Gyproc RhinoBoard 9.0mm consists of an aerated gypsum core encased in, and firmly bonded to, strong paper liners. Gyproc RhinoBoard 9.0mm is plasterboard that is suitable for ceilings and bulkheads in residential and commercial buildings. Waste from gypsum plasterboard products is normally classified as ‘non-hazardous’, inert and is fully recyclable.
Applications

Gyproc RhinoBoard 9.0mm is used within the Gyproc Jointed or Gyproc Skimmed ceilings or in bulkheads.

Thermal Insulation

- R 0.042m²K/W
- K 0.21 W/m0K

Tolerances:

- Thickness: ± 0.5mm
- Length: +0 -6mm

Board colour

- Ivory paper on decoration side
- Brown reverse side paper.

Product standards

RhinoBoard 9.0mm is manufactured according to ISO 9001 Quality management system and ISO 14001 Environmental management system and complies to SANS 266.

Reaction to fire performance

For the purpose of National Building regulations Part T: Fire, RhinoBoard 9.0mm is regarded as non-combustible i.e. Gypsum board with less than 7.5% paper or other combustibles.

Limitations of use

Gyproc RhinoBoard 9.0mm is unsuitable for use in temperatures above 49°C but can be subjected to freezing conditions without risk of damage. Gyproc RhinoBoard 9.0mm is unsuitable for any areas subjected to prolonged immersion, such as shower bases or swimming pools without have ventilation and a controlled environment.
Application and installation

General
It is important to observe appropriate health and safety legislation when working on site i.e. personal protective clothing and equipment, etc. The following notes are intended as general guidance only. In practice, consideration must be given to design criteria requiring specific project solutions.

Gyproc RhinoBoard 9.0mm should be stored on a firm, flat and level surface in a dry place, preferably inside a building and properly protected from damp and inclement weather. If boards are to be stacked on a concrete floor inside a building, a damp proof membrane should first be laid down, or a timber platform should be provided.

Cutting
This product may be cut using a utility knife or Blade Runner and snapping the board over a straight edge. Holes for switch or socket boxes should be cut out before the boards are fixed using a utility knife. When cutting boards, tools should be used with care and in accordance with the manufacturers’ recommendations. Power tools should only be used by people who have been instructed and trained to use them safely. Appropriate personal protective equipment should be used.

Fixing
Fix boards with decorative side out to receive joint treatment or a skim plaster finish. Lightly butt boards together. Never force boards into position. Install fixings not closer than 13mm from cut edges and 10mm from bound edges. Position cut edges to internal angles whenever possible, removing paper burrs with fine sandpaper. Stagger horizontal and vertical board joints between layers by a minimum of 600mm. Locate boards to the centre line of framing where this supports board edges or ends. There is a wide variety of fixing devices suitable for securing fixtures and fittings to lining systems. Generally, the choice of individual fixing devices will depend on the type of system and the loading requirements.

Finishing

Plastering
If there is a requirement for plastering the boards, the smooth face of RhinoBoard 9.0mm can be plastered with either Gyproc RhinoLite Multipurpose, Gyproc RhinoLite Natural Plus or Gyproc CresteStone. There should be the minimum of delay between completion of the lining and the commencement of plastering.

Jointing
Gyproc jointing materials produce durable joint reinforcement and a smooth, continuous, crack-resistant surface ready for priming and final decoration. Use Gyproc RhinoGlide for jointing RhinoBoard 9.0mm.

Decoration
After the skim coat or jointing compound finish has dried, decoration, including any decorator’s preparatory work, should follow with the minimum delay.

Repair
Minor damage – lightly sand the surface to remove burrs and fill flush with two applications of RhinoGlide jointing compound.

Deep indents resulting from impact – check the board core to ensure that it is not shattered. If intact, apply a coat of joint filler. Follow the procedure for repairing minor damage as outlined above.

Extensive damage – when the damage is more extensive it may be necessary to replace that area of board. It is important that the replacement board is of the same type as specified and installed. Cut out the affected area back to the nearest framing member. Replace the board, accurately cutting and the screw-fixing the same type off board. Fill edge joints, then tape and finish in the recommended way. Redecorate as required.

Handling
Manual off-loading of this product should be carried out with care to avoid unnecessary strain. For further information please refer to the Gyproc RhinoBoard handling section of the RhinoBoard for walls book, available to download from www.gyproc.co.za