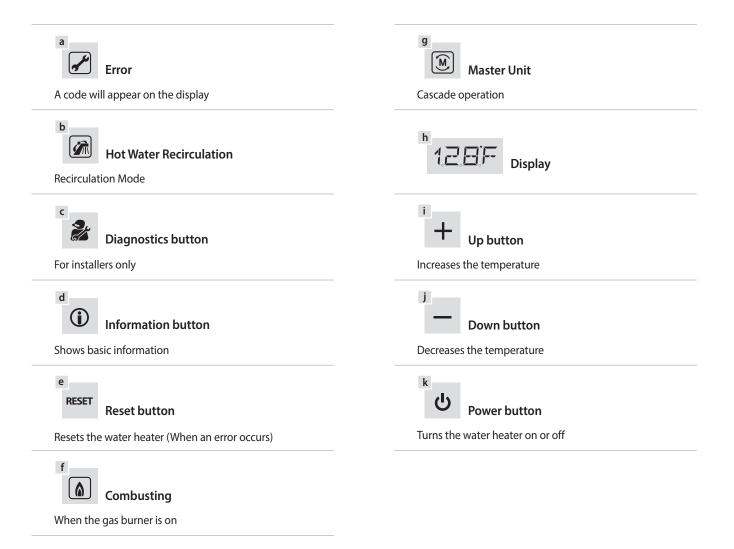
Item		NPE-150S	NPE-180(A)	NPE-180S	NPE-210(A)	NPE-210S	NPE-240(A)	NPE-240S	
Heat	Natural Gas	18,000-	15,000-150,0	00 BTU/H	19,900-180,000 BTU/H		19,900-199,900 BTU/H		
Capacity (Input)	Propane Gas	120,000 BTU/H	15,000-150,0	00 BTU/H	19,900-180,000 BTU/H		19,900-199,900 BTU/H		
Energy	UEF (for NG & LP)	0.96	0.96 0.97		0.96	0.97	0.96	0.97	
Factor	EF (Canada) (for NG & LP)	0.97	0.97 0.99		0.97	0.99	0.97	0.99	
	35 °F (19 °C) Temp Rise	6.8 GPM (25.8 L/m)	8.4 GPM (32 L/m)		10.1 GPM (38 L/m)		11.2 GPM (42 L/m)		
Flow Rate (DHW)	45 °F (25 °C) Temp Rise	5.3 GPM (20 L/m)	6.5 GPM (25 L/m)		7.8 GPM (30 L/m)		8.7 GPM (33 L/m)		
	67 °F (36 °C) Temp Rise	3.2 GPM (12 L/m)	4.3 GPM (16 L/m)	4.2 GPM (16 L/m)	5.0 GPM (19 L/m)	5.2 GPM (20 L/m)	5.6 GPM (21 L/m)	5.7 GPM (22 L/m)	
Dimensions		17.3 in (W) x 27	7.4 in (H) x 13.2	in (D)					
Weight		62 lbs (28 kg)	75 lbs (34 kg)	67 lbs (30 kg)	82 lbs (37 kg)	75 lbs (34 kg)	82 lbs (37 kg)	75 lbs (34 kg)	
Installation T	ype	Indoor or Outd	oor Wall-Hung						
Venting Type	2	Forced Draft Di	rect Vent						
Ignition		Electronic Ignit	ion						
Water Pressu	ire	15-150 PSI							
Natural Gas Supply Pressure (from source)		3.5 in WC-10.5 in WC							
Propane Gas (from source)	Supply Pressure )	8 in WC-13in WC							
Natural Gas M (min-max)	Manifold Pressure	-0.04 in WC - -0.40 in WC	-0.04 in WC0.84 in WC -0.05 in WC0.36 in WC -0.0				-0.05 in WC -	-0.58 in WC	
Propane Gas (min-max)	Manifold Pressure	-0.05 in WC - -0.42 in WC	= 0.05 in W( $= -0.50$ in W( $= -0.10$ in W( $= -0.66$ in W( $= -0.10$ in W( $= -0.78$					-0.78 in WC	
Minimum Flo	ow Rate	0.5 GPM (1.9 L/m), < 0.01 GPM (0.04 L/m) option for "A" models*							
с	Cold Water Inlet	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in NPT							
Connection Sizes	Hot Water Outlet	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in NPT							
51205	Gas Inlet	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in NPT							
Power	Main Supply	120 V AC, 60 Hz							
Supply	Maximum Power Consumption	200 W (max 2 A), 350 W (max 4 A) with external pump connected							
	Casing	Cold Rolled Carbon Steel							
Materials	Heat Exchangers	Primary Heat E Secondary Hea							
	Exhaust	2 in or 3 in PVC, CPVC, Approved Polypropylene 2 in or 3 in Special Gas Vent Type BH (Class II, A/B/C)							
Venting	Intake	2 in or 3 in PVC 2 in or 3 in Spe							
	Vent Clearances	0 in to combus	tibles						
Safety Devices	Flame Rod, APS, Ignition Power Surge Fuse	Operation Dete	ctor, Water Tem	perature High	Limit Switch, Ex	khaust Temper	rature High Lim	it Sensor,	

\* Available for "A" models configured in an optional ComfortFlow recirculation mode. Energy consumption will increase when the system is configured for recirculation.

### 2.4 The Front Panel

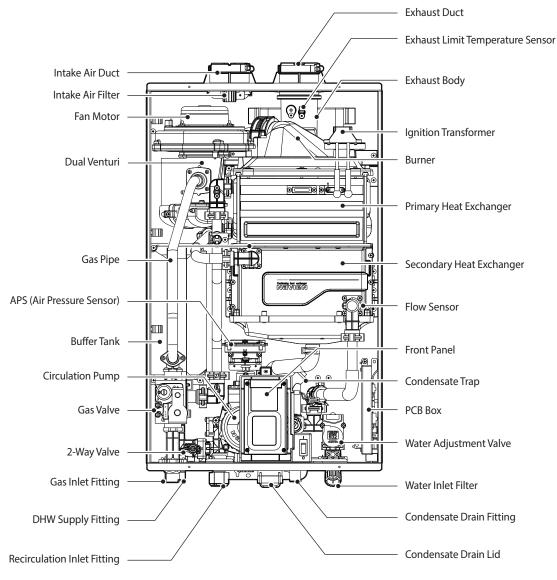
The front panel allows you to adjust the water temperature and view the operating status or error codes. Remove the protective sheet from the front panel before using it.



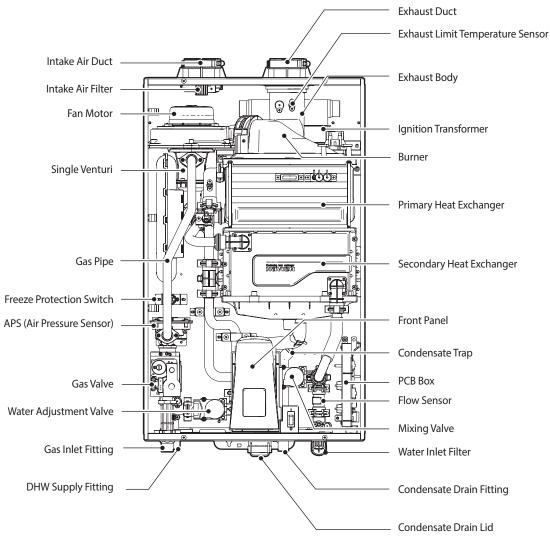


### 2.5 Components

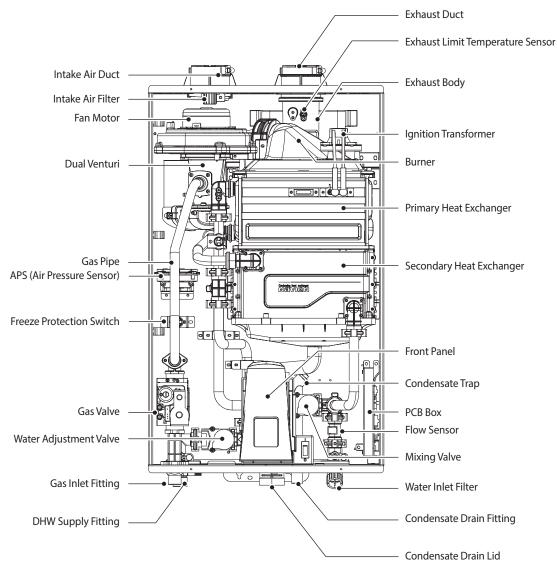
The following diagram shows the key components of the water heater. Component assembly diagrams and particular parts lists are included in the Appendixes.



[NPE-180A/ 210A/ 240A]



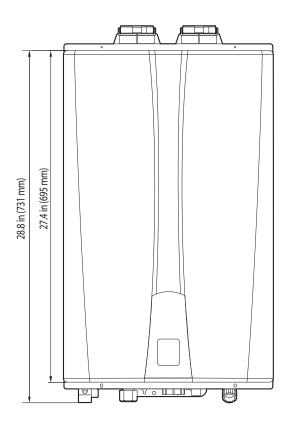
[NPE-150S]



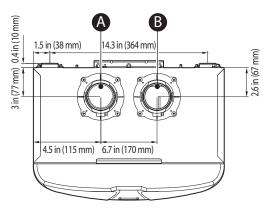
[NPE-180S/ 210S/ 240S]

### 2.6 Dimensions

The following diagrams show the dimensions of the water heater and the table lists the supply connections.



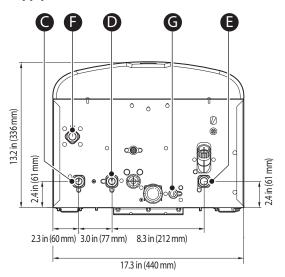
#### **Overhead View**



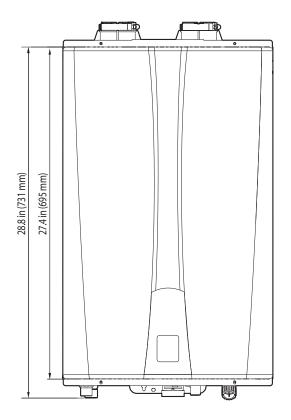
#### **Supply Connections**

	Description	Diameter
А	Air Intake	2 in
В	Exhaust Gas Vent	2 in
C	Hot Water Outlet	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in
D	Recirculation Inlet	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in
E	Cold Water Inlet	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in
F	Gas Inlet	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in
G	Condensate Outlet	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> in

### **Supply Connections**



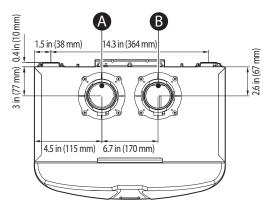
### [NPE-180A/ 210A/ 240A]



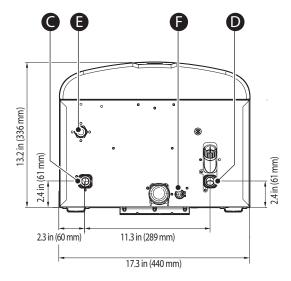
### **Supply Connections**

	Description	Diameter
А	Air Intake	2 in
В	Exhaust Gas Vent	2 in
С	Hot Water Outlet	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in
D	Cold Water Inlet	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in
E	Gas Inlet	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in
F	Condensate Outlet	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> in

#### **Overhead View**



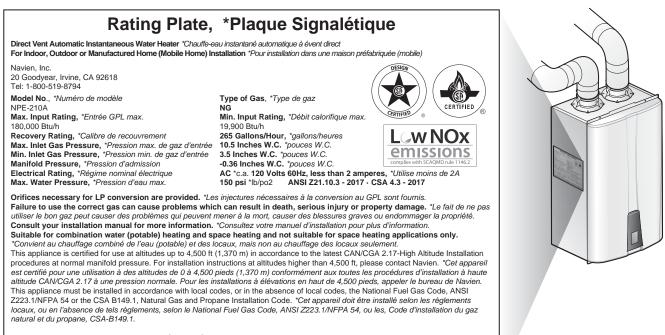
### **Supply Connections**



### [NPE-150S/180S/ 210S/ 240S]

### 2.7 Rating Plate

Water Heaters come from the factory configured for use with Natural Gas (NG). **Before starting the installation**, check the rating plate located on the side of the water heater to ensure that the water heater matches the gas type, gas pressure, water pressure, and electrical supply available in the installation location. **If the water heater does not match each of these ratings, do not install the water heater.** If conversion to Propane Gas is required, the included gas conversion kit must be used. Refer to "7.1 Gas Conversion" for details.



#### FOR YOUR SAFETY \*POUR VOTRE SÉCURITÉ

Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other gas appliances. \*Ne rangez pas et n'utilisez pas d'essence ou d'autres liquides ou vapeurs inflammables près de cet appareil ou de tout autre appareil électroménager.

# \Lambda warning

- Be sure the gas type and electricity voltage match the rating plate. Using a different gas type will cause abnormal combustion and water heater malfunction.
- Using abnormally high or low AC voltage may cause abnormal operation, and may reduce the life expectancy of this product.

## 3.1 Choosing an Installation Location

When choosing an installation location, you must ensure that the location provides adequate clearance for the water heater, adequate venting and drainage options, and sufficient access to gas, water, and electrical supplies. Carefully consider the following factors when choosing an installation location:

#### 

Review all of the installation information in this manual before starting installation. Consider all the requirements for venting, piping, condensate removal, and wiring.

#### **About Water Quality**

Proper maintenance of the water heater is required when water quality does not meet EPA standards. Damage caused by poor water quality is not covered under warranty. The following table shows the maximum contaminant levels allowed, based on the EPA National Secondary Drinking Water Regulations (40 CFR Part 143.3). If you suspect that your water is contaminated in any way, discontinue use of the water heater and contact an authorized technician or licensed professional.

Contaminant	Maximum Allowable Level
Total Hardness	Up to 200 mg/l (12 grains/gallon)
Aluminum	0.05 to 0.2 mg/l
Chloride	Up to 250 mg/l
Copper	Up to 1.0 mg/l
Iron	Up to 0.3 mg/l
Manganese	Up to 0.05 mg/l
рН	6.5 to 8.5
Sulfate	Up to 250 mg/l
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	Up to 500 mg/l
Zinc	Up to 5 mg/l
Chlorine	Up to 4 mg/l

If your local water is hard, please review the following recommended treatment and flushing guidelines.

Hardı	ness Level	Treatment Method	Flush Frequency*	
Soft	0-4 grains/gal (0-60 mg/L)	None	None	
Moderately Hard	4-7 grains/gal (61-120 mg/L)	Water Softener** or Navien PeakFlow is	Once/Year	
Hard	7-9 grains/gal (121-160 mg/L)	Recommended		
Very Hard	9-12 grains/gal (161-200 mg/L)	Water Softener** or Navien PeakFlow is HIGHLY Recommended	Residential: Once/Year Commercial:	
Extremely Hard	>12 grains/gal (200 mg/L)	Water Softener** or Navien PeakFlow is Required	Twice/Year	

\* Flushing is recommended if a treatment device is not installed. This procedure should be performed using white vinegar or solutions that are specifically formulated for use on tankless water heaters.

\*\*Check local codes for any restrictions on use of water softeners.

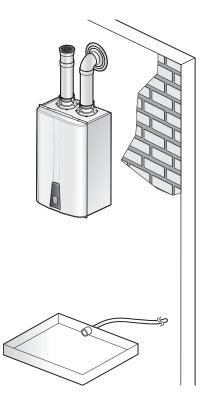
#### Access to Utilities

- Water the installation location should be near where the domestic water supply enters the building.
- Gas the installation location should be near where the gas supply enters the building.
- Electricity the installation location should be near where the electrical supply enters the building.

#### Adequate Drainage

The water heater produces a significant amount of condensate during operation. The water heater should be located near a suitable drain and where damage from a possible leak will be minimal. Installing the water heater in a location without a drain will void the warranty and Navien will not be responsible for water damages that occur as a result. For more information about condensate drainage, refer to "3.5 Connecting the Condensate Drain" on page 30.

The water heater must be located in an area where leakage of the unit or connections will not result in damage to the area adjacent to the appliance or to lower floors of the structure. When such locations cannot be found, installation of an adequately drained drain pan under the water heater is highly recommended. When installing the drain pan, ensure that the installation does not restrict combustion air flow.



#### Adequate Venting and Ventilation

Select a location that requires minimal venting. Consider venting restrictions caused by windows, doors, air intakes, gas meters, foliage, and other buildings. For more information about venting, refer to "3.6 Venting the Water Heater" on page 32.

To ensure adequate venting and ventilation, follow these guidelines:

- Maintain proper clearances from any openings in the building.
- Install the water heater with a minimum clearance of 12 in (300 mm) above an exterior grade or as required by local codes.
- Maintain a minimum clearance of 4 ft (1.2 m) from heating and cooling vents.
- Do not enclose the vent termination.
- Install the exhaust vent in an area that is free from obstructions and does not allow the exhaust to accumulate.
- Do not install the water heater where moisture from the exhaust may discolor or damage walls.
- Do not install the water heater in bathrooms, bedrooms, or any other occupied rooms that are normally kept closed or that are not adequately ventilated.

#### **Proximity to Fixtures and Appliances**

Install the water heater near fixtures that deliver or use hot water, such as bathroom, kitchen, and laundry room faucets. Select a location that minimizes the water piping required between major fixtures. If the distances are long or if the water heater requires "instant" hot water, we recommend running a recirculation line back to the water heater from the furthest fixture. Insulate as much of the hot water supply and recirculation lines as possible. For more information about the water supply, refer to "3.4 Connecting the Water Supply" on page 23.

#### Adequate Installation Clearances

Install the water heater in an area that allows for service and maintenance access to utility connections, piping, filters, and traps. Based on the installation location, ensure the following clearances are maintained:

Clearance from:	Indoor Installation	Outdoor Installation	
Тор	9 in (229 mm) minimum	36 in (900 mm) minimum	
Back	0.5 in (13 mm) minimum	0.5 in (13 mm) minimum	
Front	4 in (100 mm) minimum	24 in (600 mm) minimum	
Sides	3 in (76 mm) minimum	3 in (76 mm) minimum	
Bottom	12 in (300 mm) minimum	12 in (300 mm) minimum	

#### Clean, Debris and Chemical-Free Combustion Air

- Do not install the water heater in areas where dust and debris may accumulate or where hair sprays, spray detergents, chlorine, or similar chemicals are used.
- Do not install the water heater in areas where gasoline or other flammables are used or stored.
- Ensure that combustible materials are stored away from the water heater and that hanging laundry or similar items do not obstruct access to the water heater or its venting.

Note

- The combustion air must be free of flammable vapors or corrosive chemical fumes. Common corrosive chemical fumes to avoid include fluorocarbons and other halogenated compounds such as Freon, trichloroethylene, perchloroethylene, chlorine, all of which can be found in refrigerants or solvents. When these chemicals burn, they produce acids that corrode the stainless steel heat exchanger, gaskets, and the flue and vent system.
- In commercial locations, do not install the water heater in areas with greasy fumes or heavy amounts of steam or take measures to prevent fumes and steam from entering the water heater.

#### **High Elevation Installations**

This water heater may be installed at elevations up to 10,100 ft (3,078 m) for use with Natural Gas and 4,500 ft (1,370 m) for use with Propane. Refer to "3.8.2 Setting the Front Panel DIP Switches" on page 44 for the appropriate altitude setting.

#### **Coastal Installations**

For installations in sea or marine environments, the salty air can cause corrosion to the water heater. The water should be protected and enclosed to minimize exposure to the corrosive atmosphere. Damage due to a corrosive environment is not covered under warranty.

#### **Operating Temperature**

The ambient temperature at the installation location must be above freezing temperature and below 100°F (38°C).

### 3.2 Mounting the Water Heater to the Wall

Navien water heaters come with an upper mounting bracket that is pre-drilled at 16 in on center for easy installation on standard wall studs. If the strength of the wall is insufficient or if the framing is non-standard or uneven, reinforce the area before installing the water heater. Avoid installation on common walls as the unit will make some operational noises while it is running.

# 

- The water heater is heavy. Always lift the unit with assistance. Be careful not to drop the water heater while lifting or handling it to avoid bodily injury or damage to the unit.
- **Do not** rest the water heater on the bottom end after removing it from the shipping carton. Doing so may result in excessive pressure on protruding pipes and cause product damage. If you must put the water heater down, lay it on its back or put it inside the protective shipping base.
- Install the water heater in the upright, vertical position. Installation in any other orientation will result in improper water heater operation and property damage, and could result in serious personal injury or death.

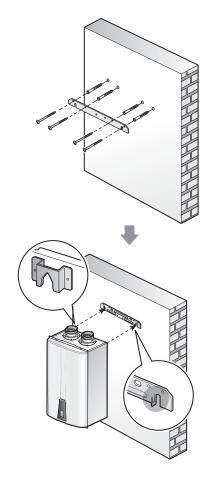
#### 

- Ensure that the structure of the installation location is sturdy enough to support the full weight of the installed boiler, including the water contained in the heat exchanger and related piping.
- The wall must be vertical, and it must be capable of carrying the weight of the water heater.
- Do not mount the water heater to dry wall that has not been reinforced.

To mount the water heater to the wall:

- 1. Affix the bracket securely to the wall and ensure that it is level and that it can support the weight of the water heater.
- 2. Align the grooves on the back of the water heater with the tongues on the mounting bracket and hang the water heater on the bracket.

When mounted with the mounting bracket, the water heater will have a  $\frac{5}{6}$  in (16 mm) clearance from the back of the wall.

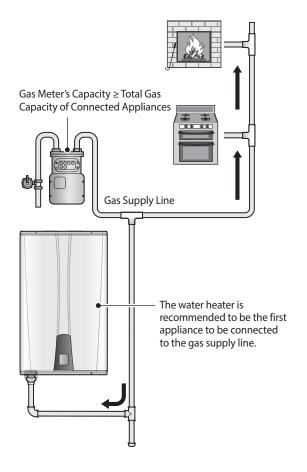


### 3.3 Connecting the Gas Supply

# \Lambda warning

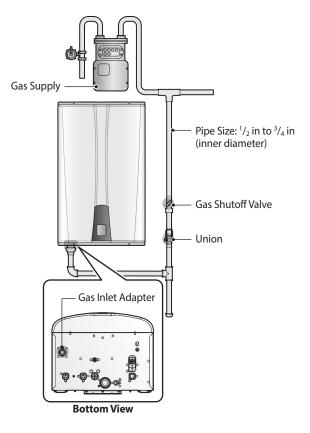
- Before connecting the gas supply, determine the gas type and pressure for the water heater by referring to the rating plate. Use only the same gas type indicated on the rating plate. Using a different gas type will result in abnormal combustion and malfunction of the water heater. Gas supplies should be connected by a licensed professional only.
- To avoid damaging the connectors on the water heater, use two wrenches when tightening pipings to the water heater. Use one wrench to prevent the connector at the water heater from turning, and use the other wrench to tighten the connection. Damaged connectors may result in system leaks.
- Properly support the pipings with hangers. Do not allow the pipings to be supported by the water heater or its accessories.
- Ensure that the gas piping is protected from physical damage and freezing, where required. Failure to follow these instructions could result in gas leakage, and result in fire, explosion, property damage, severe personal injury, or death.
- The appliance and its gas connection must be leak tested before placing the appliance in operation.
- To avoid danger from explosion and fire, do not use flame to check for a gas leak. Perform a bubble test on the joints to check for gas leaks. If a leak exists, bubbles will form at the leaking joint. A gas leak could result in substantial property damage, severe personal injury, or death.
- This water heater cannot be converted from natural gas to propane or vice versa without a Navien gas conversion kit. Do not attempt a field conversion of this water heater without a Navien gas conversion kit. Doing so will result in dangerous operating conditions and will void the warranty.

Navien recommends connecting the water heater as the first water heater downstream of the gas meter, to ensure a sufficient gas supply.



To connect the gas supply:

- 1. Determine the gas type and pressure for the water heater by referring to the rating plate.
- 2. Perform a pressure test on the main gas supply line.
- 3. Purge the gas line of any debris.
- 4. Determine the proper size and type for the gas line. Refer to the tables that follow.
- 5. Install certified full port valves on the gas supply line and water heater.
- 6. Connect the gas supply line.
- 7. Test the supply line, all connection points, and the water heater for gas leaks.



- Note
- Tighten the water heater connection valves with care to avoid damage.
- The gas connection fitting on all water heaters is  $^{3}\!/_{4}$  in.
- 1/2 in rigid pipe can be used; refer to the sizing tables on the proceeding pages for limitations. Do not use 1/2 in corrugated connectors or tubing as noise may occur.

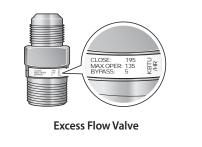


#### **Corrugated Connector**

- When using flexible gas lines, ensure that the pipe's inner diameter and connector is sufficient to supply the required BTUs. Also, ensure that the flexible line has no crimps or tight bends in it, as this will restrict gas flow.
- When using rigid pipe, Navien recommends the installation of a union on the gas supply line close to the water heater, to facilitate any future maintenance or service.
- Check with the local jurisdiction to verify whether the use of  $1/2^{"}$  gas pipe is approved in the area.

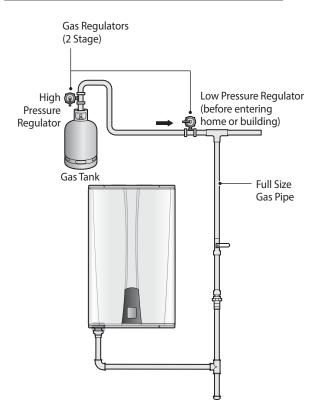
# () CAUTION

Prior to using an excess flow valve (EFV) in the gas line, check the manufacturer's minimum and maximum flow capacity rating. An improperly sized EFV will not allow for a full flow of gas to the water heater and may cause improper operation.

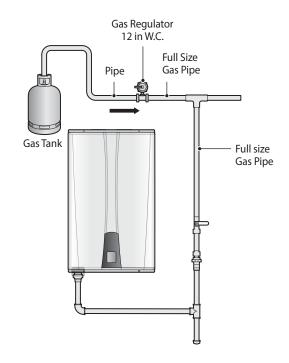


Typical LP Gas piping examples:

#### 2 Stage System with Multiple Regulators (Recommended)



#### Single Regulator System



#### 3.3.1 Gas Pipe Sizing Tables (Referenced from 2012 National Fuel Gas Code)

These tables are for reference only. Please consult the gas pipe manufacturer for actual pipe capacities.

#### Maximum Natural Gas Delivery Capacity

In Cubic Feet (ft<sup>3</sup>) per Hour (0.60 Specific Gravity; 0.5 in WC Pressure Drop). Contact your gas supplier for BTU/ft3 ratings. Use 1,000 BTU/ft3 for simplified calculations. This table is recommended for supply pressures less than 6 in WC.

Pipe Size	Length (including fittings)										
	10 ft (3 m)	20 ft (6 m)	30 ft (9 m)	40 ft (12 m)	50 ft (15 m)	60 ft (18 m)	70 ft (21 m)	80 ft (24 m)	90 ft (27 m)	100 ft (30 m)	125 ft (38 m)
<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in	360	247	199	170	151	137	126	117	110	104	92
1 in	678	466	374	320	284	257	237	220	207	195	173
1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in	1,390	957	768	657	583	528	486	452	424	400	355
1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> in	2,090	1,430	1,150	985	873	791	728	677	635	600	532
2 in	4,020	2,760	2,220	1,900	1,680	1,520	1,400	1,300	1,220	1,160	1,020
2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> in	6,400	4,400	3,530	3,020	2,680	2,430	2,230	2,080	1,950	1,840	1,630
3 in	11,300	7,780	6,250	5,350	4,740	4,290	3,950	3,670	3,450	3,260	2,890
4 in	23,100	15,900	12,700	10,900	9,660	8,760	8,050	7,490	7,030	6,640	5,890

In Cubic Feet (ft<sup>3</sup>) per Hour (0.60 Specific Gravity; 3.0 in WC Pressure Drop). Contact your gas supplier for BTU/ft3 ratings. Use 1,000 BTU/ft3 for simplified calculations. This table is recommended for supply pressures of 6 in WC or greater.

	Length (including fittings)											
Pipe Size	10 ft (3 m)	20 ft (6 m)	30 ft (9 m)	40 ft (12 m)	50 ft (15 m)	60 ft (18 m)	70 ft (21 m)	80 ft (24 m)	90 ft (27 m)	100 ft (30 m)	125 ft (38 m)	
<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> in	454	312	250	214	190	172	158	147	138	131	116	
<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in	949	652	524	448	397	360	331	308	289	273	242	
1 in	1,787	1,228	986	844	748	678	624	580	544	514	456	
1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in	3,669	2,522	2,025	1,733	1,536	1,392	1,280	1,191	1,118	1,056	936	
1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> in	5,497	3,778	3,034	2,597	2,302	2,085	1,919	1,785	1,675	1,582	1,402	
2 in	10,588	7,277	5,844	5,001	4,433	4,016	3,695	3,437	3,225	3,046	2,700	
2 1/2 in	16,875	11,598	9,314	7,971	7,065	6,401	5,889	5,479	5,140	4,856	4,303	
3 in	29,832	20,503	16,465	14,092	12,489	11,316	10,411	9,685	9,087	8,584	7,608	
4 in	43,678	30,020	24,107	20,632	18,286	16,569	15,243	14,181	13,305	12,568	11,139	

#### Maximum Liquefied Propane Delivery Capacity

	Length (including fittings)												
Pipe Size	10 ft (3 m)	20 ft (6 m)	30 ft (9 m)	40 ft (12 m)	50 ft (15 m)	60 ft (18 m)	80 ft (24 m)	100 ft (30 m)	125 ft (38 m)	150 ft (45 m)	175 ft (53 m)	200 ft (60 m)	250 ft (76 m)
<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> in	291	200	160	137	122	110	101	94	89	84	74	67	62
<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in	608	418	336	287	255	231	212	197	185	175	155	140	129
1 in	1,150	787	632	541	480	434	400	372	349	330	292	265	243
1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in	2,350	1,620	1,300	1,110	985	892	821	763	716	677	600	543	500
1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> in	3,520	2,420	1,940	1,660	1,480	1,340	1,230	1,140	1,070	1,010	899	814	749
2 in	6,790	4,660	3,750	3,210	2,840	2,570	2,370	2,200	2,070	1,950	1,730	1,570	1,440

#### In Thousands of BTU/H (0.5 in WC Pressure Drop)

#### 3.3.2 Measuring the Inlet Gas Pressure

## 🖄 WARNING

The water heater cannot function properly without sufficient inlet gas pressure. Measuring the inlet gas pressure should be performed by a licensed professional only.

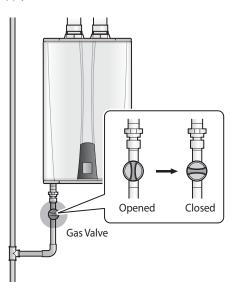
- The inlet gas pressure must be maintained between 3.5 in and 10.5 in WC for natural gas and between 8.0 in and 13 in WC for liquefied propane.
- The appliance and its individual shutoff valve must be disconnected from the gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of that system at test pressures in excess of <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> psi (3.5 kPa). The appliance must be isolated from the gas supply piping system by closing its individual manual shutoff valve during any pressure testing of the gas supply piping system at test pressures equal to or less than <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> psi (3.5 kPa).



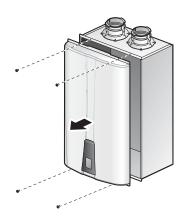
If gas pressure is out of the acceptable range or an excessive pressure drop is observed, contact the gas supplier or a qualified installer to supply proper gas pressure to the unit.

To measure the inlet gas pressure:

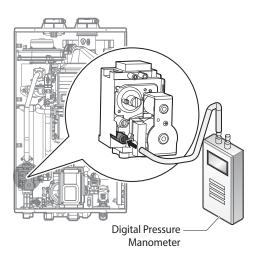
1. Shut off the manual gas valve on the gas supply line.



- 2. Open a hot water faucet. The water heater should turn on and the gas in the gas supply line will be purged.
- 3. Leave the faucet on until the water heater shuts down due to a lack of gas supply, and then turn off the hot water faucet.
- 4. Remove the water heater front cover by loosening the 4 Phillips head screws securing it to the case.

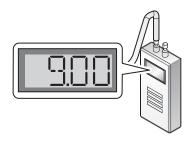


 Loosen the screw indicated in the figure below and connect a manometer to the pressure port. Reset the manometer to zero before use.



- 6. Re-open the manual gas valve and check for leaks.
- Open multiple fixtures that have high flow rates, such as bathtub and shower faucets, to ramp the water heater up to its maximum firing rate.

8. When the water heater reaches its maximum firing rate, check the inlet gas pressure reading on the manometer. The gas pressure must fall within the ranges specified on page 22.



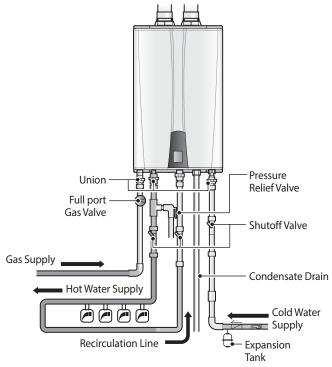
### 3.4 Connecting the Water Supply

The water fittings on the water heater are  ${}^{3}/_{4}$  in. If the installation site only has  ${}^{1}/_{2}$  in plumbing throughout, it is not necessary to upsize the water lines to  ${}^{3}/_{4}$  in, if you are installing a single water heater. When installing multiple water heaters, the number of water heaters and pipe sizing required will depend on the total hot water demand. For information about pipe sizing for multiple water heaters, refer to "4.1.1 Piping Sizes and Considerations" on page 47.

When connecting the water supply, follow these guidelines:

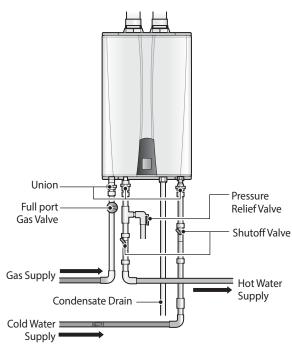
- Do not remove the factory installed recirculation inlet cap unless a return line is connected to this fitting. Water leakage will occur if this cap is loose or missing ("A" model only).
- Use only pipes, fittings, valves, and other components, such as solder, that are approved for use in potable water systems.
- Tighten the water heater connection valves with care to avoid damage.
- We recommend using unions and manual shut-off valves on the cold water inlet, DHW outlet, and recirculation water inlet.
- Strive to make the hot water piping system as short as possible, to deliver hot water to the fixtures more quickly.
- To conserve water and energy, insulate all water piping especially the hot and recirculation water lines. Never cover the drain or pressure relief valve. If the water heater is installed in a closed water supply system, such as one having a backflow preventer in the cold water supply line, means shall be provided to control thermal expansion. Contact the water supplier or local plumbing inspector for information about how to control this situation.
- After installing the water heater, clean the inlet water filter that is located inside the cold water inlet, and then test the water heater for proper flow and inspect for leaks. Instruct the water heater owner that the filter must be cleaned periodically to maintain proper water flow.

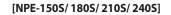
• The following is a typical water piping example for NPE-180A/ 210A/ 240A models.



[NPE-180A/ 210A/ 240A]

• The following is a typical water piping example for NPE-180S/ 210S/ 240S models.





# 3.4.1 Using the Water Heater for Combination Water Heating and Space Heating

When using the water heater for both water (potable) heating and space heating, follow these guidelines:

- Ensure that all piping and components connected the water heater are suitable for potable water applications.
- Do not introduce toxic chemicals, such as water heater treatments, into the potable water.
- On Combi applications, circulators suitable for DHW applications must be used.
- Do not connect the water heater to any heating systems or components that have been previously used with non-potable water heaters.
- If the system requires varying temperatures for water—for example, hotter water for space heating than for other uses— a mixing valve is required to temper the water and reduce the potential for scalding.
- Do not use the water heater for space heating only.
- Make sure circulator flow rate through the Water Heater does not exceed 4 GPM.

# 

Do not configure the system for DHW recirculation when it is configured to run an air handler using the H2Air add-on controller. DHW recirculation and Navien H2Air configurations cannot be used at the same time.

# 3.4.2 Selecting a Recirculation Mode ("A" Model Only)

On all "A" model Navien water heaters, you can choose from two pre-heating modes: internal recirculation mode or external recirculation mode. To select a recirculation mode, you must set the DIP switches on the front panel, and set the position of the 2-way valve inside the water heater. By default, the DIP switches are set to OFF.

When the optional ComfortFlow recirculation mode is activated, energy consumption increases because the water heater operates to maintain the water temperature within the circulation loop. You can use the Navien Intelligent Preheating feature, set the timer on the optional Remote Controller, or install the HotButton kit accessories to reduce energy consumption.

The recirculation feature of the "A" models has three performance advantages:

- Elimination of any minimum flow rate requirement.
- Elimination of any hot/cold/hot stacking—the "cold water sandwich" effect.
- Quicker hot water delivery to fixtures, which results in less water wasted.

#### 

- Do not remove the front cover unless the power to the water heater is turned off or disconnected. Failure to do so may result in electric shock.
- Configure only the DIP switches that require adjustment according to the instructions in this manual. Do not adjust any other DIP switches.
- Note

When using external recirculation mode with the built-in pump, observe the following maximum recirculation pipe lengths including fittings ( $^{3}/_{4}$  in pipe is recommended):

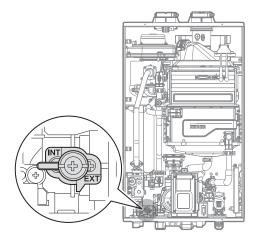
 $-1/_2$  in Copper Pipe- 100 ft (30 m) of equivalent length

-<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> in Copper Pipe- 500 ft (150 m) of equivalent length Lengths in excess of these limits will require an external recirculation pump.

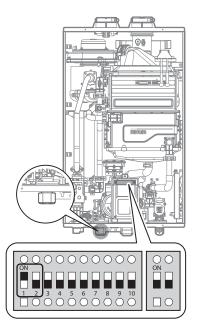
#### Internal Recirculation Mode

To use the internal recirculation mode:

- 1. Connect the water supply.
- 2. Set the 2-way valve inside the water heater to "INT."



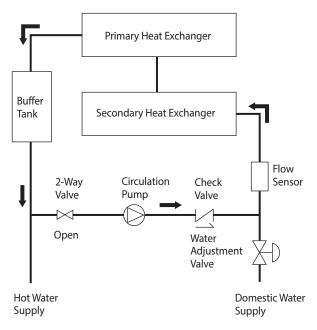
3. Set the front panel DIP switches at the far left (set of ten) to: 1—ON; 2—OFF.



#### 

Do not remove recirculation cap. (Internal Recirculation Mode)

The following diagram shows the internal recirculation flow for pre-heating:

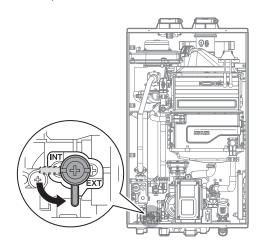


Internal Recirculation Mode

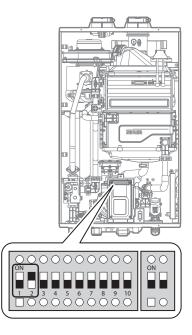
#### **External Recirculation Mode**

To use the external recirculation mode:

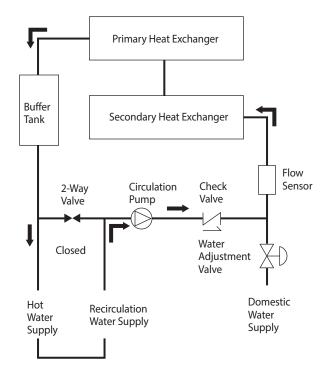
- 1. Connect the water supply to support recirculation. Refer to the "[NPE-180A/ 210A/ 240A]" diagram on page 24.
- 2. Set the 2-way valve inside the water heater to "EXT."



3. Set the front panel DIP switches at the far left (set of ten) to: 1—OFF; 2—ON.



The following diagram shows the external recirculation flow for pre-heating:



**External Recirculation Mode** 

#### 3.4.3 External Pump Wire Connection

An external pump may be connected to the water heater for recirculation applications. When selecting a circulator, it shall be sized to maintain a flow of 2-4 GPM through the water heater. Follow the instructions below when connecting the pump wire accessory to the PCB.

# 

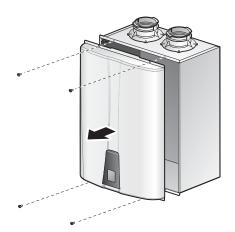
Failure to follow the instructions below may result in property damage, personal injury or death. To avoid the danger of electric shock, make sure that the water heater is turned off before connecting the wire to the PCB.

# 

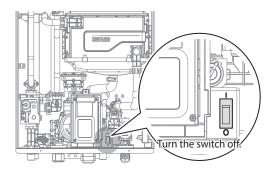
- Do not remove the front cover unless the power to the water heater is turned off or disconnected. Failure to do so may result in electric shock.
- Configure only the DIP switches that require adjustment according to the instructions in this manual. Do not adjust any other DIP switches.
- An external pump cannot be used in an external recirculation mode application utilizing a by-pass Valve.

#### <Specifications>

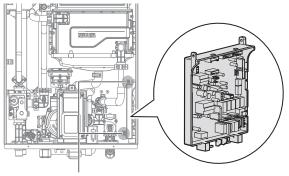
- Maximum Power Consumption: 150W, 1.5A
- Length: 6 ft (183 cm)
- When using a pump with larger power requirements than the listed specification above, a relay should be used to ensure proper operation.
- 1. Remove the water heater front cover by loosening the 4 Phillips head screws securing it to the case.



2. Locate the power switch on the right side of the front panel and switch the system off.

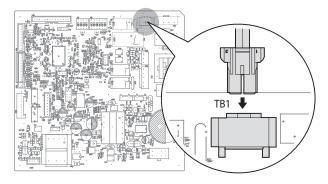


3. Remove the 2 screws holding the PCB box in place and remove the PCB box from the system.



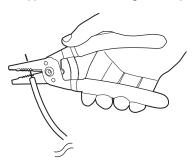
Remove Screws here.

 Connect the external pump wiring connector to the connector socket on the PCB (TB1).



5. Put the PCB box back in its original place and secure it using the 2 mounting screws.

6. Remove the plastic insulation from the external pump wire with a wire stripper before connecting it to the pump.

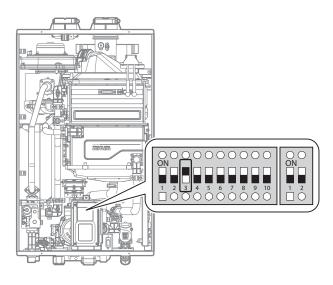


7. Connect the External Pump Wire to the proper wires from the pump junction box.

## <u> warning</u>

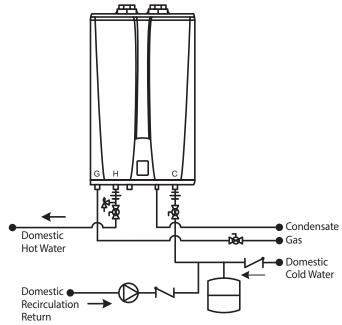
To avoid the danger of electric shock, turn on the water heater ONLY after connecting the wire to the external pump.

8. Locate the 10-switch DIP (SW1) on the front panel and turn on the proper switches based on the desired recirculation setting (see recirculation DIP switch settings below).

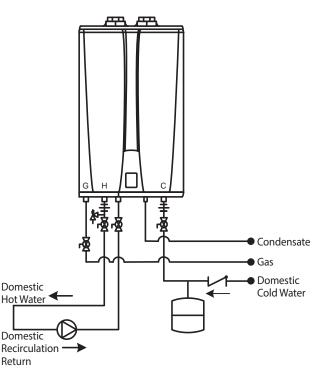


9. Turn on the switch beside the front panel.

10. Put the water heater cover back on and secure it with the 4 screws.



**Recirculation Using External Pump Only** 



Recirculation Using Two Pumps (Navien Internal Pump & External Pump)

#### 3.4.4 Connecting a Pressure Relief Valve

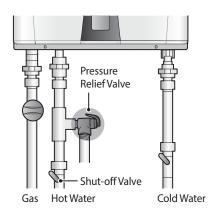
# \Lambda warning

Improper installation of the pressure relief valve may result in property damage, personal injury, or death. Follow all instructions and guidelines when installing the pressure relief valve. The valve should be installed only by a licensed professional.

To complete the installation of the water heater, you must install an approved  ${}^{3}/_{4}$  in, maximum 150 PSI pressure relief valve on the hot water outlet. The water heater has a built-in high temperature shut off switch, so install a "pressure only" relief valve. This valve is not supplied, but is required. The following examples are approved for use with the water heater:

- Wilkins P-1000A (Zurn Industries)
- Conbraco 17-402-04
- Watts Industries 3L (M7)
- Cash Acme FWL-2, 3/4 in

The pressure relief valve should be placed as close to the water heater as possible. No other valve should be placed between the pressure relief valve and the water heater.



# 

To avoid water damage or scalding, direct the discharge line to a safe place for disposal.

When installing the valve, follow these guidelines:

- Ensure that the discharge capacity of the pressure relief valve is equal to or greater than the maximum pressure rating of the water heater.
- Ensure that the maximum BTU/H rating on the pressure relief valve is equal to or greater than the maximum input BTU/H rating of the water heater.
- Direct the discharge piping of the pressure relief valve so that hot water will not splash on anyone or any nearby equipment.
- Attach the discharge line to the pressure relief valve and run the end of the line to within 6-12 in (150-300 mm) of the floor drain, making discharge clearly visible.
- Ensure that the discharge line will allow free and complete drainage without restriction. Do not install a reducing coupling or other restriction on the discharge line.
- Do not direct the discharge line to a location where freezing could occur.
- Ensure that the discharge line is not plugged or obstructed.
- After filling and pressurizing the system, test the relief valve operation by lifting the lever. If the valve fails to operate correctly, immediately replace the relief valve.
- If the relief valve discharges periodically, this may be due to thermal expansion in a closed water supply system. Contact the water supplier or local plumbing inspector on how to correct this situation. Do not plug the relief valve.

# () CAUTION

- To avoid potential property damage or personal injury, check the pressure relief valve at least once every three years by manually operating the valve to ensure proper operation.
- Before manually operating the valve, check the discharge line and make sure that the hot discharge water will not cause personal injury or property damages. Contact with the discharged water may result in severe personal injury.

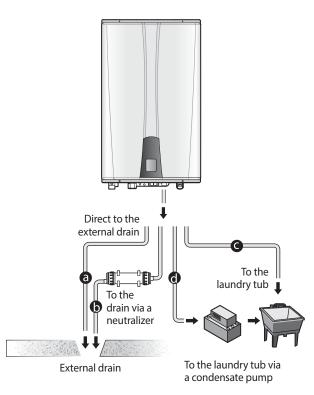
## 3.5 Connecting the Condensate Drain

The Navien Condensing Water Heater creates condensation when it operates. This condensation has an acidic pH of 3-5. Follow all local codes and regulations when disposing of condensate from the water heater. Check local codes for suitable waste drain locations if applicable.

# () CAUTION

- Fill the condensate trap with water after installing the condensate drain pipe.
- Do not cap or plug the integrated condensate line. If prevented from draining, condensate can damage the water heater.
- The condensate line must have a negative slope to drain properly.
- Do not use condensate for drinking or for consumption by animals.

Before connecting the condensate drain, choose one of the following disposal options:



- a. From the water heater directly into an external drain.
- b. From the water heater, through a neutralizing agent, and then into an external drain.
  - Note

If you choose this option, the neutralizing agent must be replaced periodically. Depletion of the neutralizing agent will vary, based on the usage rate of the water heater. During the first year of operation, the neutralizer should be checked every few months for depletion and replaced as needed.

c. From the water heater into a laundry tub.



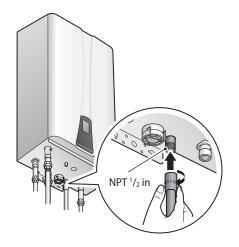
The bottom of the water heater must be higher than the top of the laundry tub to use this option. The condensate line must have a negative slope to drain properly.

- d. From the water heater into a condensate pump, and then into a laundry tub.
  - Note A pump can be used when there is a long distance between the water heater and the laundry tub or when the bottom of the water heater is lower than the top of the laundry tub.

To connect the condensate drain:

1. Connect a drain line to the  $1\!/_2$  in fitting at the bottom of the water heater.

Use only corrosion-resistant material for the drain line, such as PVC or CPVC. Do not reduce the size of this fitting or the drain line to less than  $^{1}\!/_{2}$  in.



2. Place the free end of the drain line into an appropriate drain.



 If you are using a condensate pump, ensure that the pump allows for up to 2 GPH of drainage for each water heater in the system.

- If you are not using a condensate pump, ensure that the drain line is pitched downward at a minimum slope of 1/4 in per foot.
- 3. Fill the condensate trap inside the water heater by pouring water through the exhaust vent on top of the water heater until water flows through the condensate drain.

# 

The condensate line must remain unobstructed, allowing for the free flow of condensate. If condensate freezes in the line, or if the line is obstructed in any other manner, condensate can exit from the tee, resulting in potential water damage.

#### 3.5.1 Condensate Neutralizer Kit

# \Lambda warning

- To avoid damaging the appliance, the neutralizer inlet and discharge must be lower than the condensate drain.
- Do NOT allow exhaust flue gases to vent through the neutralizer. Leakage can cause injury or death from carbon monoxide.
- The connection between the appliance and the neutralizer must be installed to prevent the backflow of condensate into the appliance.
- Do not connect more than one appliance to the neutralizer.

If option 'b' is selected for condensate disposal, the Navien condensate neutralizer kit is recommended. The condensate from the appliance flows through the neutralizing media and increases the pH of the condensate. An increased pH prevents corrosion of the installation's drainage system and the public sewer system.

#### Installation

- The inlet has a center connection port and the outlet has an offset connection.
- Install the neutralizer on the wall or the floor and secure it using the brackets supplied with the kit.
- If the neutralizer is installed horizontally, rotate the neutralizer to position the outlet at the highest point (Figure 1).
- If the neutralizer is mounted vertically, ensure that the outlet is higher than the inlet (Figure 2).
- Ensure that the condensate runs freely to the drain.
- Ensure all connections are made to prevent the backflow of condensate. Use corrosion resistant piping and secure all piping to prevent movement.



Do not install condensate piping in areas where the temperature drops below freezing point. Protect piping in high pedestrian areas from damage and vibration.

- For increased safety when the condensate drain blocks, install a Y-fitting. Connect the Y-fitting as shown in the installation diagram and ensure that the condensate runs freely to the drain.
- Ensure that the discharge connection is accessible. Access to the discharge connection is required for maintenance and pH testing.
- If there is insufficient gradient for drainage, install a drainage pump designed for water heater and boiler condensate removal.

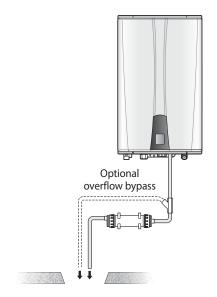


Figure 1. Horizontal installation

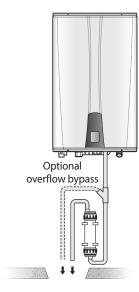


Figure 2. Vertical installation

#### Maintenance

Periodically monitor the level of media in the neutralizer and test the pH level at the outlet. We recommend an annual pH test using recognized test strips or an electronic pH meter to obtain precise measurements. Replace the neutralizing media when the pH drops below the minimum level required by the local water authority. If the pH level is not specified, replace the neutralizing media when the pH is below 6.0. For replacement media, contact your local Navien distributor.

## 3.6 Venting the Water Heater

# DANGER

This appliance is certified as a "Category IV" appliance and requires a special venting system. The vent system will operate with a positive pressure in the pipe. Exhaust gases must be piped directly outdoors using the vent materials and rules outlined in these instructions. Do not connect vent connectors serving appliances vented by natural draft into any portion of mechanical draft systems operating under positive pressure. Follow the venting instructions carefully. Failure to do so will result in substantial property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

# \Lambda warning

- Improper venting of the water heater can result in excessive levels of carbon monoxide, which can lead to severe personal injury or death. This water heater must be vented in accordance with the "Venting of Equipment" section of the latest edition of the ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 Natural Fuel Gas Code in the USA and/or the "Venting systems and air supply for water heaters" section of the latest version of the CAN/CGA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code in Canada, as well as all applicable local building codes and regulations. Follow all instructions and guidelines when venting the water heater. Venting should be performed only by a licensed professional.
- The venting system must be sealed gastight to prevent flue gas spillage and carbon monoxide emissions, which will result in severe personal injury or death.
- The building owner is responsible for keeping the exhaust and intake terminations free of snow, ice, or other potential blockages, as well as scheduling routing maintenance. Blocked or obstructed vent piping terminations could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

The water heater must be properly vented to ensure a constant supply of clean intake air and to ensure that exhaust air is properly removed from living areas. When venting the water heater, follow these guidelines:

- Do not install the water heater in areas with contaminated air (containing a high level of dust, sawdust, sand, flour, aerosols, or any other such airborne contaminants), as contaminants can cause operational problems. The warranty does not cover damage caused by contaminants in the installation area. If you must install the water heater in an area with contaminated air, use direct venting to supply air from outside the building. We recommend regular filter cleaning and maintenance in these areas.
- For best results, keep the venting system as short and straight as possible.
- Locate the water heater as close as possible to the vent termination.
- Do not connect the water heater vent to a vent for any other gas water heater or vent stack.
- For horizontal runs, slope the horizontal section upward toward the vent termination at a rate of <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> in per foot (2 % slope).
- Create an airtight seal at each joint in the exhaust and intake air pipes from the water heater collar to the vent termination (see below).

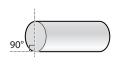
#### Connecting the Pipe to the Vent Collar



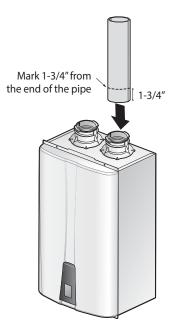
Do not use primer or cement on the appliance connection.

# 

Ensure that the vent pipe is properly beveled prior to installation and that the pipe is fully connected to the exhaust gas vent fitting. Failure to properly bevel and install the pipe can lead to gasket failure and flue gas leakage, which may result in serious injury or death.



1. Measure 1-3/4" inches from the end of the vent pipe, then draw a mark at that distance.



2. Insert the pipe into the vent collar to start the vent run. Make sure to completely slide the vent into the collar until the end makes contact with the bottom of the socket.



Verify that 1-3/4" of the pipe has been completely inserted into the collar and that the mark is no longer visible.

3. Tighten the clamp with a screwdriver to properly seal the joint.



#### 

Do not start the vent run with a street elbow at the vent collar. Using an elbow directly at the collar will not allow for a tight seal between the appliances and vent pipe. A length of straight pipe must be used when starting the vent run.



- To avoid moisture and frost build-up and to maintain clearances to openings on adjacent homes, 45° elbows, 90° elbows, or tees may be attached to the end of the termination vent pipe to direct the exhaust plumes away from buildings, as long as the total allowable vent lengths, maximum number of elbows, and distances to air intake restrictions are observed.
- Do not store hazardous or flammable substances near the vent termination.
- If this water heater will be installed in areas where snow is known to accumulate, protect the vent termination from blockage.
- Ensure that the vent termination is at least 12 in (305 mm) above the highest anticipated snow line, or as required by local codes, whichever is greater.
- Support the vent pipe with hangers at regular intervals or as required by local codes.
- Exhaust and intake air pipes must be supported at least every 4 ft (1.2 m).
- The vent for this appliance shall not terminate over public walkways; or near soffit vents or crawl space vents or where condensate or vapor could create a nuisance or hazard or cause property damage; or where condensate or vapor could cause damage or could be detrimental to the operation of regulators, relief valves, or other equipment.



If the connections leak, harmful flue gas may cause personal injury or death. after completing the installation and filling the water heater with water, turn on the water heater and test for leaks using a bubble test kit. After applying the soap solution, bubbles will form on the connection if any leaks exist.

#### 3.6.1 Selecting a Vent Type

Navien NPE Series water heaters are Category IV appliances and are prepared at the factory to be direct vent (sealed combustion) appliances that draw all of their required combustion air directly from the outdoors. Navien recommends direct air vent installations whenever possible to avoid back drafting cold air through the water heater. If you cannot use a direct vent, ensure that an ample supply of make-up air is available in the installation location.

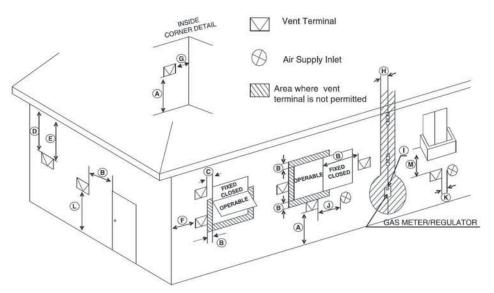
Navien also recommends installing a new vent system with this appliance. If reusing an existing vent system, thoroughly inspect it for punctures, cracks, or blockages prior to connecting it to the water heater.

#### **Direct Venting**

The water heater uses 2 in or 3 in diameter exhaust and 2 in or 3 in diameter intake air ducts. To ensure the draw of air directly from and exhaust of air directly to the outside of the building, create an airtight seal from the water heater collar to the vent termination.

Intake materials can be made of ABS, PVC, CPVC, PP, galvanized steel, corrugated aluminum or any other such materials. If you use a corrugated material, ensure that there is not inadvertent crimping of, or damage to, the intake air pipe.

# When using direct venting, maintain the following venting clearances, as required by ANSI Z21.10.3 and the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, and CAN/CGA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code:



Ref	Description	Canadian Direct Vent Installations <sup>1</sup>	US Direct Vent Installations <sup>2</sup>
А	Clearance above grade, veranda, porch, deck, or balcony	12 in (30 cm)	12 in (30 cm)
В	Clearance to window or door that may be opened	36 in (91 cm)	12 in (30 cm)
С	Clearance to permanently closed window	*	*
D	Vertical clearance to ventilated soffit located above the terminal within a horizontal distance of 2 ft (61 cm) from the center line of the terminal	*	*
E	Clearance to unventilated soffit	*	*

Ref	Description	Canadian Direct Vent Installations <sup>1</sup>	US Direct Vent Installations <sup>2</sup>	
F	Clearance to outside corner	*	*	
G	Clearance to inside corner	*	*	
н	Clearance to each side of center line extended above meter/regulator assembly	3 ft (91 cm) within a height 15 ft above the meter/regulator assembly	*	
I	Clearance to service regulator vent outlet	3 ft (91 cm)	*	
J	Clearance to nonmechanical air supply inlet to building or the combustion air inlet to any other appliance	36 in (91 cm)	12 in (30 cm)	
К	Clearance to a mechanical air supply inlet	6 ft (1.83 m)	3 ft (91 cm) above if within 10 ft (3 m) horizontally	
L	Clearance above paved sidewalk or paved driveway located on public property	7 ft (2.13 m) †	*	
М	Clearance under veranda, porch deck, or balcony	12 in (30 cm) ‡	*	

1 In accordance with the current CSA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code

2 In accordance with the current ANSI Z223.1 / NFPA 54 National Fuel Gas Code † A vent shall not terminate directly above a sidewalk or paved driveway that is located between two single family dwellings and serves both dwellings. ‡ Permitted only if veranda, porch, deck, or balcony is fully open on a minimum of two sides beneath the floor. \* Clearance in accordance with local installation codes and the requirements of the gas supplier.

#### Non-Direct Venting (Single Pipe)

If, at any time, the installation location could experience negative pressure, there is a possibility of back drafting cold air through the water heater's heat exchanger. This situation could lead to the freezing of the heat exchanger and malfunction of the water heater.

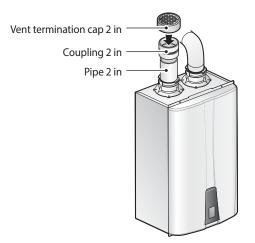
However, building codes in most jurisdictions disallow negative pressures in residences. In a home with a well-balanced air supply, the heat exchanger should not be in danger of freezing. Because the cause of back drafting is not considered a manufacturing problem, any freezing damage which occurs from back drafting will not be covered by the Navien warranty. If there is any question about the possibility of back drafting in the installation location, use a direct venting system for the water heater.

When installed in a manufactured home (mobile home), all combustion air must be supplied from the outdoors as described on page 32.

When using non-direct venting, maintain non-direct vent clearances shown on page 38 as required by ANSI Z21.10.3 and the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, and CAN/ CSA B149.1 Natural Gas And Propane Installation Code.

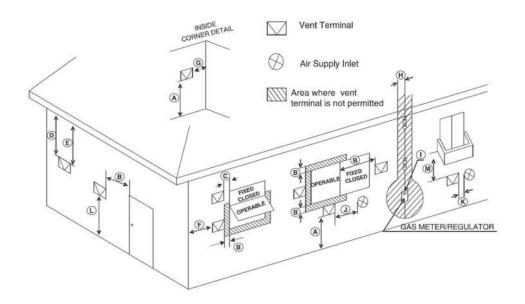
To use non-direct venting for the water heater:

1. Insert the termination end cap into the intake air duct. Do not glue the end cap, to allow for easy removal and cleaning of the cap.



2. Provide two openings to allow for circulation of combustion air as specified by ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 or CAN/CGA B-149.1:

	Maximum Input (BTU/H)	Outdoor make up air is provided, a minimum free area of 1 in <sup>2</sup> , per 4,000 BTU/H	Indoor make up air is provided, a minimum free area of 1 in <sup>2</sup> per 1,000 BTU/H
NPE-150S	120,000	30 in <sup>2</sup> 10 in (W) x 3 in (H) or 6 in round	120 in² 11 in (W) x 11 in (H)
NPE-180A NPE-180S	150,000	40 in <sup>2</sup> 10 in (W) x 4 in (H) or 7 in round	150 in <sup>2</sup> 12 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in (W) x 12 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in (H)
NPE-210A NPE-210S	180,000	45 in <sup>2</sup> 10 in (W) x 5 in (H) or 8 in round	180 in <sup>2</sup> 13 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in (W) x 13 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in (H)
NPE-240A NPE-240S	199,900	50 in <sup>2</sup> 10 in (W) x 5 in (H) or 8 in round	199 in <sup>2</sup> 14 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in (W) x 14 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in (H)



Ref	Description	Canadian Non-Direct Vent Installations <sup>1</sup>	US Non-Direct Vent Installations <sup>2</sup>
А	Clearance above grade, veranda, porch, deck, or balcony	12 in (30 cm)	12 in (30 cm)
В	Clearance to window or door that may be opened	36 in (91 cm)	48 in (120 cm) below or to side of opening; 12 in (30 cm) above opening
С	Clearance to permanently closed window	*	*
D	Vertical clearance to ventilated soffit located above the terminal within a horizontal distance of 2 ft (61 cm) from the center line of the terminal	*	*
E	Clearance to unventilated soffit	*	*
F	Clearance to outside corner	*	*
G	Clearance to inside corner	*	*
н	Clearance to each side of center line extended above meter/regulator assembly	36 in (91 cm) within a height 15 ft (4.57 m) above the meter/ regulator assembly	*
I	Clearance to service regulator vent outlet	36 in (91 cm)	*
J	Clearance to nonmechanical air supply inlet to building or the combustion air inlet to any other appliance	36 in (91 cm)	48 in (120 cm) below or to side of opening; 12 in (30 cm) above opening
К	Clearance to a mechanical air supply inlet	6 ft (1.83 m)	36 in (91 cm) above if within 10 ft (3 m) horizontally
L	Clearance above paved sidewalk or paved driveway located on public property	7 ft (2.13 m) †	*
М	Clearance under veranda, porch deck, or balcony	12 in (30 cm) ‡	*

1 In accordance with the current CSA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code

2 In accordance with the current ANSI Z223.1 / NFPA 54 National Fuel Gas Code + A vent shall not terminate directly above a sidewalk or paved driveway that is located between two single family dwellings and serves both dwellings.

Permitted only if veranda, porch, deck, or balcony is fully open on a minimum of two sides beneath the floor.
 Clearance in accordance with local installation codes and the requirements of the gas supplier.

#### 3.6.2 Selecting Vent Pipe Materials

Venting requirements differ in the US and Canada. Consult the following chart or the most recent edition of ANSI Z223.1/ NFPA 54 or CAN/CGA B149.1, as well as all applicable local codes and regulations when selecting vent pipe materials. Do not use cellular core PVC (ASTM F891), cellular core CPVC, Radel<sup>®</sup> (polyphenolsulfone) for the exhaust vent.

# \Lambda WARNING

Do not mix components from different systems. The vent system may fail and harmful flue products may leak into the living space. Mixing of venting materials will void the warranty and certification of the appliance.

Locale	Recommended Vent Materials	
	PVC/CPVC Schedule 40 or 80 (Solid Core)	
USA	<ul> <li>Approved Polypropylene (PP)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Approved Stainless Steel (SS)</li> </ul>	
	Type BH Special Gas Vent Class IIA (PVC)	
Canada*	Type BH Special Gas Vent Class IIB (CPVC)	
Callaua	<ul> <li>Type BH Special Gas Vent Class IIC</li> </ul>	
	(Polypropylene/Stainless Steel)	

\* For installation in Canada, field-supplied plastic vent piping must comply with CAN/CGA B149.1 (latest edition) and be certified to the Standard For Type BH Gas Venting Systems, ULC-S636. Components of this listed system must not be interchanged with other vent systems or unlisted pipes or fittings. All plastic components and specified primers and glues of the certified vent system must be from a single system manufacturer and must not be intermixed with another system manufacturer's parts. The supplied vent connector and vent termination are certified as part of the water heater.

This product is set to use **PVC** as the default vent pipe material. If the return water temperature for the application is higher than 140°F ( $60^{\circ}$ C) to circulate back to water heater, P.19 must be set to **OFF**. Otherwise, the water heater will control maintain the exhaust and DHW temperatures below 150°F ( $65^{\circ}$ C) and 140°F ( $60^{\circ}$ C) respectively.



When P.19 is set to OFF (**factory default is ON**), CPVC, PP, or SS vent must be used for the exhaust pipe.



#### 

- This water heater has a built-in control to limit the exhaust temperature to 149°F. As a result, the Navien water heater can be vented with Schedule 40 PVC.
- In high temperature applications, the exhaust temperature can exceed 149°F (65°C). In that case, you must use Schedule 40/80 CPVC or Approved Polypropylene/Stainless Steel in the USA or Type BH Special Gas Vent Class IIB (CPVC) or Class IIC (Polypropylene/SS) that conforms to ULC-S636 in Canada.
- When using 2 in. vent, if the exhaust temperature exceeds 149°F (65°C), CPVC pipe (field supplied) must be used for the first 3 feet of equivalent pipe length. For systems using 3 in. vent, the first 5 in. of length must be CPVC pipe.

The following **polypropylene** vent components are approved for use with this appliance:

- Duravent PolyPro<sup>®</sup> SW (Rigid) 2PPS-xxx (2") or 3PPS-xxx (3")
- Duravent PolyPro® (Flexible)
   2PPS-FLEXxx (2") or 3PPS -FLEXxx (3")
   2PPS-FAM or 3PPS-FAM (2" or 3" Rigid-to-Flex Male Adapter)
   2PPS-X3L (2" to 3" Increaser)
- Centrotherm Innoflue<sup>®</sup> SW (Rigid) ISxx02xx (2") or ISxx03xx (3")
- Centrotherm Innoflue® (Flexible)
   IFVL02xxx (2") or IFVL03x xx (3")
   IFSFC02 or IFSFC03 (2" or 3" Rigid-to- Flex Male Adapter)
   ISEI0203 or ISIA0203 (2" to 3" Increaser)
- Hart & Cooley Polyflue<sup>™</sup> SW (Rigid) 2PF-xx (2") or 3PF-xx (3")
- Z-Flex<sup>®</sup> Z-DENS SW (Rigid) 2ZDxx (2") or 3ZDxx (3")

The following **stainless steel** vent components are approved for use with this appliance:

- Duravent FasNSeal® (Rigid)
   FSA-PVC3 (3" PVC to FasNSeal Appliance Adapter)
   FSxxxxx03 (3")
- Duravent FasNSeal® (Flexible)
   FSASMM-PP-2 (2" PP-to-FasNSeal adapter)
   FSFLEX-02 (2")
- Heat Fab Saf-T Vent<sup>®</sup> EZ Seal
   9301PVC (3" PVC/CPVC Outlet Boiler Adapter)
   93xx (3")



- Only the vent pipe models listed above are approved for use with this appliance.
- Do not mix pipe, fittings, or joint methods from different manufacturers.
- Proper appliance adapters must be used when using polypropylene or SS vent pipe.
- Refer to the vent manufacturer's instructions for detailed installation procedures and guidelines.

#### 3.6.3 Measuring Vent Length

The maximum vent length when using 2 in exhaust ducts is 60 ft (18 m). The maximum vent length when using 3 in vent ducts is 150 ft (45 m). The intake duct length may be identical to the exhaust duct length. Maximum vent length is reduced according to the number of elbows used, as shown in the following table:

Vent Size	Max. Length	Max. # of Elbows	Equivalent Lengths
2 in	60 ft (18 m)	6	<ul> <li>Reduce the maximum vent length accordingly for each elbow used:</li> <li>Each 90° elbow equates to 8 linear ft (2.4 m) of vent</li> <li>Each 45° elbow equates to 4 linear ft (1.2 m) of vent</li> </ul>
3 in	150 ft (45 m)	8	<ul> <li>Reduce the maximum vent length accordingly for each elbow used:</li> <li>Each 90° elbow equates to 5 linear ft (1.5 m) of vent</li> <li>Each 45° elbow equates to 3 linear ft (0.9 m) of vent</li> </ul>

Note

• The Maximum Length does not include any elbows.

- The use of a PVC or polypropylene concentric termination counts as 5 linear feet (1.5 m) of vent.
- The maximum vent lengths at high altitudes are the same as shown in the above.

#### 3.6.4 Terminating the Vent

Before installing the water heater, determine what type of vent termination is appropriate for the installation location and materials. The subsections that follow describe some typical venting configurations, but do not include all possible options.

The following **PVC** vent terminations are approved for use with this appliance:

- PVC Concentric Vent Kit (ULC S636 required for Canada):
   2 in Vent Kit
  - 3 in Vent Kit
- IPEX Low Prole Termination Kit:
  - 2 in Low Prole Vent Kit #196984
  - 3 in Low Prole Vent Kit #193985

The following **polypropylene** vent terminations are approved for use:

- Duravent PolyPro<sup>®</sup> Horizontal Concentric Termination Kit
   2 in x 4 in Concentric Vent Kit #2PPS-HKL
   3 in x 5 in Concentric Vent Kit #3PPS-HKL
- Centrotherm Innoflue<sup>®</sup> Low Profile Termination Kit 2 in Vent Kit #ISLPT0202 3 in Vent Kit #ISLPT0303
- Hart & Cooley Polyflue<sup>™</sup> Horizontal Termination Kit
   2 in Vent Kit #2PF-HCT
   3 in Vent Kit #3PF-HCT

The following **polypropylene** vent components can be used as terminations:

Duravent PolyPro<sup>®</sup>

2PPS-E90L or 3PPS-E90L ( 2" or 3" 90° Elbow) 2PPS-E45L or 3PPS-E45L ( 2" or 3" 45° Elbow) 2PPS-TL or 3PPS-TL (2" or 3" Tee) 2PPS-BG or 3PPS-BG (2" or 3" Birdscreen)

Centrotherm Innoflue®

ISELL0287 or ISELL0387 (2" or 3" 87° Elbow) ISELL0245 or ISELL0345 (2" or 3" 45° Elbow) IST02 or IST03 (2" or 3" Tee) IASPP02 or IASPP03 (2" or 3" Birdscreen)

- Hart & Cooley Polyflue™
   2PF-90 or 3PF-90 (2" or 3" 90° Elbow)
   2PF-45 or 3PF-45 (2" or 3" 45° Elbow)
   2PF-T or 3PF-T (2" or 3"Tee)
   2PF-HVST or 3PF-HVST (2" or 3" Birdscreen)
- Z-Flex<sup>®</sup> Z-DEN S

2ZDE\_87 or 3ZDE\_87 (2" or 3" 87° Elbow) 2ZDE\_45 or 3ZDE\_45 (2" or 3" 45° Elbow) 2ZDTT or 3ZDTT (2" or 3" Tee) 2ZDES or 3ZDES (2" or 3" Birdscreen) The following **stainless steel** (AL29-4C) vent components can be used as terminations:

- Duravent FasNSeal®
   FSELB9003 (3"90° Elbow)
   FSELB8803 (3"88° Elbow)
   FSELB4503 (3"45° Elbow)
   FST3 (3"Tee)
   FSBS3 (3"Birdscreen)
- Heat Fab Saf-T Vent® EZ Seal
   9314(LR) or 9314TERM (3 "90° Elbow)
   9311 (3"45° Elbow)
   9390TEE (3"Tee)
   9392 (3" Birdscreen)



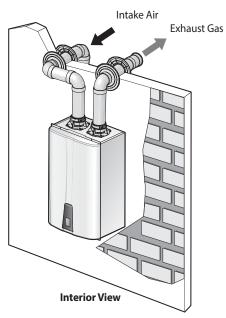
• Only the termination models listed above are approved for use with this appliance.

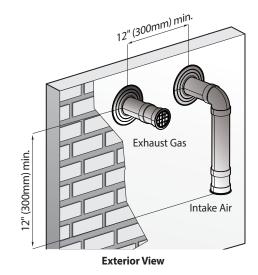
- Only terminations of the same manufacturer as the vent system must be used.
- Refer to the vent manufacturer's instructions for detailed installation procedures and guidelines.

#### Indoor Water Heater Installation Venting Examples

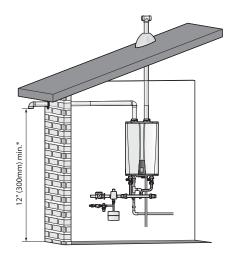
The following are some possible indoor venting options:

• Two-Pipe Sidewall Venting



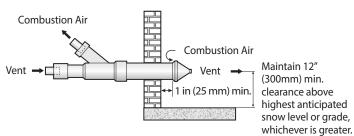


 Non-Concentric Sidewall Venting - Air is drawn from a different location that is at least 12 in (300 mm) away from the exhaust termination. The exhaust termination can be located either on the sidewall or roof. Try to minimize the length of the intake air pipe when installing the vent.



\*12" (300mm) above the highest anticipated snow level, or as required by local codes, whichever is greater.

Concentric Sidewall Venting



Concentric Vertical Venting

### Vent Combustion Air Combustion Air Combustion Air Clearance above highest anticipated snow level or grade, whichever is greater (maximum of 24" above roof).

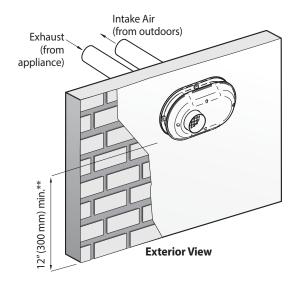
Note

For cascade applications, the required horizontal clearance between terminations is 12" for both sidewall and vertical venting installations.



Do not vertically stack concentric terminations on sidewalls.

Low Profile Two-Pipe Sidewall Venting\*



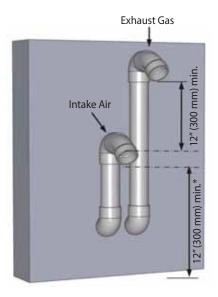
- \* IPEX and Centrotherm Low Profile terminations only
- \*\* Clearance above highest anticipated snow level or grade, or as required by local codes, whichever is greater.



Only the following orientations are allowed for twin pipe terminations.

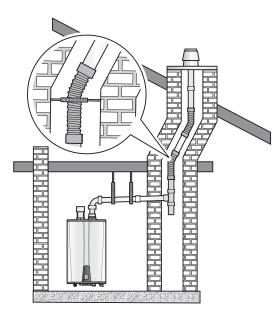


• Two-Pipe Snorkel Sidewall Venting



\* Clearance above highest anticipated snow level or grade, or as required by local codes, whichever is greater.

• Flexible Vent Systems (Polypropylene and Stainless Steel)





Only VERTICAL installations are allowed. Horizontal terminations are prohibited.

• The use of proper adapters and supports are required to fully complete the installation.

The following table lists the flexible vent models that are approved for use with this appliance in addition to the maximum allowable vent lengths for the desired vent system.

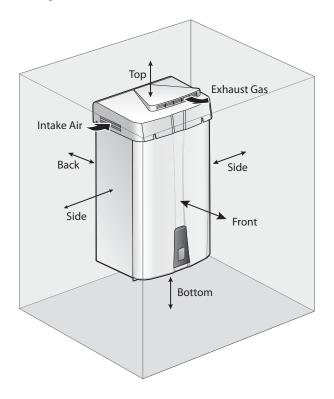
	Vent	Flexib	ole PP	Flexible SS
Model Type	Dia.	Centrotherm Innoflue Flex*	Duravent Polypro Flex*	Duravent FasNSeal Flex*
NPE-	2 in	50 ft	n/a	35 ft
150/180/210	3 in	100 ft	n/a	n/a
	2 in	n/a	n/a	35 ft
NPE-240	3 in	100 ft	n/a	n/a

\* List of approved materials can be found on page 39.

- Only the flexible vent models listed above are approved for use with this appliance.
- All flexible vent pipe must be installed VERTICALLY through the roof. No horizontal terminations are permitted.
- Use a 2 in snap fit coupler or the InnoFlue<sup>®</sup> Single Wall Residential vent pipes to connect the InnoFlue<sup>®</sup> Flex 2 in vent pipes to the exhaust.
- After installation, ensure that the vent system is tightly sealed at the joints.
- All installation using the flexible vent materials must be in INDIRECT VENTI NG only.
- Refer to the manufacturer's literature for detailed information and guidelines.

#### **Outdoor Installation**

Outdoor installation should only be considered in mild climates. Freezing temperatures or contaminated air can damage the water heater. When installing the water heater outdoors, maintain clearances from building openings, as described in the "Non-Direct Venting (Single Pipe)" section on page 37. Outdoor installation areas should be in an open, unroofed area and should allow for the following minimum clearances from the water heater:



Bottom	12 in
Back	0.5 in
Sides	3 in
Front	24 in
Тор	36 in

When installing a water heater outdoors, follow these guidelines:

- The Navien Outdoor Vent Kit must be used to ensure proper operation of the water heater.
- Ensure that there is plenty of clearance around the air intake and that it is adequately protected to prevent any debris, liquids, or flammable gases from entering the air intake.
- If the water heater is installed under an eave, maintain a clearance of 3 ft or more from the eave to the top of the water heater vent terminals.

# 3.7 Connecting the Power Supply

# \Lambda warning

Improperly connecting the power supply can result in electrical shock and electrocution. Follow all applicable electrical codes of the local authority having jurisdiction. In the absence of such requirements, follow the latest edition of **the National Electrical Code (NFPA 70) in the USA or the latest edition of CSA C22.1 Canadian Electrical Code Part 1 in Canada**. Connecting the power supply should be performed only by a licensed professional.

When connecting the power supply, follow these guidelines:

- Do not connect the electric supply until all plumbing and gas piping is complete and the water heater has been filled with water.
- Do not connect the water heater to a 220-240 V AC power supply. Doing so will damage the water heater and void the warranty.
- All water heaters come with a factory-installed, 3-pronged (grounded) plug. The water heater can be plugged into any grounded electrical outlet nearby, as it requires only 2-4 Amps. It is not necessary to run a dedicated electrical line to the water heater.
- Keep power cord free of dust.
- Do not use a broken or modified power cord.
- Do not bind, bend or stretch power cords.
- If local codes require the water heater to be wired directly, remove and discard the factory-installed plug. Install a power switch between the breaker and the water heater to facilitate end-user maintenance and servicing. Connect the water heater to a 110-120 V AC at 60 Hz with a maximum of 2 A (4 A if an external pump is connected) rating electrical supply.
- The water heater must be electrically grounded. If using the power plug, ensure that the electrical outlet you connect the water heater to is properly grounded. If wiring the water heater directly to a power supply, do not attach the ground wire to either the gas or the water piping as plastic pipe or dielectric unions may prevent proper grounding.
- We recommend using a surge protector to protect the water heater from power surges.
- If there is a power failure in cold weather areas, the freeze prevention system in the water heater will not operate and may result in freezing of the heat exchanger. In cold weather areas where power failures are common, you must completely drain the water heater to prevent damage if the power will be off for any extended period of time. A battery back-up (available at most computer retailers) may be used to supply hot water during periods of power outages. Damage caused by freezing temperatures due to power loss is not covered under warranty.

If you are not using your water heater for a long period of time:

- 1. Completely drain the water out of the water heater.
- 2. Disconnect the power supply to the water heater. This prevents your water heater from freezing and being damaged.

# () CAUTION

Label all wires before disconnecting them when you work on the controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

# 3.8 Setting the DIP Switches

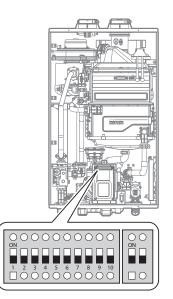
The water heater has two DIP switch locations: on the main circuit board (PCB) and on the front panel. Each location has two sets of DIP switches that control the functionality of the water heater. Set the DIP switches appropriately, based on the installation environment.

#### 3.8.1 Circuit Board DIP Switches

The two sets of DIP switches on the circuit board configure the water heater's model settings. These configurations are set at the factory and should not be changed.

#### 3.8.2 Setting the Front Panel DIP Switches

The two sets of DIP switches on the front panel configure the water heater's pump & recirculation, display, well pump, storage tank & solar system, lime alarm, high altitude, cascade venting and gas type settings. Some of these configurations are set at the factory and should not be changed. The following tables describe the functions of the DIP switches and their settings:



#### • 10-switch Panel:

Switch	Function	Setting		Remark
		No Recirculation	1: OFF, 2: OFF, 3: OFF	*Intelligent Preheating: Learns
	Recirculation Mode- Internal Navien	Internal Recirculation	1: ON, 2: OFF, 3: OFF	the user's hot water usage patterns and starts preheating
	Pump ("A" model only)	External Recirculation	1: OFF, 2: ON, 3: OFF	prior to an anticipated draw.
1.2	Only)	Intelligent Preheating*	1: ON, 2: ON, 3: OFF	Preheating starts when remote controller is not
1-3		External Pump Only	1: OFF, 2: OFF, 3: ON	<ul><li>connected.</li><li>When remote controller is</li></ul>
	Recirculation Mode-	Internal Recirculation ("A" model only)	1: ON, 2: OFF, 3: ON	connected, preheating starts
	External Pump Connected**	External Recirculation ("A" model only)	1: OFF, 2: ON, 3: ON	and operates based on the timer.
		Intelligent Preheating*	1: ON, 2: ON, 3: ON	• Set the timer on the remote
4	Display Temperature	Celsius	4: ON	controller to use hot water at the time of your choice.
4	Unit	Fahrenheit	4: OFF	<ul> <li>Intelligent preheating does not function in Cascade Mode</li> </ul>
r	Well Pump	Well Pump Operation	5: ON	(Preheating OFF).
5		Do Not Use Well Pump	5: OFF	Freeze protection is still     available with preheating OFF
<i>c</i>	DHW Storage Tank/	Storage Tank/Solar System Operation	6: ON	**External Pump:
6	Solar System	Do Not Use Storage Tank/Solar System	6: OFF	These settings are to be used when an external pump is wired
1 7	Commercial Lock	Temperature can be set.	1-7: OFF	to the water heater.
1-7	Commercial Lock	Temperature cannot be set.	1-7: ON	This setting can only be used
		Disable the limescale detection alarm.	1-8: OFF	when the set temperature is above 135°F.
1-8	Limescale Detection Alarm***	Limescale Detection Alarm (12 month interval)	1-8: ON	**** <b>High Altitude</b> Above 2,000 ft (610 m), the wate heater will de-rate by 4% for
9&10		0-1,999 ft (0-609 m)	9: OFF, 10: OFF	each 1,000 ft (305 m) of altitude gain.
		2,000–5,399 ft (610–1,645 m)	9: ON, 10: OFF	- 90m
	High Altitude ****	5,400-7,699 ft (1,646-2,346 m)	9: OFF, 10: ON	
		7,700–10,100 ft (2,347–3,078 m)	9: ON, 10: ON	-

Note

This water heater may be installed at elevations up to 10,100 ft (3,078 m) for use with Natural Gas and 4,500 ft (1,370 m) for use with Propane. To use the water heater at a specific altitude, the DIP switches should be set as described above.

#### 

Do not configure the system for DHW recirculation when it is configured to run an air handler using the H2Air controller. DHW recirculation and Navien H2Air configurations cannot be used at the same time.

#### • 2-switch Panel:

Switch	Function	Setting	
1	Cascade Vent	Common Vent	1-OFF 1-ON
1	Cascade Vent	Individual Vent	
2	Castura	Natural Gas	OFF
2	Gas Type	Propane Gas	ON

# 4. Installing a Cascade System

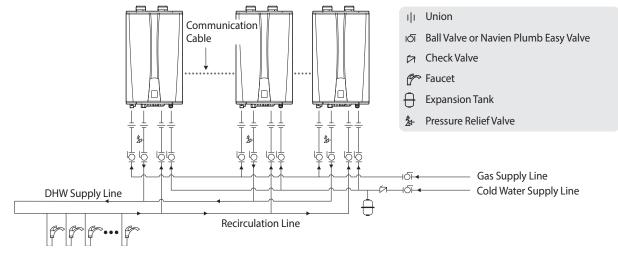
When installing a cascade system, carefully consider the design of the system and the features of the installation location. Follow all local codes and regulations, as well as all guidelines for installing the water heater. The following sections describe additional considerations that are specific to installing cascade systems. Read them carefully before designing or installing the system.

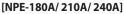
## 4.1 Connecting Water Supplies

Several options are available for plumbing a cascade system of water heaters. The options shown here are only examples. The setup you choose will vary based on the installation location, local building codes, and other factors. Follow all applicable regulations when installing a cascade system.

You can connect up to 16 water heaters to meet high-volume hot water demands. Some possible connection options include the following:

• Recirculation via Internal Pumps ("A" model only):

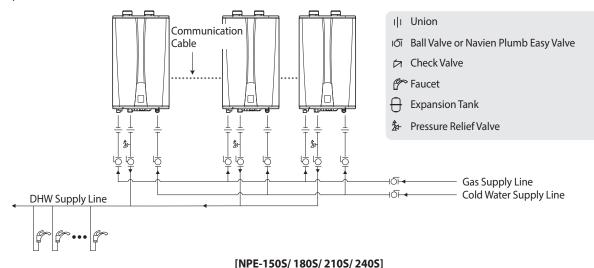




Note

• The recommended minimum recirculation flow rate for each water heater is 2 GPM. Depending on the number of water heaters and the diameter of the recirculation line, it may not be necessary to connect all water heaters to the recirculation line. If this is the case, set the unconnected water heaters to internal recirculation mode. The master water heater must always be connected to the recirculation line and set to external recirculation mode.

- Each unit must be configured for cascade operation.
- System sensors are required for proper operation of the cascade system.
- Multiple NPE-S Units:



#### 4.1.1 Piping Sizes and Considerations

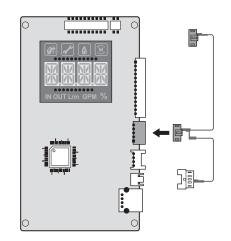
When plumbing a cascade system, consider the following pipe diameters and flow rates. Note that flow rates above 6.6 ft/s may cause pipe erosion. These specifications may vary depending on installation conditions.

Qty	ΔT=54°F Flow rate (GPM)	Water Velocity (ft/s)		pe r (mm/in)
1	7.19	4.78	20A	<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in
2	14.38	5.61	25A	1 in
3	21.57	5.54	30A	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> in
4	28.77	5.21	40A	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> in
5	35.96	6.53	40A	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> in
6	43.15	4.49	50A	2 in
7	50.34	5.24	50A	2 in
8	57.5	6.00	50A	2 in
9	64.72	4.39	65A	2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> in
10	71.92	4.75	65A	2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> in
11	79.11	5.34	65A	2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> in
12	86.30	5.84	65A	2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> in
13	93.49	6.33	65A	2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> in
14	100.68	6.79	65A	2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> in
15	107.87	5.11	80A	3 in
16	115.07	5.44	80A	3 in
17	122.26	5.81	80A	3 in
18	129.45	6.14	80A	3 in
19	136.64	6.46	80A	3 in
20	143.83	6.83	80A	3 in
21	151.02	4.06	100A	4 in
22	158.21	4.25	100A	4 in
23	165.41	4.45	100A	4 in
24	172.60	4.65	100A	4 in
25	179.79	4.85	100A	4 in
26	186.98	5.05	100A	4 in
27	194.17	5.24	100A	4 in
28	201.36	5.44	100A	4 in
29	208.56	5.61	100A	4 in
30	215.75	5.81	100A	4 in

# 4.2 Connecting the Communication Cables

Up to 16 water heaters can be connected with Navien Ready-Link communication cables. Select one of the water heaters in the cascade system as the master water heater, and then connect the other water heaters to it as slaves. Before making any connections, ensure that the power is turned off to all water heaters.

Connect the Ready-Link cables to the J6 ports on the right side of the front panel:

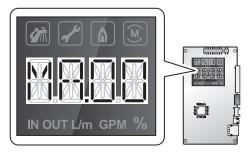


#### 4.2.1 Configuring the Communication Settings

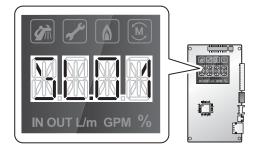
After connecting the Ready-Link communication cables, restore power to the water heater and turn on all water heaters using the Power button.

To configure the communication settings:

1. On the master water heater, press and hold the Diagnostics and Up [+] buttons for more than 5 seconds. "MA.00" will appear on the display to confirm that this water heater is set as the master.



2. On the slave water heater, press and hold the Diagnostics and Down [-] buttons for more than 2 seconds. "SL.01" will appear on the display to confirm that this water heater is set as a slave.



- 3. Repeat step 2 to configure the rest of the slave water heaters in the system.
- 4. On the master water heater, press and hold the Diagnostics and Up [-] buttons for more than 5 seconds. All the display screens on the configured water heaters will return to the temperature display.
- Note

• To add additional slaves at a later time, repeat step 2.

• To cancel the cascade communication setup, on the master water heater, press and hold the Diagnostics and Reset buttons for more than 5 seconds. The water heaters will revert to independent operation. Repeat steps 1-4 to reassign the master water heater.

# 5. Installing a Common Vent System

## 5.1 About the Common Vent System

The Navien Common Vent System\* provides an easy way to install the vent system for up to 8 Navien NPE water heater units. By sharing the main intake and exhaust vent pipes, effective system venting is available with less venting materials and minimal number of penetrations on the walls or roofing. \* Independently tested and approved by CSA

Read all safety messages and carefully follow the guidelines in this manual when installing a common vent system for the Navien NPE water heater units.

# DANGER

Category IV appliances require a special venting system. The vent system will operate with a positive pressure in the pipe. Exhaust gases must be piped directly outdoors using the vent materials and rules outlined in these instructions. Do not connect vent connectors serving appliances vented by natural draft into any portion of mechanical draft systems operating under positive pressure. Follow the venting instructions carefully. Failure to do so will result in substantial property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

# **MARNING**

- Improper venting of the water heater units can result in excessive levels of carbon monoxide, which can lead to severe personal injury or death. The water heater units must be vented in accordance with the "Venting of Equipment" section of the latest edition of the ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 Natural Fuel Gas Code in the USA, as well as all applicable local building codes and regulations. Follow all instructions and guidelines when venting the water heater units. Venting should be performed only by a licensed professional.
- The venting system must be sealed gastight to prevent flue gas spillage and carbon monoxide emissions, which will result in severe personal injury or death.
- The building owner is responsible for keeping the exhaust and intake terminations free of snow, ice, or other potential blockages, as well as scheduling routing maintenance. Blocked or obstructed vent piping terminations could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

#### 5.1.1 Guidelines for a Common Vent System

#### 

- To ensure the correct operation of the common vent system,
  - a cascade communication cable **MUST** be installed between all units in the common vent system by the installer.
  - backflow vent dampers must be installed in the exhaust duct of each water heater unit.
- This section covers the installation of a common vent system for **NPE water heaters only**.

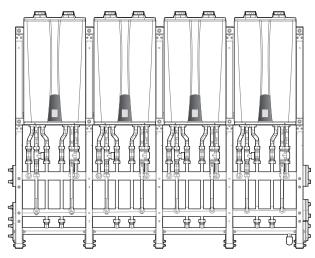
To ensure the safe and correct installation of the common vent system, carefully follow the instructions and guidelines.

- Check to see if all contents are included in the package (refer to the "Included Items" on page 53).
- A maximum of 8 NPE water heaters may be connected to one common vent system. In a cascade system that has more than 8 water heaters, use 2 common vent systems, or consult Navien.
- Use the proper PVC cements and adhesives that are recommended for use by the pipe manufacturer.
- Position the water heater units as close as possible to the vent termination.
- Install a new vent system with this appliance. If an existing vent system is reused, thoroughly inspect it for punctures, cracks, or blockages prior to connecting it to the water heater unit.
- The common vent system covered in this manual is approved for direct and non-direct vent applications.
- Horizontal vent pipe runs must be supported every 4 feet (1.2 m) (minimum). All vertical vent pipe runs must be supported every 6 feet (1.8 m) (minimum). Support the vent pipe with hangers at the indicated intervals or as required by local codes.
- Install a backflow damper for each water heater unit. Use only the damper specified in this manual.
- To avoid moisture and frost build-up and to maintain clearances to openings on adjacent homes, 45° elbows, 90° elbows, or tees may be attached to the end of the termination vent pipe to direct the exhaust plumes away from buildings, as long as the total allowable vent lengths, maximum number of elbows, and distances to air intake restrictions are observed.
- If the water heater units will be installed in areas where snow is known to accumulate, protect the vent termination from blockage. Provide a minimum of 1 foot (30 cm) clearance from the bottom of the exhaust of the expected snow accumulation level. Snow removal may be necessary to maintain clearance.
- Ensure that the vent termination is at least 12 in (305 mm) above ground, 12 in (305 mm) above the highest anticipated snow level, or as required by local codes, whichever is greater.
- The vent for this appliance shall not terminate over public walkways; or near soffit vents or crawl space vents or where condensate or vapor could create a nuisance or hazard or cause property damage; or where condensate or vapor could cause damage or could be detrimental to the operation of regulators, relief valves, or other equipment.

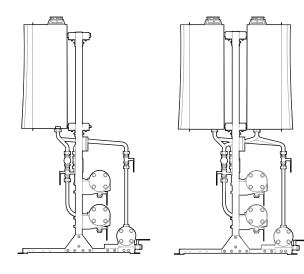
#### **Clearances Between Multiple Units**

Ensure that the installed water heaters satisfy all installation clearances provided in the manual. It is essential that there is sufficient clearance space for the common vent system to work properly.

The water heater units can be mounted either IN-LINE or BACK TO BACK.



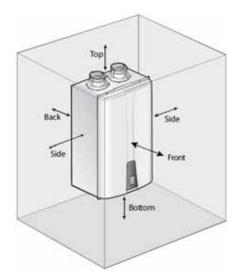
Navien Modular Configuration with Rack System



In-line Setup

Back to Back Setup

<Clearance Chart for Common Vent Applications>



Bottom	12″ (300 mm)	
Back	0.5″ (13 mm)	
Side	3" (76 mm)	
Front	4″ (100 mm)	
Тор	9″ (229 mm)	



The recommended clearance from the TOP of the unit is 36" for servicing the common vent.

Additionally, the recommended clearance from the FRONT of the unit is 24" for maintaining and servicing.

#### **General and Local Standards Information**

When installing and operating the common vent system, the following standards and regulations must be complied with and adhered to:

- Local codes or, in the absence of local codes, the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54.
- Appliance manufacturer's Installation Instructions.
- Regulations on the supervision of construction.
- Statutory provisions.
- Installation and service work must be carried out by licensed professionals only.

#### **Risk Guidelines**

- Ensure that all common vent system components are manufactured and installed in accordance with valid standards, regulations, and safety engineering rules.
- To avoid risk, the common vent system must be installed and used only for the original purpose described in this manual.
- Defects or damages found in a common vent system must be addressed and repaired immediately.
- For roof or chimney modifications, refer to the relevant industrial safety regulations.
- Works on roofs and facades are dangerous. Comply with all relevant regulations.

#### Cutting and Assembling Common Vent System Components

Standard tools are suitable for the cutting and assembly of common vent system components. Follow the guidelines listed below when working with the components.

- When cutting vent components, ensure that the cuts are straight. Chamfer and deburr all edges before installing the components.
- All vent joints must be fully tightened.
- Before operating the system, ensure that the Installed vent system is clean and free of debris.
- Ensure that the vent system is rigidly supported according to the manual's instructions.

#### **Selecting Vent Pipe Materials**

Consult the following chart or the most recent edition of ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, as well as all applicable local codes and regulations when selecting vent pipe materials. This appliance should be vented with materials approved for Category IV gas appliances. Do not use cellular core PVC (ASTM F891), cellular core CPVC, or Radel<sup>®</sup> (polyphenolsulfone) for the exhaust vent. See below for recommended vent materials.

Locale	Recommended Vent Materials		
USA	<ul><li> PVC Schedule 40 (Solid Core)</li><li> CPVC Schedule 40 or 80 (Solid Core)</li></ul>		

#### **Vent Pipe Pitch and Supports**

For horizontal runs, slope the horizontal section upward toward the vent termination at a rate of 1/4" per foot (2% slope).

#### **Connecting Pipes with Cement**

# 

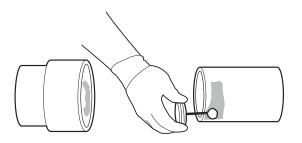
Do not mix components from different systems. The vent system may fail and harmful flue products may leak into the living space. Mixing of venting materials will void the warranty and certification of the appliance.

#### 

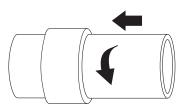
The vapors from primers and solvent cements can cause nausea and continuous exposure is dangerous to your health. Ensure that the work area is well ventilated, or wear an approved organic vapor respirator when working with primers and solvent cements.

To connect the vent pipes using cement:

1. Spread an even layer of solvent cement on the inside of the pipe fitting and the outside of the pipe.



2. Align the pipe with the pipe fitting and twist the pipe a quarter turn as you insert it into the fitting. Twisting the pipe spreads the solvent cement evenly to ensure a solid joint.



3. Hold the pipe and pipe fitting together for about 15 seconds until the cement sets.



- Use approved solvent type cement for the proper vent materials.
- Use solvent type cement only.
- Check the date of manufacture before using the cement. Ensure that cement was not manufactured more than 2 years prior to using it.
- Ensure that the inside of the pipe fitting and the outside of the pipe, where cement will be applied, is clean.
- Apply an even layer of cement over all mating surfaces.
- Use solvent cement in room temperatures higher than 32°F (0°C).
- Use primer when the temperature is below 32°F (0°C).
- Installing vent pipe with cement in cold ambient temperatures can result in longer cure times.

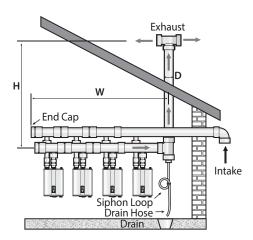
# DANGER

Be careful not to apply force or impact to pipes after making connections. An impact may break the bond and harmful gas might leak inside the room.

# 5.1.2 Determining the Length of a Common Vent System

Follow the instructions listed below to determine the length of a common vent.

- 1. Add the BTU/H input ratings for each unit in the cascading system to determine the total BTU/H rating.
- Determine the total length (L) of the common vent, which consists of the horizontal width (W) and the vertical height (H): Total length (L) = W + H.



## Common Vent Length Table [Total Length (L) = W + H]

#### Vent Length for NPE Water Heater Units

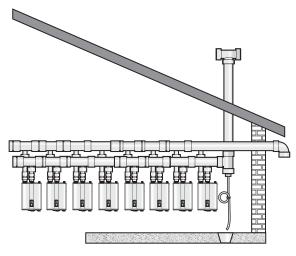
Required Load	Model		Total Le	ngth (ft)	
(Total BTU/H)	NPE-240A/S	D=3″	D=4"	D=6″	D=8″
399,800	2	60	106	200	
599,700	3	40	71	160	
799,600	4	30	53	120	
999,500	5			96	150
1,199,400	6			80	142
1,393,300	7			68	121
1,599,200	8			60	106

Note

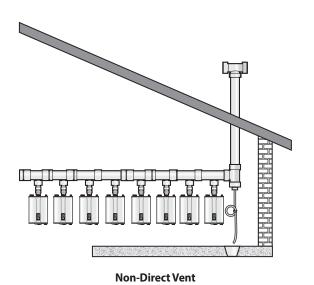
- Every 90° elbow used is equivalent to 8 linear feet (2.4 m) of vent length.
- Maximum equivalent length of the branch pipe from the unit to the common vent trunk is 16 feet.

## Example of a Typical Installation (Direct & Non-Direct Vent)

The following illustration depicts an example of a common vent system installed for a cascade system of 8 Navien NPE heater units.







Note

The illustration is intended for reference purposes only.

# 5.2 Navien Backflow Damper (Back-draft Damper)

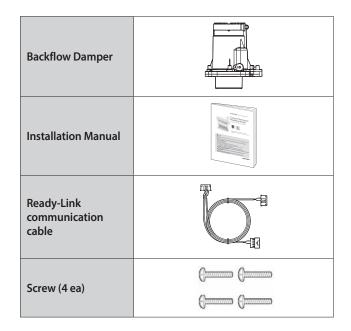
The Navien backflow damper prevents backflow (back-draft) at the exhaust vent while the water heater unit operates.

By closing the exhaust vent as soon as the combustion cycle ends, the Navien backflow damper retains heat in the system for longer periods. This improves the system's thermal efficiency.

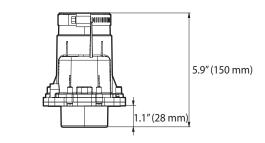


When using a common vent in a cascade system, backflow devices are required to prevent exhaust from entering the building.

#### **Included Items**



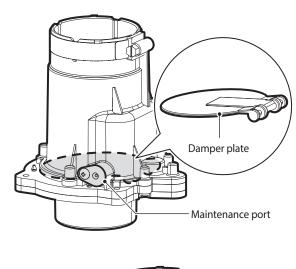
## **Specifications**

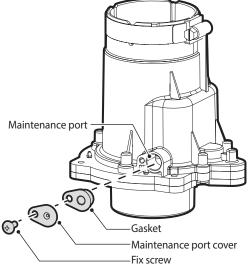


Part Name	Backflow Damper
Part No.	30014367A
Material	PP (Polypropylene)

#### **Maintenance Port**

Navien Backflow Damper has a maintenance port to allow you to easily inspect the operating condition of the damper plate.





Refer to "5.9 Maintenance" for detailed inspection procedures. Navien Backflow Damper (Back-draft Damper)



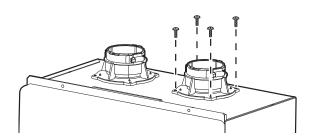
When using a common vent in a cascade system, backflow devices are required to prevent exhaust from entering the building.

## 5.3 Starting the Common Vent System

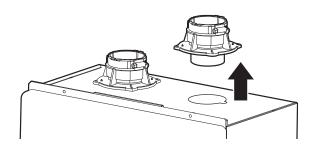
#### 5.3.1 Backflow Damper Assembly

Follow the instructions below to assemble the backflow damper on the NPE water heater units:

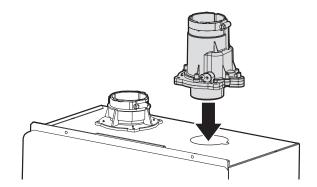
1. Remove the screws from the exhaust vent adapter.



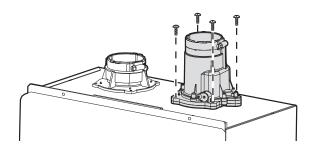
2. Detach the exhaust vent adapter.



3. Connect the backflow damper to the exhaust duct of the water heater unit.



4. Tighten the four mounting screws to secure the backflow damper in place. The screws (x 4) are supplied with the backflow damper.



#### 5.3.2 Connecting the Pipe to the Damper

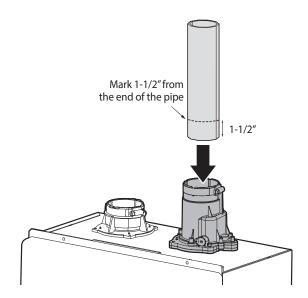
# 

Ensure that the vent pipe is properly beveled prior to installation and that the pipe is fully connected to the exhaust gas vent fitting. Failure to properly bevel and install the pipe can lead to gasket failure and flue gas leakage, which may result in serious injury or death.



Do not use primer or cement on the appliance connection.

1. Measure 1-1/2" from the end of the vent pipe, then draw a mark at that distance.

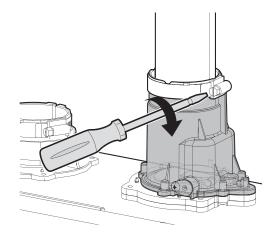


2. Insert the vent pipe into the vent collar to start the vent run. Make sure to completely slide the vent into the collar until the end makes contact with the bottom of the socket.



Verify that 1-1/2" of the pipe has been completely inserted into the collar and that the mark is no longer visible.

3. Tighten the clamp with a screwdriver to properly seal the joint.



# CAUTION

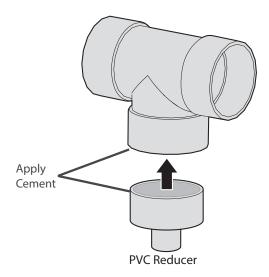
Do not start the vent run with a street elbow at the vent collar. Using a street elbow directly at the collar will not allow for a tight seal between the appliance and vent pipe. A length of straight pipe must be used when starting the vent run.



The length of vent pipe from the unit to the common vent main trunk pipe must not exceed 16' of equivalent length.

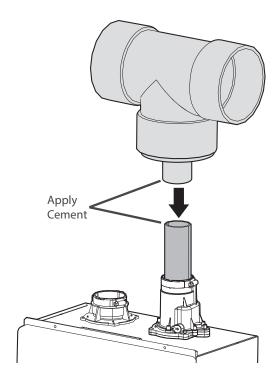
### 5.3.3 Assembling the T Joint

1. Use the proper reducers to connect the 2" branch pipe from the unit to the common vent tee joint. Apply the proper solvent cement to the mating surfaces.



Note Multiple reducers can be used to allow proper connection of 2" vent pipe to the common vent system.

2. Assemble the tee joint assembly to the vent pipe. Apply solvent cement to the mating surfaces.

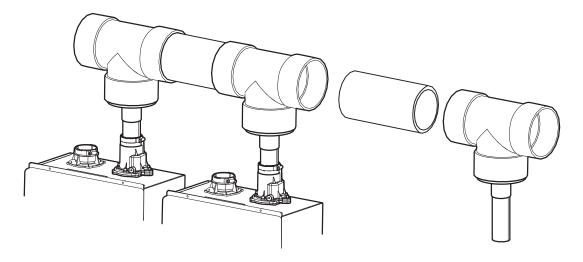


# 5.4 Connecting and Terminating the Vent Pipe

Refer to the following example to install the common vent system. The installation area should be measured to ensure that sufficient space is available to install the water heater units and the common vent system. Ensure that the common vent system is installed near the water heater units while satisfying all clearance requirements that are specified in this manual as well as the Installation Manuals supplied with the water heater units.

#### 5.4.1 Connecting the Main Pipe Runs to T Joint

After connecting the tee joint to the branch pipe, connect the main trunk pipe to each side of the tee. Each trunk pipe is connected to the other tee joint. Refer to ""Connecting Pipes with Cement" on page 51 for more information.

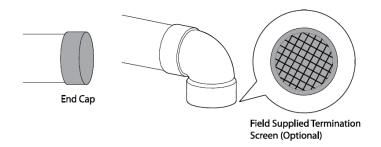


# DANGER

If the connections leak, harmful flue gas may cause personal injury or death. After completing the installation and filling the water heater with water, turn on the water heater and test for leaks using a bubble test kit. After applying the soap solution, bubbles will form on the connection if any leaks exist.

#### 5.4.2 Installing the System Termination

End caps, pipe elbows or tee joints can be used at the open ends of the intake and exhaust vent pipes. Refer to the following installation examples that depict how the parts are fitted at the end of the common vent system piping.

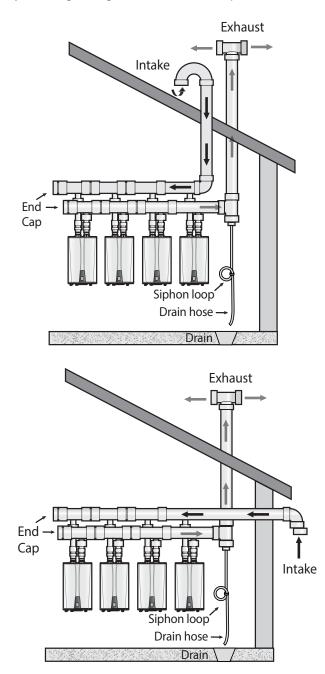




The illustration is intended for reference purposes only.

# 5.5 Installing a Condensate Drain

Refer to the following examples to install a condensate drain hose (field supplied) to the common vent system. The condensate drain hose prevents condensate or rain from entering the exhaust system and gathering above the backflow damper.

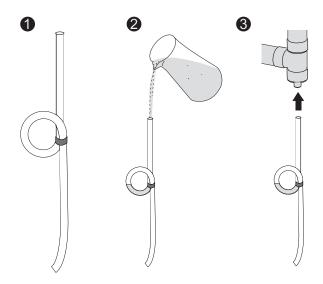


To install a condensate drain to the cascade system:

1. Form a loop with a drain hose and fix it with a tie.



- While shaping the hose, do not bend the hose excessively. The hose will be deformed and the flow will be restricted if the hose is bent in sharp angles.
- Do not fix the hose too tight when tying the hose to form the loop. The hose will be deformed and the flow will be restricted if the tie is too tight.
- 2. Prime the loop using tap water.
- 3. Install the hose to the cascade system and direct the end of the hose to a drain.



## 

After installing the condensate drain hose, check the loop again to ensure that the prime water is not spilled. The loop (siphon) must be primed with water before running the system to prevent toxic exhaust gas from leaking into the installation site.

## 5.6 Setting Up the Common Vent System



Incorrect DIP switch settings may lead to severe personal injury, death, or property damage.

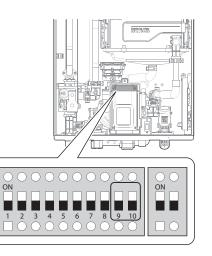
# 

Disconnect power before servicing. Do not turn power on until electrical wiring is finished. Death or serious injury from electrical shock may result if power is supplied to the water heater during electrical wiring or servicing.

#### 

- Do not remove the front cover unless the power to the water heater is turned off or disconnected. Failure to do so may result in electric shock.
- Configure only the DIP switches that require adjustment according to the instructions in this manual. Do not adjust any other DIP switches.

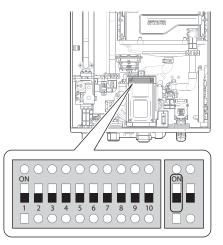
Refer to the following figures when setting DIP switches.



Switch (10–Switch DIP)	Function	Setting	
0 % 10	High Altitude	0 – 1,999 ft (0 – 609 m)	9-OFF, 10-OFF
9 & 10	Settings	2,000 – 4,500 ft (610 – 1,372 m)	9-ON, 10-OFF

Note

The NPE series water heaters may be installed at elevations up to 4,500 ft (1,372 m) for use with Natural Gas and Propane. To use the water heaters in the common vent system at a specific altitude, the DIP switches should be set as described above.

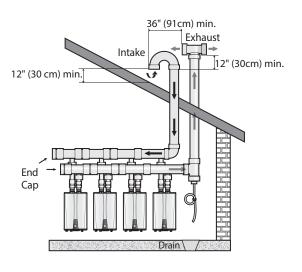


Switch (2–Switch DIP)	Function	Setting	
1	Cascade Vent	Common Vent	1-OFF
	Settings	Individual Vent	1-ON

# 5.7 Common Vent Termination Clearances

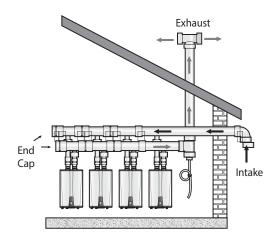
5.7.1 Direct Vent Application – Vertical Installation

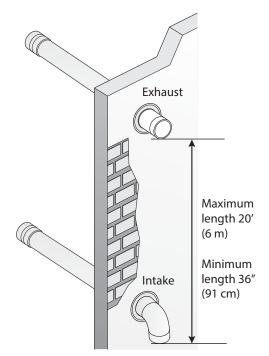
# 5.7.3 Direct Vent Application – Horizontal Installation



# Note For more information about the installation of the flue, refer to "3.6.4 Terminating the Vent" on page 40.

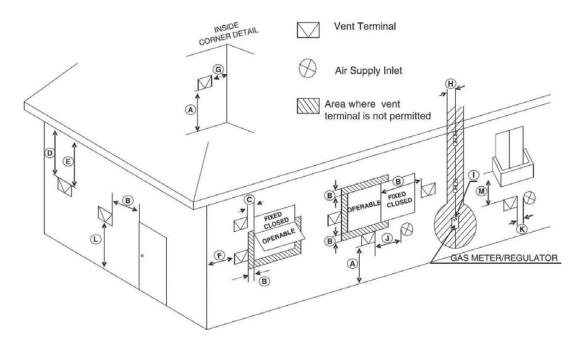
# 5.7.2 Venting Intake and Exhaust to Different Locations







- The illustration is intended for reference purposes only.
- Direct the exhaust away from any building openings.
- During cold weather situations, the temperature of the exhaust will be much warmer than the ambient air. Therefore, you will see water vapor being produced at the termination.



# 5.8 Exhaust Vent Termination Clearances (For Direct Vent)

Ref	Description	Canadian Direct Vent Installations <sup>1</sup>	U.S. Direct Vent Installations <sup>2</sup>
А	Clearance above grade, veranda, porch, deck, or balcony	12 in (30 cm)	12 in (30 cm)
В	Clearance to window or door that may be opened	12 in (30 cm)	12 in (30 cm)
С	Clearance to permanently closed window	*	*
D	Vertical clearance to ventilated soffit located above the terminal within a horizontal distance of 2 feet (61 cm) from the center line of the terminal	*	*
Е	Clearance to unventilated soffit	*	*
F	Clearance to outside corner	*	*
G	Clearance to inside corner	*	*
Н	Clearance to each side of center line extended above meter/regulator assembly	3 ft (91 cm) within a height 15 ft above the meter/regulator assembly	*
Ι	Clearance to service regulator vent outlet	3 ft (91 cm)	*
J	Clearance to nonmechanical air supply inlet to building or the combustion air inlet to any other appliance	36 in (91 cm)	12 in (30 cm)
К	Clearance to a mechanical air supply inlet	6 ft (1.83 m)	3 ft (91 cm) above if within10 ft (3 m) horizontally
L	Clearance above paved sidewalk or paved driveway located on public property	7 ft (2.13 m)†	*
М	Clearance under veranda, porch deck, or balcony	12 in (30 cm)‡	*

1 In accordance with the current CSA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code

2 In accordance with the current ANSI Z223.1 / NFPA 54 National Fuel Gas Code

\* Clearance in accordance with local installation codes and the requirements of the gas supplier.

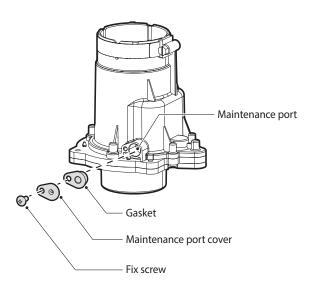
<sup>+</sup> A vent shall not terminate directly above a sidewalk or paved driveway that is located between two single family dwellings and serves both dwellings.

<sup>+</sup> Permitted only if veranda, porch, deck, or balcony is fully open on a minimum of two sides beneath the floor.

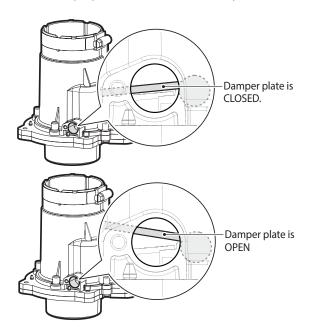
### 5.9 Maintenance

Periodically check the damper condition inside the backflow damper through the maintenance port to ensure optimal performance of the system. Follow the instructions to check the damper condition and replace the backflow damper if necessary.

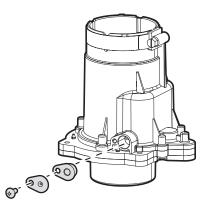
1. Remove the screw that fixes the maintenance port cover to the backflow damper, and then remove the gasket and the maintenance port cover.



2. Through the maintenance port, check the operating condition of the damper plate inside the backflow damper.



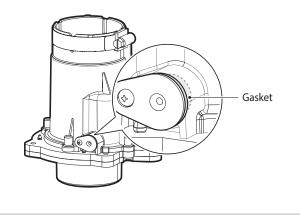
3. Reinstall the gasket and maintenance port cover, and then fix them with a set screw.



4. Visually inspect the maintenance port to ensure that the gasket is properly installed between the maintenance port and the maintenance port cover.

# 

Ensure that the gasket is properly installed under the maintenance port cover, after checking the operating condition of the damper plate through the maintenance port. Harmful exhaust gas may leak if the gasket is not installed, or if it is not installed properly.



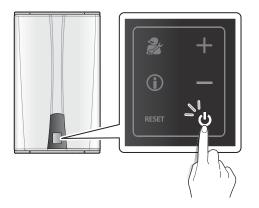
# \Lambda warning

Follow the instructions below to avoid unsafe operating conditions that could cause property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

- Ensure that the water heater is filled with water before turning on the water heater.
- If overheating occurs or the gas supply fails to shut off, shut off the gas supply to the water heater at the manual gas valve.
- If any part of the water heater has been submerged in water, do not use this appliance and immediately call a qualified service technician. The water heater must be replaced.

# 6.1 Turning the Water Heater On or Off

To turn the water heater on or off, press the Power button.



When the power is on, the temperature will appear on the front panel display.



# 6.2 Adjusting the Water Temperature

# \Lambda WARNING

Before adjusting the water temperature, read "To prevent burns:" on page 5 carefully. Water above 120 °F can cause instant scalding, severe burns, or death.

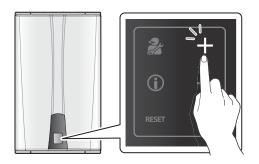
The water heater is set to 120 °F (49 °C) by default. To adjust the water temperature:

 Make sure that all hot water faucets are closed, and ensure that the internal circulator and any external circulating pumps are off.



If a hot water faucet is open, you can adjust the temperature only from 98-110  $^\circ$ F (37-43  $^\circ$ C).

 Press the Up [+] or Down [-] button until the desired temperature appears on the display. You can adjust the temperature while the display is flashing. Once the display stops flashing, the temperature setting is stored.





The water heater will retain your settings during a power outage.

You can adjust the temperature by the below 10-degree increments, depending on the temperature range:

Temperature range	Adjusting the water temperature
98 °F-120 °F (Fahrenheit mode) 36 °C-50 °C (Celsius mode)	1 °F or 0.5 °C increments
120 °F-140 °F (Fahrenheit mode) 50 °C-60 °C (Celsius mode)	Press for 2 seconds to adjust in 5 °F or 2 °C increments

The water heater will not provide hot water instantly at the hot water faucet unless a recirculation line has been installed from the furthest fixture back to the water heater. For "A" models, the unit must be set to "external recirculation" mode.

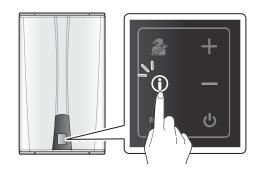
#### 6.2.1 Using Commercial Mode

To use water above 140 °F (60 °C) (up to 182 °F (83 °C)), you can use Commercial Mode.

- To enter Commercial Mode: Press the Up [+] and Down [-] buttons simultaneously for 10 seconds. "HIGH" appears on the display.
- To exit Commercial Mode: Press the Up [+] and Down [-] buttons simultaneously for 10 seconds. "LoW" appears on the display.
- To adjust the temperature, press the Up [+] button for 5 seconds to adjust in 10 °F (5 °C) increments.
  - Commercial Warranty applies when this mode is used. Refer to the Warranty for more details.

## 6.3 Viewing Basic Information

To view information about the water heater, press the Information button.



Press the Up [+] or Down [-] button to switch between the information types.

Display	Description	
IN OUT Lim GPM %	Flow rate in gallons per minute (GPM).	
IN OUT Lim GPM %	Hot water outlet temperature (OUT	
M CUT Lm GPM %	Cold water inlet temperature (IN).	

To exit information mode, press the Reset button.

## 6.4 Setting the Operation Mode

- 1. Using the Front Panel, press and hold the Diagnostics button for over 5 seconds until "1.TST" is displayed.
- 2. Press the Up [+] button once to change the display to "2.OPR".
- 3. Press the Information button once to access the Operation Mode menu.
- 4. Press the Up [+] button once to set the water heater to operate at 1-stage MIN ("MIN.1").
- 5. To set the water heater to operate at 2-stage MAX (1-stage MAX for NPE-150S), press the Up [+] button 3 times or until "MAX.2 (MAX.1 for NPE-150S)" is displayed.
- 6. To exit the Operation Mode and return the water heater to normal operation, press the Reset button twice.



# 6.5 Setting the Parameters

Follow the instructions below to enter the Special Parameter mode and change parameter settings.

# 

Parameters must be set by a qualified professional with an extensive understanding of the water heating system. Setting parameters improperly may lead to property damage or injury.

- 1. On the front panel, press the Power button to turn off the water heater.
- 2. Enter the R&D information menu by pressing the Up [+] button three times, the Down [-] button three times, and then the Up [+] button four more times.
- 3. In the R&D information menu, use the Up [+] or Down [-] button to move to 2.PAR (Parameter Information mode), and then press the Information button.

Ν	0.	Mode	Display
1		Technical Information	
2		Parameter Information	<u>2</u> 288

- 4. Press the Up [+] or Down [-] button to move to a parameter setting, and then press the Information button to enter the Parameter Edit mode.
- 5. Use the Up [+] or Down [-] button to change the value and press the Information button to set the desired mode.



 If no buttons are pressed for 10 seconds or if the Information button is pressed, the current parameter value will be saved automatically.

- To return to the <PARAMETER INFORMATION MENU MODE>, press the Reset button.
- If no buttons are pressed for five minutes, the display will automatically return to the <PARAMETER INFORMATION MENU MODE>.

#### Pump Exercise Operation Time (P.04)

The pump exercise function is designed to prevent the stagnation of hot water in the heating system.

The pump exercise function operates every 24 hours. Pump exercise operation time function sets the desired pump exercise operation time differently depending on the plumbing as well as environmental conditions.

With this option activated, the NPE-180A/210A/240A water heater monitors the pump operation. When it detects that a pump has not been used for a specific period, it runs the pump for a set duration. If the flow rate is not detected while the pump is operating, the 'E438' error message is displayed.

Range	Description	Display
1–240 (sec)	Sets the exercise operation time (default: 30 sec)	



While the pump is excising, the burner will not fire.

### Burn Delay Time (P.05)

This function is used to set the burner delay time at an optimal value for the air handler application. If there is no burner delay time, the water heater might turn on or off once or twice during the air handler delay time.

Range	Description	Display
0	Burn delay time unavailable	
1–120 (sec)	Sets the pump ON delay time when the heating is turned on (default: 30 sec).	30

#### Pump Post Purge Time (P.06)

This function is used to set the post purge time after a combustion cycle is completed.

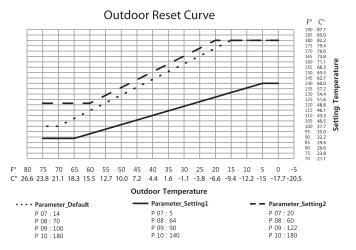
Range	Description	Display
0	Pump post purge time unavailable	
1–120 (sec)	Sets the pump post purge time when heating stops in a system (default: 30 sec).	XX38

#### Outdoor Reset Control (P.07–P.10)

The Outdoor Reset Control feature can be used to enhance energy efficiency while maintaining optimal heating performance. Outdoor Reset Control automatically changes the space heating temperature setting based on the outdoor temperature and the current space heating system application (system load).

To achieve optimal heating performance, configure the following set-points: the Outdoor Low Temperature, the Outdoor High Temperature, the heating MIN and the heating MAX Set-point configuration must be based on the ComfortAir<sup>+</sup> system characteristics and installation environment.

Refer to the following examples in the graph to configure the Outdoor Reset Control feature.



\* The graph above is an example of a few possible outdoor reset parameter settings. For more information about settings, refer to the following information.

\* If the Outdoor Reset On (DIP switch #1 OFF) is set and the outdoor temperature sensor is not connected, or the outdoor temperature sensor value is outside the normal range, the '740' error message is displayed and the system operates the same way as with the Outdoor Reset OFF (DIP switch #1 ON) setting.

#### Outdoor Low Temperature Set-point (P.07)

ltem	Description	Display
Outdoor low temperature set-point	<ul> <li>Sets the outdoor low temperature set-point when outdoor reset is ON (DIP switch #1 'OFF') (Default: 14°F (-10°C))</li> <li>Range: -4°F (-20°C) – 59°F (15°C)</li> <li>Cannot be greater than the [Outdoor high temperature set-point -9°F (5°C)]</li> </ul>	
Unavailable	Outdoor reset is OFF (DIP switch #1 'ON')	

#### **Outdoor High Temperature Set-point (P.08)**

Item	Description	Display
Outdoor high temperature set-point	<ul> <li>Sets the outdoor high temperature set-point when outdoor reset is ON (DIP switch #1 'OFF') (Default: 70°F (21°C))</li> <li>Range: 5°F (-15°C) – 104°F (40°C)</li> <li>Cannot be lower than the [Outdoor low temperature set-point + 9°F (5°C)]</li> </ul>	
Unavailable	Outdoor reset is OFF (DIP switch #1 'ON')	

#### Heating MIN Set-point (P.09)

ltem	Description	Display
Heating MIN set-point	<ul> <li>Sets the Heating MIN set-point when outdoor reset is ON (DIP switch #1 'OFF') (Default: 100°F (37.5°C))</li> <li>Range: 100°F (37.5°C) – 140°F (60°C)</li> <li>Cannot be greater than the [CH MAX set-point - 36°F (20°C)]</li> </ul>	
Unavailable	Outdoor reset is OFF (DIP switch #1 'ON')	

#### Heating MAX Set-point (P.10)

ltem	Description	Display
Heating MAX set- point	<ul> <li>Sets the Heating MAX Setpoint when outdoor reset is ON (DIP switch #1 'OFF') (Default: 180°F (82°C))</li> <li>Range: 136°F (57.5°C) – 180°F (82°C)</li> <li>Cannot be lower than the [CH MIN set-point + 36°F (20°C)]</li> </ul>	
Unavailable	Outdoor reset is OFF (DIP switch #1 'ON')	

#### 2-Stage T/S Output Heat-Capacity (P.11)

Models with the 2-stage air handler control function (W1, W2) can use a 2-stage thermostat or can be automatically controlled by the ComfortAir<sup>+</sup> controller (If the DIP switch # 3 is OFF).

When using the automatic 2-stage heating feature, the system will modulate between the 1-stage and 2-stage based on the set heat capacity parameter of the water heater. This heat capacity value can be adjusted based on the desired modulation point (default heat capacity is 25%)

Item	Description	Display
Min heat capacity – 100% (by 0.5% )	<ul> <li>Sets the standard modulating heat capacity value between 1-stage and 2-stage heating operation</li> <li>2-stage T/S OFF (DIP switch #3 'OFF')</li> </ul>	8888
Unavailable	2-stage T/S ON (DIP switch #3 'ON')	

#### Preheat Pump Output Time (P.12)

ltem	Description	Display
1 - 120 (Unit: 1 min) Maximum of 5 mins for On-Demand Title24.	Set the time for the preheating operation or on- demand operation. (Default: 20 Min, Maximum of 5 mins for On-Demand Title24) If Cascade is set, the Slave Unit will be fixed with the Master value.	

#### Pump Fix Protect Period Time (P.13)

ltem	Description	Display
1 - 48 (Unit: 1 hour)	Set the pump anti-seize cycle. (Default: 24 Hours )	

#### Preheat Interval Time (P.14)

ltem	Description	Display
1 - 120 (Unit: 1 min)	Set the preheating interval. (Default: 30 Min) If Cascade is set, the Slave Unit will be fixed with the Master value.	

## Preheat Off Offset Temp (P.15)

ltem	Description	Display
5°F (3°C) - 54 (30°C) (Unit: 1°F (0.5°C))	Set the offset temperature to turn off the preheating operation or on-demand operation. (Title24 OFF) (Default: $9^{\circ}F$ ( $5^{\circ}C$ )) If Cascade is set, the Slave Unit will be fixed with the Master value.	
Settings error	Setting is not possible when On-Demand is on & Title24 is set.	

### **On-Demand Pipe Target Length (P.16)**

ltem	Description	Display
15ft (4.5m) - 660ft (198m) (Unit: 5ft (1.5m))	Set the on-demand operation according to the desired pipe length if on-demand is used & external surface temperature sensor is not connected & thermal bypass is disabled. (Default: 30ft (9m))	
Settings error	Setting is not possible when On-Demand is not used, the external surface temperature sensor is connected, or the thermal bypass valve is enabled.	XXXX

### Enable Thermal Bypass Valve (P.17)

ltem	Description	Display
1. OFF	Disable Thermal Bypass Valve. (Default: Off)	<u>40</u> 22
2. ON	Enable Thermal Bypass Valve.	<u>8.8 oM</u>
Settings error	If S-Type is set or Panel DIP3 is On or Cascade is On or AHU is enabled	R.R.R.R

#### Enable Navi-Link (P.18)

ltem	Description	Display
1. OFF	Disable Navi-Link (P.18) (Default: Off)	4066
2. ON	Enable Navi-Link (P.18)	<b>8.</b> on
Settings error	Cascade Protocol (P.01) NR/ NP/NCW is set or Cascade On	

### Enable Exhaust Limit Control (P.19)

ltem	Description	Display
1. OFF	Disable Exhaust Gas Limit Control.	4
2. ON	Enable Exhaust Gas Limit Control. (Default: On)	2. ob

# Cascade Unit On HC Offset (P.20)

ltem	Description	Display
-15% - +15% (Unit: 0.5%)	Set the Unit On heat offset value when operating number control on Cascade. (Default: 0%)	
Settings error	Cascade Slave	

### Cascade Unit Off HC Offset (P.21)

ltem	Description	Display	
-5% - +5% (Unit: 0.5%)	Set the Unit Off heat offset value when operating number control on Cascade. (Default: 0%)		
Settings error	Cascade Slave		

#### Cascade External Tank Unit On Temp Offset (P.22)

ltem	Description	Display
Cascade External Tank Unit Off Temp Offset - 54°F (30°C) (Unit: 1°F (0.5°C))	Set the offset value of Unit On temperature while operating number control on Cascade when setting the external hot water tank. (Default: 13°F (7°C))	
Settings error	Cascade Slave	

# Cascade External Tank Unit Off Temp Offset (P.23)

ltem	Description	Display
External Tank Burn On Temp Offset - Cascade External Tank Unit On Temp Offset (Unit: 1°F (0.5°C))	Set the offset value of Unit Off temperature when operating number control on Cascade when setting the external hot water tank. (Default: 9°F (5°C))	
Settings error	Cascade Slave	

# External Tank Burn On Temp Offset (P.24)

ltem	Description	Display
External Tank Burn Off Temp Offset - Cascade External Tank Unit Off Temp Offset (Unit: 1°F (0.5°C))	Set the offset value of Burn On temperature when setting the external hot water tank. (Default: 5°F (3°C))	R R R
Settings error	Cascade Slave	RRRR

# External Tank Burn Off Temp Offset (P.25)

ltem	Description	Display
0°F (0°C) - External Tank Burn On Temp Offset (Unit: 1°F (0.5°C))	Set the offset value of Burn Off temperature when setting the external hot water tank. (Default: 0°F (0°C))	
Settings error	Cascade Slave	

# Cascade Initial Operation Number (P.26)

ltem	Description	Display	
Auto <-> 1 - 16	Set the initial number of units for operation when setting the Cascade. (Default: Auto)	AUTo	
Settings error	Cascade Slave		

# Cascade Min Operation Number (P.27)

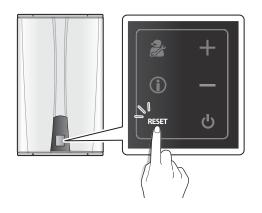
ltem	Description	Display	
1 - 16	Set the minimum number of units for operation when setting the Cascade. (Default: 1)	DR. B.B. B.A.	
Settings error	Cascade Slave	RRRR	

#### AHU Communication (P.28)

Item	Description Display	
1. OFF	Disable AHU Communication. (Default: Off)	4.066
2. ON	Enable AHU communication.	<u>2. on</u>
Settings error	AHU Option Board Connection or Cascade Settings or Cascade Protocol settings (P.01) NR/NP/NCW Settings.	R.H.R.A

# 6.6 Resetting the Water Heater

If an error message appears, you can try resetting the water heater to resolve the problem. To reset the water heater, press the Reset button.



If resetting the water heater does not solve the problem, refer to "Troubleshooting" in the Owner's Manual or contact Technical Support at 1-800-519-8794.

## 7.1 Gas Conversion

This water heater is configured for Natural Gas from the factory. If conversion to Propane Gas is required, the conversion kit supplied with the water heater must be used.

# DANGER

Do not perform a gas conversion without an officially approved conversion kit and the instructions supplied by Navien. Gas conversion using any other parts will result in extremely dangerous burner operation, leading to fire, explosion, severe personal injury, or death.

# 

- This conversion kit shall be installed by a qualified service agency\* in accordance with Navien's instructions and all applicable codes and requirements of the authority having jurisdiction. The information in these instructions must be followed to minimize the risk of fire or explosion or to prevent property damage, personal injury or death. The qualified service agency is responsible for the proper installation of this kit. The installation is not proper and complete until the operation of the converted appliance is checked as specified in the manufacturer's instructions supplied with the kit.
- Turn off electrical supply to the water heater and close the manual gas shut-off valve to isolate the water heater during conversion. Allow the water heater to cool if it has been operating.
- For propane water heaters: The propane supplier mixes an odorant with the propane to make its presence detectable. In some instances the odorant can fade, and the gas may no longer have an odor. Before startup (and periodically thereafter), have the propane supplier verify the correct odorant level in the gas.

\* A qualified service agency is any individual, firm, corporation or company which either in person or through a representative is engaged in and is responsible for the connection, utilization, repair or servicing of gas utilization equipment or accessories; who is experienced in such work, familiar with all precautions required, and has complied with all of the requirements of the authority having jurisdiction.

**In Canada**: The conversion shall be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the provincial authorities having jurisdiction and in accordance with the requirements of the CAN-B149.1 and CAN1-B149.2 Installation Code.

#### **Tools Required:**

- Phillips Screwdriver
- Flathead Screwdriver
- $\frac{5}{32}$  in or 4 mm Allen Wrench
- Combustion Analyzer or Dual Port Manometer
- Gas Leak Detector

#### Included Items:

• Gas Orifice (refer to below table)

Water Heater	NG	LP
NPE-150S	Ø6.30	Ø5.10

Water Heater	NG		LP	
	1STAGE	2STAGE	1STAGE	2STAGE
NPE-180A NPE-180S	Ø4.80	Ø5.95	Ø3.80	Ø4.70
NPE-210A NPE-210S	Ø6.10	Ø6.30	Ø4.50	Ø4.80
NPE-240A NPE-240S	Ø6.10	Ø6.30	Ø4.50	Ø4.80

Table 1. Orifice size

• Gas Pressure and Conversion Kit Number Labels

#### Procedure:

- 1. Turn off both gas and water supply to the water heater.
- 2. Using a Phillips hand screwdriver, remove 4 screws (2 from the top and 2 from the bottom) of the front cover assembly to gain access to the internal components. See Figure 1 for illustration of the front cover on the unit.



Figure 1. NPE Series Front cover

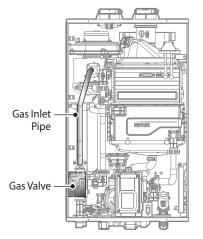


Figure 2. NPE Series Internal Components

- 3. Once the front cover is removed, place it in a safe location to prevent accidental damage. With the internal components exposed, locate the gas inlet pipe and the Gas Valve near the left side of the unit which are highlighted in Figure 2.
- Use a Phillips screwdriver to remove the two screws at Location A - the connection below the Gas Valve where it connects to the pipe. See Figure 3 for reference. Once the screws are removed, carefully separate the pipe from the Gas Valve.
- 5. Once the gas inlet pipe is detached from the Gas Valve, find Location B - the connection above the Gas Valve where it is attached to the Fan Motor Assembly. Carefully remove the four screws by hand using a Phillips screwdriver and pull the Gas Valve away from the Fan Assembly to access the Gas Orifice.

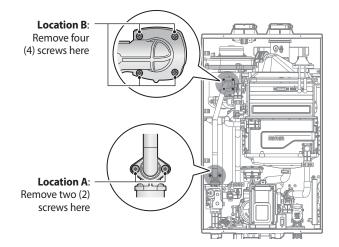


Figure 3. Detaching Gas Valve from Gas Inlet Pipe and Fan Motor Assembly

6. Once the Gas Orifice is exposed, remove the two screws that hold the part in place. Remove the Gas Orifice from its housing and prepare the new Gas Orifice for the LP conversion for installation.

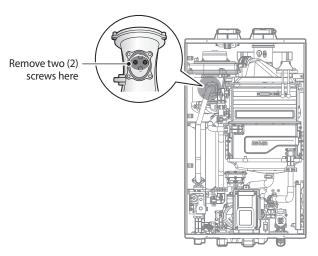
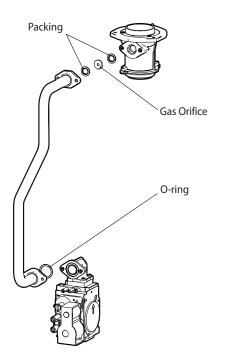


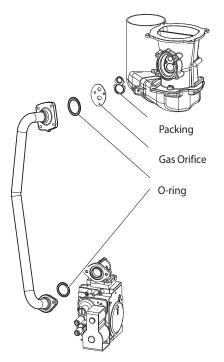
Figure 4. Access to Gas Orifice in Fan Assembly

# \Lambda warning

- DO NOT adjust or attempt to measure gas valve outlet as it is factory-set for the correct outlet pressure. Use the proper PVC cements and adhesives that are recommended for use by the pipe manufacturer.
- Attempting to alter or measure the gas valve outlet pressure could result in damage to the valve, causing potential severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage. Navien water heaters are shipped ready to fire natural gas ONLY.



<NPE-150S>



<NPE-180A/ 210A/ 240A/ 180S/ 210S/ 240S>

Figure 5. Exploded view of Gas assembly



See Figure 5. Inspect the O-ring between the gas valve and gas valve inlet adapter whenever they are disassembled. The O-ring must be in good condition and must be installed. Failure to comply will cause a gas leak, resulting in severe personal injury or death.



Figure 6. Orifice identification

 Remove the Gas Orifice, ensure that the packing is properly seated inside the port, and then install the new Gas Orifice for use with LP gas. Ensure that the Orifice is properly seated on the packing inside the port before proceeding to the next step.



8. Replace the gas inlet pipe to its original position and use all screws to secure all connections.



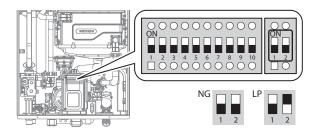
setting.

Do not overtighten as this may damage or crack the components.

9. Set the front panel DIP switch according to the gas type.



Be sure to turn off the power before changing the DIP switch



# DANGER

- When conversion is required, be sure to set the front panel DIP switches according to the supply gas type.
- Failure to properly set the DIP switches could cause carbon monoxide poisoning, resulting in severe personal injury or death.
- 10. Turn on the gas and water supply to the water heater.

#### 11. Measure and adjust the gas/air ratio.

Option 1. Using Combustion Analyzer (recommended)

- Loosen the screw, rotate the plate and remove the gasket to access the emissions monitoring port as shown in Figure 7.
- b. Insert the analyzer into the port (Figure 7).

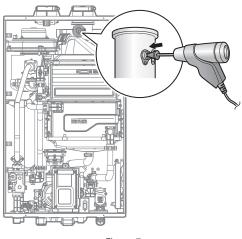


Figure 7

Water	Fuel	High fire	Low fire
Heater	ruei	% <b>CO</b> 2	% <b>CO</b> 2
NPE-150S	NG	8.9	9.5
INFE-1303	LP	10.2	10.8
NPE-180A	NG	8.9	9.5
NPE-180S	LP	10.2	10.8
NPE-210A	NG	8.9	9.5
NPE-210S	LP	10.2	10.8
NPE-240A	NG	8.9	9.5
NPE-240S	LP	10.2	10.8

#### Table 2. CO<sub>2</sub> and CO value (CO<sub>2</sub> values must be within 0.5% of the values listed.)

c. Fully open several hot water fixtures and set the water heater to operate at 1-stage MIN mode (refer to page 64). Measure the CO<sub>2</sub> value at low fire. If the CO<sub>2</sub> value is not within 0.5% of the value listed in Table 2, the gas valve set screw will need to be adjusted. If adjustment is necessary, locate the set screw as shown in Figure 8. Using a <sup>5</sup>/<sub>32</sub> in or 4 mm Allen wrench, turn the set screw no more than <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> turn clockwise to raise or counterclockwise to lower the CO<sub>2</sub> value.

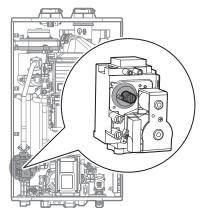


Figure 8. Set Screw Location



The set screw is located behind the screw-on cover. This must be removed first.

Fully open several hot water fixtures and set the water heater to operate at 2-stage MAX mode (refer to page 64). Measure the CO<sub>2</sub> value at high fire. If the CO<sub>2</sub> values do not match Table 2 at high fire, do not adjust the gas valve. Check for the proper Gas Orifice.



Improper gas valve settings can cause severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

Option 2. Using Digital Manometer

a. Open the offset pressure port by loosening the screw two turns as shown in Figure 9.

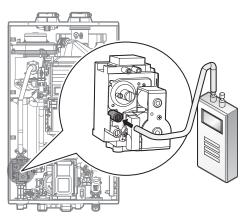


Figure 9

b. Connect a manometer to the offset pressure port. For dual port manometers, use the positive pressure side.

Model	Kit Part No.	Gas Type	Offset
NPE-150S	NAC-N6	LP	-0.03 in $\pm$ 0.01 in
INPE-1505	NAC-L6	NG	-0.04 in ± 0.01 in
NPE-180A	NAC-01	LP	-0.03 in ± 0.01 in
NPE-180S	NAC-100	NG	-0.04 in ± 0.01 in
NPE-210A	NAC-02	LP	-0.02 in ± 0.01 in
NPE-210S	NAC-200	NG	-0.04 in ± 0.01 in
NPE-240A	NAC-03	LP	-0.02 in ± 0.01 in
NPE-240S	NAC-300	NG	-0.04 in ± 0.01 in

Table 3. Offset value for low fire

c. Fully open a hot water fixture and set the water heater to operate at 1-stage MIN mode (refer to page 64). Measure the offset value at low fire and compare it to the values in Table 3. If the offset value is out of range, the gas valve set screw will need to be adjusted.

If adjustment is necessary, locate the set screw as shown in Figure 10. Using a  $\frac{5}{32}$  in or 4 mm Allen wrench, turn the set screw no more than  $\frac{1}{4}$  turn clockwise to raise or counterclockwise to lower the offset value.

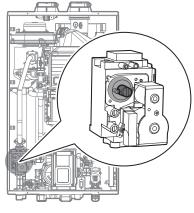


Figure 10



The set screw is located behind the screw-on cover. This must be removed first.

 At high fire, do not check the offset value and never adjust the gas valve.



Improper gas valve settings can cause severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

12. Once the CO<sub>2</sub> or offset values have been confirmed, apply the included conversion stickers to show that the appliance has been converted to propane gas. Place this labels adjacent to the rating plate as shown in Figure 11.

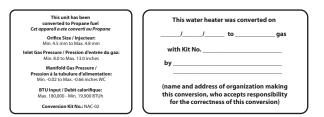
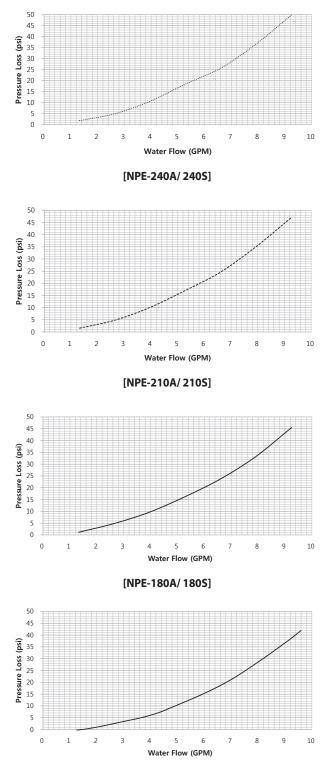


Figure 11. Proper Placement of Gas Conversion Labels

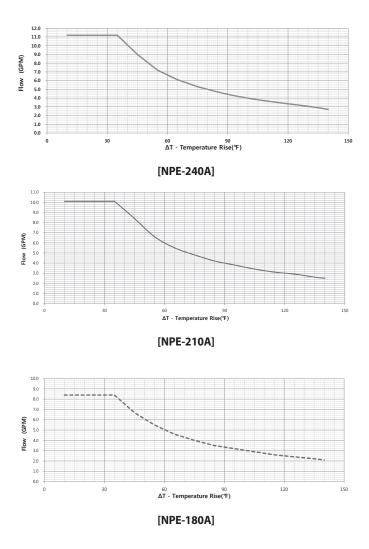
# 7.2 Technical Data

# Pressure Drop Curve



[NPE-150S]

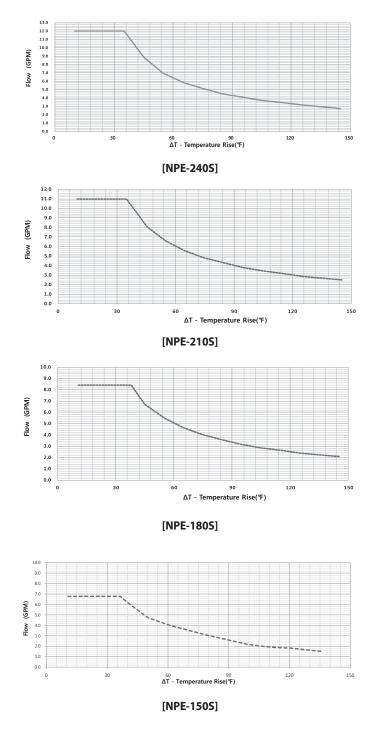
## **Outlet Flow Data**





At altitudes above 2,000 ft (610m), the outlet flow will be reduced by 4% for each 1,000 ft (305 m) of altitude gain.

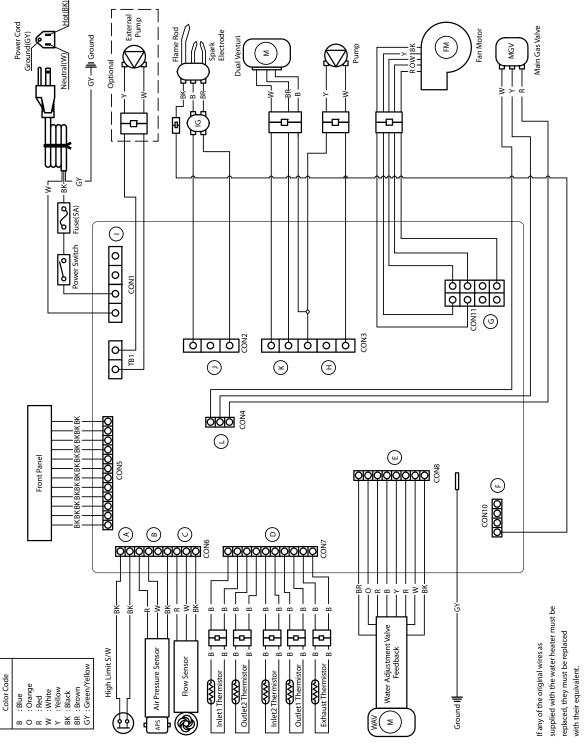
#### **Outlet Flow Data**



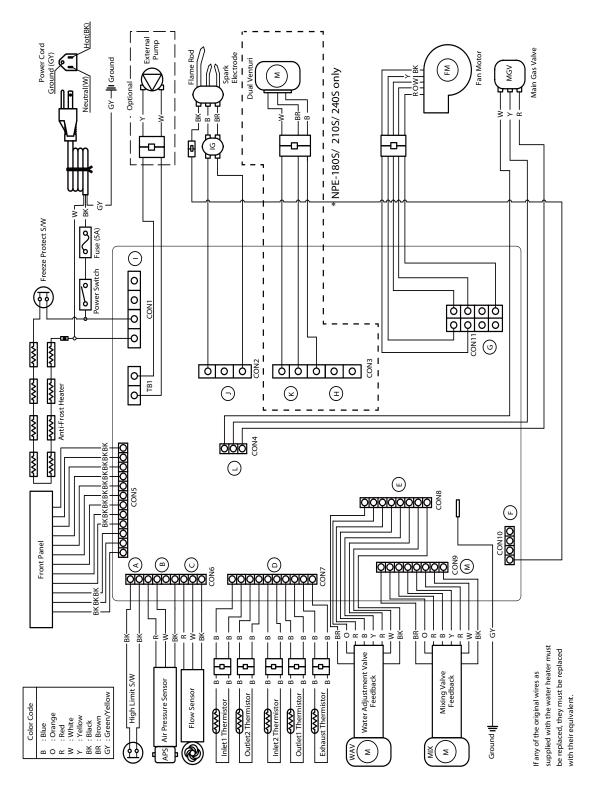


At altitudes above 2,000 ft (610m), the outlet flow will be reduced by 4% for each 1,000 ft (305 m) of altitude gain.

# 7.3 Wiring Diagram

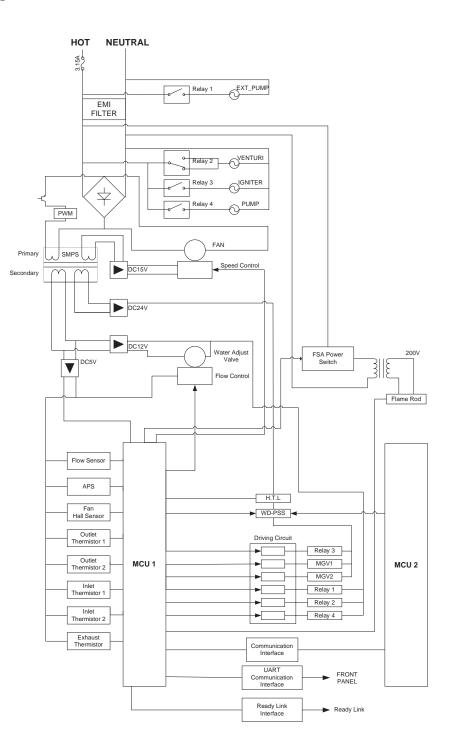


[NPE-180A/ 210A/ 240A]



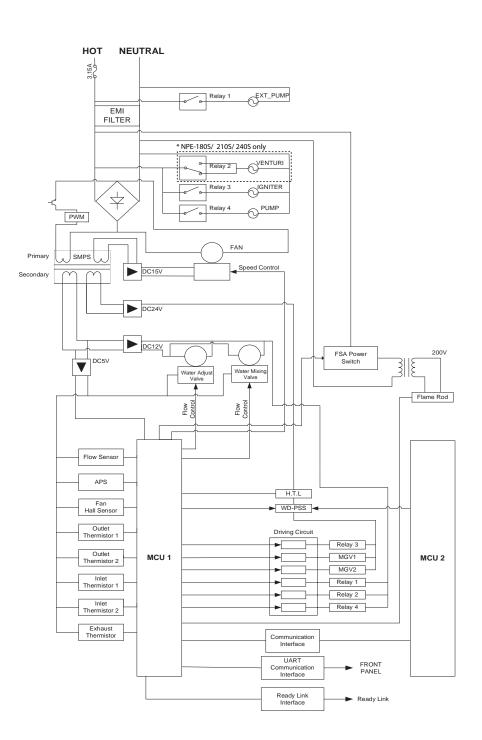
[NPE-150S/180S/ 210S/ 240S]

# 7.4 Ladder Diagram



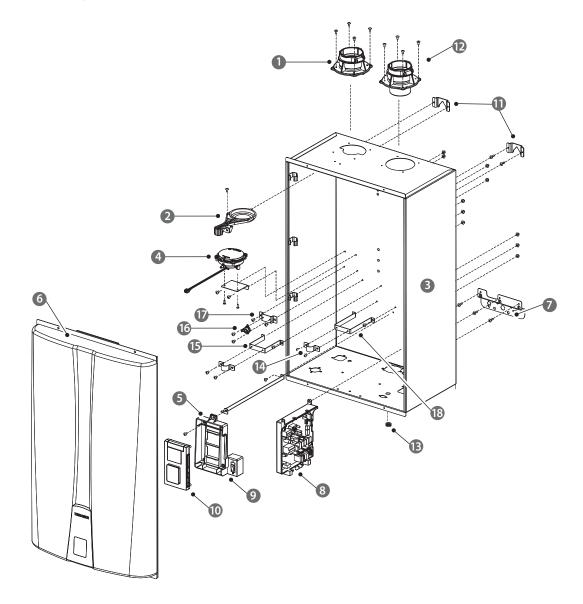
[NPE-180A/ 210A/ 240A]

### [NPE-150S/ 180S/ 210S/ 240S]

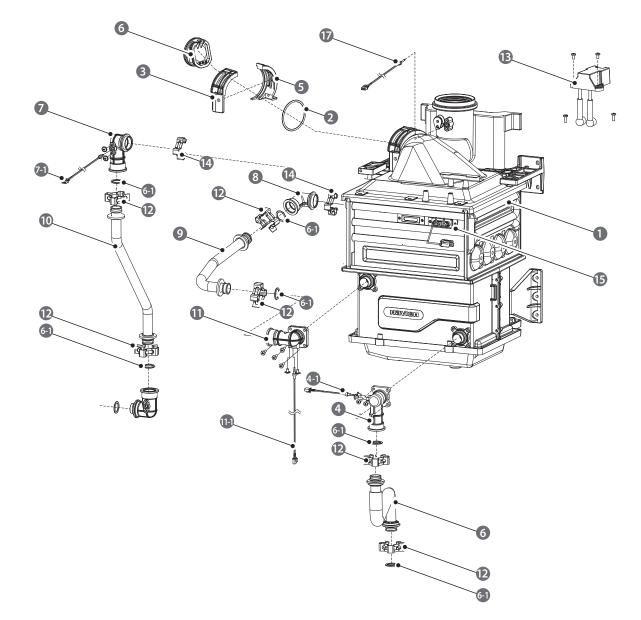


# 7.5 Component Assembly Diagrams and Parts Lists

# 7.5.1 Case Assembly



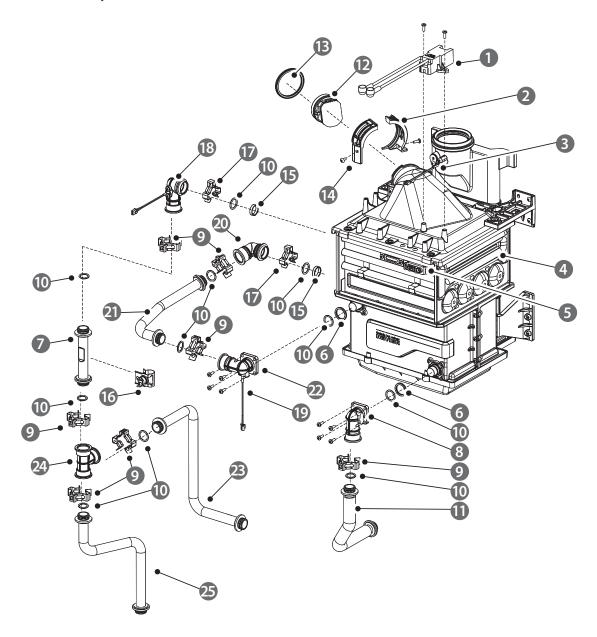
#	Description	Part #	Remark
1	Intake Air Duct Assembly	30008662B	
2	Intake Air Filter	30016248B	
3	Case	20019078D	NPE-180A/210A/240A
3		20026559C	NPE-150S/180S/210S/240S
4	Air Pressure Sensor	30015811A	
5	Panel Bracket	20018388A	
6	Cover	30011282A	NPE-180A/210A/240A
0		30015929A	NPE-150S/180S/210S/240S
7	Case Lower Bracket	20007643B	
8	РСВ	30008300C	NPE-180A/210A/240A
0	rCb	30011690D	NPE-150S/180S/210S/240S
9	Power Switch	30009482A	
10	Front Panel	30008333D	
11	Case Bracket	20007609A	
12	Exhaust Pipe Assembly	30008673A	
13	Rubber Ring	20025127A	
14	Saddle	20013508A	NPE-150S/180S/210S/240S
15	Saddle Bracket 1	20026170A	NPE-150S/180S/210S/240S
16	Freeze Protector Sensor	30002587A	NPE-150S/180S/210S/240S
17	Freeze Protector Sensor Bracket	20007671A	NPE-150S/180S/210S/240S
18	Saddle Bracket 2	20026172A	NPE-150S/180S/210S/240S
		-	-



# 7.5.2 Burner Assembly (NPE-180A/ 210A/ 240A)

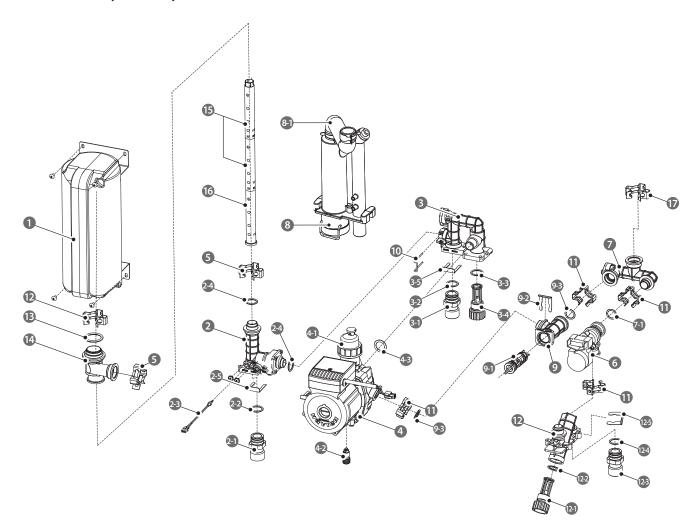
#	Description	Part #	Remark
1		30009189A	NPE-180A
1	Heat Exchanger Assembly	30010812A	NPE-210A/240A
2	Fan Packing	20022744A	
3	Fan Bracket (F)	20022095A	
4	Flow Sensor Assembly	30008571A	
4-1	Thermistor	30008366A	
5	Fan Bracket (R)	20022096A	
6	Cold Inlat Ding	30009166D	NPE-180A
0	Cold Inlet Pipe	30010805D	NPE-210A/240A
6-1	O-Ring (Ф17.5x2.7t)	20006947A	
7	WPA-A (Clip)	20018344B	
7-1	Thermistor	30008366A	
8	WPA-B	20018343A	
0	LL For Middle Direc	30009126C	NPE-180A
9	H-Ex Middle Pipe	30010803C	NPE-210A/240A
10		30009145A	NPE-180A
10	Hot Water Outlet Pipe	30008442A	NPE-210A/240A
11	WPA-A (Screw)	30008569A	
11-1	Thermistor	30008366A	
12	Fastener	20017726A	
13	Ignition Transformer	30010455A	
14	Fastener	20007853A	
15	Ignitor	30012226A	
16	Damper	30008825A	
17	Thermistor	30009478A	

# 7.5.3 Burner Assembly (NPE-150S/180S/ 210S/ 240S)



#	Description	Part #	Remark
1	Ignition Transformer	30010455A	
2	Fan Bracket (R )	20022096A	
3	Thermistor	30009478A	Exhaust
		30014357A	NPE-150S
4	Heat Exchanger Assembly	30011706A	NPE-180S
		30011705A	NPE-210S/240S
F	lesites.	30014183A	NPE-150S
5	Ignitor	30012226A	NPE-180S/210S/240S
6	Packing (Φ26.5x2.4t)	20006868A	
		30014326A	NPE-150S
7	Heat Exchanger Outlet Pipe	30011519B	NPE-180S
		30011515B	NPE-210S/240S
8	WPA-C (Screw)	20026780A	
9	Fastener	20017726A	
10	O-Ring (Φ17.5x2.7t)	20006949A	
		30014751A	NPE-150S
11	Cold Inlet Pipe	30011521B	30011521B NPE-180S
		30011665B	NPE-210S/240S
12	Fan Damper	30008825A	
13	Fan Packing	20022744A	
14	Fan Bracket (F)	20022095A	
15	Backup Ring	20018744B	
16	High Limit Switch	30002577A	
17	Fastener	20007853A	
18	WPA-A (Clip)	20018344B	
19	Thermistor	30008366A	Water
20	WPA-B	20033191A	NPE-150S
20		20018343A	NPE-180S/210S/240S
		30014330A	NPE-150S
21	H-Ex Middle Pipe	30009126C	NPE-180S
		30010803C	NPE-210S/240S
22	WPA-A (Screw)	30008569A	
		30014327A	NPE-150S
23	Mixing Pipe	30011518B	NPE-180S
		30011514B	NPE-210S/240S
24	WPA-T	20025960A	
		30014328A	NPE-150S
25	Hot Water Outlet Pipe	30011520B	NPE-180S
		30011516B	NPE-210S/240S

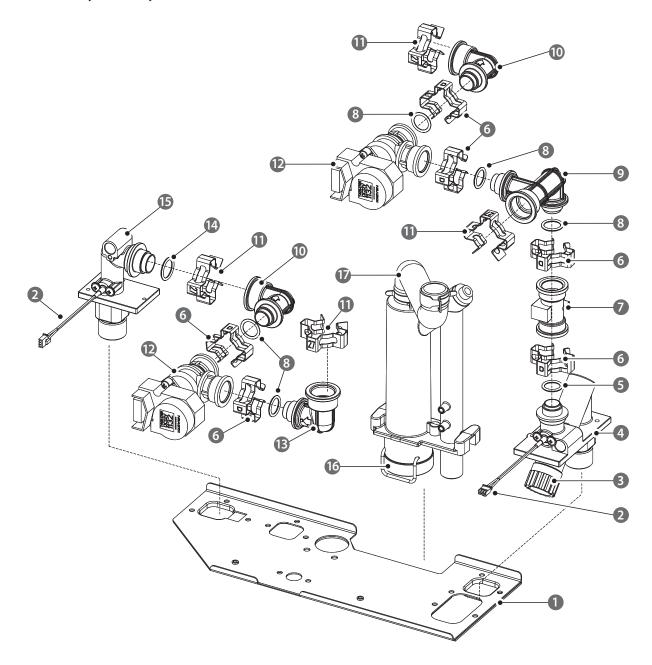
# 7.5.4 Waterway Assembly (NPE-180A/210A/240A)



#	Description	Part #	Remark
1	Buffer Tank	30010953A	
2	Hot Water Outlet Pipe Assembly	30008338A	
2-1	Pipe Adapter	20024496A	
2-2	O-RING (P20)	20017212A	
2-3	Thermistor	30008366A	
2-4	O-RING (P18)	20006947A	
2-5	Pipe Clip	20007733B	
3	Return Pipe Assembly	30008350A	
3-1	Pipe Adapter	30008349A	

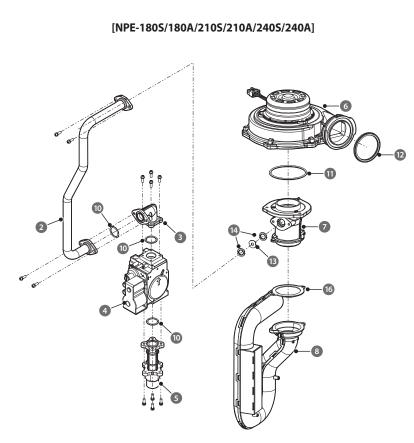
#	Description	Part #	Remark
3-2	O-RING (P20)	20017212A	
3-3	O-RING (P19)	20017211A	
3-4	Water Filter	30008351A	
3-5	Pipe Clip	20007733B	
4	Circulation Pump	30010780B	
4-1	Pump Air Separator	30006831B	
4-2	Drain Plug	30008630C	
4-3	O-RING (P18)	20006947A	
5	Fastener	20017726A	
6	Water Adjustment Valve (WAV)	30008245A	
7	WAV Outlet Pipe Assembly	30008624B	
7-1	O-Ring (P16)	20011439A	
8	Syphon	30009756B	
8-1	Syphon Hose	20018429A	
9	Pump Outlet Pipe Assembly	30008361A	
9-1	Check Valve	30008359B	
9-2	Pipe Clip	20017722A	
9-3	O-Ring (P16)	20017210A	
10	Return Pipe Clip	20017767A	
11	Fastener	20007859A	
12	Cold Water Inlet Pipe Assembly	30009437A	
12-1	Water Filter	30008351A	
12-2	O-RING (P19)	20017211A	
12-3	Pipe Adapter	20024496A	
12-4	O-RING (P20)	20017212A	
12-5	Pipe Clip	20007733B	
13	O-RING (P29)	20017923A	
14	Buffer Tank Adapter	20035697A	
15	Buffer Tank Pipe A	20017759A	
16	Buffer Tank Pipe B	20017760A	
17	Fastener	20017724A	

# 7.5.5 Waterway Assembly (NPE-180S/ 210S/ 240S)



#	Description	Part #	Remark
1	Bracket	20026489A	
2	Thermistor	30008366A	
3	Water Filter	30008171A	
4	Cold Water Inlet Adapter	30011597A	
5	O-Ring (P15)	20017217A	
6	Fastener	20007859A	
7	Flow Sensor	30011534A	
8	O-Ring (P16)	20017210A	
9	Flow Sensor Outlet Adapter	20025959A	
10	Outlet Adapter	20025961A	
11	Fastener	20017726A	
12	Water Adjustment Valve (WAV)	30011532A	
13	Inlet Adapter	20025962B	
14	O-Ring (P18)	20006947A	
15	How Water Outlet Adapter	30011601A	
16	Siphon	30009756B	
17	Siphon Hose	20018429A	

[NPE-150S]



# 

10

7.5.6 Fan (Gas) Assembly

#	Description	Part #	Remark
		30014329A	NPE-150S
1	Gas Pipe	30013323B	NPE1805/180A
		30008431B	NPE-210S/210A/240S/240A
2	Gas Connector	20018430A	
3	Gas Valve	30011586A	
4	Gas Inlet Adapter	20023809A	
5	Fan Assembly	30015421A	NPE-150S
Э	Fan Assembly	30008834A	NPE-180S/180A/210S/210A/240S/240A
c	Single Venturi	30014688A	NPE-150S
6	Dual Venturi	30017402A	NPE-180S/180A/210S/210A/240S/240A
		30015322A	NPE-150S
7	Silence	20032568A	NPE-180S/180A
		20032570A	NPE-210S/210A/240S/240A
0		20032567A	NPE-1805/180A
8	Silence Adapter	20032569A	NPE-210S/210A/240S/240A
9	O-Ring (P20)	20006934A	
10	O-Ring (G70)	20007001A	NPE-150S
10	O-Ring (G75)	20018079A	NPE-180S/180A/210S/210A/240S/240A
11	Fan Packing	20022744A	
		20029420B	NPE-150S (NG)
		20034178A	NPE-150S (LP)
10	Gas Orifice	20024159A	NPE-180S/180A (NG)
12	Gas Orifice	20024190A	NPE-180S/180A (LP)
		20019144B	NPE-210S/210A/240S/240A (NG)
		20024189B	NPE-210S/210A/240S/240A (LP)
12	Venturi De alvin e	20030893A	NPE-150S
13	Venturi Packing	20022660A	NPE-1805/180A/2105/210A/2405/240A
14	O-Ring (P34)	20019090A	NPE-1805/180A/2105/210A/2405/240A
15	Silence Packing	20032129A	NPE-150S

# 7.6 Installation Check list

After installing the water heater, review the following checklist. You should be able to answer "Yes" to all of the items in the checklist. If not, review the appropriate sections to complete the installation. To troubleshoot any operational problems refer to "Troubleshooting" in the Owner's Manual.

If you have additional questions or need assistance with installation, contact Technical Support at 1-800-519-8794 or 1-949-420-0420, or refer to the technical support section of Navien's website (www.navien.com).

Installing the Water Heater	Yes	No
Have you maintained the required clearances from building openings and intake air vents?		
Have you minimized the distance between the water heater and the vent termination?		
Have you minimized the distance between the water heater and major fixtures?		
Have you maintained the proper service and maintenance clearances?		
Is the make-up air supply sufficient for proper operation?		
Is the make-up air supply free from dust, dirt, corrosive elements, and flammable vapors?		
Is the water heater and vent piping clear of combustible materials, including clothing, cleaning materials, and rags?		

Connecting the Gas Supply	Yes	No
Does the gas supply match the type specified on the water heater's rating plate?		
Is the gas line at least $1/2$ in or $3/4$ in ID (Inner Diameter)?		
Is the gas supply line sufficient in length and diameter to deliver the required BTUs?		
Have you measured the pressure of the gas supply line?		
Is the gas supply pressure within the recommended ranges specified in this manual?		
Is the gas supply line equipped with a manual full port valve?		
Have you tested the gas line pressure and all fittings for leaks?		
Has the gas company inspected the installation, if required?		

Connecting the Water Supply	Yes	No
Is the water supply pressure sufficient (greater than 40 PSI)?		
Have you installed shut off valves on the inlet and outlet to facilitate cleaning of the inlet water filter?		
Have you bled the air out at each fixture?		
Have you checked each fixture to ensure hot water is being supplied?		
Have you cleaned the inlet water filter?		
If you installed a recirculation line, have you insulated the hot water pipes and the return line?		

Connecting a Pressure Relief Valve	Yes	No
Have you installed an approved pressure relief valve on the water heater?		
Does the rating of the pressure relief valve match or exceed the maximum BTU rating of the water heater?		
Is the pressure relief value at least $\frac{3}{4}$ in in diameter?		

Connecting a Pressure Relief Valve	Yes	No
Have you installed the pressure relief valve on the hot water outlet pipe near the water heater?		
Have you installed a discharge drain tube from the pressure relief valve to within 6–12 in (150–300 mm) of the floor?		

Connecting the Condensate Drain	Yes	No
Have you installed a condensate drain line from the water heater to a drain or laundry tub?		

Venting the Water Heater	Yes	No
Have you vented the water heater with 2 in or 3 in PVC, CPVC, Polypropylene, Type BH Special Gas Vent (ULC-S636) for Category IV Water Heaters (Canada), or in accordance with all local codes and the guidelines in this manual?		
Have you ensured that PVC cellular core pipe has not been used as venting for the water heater?		
Is the vent sloped upward toward the vent termination at a rate of $1/4$ in per foot (2 % grade)?		
Are all vent runs properly supported?		
Have you properly supported the vent termination?		
Have you properly sealed all air intake and exhaust joints, from the flue collar to the to the vent termination?		
Have you installed end caps on the exhaust and intake pipes?		
Have you checked the venting for leaks?		
Is the vent termination at least 12 in (300 mm) above the exterior grade?		
Have you ensured that sufficient make-up air is available?		
Is the total vent length within the maximum vent length restriction?		

Connecting the Power Supply	Yes	No
Is the supplied voltage 110-120 V AC?		
Is the water heater plugged into a properly grounded outlet?		
If you have made a direct power supply connection, have you installed a power switch to facilitate end-user maintenance?		
Have you checked the polarity of the electrical connection?		
Is the system properly set up for cascade operation (master and slave water heaters), if applicable?		

Setting the DIP Switches	Yes	No
Have you verified the positions of all DIP switches on the circuit board?		
Have you verified the positions of all DIP switches on the front panel?		

Operating the Water Heater	Yes	No
Have you shown the owner how to clean the inlet water filter?		
Have you given the Installation Manual and Owner's Manual to the owner for future reference?		
Have you shown the owner how to shut off the gas in case of an emergency?		

# 7.7 Navien H2Air Add-on Controller Kit (Optional)



The Navien H2Air is an add-on controller for the Navien NPE-A series water heaters. It adds input and output functions to the NPE-A series water heaters for a combination application where space heating and domestic hot water (DHW) are supplied simultaneously. With this add-on controller, a thermostat (1 or 2-stage) and an outdoor sensor can be installed along with a hydronic air handler to add space heating functionality to the system.

#### 

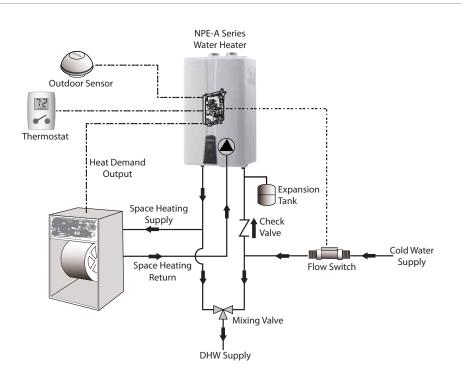
This device is designed to work with the NPE-A series models ONLY.

## **Basic Principles**

The following diagram shows the basic operation of an NPE-A series water heater system with the Navien H2Air add-on controller.

#### 

Do not configure the system for DHW recirculation when it is configured to run an air handler using the H2Air add-on controller. DHW recirculation and Navien H2Air configurations cannot be used at the same time.



For details, refer to the installation manual that is provided with the H2Air add-on controller kit.

# 7.8 Navien HotButton Kit (Optional)



The Navien HotButton kit is an add-on input board for the Navien NPE-A series water heaters. It adds signal input functions to the NPE-A series water heaters for more efficient DHW hot water recirculation functionality.

With the HotButton kit, DHW recirculation is carried out exactly when the actual demands arise. This prevents energy loss caused by unnecessary operation of the burner and pump throughout the day.

The HotButton kit can receive signals from multiple push buttons installed in various areas and performs optimal DHW recirculation only when there is a demand for hot water.

#### 

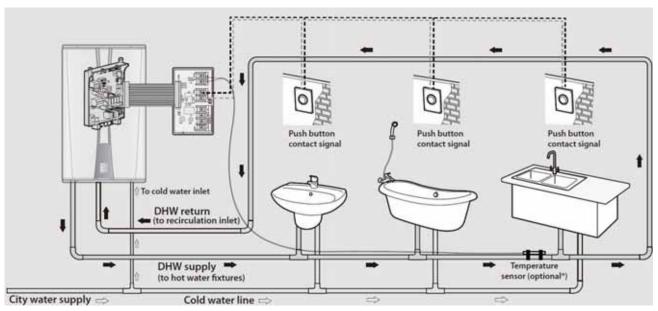
This device is designed to work with the NPE-A series models ONLY.

### **Basic Principles**

The following diagram shows the basic operation of an NPE-A series water heater system with the Navien HotButton kit.

#### 

The Navien HotButton can be used ONLY with a water heater system configured for DHW recirculation.



\* When the optional temperature sensor is installed, it must be insulated. The sensor wire may be extended by up to 100 ft (30 m) using 22AWG wire.

# 7.9 Requirements for the State of Massachusetts

#### NOTICE BEFORE INSTALLATION

This appliance must be installed by a licensed plumber or gas fitter in accordance with the Massachusetts Plumbing and Fuel Gas Code 248 CMR Sections 4.00 and 5.00.

IMPORTANT: In the State of Massachusetts (248 CMR 4.00 & 5.00)

For all side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment installed in every dwelling, building or structure used in whole or in part for residential purposes, including those owned or operated by the Commonwealth and where the side wall exhaust vent termination is less than seven (7) feet above finished grade in the area of the venting, including but not limited to decks and porches, the following requirements shall be satisfied:

- 1. INSTALLATION OF CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS. No installation or replacement of a vented gas appliance shall be permitted unless a battery powered or electrically hard wired carbon monoxide detector is present on the same floor as the appliance or on the next adjacent floor when the appliance is located in a crawl space unless the appliance is located in a detached, uninhabitable garage. For all residential dwellings, a carbon monoxide detector must also be present on each habitable level of the dwelling. These requirements shall not be deemed to waive any additional requirements imposed by M.G.L. c. 148 §26F1/2.
- 2. APPROVED CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS. Each carbon monoxide detector as required in accordance with the above provisions shall comply with NFPA 720 and be ANSI/UL 2034 listed and IAS certified.
- 3. SIGNAGE. Whenever any through-the-wall vent is installed less than seven feet above the finished grade, a metal or plastic identification plate shall be permanently mounted to the exterior of the building at a minimum height of eight feet above grade directly in line with the exhaust vent terminal. The sign shall read, in print size no less than 0.5 inches in size, "GAS VENT DIRECTLY BELOW. KEEP CLEAR OF ALL OBSTRUCTIONS".
- 4. INSPECTION. The state or local gas inspector of the side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment shall not approve the installation unless, upon inspection, the inspector observes carbon monoxide detectors and signage installed in accordance with the provisions of 248 CMR 5.09 and 5.12.

# Мето

# Мето

# Installation & Operation Manual NPE Condensing Water Heaters

## **Getting Service**

If your water heater requires service, you have several options for getting service:

- Contact Technical Support at 1-800-519-8794 or on the website: www.navien.com.
- · For warranty service, always contact Technical Support first.
- · Contact the technician or professional who installed your water heater.
- · Contact a licensed professional for the affected system (for example, a plumber or electrician).

When you contact Technical Support, please have the following information at hand:

- Model number
- Serial number
- Date purchased
- Installation location and type
- Error code, if any appears on the front panel display

Version: 5.3 (May 29, 2019)



Navien, Inc. 800.519.8794 www.Navien.com 20 Goodyear, Irvine, CA 92618