SECTION I: GENERAL

The following list includes important facts and information regarding the electric furnace and its inclusions.

1. Furnace is rated at 240 volts AC at 60 Hertz
2. Furnace is the same size for all models
3. Four-wire thermostat operation for heating and cooling
4. A/C ready furnaces equipped with blower for A/C or Heat Pump operation
5. Holding Strap furnished with furnace
6. This furnace is designed for downflow / horizontal application
7. This furnace must not be operated without furnace door installed

NOTE: This furnace and its components listed on the A/C and Heat Pump equipment sticker were listed in combination as a system by ETL for the United States.

SAVE THIS MANUAL FOR FUTURE REFERENCE
Table 1: Electric Furnace Model Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Models</th>
<th>ALL</th>
<th>ALL</th>
<th>ALL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Input, kW</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With A-Coil Cabinet</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>NO</td>
<td>NO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air Temperature Rise, Range - F</td>
<td>20-80</td>
<td>20-80</td>
<td>30-90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Designed Max Outlet Air Temp-F</td>
<td>170</td>
<td>170</td>
<td>180</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blower-Heat or Heat/Cool</td>
<td>10 X 9 BLOWER</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. External SP (Duct), In. W.C.</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thermostat Circuit</td>
<td>24 VAC, 60 Hz, 40VA</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electric Furnace Cabinet Height</td>
<td>33 inches</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 2: Furnace Model Nomenclature

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Coil Cabinet Model</th>
<th>Front Door of Cabinet</th>
<th>Open Top 17 3/4&quot; x 21 1/4&quot;</th>
<th>Maximum Air Flow CFM</th>
<th>1st Pleated Air Filter, In The Door</th>
<th>Blower Motor Speed Taps and HP</th>
<th>Furnace Configuration</th>
<th>Heating Stage</th>
<th>Heating Input (kW)</th>
<th>Furnace Cabinet Height</th>
<th>Furnace Heating Stage</th>
<th>Revision Letter</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>97-FLSB-21</td>
<td>Louvered</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>1200</td>
<td>20x24</td>
<td>23 1/4&quot;</td>
<td>25&quot;</td>
<td>19 3/4&quot;</td>
<td>96-97 series coils will fit in cabinet</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>97-FS8-21</td>
<td>Solid</td>
<td>1600</td>
<td>20x24</td>
<td>23 1/4&quot;</td>
<td>25&quot;</td>
<td>19 3/4&quot;</td>
<td>All Mortex 96 series coils will fit in cabinet</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>97-FLOB-21</td>
<td>Louvered</td>
<td>1800</td>
<td>20x24</td>
<td>23 1/4&quot;</td>
<td>25&quot;</td>
<td>19 3/4&quot;</td>
<td>All Mortex series coils will fit in cabinet</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>97-FLSB-27</td>
<td>Louvered</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>1600</td>
<td>20x30</td>
<td>30 1/2&quot;</td>
<td>25&quot;</td>
<td>19 3/4&quot;</td>
<td>96-97 series coils and 98 series coils sizes up to 98-8W7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>97-FS8-27</td>
<td>Solid</td>
<td>1600</td>
<td>20x20</td>
<td>30 1/2&quot;</td>
<td>25&quot;</td>
<td>19 3/4&quot;</td>
<td>All Mortex series coils will fit in cabinet</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>97-FS8-39</td>
<td>Louvered</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>1800</td>
<td>20x20</td>
<td>40 1/4&quot;</td>
<td>25&quot;</td>
<td>19 3/4&quot;</td>
<td>Frame &amp; Grills Non-Cabinet</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>97-FG-18</td>
<td>Louvered</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>1200</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>18&quot;</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>19 3/4&quot;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>97-FG-24</td>
<td>Louvered</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>1600</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>24&quot;</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>19 3/4&quot;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 3: Optional Cooling Cabinets and Return Air Grille Frame Assemblies

- Standard Blower Motor - 5 SPD X-13 MOTOR
- Optional Blower Motor – 3 SPD PSC MOTOR
SECTION II: SAFETY

⚠️ This is a safety alert symbol. When you see this symbol on labels or in manuals; be alert to the potential for personal injury.

Understand and pay particular attention to the signal words DANGER, WARNING, or CAUTION.

DANGER: indicates an imminently hazardous situation, which if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

WARNING: indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION: indicated a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It is also used to alert against unsafe practices and hazards involving property damage.

---

**WARNING**

Improper installation may create a condition where the operation of the product could cause personal injury or property damage.

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause injury or property damage. Refer to this manual for assistance; or for additional information consult a qualified contractor, installer, or service agency.

---

**CAUTION**

This product must be installed in strict compliance with the installation instructions and any applicable local, state, and national codes including, but not limited to; building, electrical, and mechanical codes.

---

**WARNING**

FIRE OR ELECTRICAL HAZARD

Failure to follow the safety warnings exactly could result in serious injury, death, or property damage.

A fire or electrical hazard may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

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Furnace Weights

E30A1DxxxAAA Models – 82 lbs
E30A2DxxxAAA Models – 82 lbs
E30B3DxxxAAA Models – 79 lbs
E30B4DxxxAAA Models – 81 lbs

E30B5DxxxAAA Models – 85 lbs
E30A6DxxxAAA Models – 85 lbs

Safety Requirements

1. This electric furnace should be installed in accordance with all national and local; building, safety, plumbing, and wastewater codes and requirements; along with all other applicable codes.
2. Refer to the furnace rating plate for the furnace model number.
3. Refer to the dimensions page of this instruction for the duct connector dimensions shown in Figures 6 thru 9. The duct connector must be installed according to the instructions in this manual.
4. Provide clearances from combustible materials as listed under Clearances to Combustibles.
5. Provide clearances for servicing ensuring service access is allowed for the control box, electric elements and the blower.
6. Failure to carefully read and follow all instructions in this manual can result in malfunction of the furnace, death, personal injury, and/or property damage.
7. Check the rating plate and the power supply to be sure the electrical characteristics match.
8. Electric furnace shall be installed so the electrical components are protected from water.
9. Installing and servicing heating/cooling equipment can be hazardous due to electrical components.
10. Only trained and qualified personnel should install repair or service heating/cooling equipment. Untrained service personnel can perform basic maintenance functions such as cleaning of exterior surfaces and replacing the air filters. Observe all precautions in the manuals and on the attached labels when working on this appliance.
11. These instructions cover minimum requirements and conform to existing national standards and safety codes. In some instances these instructions exceed certain local codes and ordinances, especially those who have not kept up with changing mobile home, modular home and HUD construction practices. These instructions are to be followed and are the minimum requirement for a safe installation.

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**Inspection**

As soon as the furnace is received, it should be inspected for possible damage during transit. If damage is evident, the extent of the damage should be noted on the carrier’s freight bill. A separate request for inspection by the carrier’s agent should be made in writing. Before installing the furnace you should check the cabinet for screws or bolts which may have loosened in transit. There are no shipping or spacer brackets which need to be removed before startup.

Also check to be sure all accessories such as heater kits, and coils are available. Installation of these accessories should be accomplished before the furnace is set in place or the connecting of the wiring, electric heat, ducts or piping.
Codes
The furnace must be installed in accordance with the following codes.
- Standard for the Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems (NFPA 90A)
- Standard for the Installation of Warm Air heating and Air Conditioning Systems (NFPA 90B)
- National Electrical Code (NFPA 70)
- Canadian Electrical Code, Part I (CSA C22.1)
- All local codes (State, City, and Township)

NOTE: All applicable codes take precedence over any recommendation made in these instructions.

SECTION III: RETURN AIR AND CLEARANCE REQUIREMENTS

LOCATION
Access for servicing is an important factor in the location of any furnace. Provide a minimum of 24 inches in front of the furnace for access to the control box, heating elements, and blower. This access may be provided by a closet door or by locating the furnace so that a wall or partition is not less than 24 inches from the front access door.

Furnace Clearances
This furnace is approved for zero (0 inches) clearance to combustible material on any part of the furnace exterior and the inlet or outlet ducts. Refer to Table 4 for clearance to combustibles information.

CLEARANCES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MODEL</th>
<th>TOP (in)</th>
<th>BACK (in)</th>
<th>SIDES (in)</th>
<th>FRONT OF FURNACE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ALL</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>CLOSET (in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>DUCT (in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 4: Clearances to Combustibles

Figure 2: Closet Clearances

Return Air
In order for the furnace to work properly, a closet or alcove must have a certain total free area opening for the return air.

For A/C and HP Furnaces (1/3 HP Blower)
- Minimum 200 in² free area opening
- Use Return Grille or Coil Cabinet

For A/C and HP Furnaces (1/2 HP Blower)
- Minimum 250 in² free area opening
- Use Return Grille, A/C Coil Cabinet, or any return grille with a minimum 250 in² free area opening

For A/C and HP Furnaces (3/4 HP Blower)
- Minimum 390 in² free area opening
- Use Return Grille, or A/C Coil Cabinet, or any return grille with a minimum 390 in² free area opening

Top Return Only – Recommended Grille Size
800 CFM – 20 X 20 Grille – 324 in²
1000 CFM – 20 X 25 Grille - 414 in²

1200 CFM – 25 X 25 Grille - 414 in²
1400 CFM – 25 X 30 Grille - 644 in²
1600 CFM – 25 X 30 Grille - 644 in²
1800 CFM – 30 X 30 Grille - 784 in²

Louvered Door and Top Return – Recommended Grille Size
800 CFM – 10 X 20 Grille – 144 in²
1000 CFM – 12 X 20 Grille -180 in²
1200 CFM – 14 X 20 Grille - 216 in²
1400 CFM – 18 X 20 Grille - 288 in²
1600 CFM – 18 X 20 Grille - 288 in²
1800 CFM – 20 X 20 Grille - 324 in²

The return air opening can be located in a closet front door or a side wall above the furnace casing, or in a louvered door on the furnace. If opening for the return air is located in the floor, side walls, or closet door anywhere below the furnace casing height, a 6 inch minimum clearance must be provided on the furnace side where the return is located to provide for proper air flow. The 6 inch minimum clearance is not required if there is a return grille installed above the furnace with the sufficient return air opening.

Figure 3: Typical Closet Installations
Provisions shall be made to permit the air in the rooms and the living spaces to return to the furnace. Failure to comply may cause a reduction in the amount of return air available to the blower, causing reduced air flow resulting in improper heating of the living space. The reduced air flow may cause the furnace to cycle on the limit causing premature heating element failure.

SECTION IV: SUPPLY AIR AND DUCT CONNECTOR INSTALLATION

Duct Connectors
90-DCU0-XX Duct Connectors
The duct connector is used to provide a sealed connection between the furnace base and a under the floor duct system. The duct connector allows the furnace to be installed on a combustible floor without the use of a separate sub base providing insulation is placed between the duct connector and the combustible floor. Table 5 indicates the duct connector needed for your application.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Depth From Floor to Duct</th>
<th>Fingered Style</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1&quot;</td>
<td>90-DCU0-01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2&quot;</td>
<td>90-DCU0-01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3&quot;</td>
<td>90-DCU0-01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4&quot;</td>
<td>90-DCU0-01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5&quot;</td>
<td>90-DCU0-02</td>
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<tr>
<td>6&quot;</td>
<td>90-DCU0-02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7&quot;</td>
<td>90-DCU0-02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8&quot;</td>
<td>90-DCU0-02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9&quot;</td>
<td>90-DCU0-03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10&quot;</td>
<td>90-DCU0-03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11&quot;</td>
<td>90-DCU0-03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12&quot;</td>
<td>90-DCU0-03</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 5: Duct Connectors

Air Distribution System
The furnace is designed to operate at a 0.30 inch WC static pressure. In order to assure proper air flow through the furnace the duct distribution system must be designed so that the external static pressure from the furnace, thru the duct system must not exceed 0.30 inch WC. It is recommended you review the manual “Manufactured Housing Duct Systems Guide to Best Practices” by Manufactured Housing Research Alliance (MHI-MHRA) before selecting the air distribution system you are going to use.

Duct connector can be installed on combustible flooring, except carpeting, providing insulation having a rating of R-12 or higher is used between the floor base and the combustible floor.

Failure to use insulation with a rating of R-12 or higher between the floor base and a combustible floor; then installing the floor base on a combustible floor could result in serious injury, death, or property damage.

A fire may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.
Installing the Duct Connector
1. Attach the four (seal strip) foam tape gaskets provided with the duct connector alongside the perimeter of the duct opening to seal the duct connector where it attaches to the top of the duct as shown in Figures 7, 8 and 9.
2. Insert the duct connector thru the opening in the floor and attach the duct connector to the top of the duct by inserting the tabs thru the opening in the top of the duct and bending the tabs back 90 degrees against the inside of the duct, so the top of the duct is securely fastened to the duct connector. Be sure the seal strip has sealed the area around the duct connector where it attaches to the duct.
3. Slit the corners of the duct connector that extend above the floor, and then bend the sides over onto the floor surface. Refer to Figures 7, 8 and 9.
4. Place insulation with a rating of R-12 or higher between the floor base and the floor when used on a combustible floor. Be sure to cut the insulation around the perimeter of the duct connector opening.
5. Install the floor base over the floor opening with the flanges on the 11 x 13 inch opening facing down. Refer to Figures 8 and 9.
6. Locate the four (4) screws provided with the duct connector kit and install the four screws through the four holes provided in the floor base to secure the floor base to the floor.

The duct connector is designed for use on ducts wider than 12 inches. When using the connector on smaller width ducts, there will not be sufficient clearance to bend the tabs on two sides of the duct connector.

In such cases the tabs may be attached to the sides of the duct by using sheet metal screws or other suitable fasteners. Place holes in the tabs for sheet metal screws by drilling the required screw holes in three (3) tabs on each side of the duct connector. If more than three tabs need to be used to provide a more secure and air tight connection, then drill the remaining tabs so the additional tabs can also be fastened to the duct with screws. Use a duct sealer to seal any air leaks between the duct and the duct connector.

Tape can be used to provide a better air seal. The tape should be a type approved by applicable national or local codes.
SECTION V: FURNACE INSTALLATION

Installing the Furnace with a Return Air Grille Frame Assembly

Alcove Installation

This kit is approved for use in an alcove – heating only installation without an air conditioning coil. The return air grille frame assembly is available in 18” height and 24” height. To install the return air grille frame assembly to the furnace, follow the steps below:

Prior to installing the furnace make sure the holes are cut into the floor for the refrigerant tubing, the electrical wiring are in place, the thermostat wiring and the condenser control wiring should be in place.

1. Before installing the return air grille frame on the furnace, be sure you have enough clearance to install the furnace and the return air grille assembly.
2. Remove the top shipping cover and corner posts.
3. Remove the front access panel (door).
4. Remove the return air grille frame assembly from the box.
5. Set the return air grille frame assembly on the top-front part of the furnace. Be sure to line up the screw holes in the frame with the screw holes in the furnace top cover as shown in Figure 10.
6. Insert the screws provided with the louvered door assembly through the holes in the louvered door frame and into the holes in the furnace top cover.
7. Tighten the screws to secure the louvered door frame assembly to the top cover of the furnace.
8. Remove the bottom shipping cover.
9. Slide the furnace on to the floor base. Push the furnace back until the furnace casing is against the rear flange.
10. Secure the furnace to the floor by drilling two holes through the furnace base and the floor base at the right and left front inside corners of the cabinet. Use two screws to secure the furnace to the floor.

Figure 10: Return Air Grille Frame Assembly

Installing the Furnace and Coil Cabinet

Closet Installation

This kit is approved for use in an alcove or closet installations with an approved air conditioning coil. The coil cabinets are available in 23.25”, 30.50” and 41.25” height. The furnace is 33” in height making the total furnace and coil cabinet heights 56”, 63” and 73”. To install the coil cabinet assembly to the furnace, follow the steps below:

Prior to installing the furnace make sure the holes are cut into the floor for the refrigerant tubing, the drain line, the electrical wiring, the thermostat wiring and the condenser control wiring.

1. Before installing the coil cabinet on the furnace, be sure you have enough clearance to install the furnace and the filter door assembly.
2. Remove the top shipping cover and corner posts.
3. Remove the bottom shipping cover.
4. Remove the front access panel (door) and lay the furnace on its back.
5. Remove the coil cabinet from the box and assemble per the instructions.
6. Lay the coil cabinet on its back and place the coil cabinet flanges against the furnace top cover.
7. Place coil cabinet door bracket between the coil cabinet flanges and the furnace top as shown in Figure 12.
8. Install the screws through the holes provided in order to secure the cooling coil cabinet to the top of the furnace.
9. Slide the furnace on to the floor base. Push the furnace back until the furnace casing is against the rear flange.
10. Secure the furnace to the floor by drilling two holes through the furnace base and the floor base at the right and left front inside corners of the cabinet. Use two screws to secure the furnace to the floor.

Figure 11: Return Air Frame Assembly Filter Location

Installing the Furnace and Coil Cabinet

Figure 12: Return Air Frame Assembly Filter Location
SECTION VI: LINE VOLTAGE WIRING

Power Supply
The furnace internal wiring is complete except for the power supply and the thermostat wires. See wiring diagram and/or Tables 6 and 7 for wire size, fuse/circuit breaker size, and ground wire sizes. The use of cable connectors on incoming power supply wires to relieve any strain on wiring is recommended. Follow the steps below to connect the power supply wires.

Single Circuit Line Wiring Connections
1. Remove the control box cover.
2. Install the cable connectors on the 7/8” dia holes on the right side of the control box.
3. Strip 1/2” of the insulation on the end of each wire.
4. Insert the wires through the holes in the casing and through the cable connectors.
5. Insert the black wire into the L1 screw terminal on the first circuit breaker from the top and tighten the set screw to clamp down on the wire.
6. Insert the white or red wire into the L2 screw terminal on the first circuit breaker down from the top and tighten the set screw to clamp down on the wire.
7. If you are using a single circuit for an 8kW, 10kW, 12kW, 15kW or 20kW model you will need to install a black jumper wire from the L1 terminal on circuit breaker #1 to the L1 terminal on circuit breaker #2 and a white or red jumper wire from the L2 terminal on circuit breaker #1 to the L2 terminal on circuit breaker #2. Refer to Figure 13 for circuit breaker locations.
8. Insert the green wire into the ground lug and tighten the set screw.

Dual Circuit Line Wiring Connections: 8kW, 10kW, 12kW, 15kW or 20kW Models
9. You will need to insert the black wire from the second power supply into the L1 screw terminal on the second circuit breaker down from the top and tighten the set screw to clamp down on the wire.
10. You will need to insert the white or red wire from the second power supply into the L2 screw terminal on the second circuit breaker down from the top and tighten the set screw to clamp down on the wire.
11. You will need to insert both green wires into the ground lug and tighten the set screw.
12. Tighten the screws on the cable connectors until the power supply wires are securely fastened to the connector.

NOTE: The furnaces are equipped with either one or two circuit breakers. These circuit breakers protect the wiring inside of the furnace in the event of a short circuit. Additionally, these breakers provide a means of disconnecting the power to the unit. The circuit breakers in the furnace are not meant to protect the branch circuit wiring between the furnace and the home's breaker panel. General wire and breaker sizes are shown in Table 7. If sheathed cable is used, refer to NEC National Electrical Code (NFPA 70) or the Canadian Electrical Code, Part I (CSA C22.1) and local codes for additional requirements concerning supply circuit wiring. Electrical data can be found in Tables 6, 7, and 8.

IMPORTANT - All installation on field wiring must be rated at 60°C or higher. Please refer to the wiring diagrams on the furnace or this book for more information.

The 8kW, 10kW, 12kW 15kW and 20kW models may be connected to a single or dual branch circuit.

IMPORTANT - Refer to the NEC National Electrical Code (NFPA 70) or the Canadian Electrical Code, Part I (CSA C22.1) and local codes for wiring material requirements.
### Table 6: Wiring Requirements – Single Branch Circuit

5kW Single Stage model can only be wired as a single power supply.

8kW, 10kW, 12kW, 15kW and 20kW Two Stage models may have a dual or single power supply.

Single power supply will require circuit breaker jumper bar or a jumper wire.

+ Refer to the National Electrical Code Table 250-95 for Non-Sheathed Conductor Ground Wire.

* Ground conductor must be the same size and temperature rating as the other conductors listed in Table 6.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Circuit Load - FLA</th>
<th>5 kW</th>
<th>8 kW</th>
<th>10 kW</th>
<th>12 kW</th>
<th>15 kW</th>
<th>20 kW</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>25.83</td>
<td>38.33</td>
<td>46.50</td>
<td>55.00</td>
<td>67.33</td>
<td>88.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Wire Size (90°C)</td>
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<td>#8</td>
<td>#8</td>
<td>#6</td>
<td>#4</td>
<td>#3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Wire Size (75°C)</td>
<td>#10</td>
<td>#8</td>
<td>#6</td>
<td>#6</td>
<td>#4</td>
<td>#2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Wire Size (60°C)</td>
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<td>#8</td>
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<td>#4</td>
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<td>*</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>*</td>
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<td>*</td>
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<td>Max Fuse Amps</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 7: Wiring Requirements – Dual Branch Circuit

5kW Single Stage model can only be wired as a single power supply.

8kW, 10kW, 12kW, 15kW, and 20kW Two Stage models may have a dual or single power supply.

Single power supply will require circuit breaker jumper bar or a jumper wire.

+ Refer to the National Electrical Code Table 250-95 for Non-Sheathed Conductor Ground Wire.

* Ground conductor must be the same size and temperature rating as the other conductors listed in Table 7.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Branch Circuit Number</th>
<th>5 kW</th>
<th>8 kW</th>
<th>10 kW</th>
<th>12 kW</th>
<th>15 kW</th>
<th>20 kW</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<td>4,9992</td>
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<tr>
<td>Minimum Wire Size (90°C)</td>
<td>#10</td>
<td>#12</td>
<td>#8</td>
<td>#10</td>
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<td>Minimum Wire Size (75°C)</td>
<td>#10</td>
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<td>#8</td>
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<td>Ground Wire Size</td>
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<tr>
<td>Max Fuse Amps</td>
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<tr>
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<td>#10</td>
</tr>
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### Table 8: Electrical Data

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<tr>
<th>Heating Element Capacity</th>
<th>5 kW</th>
<th>8 kW</th>
<th>10 kW</th>
<th>12 kW</th>
<th>15 kW</th>
<th>20 kW</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BTU 17,027</td>
<td>13,651</td>
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<td>17,060</td>
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<tr>
<td>kw 4.99</td>
<td>4,000</td>
<td>4,000</td>
<td>4,9992</td>
<td>4,9992</td>
<td>6,000</td>
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<td>Maximum Wire Size (90°C)</td>
<td>#10</td>
<td>#12</td>
<td>#8</td>
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<td>#8</td>
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<tr>
<td>Maximum Wire Size (75°C)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Maximum Wire Size (60°C)</td>
<td>#10</td>
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<td>*</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>*</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max Fuse Amps</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>20</td>
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<td>25</td>
<td>40</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Blower Motor @ 240 Vac</th>
<th>5 kW</th>
<th>8 kW</th>
<th>10 kW</th>
<th>12 kW</th>
<th>15 kW</th>
<th>20 kW</th>
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<td>4,000</td>
<td>4,9992</td>
<td>4,9992</td>
<td>6,000</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Wire Size (90°C)</td>
<td>#10</td>
<td>#12</td>
<td>#8</td>
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<td>#8</td>
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<tr>
<td>Maximum Wire Size (75°C)</td>
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<td>#8</td>
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<td>#10</td>
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<td>#10</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ground Wire Size</td>
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<td>*</td>
<td>*</td>
<td>*</td>
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<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max Fuse Amps</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Figure 13: Control Box Component Locations
Casing or cabinet must be permanently grounded in accordance with the National Electrical Code or other applicable codes.

Note: The isolation relay for the PSC and X-13 motors is not optional relay.

WARNING
For personal safety be sure to turn the electrical power “OFF” at the main entrance (Home Circuit Breaker Box) and at the control box circuit breakers before attempting any service or maintenance operations. Homeowners should never attempt to perform any maintenance which requires opening the furnace control box door. Refer to Figure 20.

WARNING
This furnace is equipped with a shield that covers the line voltage electrical supply wires and the circuit breaker connections to prevent accidental electrical shock. Be sure to turn the electrical power “OFF” at the main entrance (Home Circuit Breaker Box) and at the control box circuit breakers before removing the shield.

“Refer to Figure 21.

Figure 14: Control Box Cover and Circuit Breaker Location – Dual Element Box

Figure 15: Line Voltage Electrical Shield
SECTION VII: THERMOSTAT WIRING AND CONNECTIONS

Thermostat Wiring
Thermostat wires connect through side of furnace and should be no smaller than 20 gauge. Refer to Table 9 for recommended wire gauge, lengths and maximum current for each wire gauge.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Thermostat Wire Length</th>
<th>Thermostat Wire Gauge</th>
<th>Thermostat Wire Maximum Current</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 - 70 Feet</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>3.0 amps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 - 112 Feet</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>3.0 amps</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 9: Low Voltage Wire Gauge and Max Lengths

NOTE: There is a 3 Amp slow blow bar fuse located on the right side of the control box that protects the 24 VAC circuit. Replace this fuse only with the equivalent 3 Amp fuse.

Power wires can enter through the side of the unit or through the auxiliary entrance, located in the bottom of the unit. When bringing wiring through the bottom of the furnace, cable connectors must be installed to hold wiring in place and to relieve any strain on the wiring. These connectors will also serve as a seal between the furnace and the floor. Thus, additional sealing is not required.

The use of a five-conductor cable from the thermostat to the furnace is recommended for typical heating or heating/cooling installations with a two or three-conductor cable from the furnace to the condenser. The thermostat wire colors and the typical heating/cooling connections are listed in Tables 10 and 11.

A seven-conductor cable from the thermostat to the furnace is recommended for a typical heat pump installation with a five-conductor cable from the furnace to the condenser. The thermostat wire colors and the typical heat pump heating/cooling connections are listed in Tables 10 and 11.

NOTE: If the thermostat cable is on the left side of the furnace move the grommet in the 3/8” hole on the left side of the furnace casing to the 3/8” hole on the right side of the furnace casing. Run the thermostat wire cable through the control box to the low voltage control box. Place the thermostat wire next to the low voltage pigtail. Attach the strain relief to the control box. Do not attach the strain relief to the furnace casing because the sheet metal is too thin.

Thermostat Installation
The thermostat heat anticipator must be-set at 0.4 Amps if the thermostat has a manual heat anticipator adjustment. This setting should be checked at the time of installation.

The thermostat may be a “self-setting" type in which case no heat anticipator setting will be found on the thermostat, eliminating the need for any field adjustment.

Thermostat should be located on an inside wall in an open area to more closely regulate average room air, preferably, where there is air movement back to furnace. Locating height of thermostat is important. Thermostat should be located preferably in a hall way upstream from the furnace return airflow, not within three feet of from any windows and 52 to 66 inches above the floor.

DO NOT place the thermostat within three feet of any of the furnace supply air registers
DO NOT place the thermostat within three feet of any of the air conditioner supply air registers

Maintenance, operating and/or programming instructions are in the envelope accompanying the thermostat. Give the envelope to the home owner.
Separate Heating and Cooling System; Same Thermostat
If the furnace and the cooling unit have separate transformers be sure to use a thermostat with isolated heating and cooling contacts “RC” and “RH” to prevent interconnection of Class II 24 Volt Systems. Refer to Figures 18 and 19. Cycle furnace and the air conditioner separately to make sure it will operate correctly.

Most new thermostats have separate heating and cooling contacts for use with homes that have a furnace and air conditioner that are completely separate and each have a 24 VAC transformer for system control. These thermostats have a “RC” terminal for cooling and a “RH” terminal for heating. Connect the cooling unit red wire from the “R” terminal on the outdoor unit to the “RC” terminal on the thermostat and the RED furnace pigtail wire to the “RH” terminal on the thermostat. Refer to Figures 20 and 21 for typical low voltage wire connections.

If you have separate furnace and air conditioner with separate transformers and your thermostat does not have the “RC” and “RH” terminals it is recommended that you purchase a new thermostat. If the furnace and air conditioner are both connected to the thermostat “R” terminal it can cause transformer burnout or it can cause either the furnace or air conditioner control system to go into lockout.

Separate Heating and Cooling Units, Separate Thermostats
If the heating/cooling system in your house is a central heating and cooling system using the furnace transformer but the furnace and the cooling unit are controlled by separate thermostats then the use of a thermostat interlock switch is required in order to prevent the furnace and the air conditioner from operating at the same time. Refer to Figures 18 and 19.

Do not locate thermostat within three feet of any of the following items:
1. Furnace supply air registers
2. Cooling unit supply air registers
3. Lights or heat lamps
4. Aquariums
5. Televisions, stereo, amplifiers, surround sound systems
6. Stoves or any cooking appliance
7. Refrigerator
8. Washer and/or dryer
9. Hot water tank
10. Sink or near any hot water
11. Within 15 feet of any electric space heater
12. Within two feet of any sunlight

![Figure 18: Separate Thermostats; Separate Furnace and Cooling Unit](image1)

![Figure 19: Separate Thermostats; Separate Transformers, Separate Furnace and Cooling Unit](image2)

When using separate thermostats a thermostat interlock system must be provided to prevent simultaneous operation of the furnace and air conditioner. Simultaneous operation can result in equipment overheating, equipment damage, and wasted energy.

**Do Not** connect the Yellow wire to the thermostat unless an outdoor unit is installed.
Figure 20: Same Thermostat; Separate Furnace and Heat Pump Unit with separate transformers

Figure 21: Same Thermostat; Separate Furnace and Cooling Unit with separate transformers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wire Color</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Letter Code</th>
<th>Furnace Pig Tail Wire Connection</th>
<th>Thermostat Connection</th>
<th>Condenser Connections</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RED</td>
<td>24 VAC</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WHITE</td>
<td>Heat (1st Stage Heat)</td>
<td>W</td>
<td>White</td>
<td>W or W1</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GREEN</td>
<td>Indoor Fan</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>Green</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YELLOW</td>
<td>Cooling - Stage 1</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>Y or Y1</td>
<td>Y or Y1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BROWN</td>
<td>24 VAC Common</td>
<td>BRN</td>
<td>Brown</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Single stage thermostat on two stage models must connect white (W1) pigtail wire and black (W2) pigtail wire together in low voltage box with W wire from the thermostat.

Table 10: Recommended Heating / Cooling Thermostat Wire Color Codes and Connections.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wire Color</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Letter Code</th>
<th>Furnace Pig Tail Wire Connection</th>
<th>Thermostat Connection</th>
<th>Condenser Connections</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RED</td>
<td>24 VAC</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>Red</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WHITE</td>
<td>Heat (1st Stage Heat)</td>
<td>W</td>
<td>White</td>
<td>E</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>GREEN</td>
<td>Indoor Fan</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>Green</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YELLOW</td>
<td>Cooling - Stage 1</td>
<td>Y</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>Y or Y1</td>
<td>Y or Y1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BLACK</td>
<td>Heat (Optional 2nd Stage Heat)</td>
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<td>Black</td>
<td>W2</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>ORANGE</td>
<td>Heat Pump Reversing Valve Solenoid</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BLUE</td>
<td>Cooling - (Optional 2nd Stage Cooling)</td>
<td>BLU</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Y2</td>
<td>Y2</td>
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</table>

Table 11: Recommended Heating / Cooling / Heat Pump Thermostat Wire Color Codes and Connections.

Typical Heating/Cooling Thermostat Wiring Connections
1. Remove lower access door.
2. Remove the control box cover.
3. Install a grommet in the 3/8” hole on the right side of the furnace casing to protect the thermostat wire cable.
4. Strip 1/2” of the insulation on the end of each wire.
5. Insert the wire cable from the thermostat through the grommet in the right side of the casing, thru the 3/8” strain relief in the control box and place the thermostat wire cable next to the low voltage pigtails.
6. Connect the Red (24 VAC) supply thermostat wire to the Red low voltage pigtail wire and secure with a wire nut.
7. Connect the White (First stage heating) thermostat wire to the White low voltage pigtail wire and secure with a wire nut.
8. Connect the Green (Indoor fan) thermostat wire to the Green low voltage pigtail wire and secure with a wire nut.
9. Connect the Yellow (Air conditioning) wire from the thermostat with the Yellow low voltage pigtail wire on the furnace and with the Red wire from the compressor.
contactor on the condenser unit. Fasten the three wires together securely with a wire nut.

10. Connect the Brown (24 VAC Common) wire from the thermostat with the Brown low voltage pigtail wire on the furnace and with the Brown (Common) wire from the compressor contactor on the outdoor unit. Fasten the three wires together securely with a wire nut.

11. Connect the Black (2nd stage heating) thermostat wire to the black low voltage pigtail wire and secure with a wire nut.

12. If a two stage outdoor unit is used then connect the “W2” wire from the outdoor unit to the black wires discussed in step 11 and secure with a wire nut.

NOTE: If single stage thermostat is used on a two stage furnace connect the black and white furnace pigtail wires and the white thermostat wire together; then, secure all three wires with a wire nut. Refer to Figure 22.

![Figure 22: Typical Connections for a Single Stage Heating/Cooling Digital Thermostat with Two Stage Furnace](image)

![Figure 23: Typical Two Stage Heating/Cooling Digital Thermostat Connections](image)

Typical Heat Pump - Heating/Cooling Thermostat Wiring Connections

1. Remove the lower access panel.
2. Remove the control box cover.
3. Install a grommet in the 3/8" dia hole on the right side of the furnace casing to protect the thermostat wire cable.
4. Strip ½" of the insulation on the end of each wire.
5. Insert the wire cable from the thermostat through the grommet in the right side of the casing, thru the 3/8" grommet in the control box and place the thermostat wire cable next to the low voltage pigtails.
6. Connect the Red (24 VAC) supply wire from the thermostat to the Red low voltage pigtail wire on the furnace and with the Red wire from the “R” terminal on the outdoor unit. Fasten the three wires together securely with a wire nut.
7. Connect the White (first stage heating) wire from the thermostat to the White low voltage pigtail wire on the furnace and the White wire from the “E” terminal on the outdoor unit. Fasten the three wires together securely with a wire nut.
8. Connect the Green (indoor fan) wire from the thermostat to the Green low voltage pigtail wire on the furnace and securely fasten the two wires together with a wire nut.
9. Connect the Red wire from the “Y” terminal on the outdoor unit. Fasten the three wires together securely with a wire nut.
10. Connect the (24 VAC Common) wire from the thermostat with the Brown low voltage pigtail wire on the furnace and with the Brown (Common) wire from the “C” terminal on the outdoor unit. Fasten the three wires together securely with a wire nut.
11. Connect the Orange (Reversing Valve Solenoid) wire from the thermostat with the Orange wire from the “O” terminal on the condenser unit. Fasten the two wires together securely with a wire nut.
12. Connect the Black (2nd stage heating) thermostat wire to the black low voltage pigtail wire and secure with a wire nut.
13. If a two stage outdoor unit is used then connect the “W2” wire from the outdoor unit to the black wires discussed in step 12 and secure with a wire nut. Refer to Figure 24.

NOTE: If single stage thermostat is used on a two stage furnace connect the black and the white furnace pigtail wires and the white thermostat wire together; then, secure all three wires with a wire nut.

![Figure 24: Typical Heat Pump / Heating / Cooling Connections](image)
SECTION VIII: MOTOR, BLOWER AND
FURNACE STARTUP SECTION

To avoid personal injury or property damage, make certain that the motor leads cannot come into contact with non-insulated metal components of the unit.

Selecting the X-13 Blower Speed
This furnace uses the new X-13 high efficiency motor. This motor operates on 240 VAC. The motor speed tap are 24 VAC, 0.03 amps, 60 Hz, 1 PH. The speed taps can be changed by removing the black wire from the isolation relay terminal #4 or the red wire from the isolation relay terminal #6 and connecting either the blue, orange, or purple wire to the terminal. Table 12 shows the X-13 motor lead connection labeling and the connection definitions.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Terminal</th>
<th>Connection</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Speed Tap Common - 24 VAC Common</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L</td>
<td>Supply Voltage to Motor - 240 VAC Line 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td>Ground Connection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N</td>
<td>Supply Voltage to Motor - 240 VAC Line 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Low Speed Tap - 24 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Med-Low Speed Tap - 24 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Medium Speed Tap - 24 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Med-High Speed Tap - 24 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>High Speed Tap - 24 VAC</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 12: X-13 Motor Terminal Connections

Total 24 VAC circuit amps are 0.14 amps.

Change Motor Speeds
1. Turn off all electrical supply circuits to the furnace at the main service (House Circuit Breaker) panel.
2. Remove furnace front door and switch furnace circuit breaker(s) to “OFF”.
3. Disconnect the plastic wire plug that has the wires that go to the motor terminals from the right side of the control box.
4. Remove the screw on the right side of the blower mounting plate.
5. Slide the blower out of the blower compartment and set on the floor.
6. Remove the wires from the terminals. Be sure to write down the motor terminal identifier and wire color so the wires do not get mistakenly placed on the wrong terminals.
7. Remove the blower motor from the mounting bracket by removing the screws on the sides of the blower that secure the blower to the bracket.
8. Insert the new blower motor into the blower mounting bracket and insert the screws.
9. Connect the wires to the same terminals on this motor that they were connected to on the motor that was removed.
10. Slide the blower assembly into the blower deck and insert the screw on the right side of the mounting bracket.
11. Connect the pin plug to the mating pin plug on the right side of the control box.
12. Switch the circuit breakers to ON and replace furnace front door.
13. Turn on all electrical supply circuits to the furnace at the main service (House Circuit Breaker) panel.
14. Set the thermostat to the desired temperature.
SECTION IX: FINAL SYSTEM CHECKOUT

1. Refer to appropriate wiring diagram and recheck all wiring connections. Ensure that all wiring connections are tight.
2. Check blower motor connectors for proper connection.
3. If the control box cover is removed; reinstall control box cover.
4. Switch circuit breaker(s) to “ON” position.
5. Switch the furnace circuit breakers in the main service (House Circuit Breaker) panel to the ON position.
6. Set the blower selector switch to the ON position and check all of the duct connections for air leaks. Seal any leaks found.
7. Set the blower selector switch to the AUTO position.
8. Set the thermostat above the room temperature to check for proper operation of the electric heaters.
9. Set the thermostat to the desired temperature.

Thermostat Heat Anticipator

Some thermostats have a heat anticipator setting that must be set to the settings shown below in order to function correctly. If the heat anticipator setting is too low the furnace will short cycle. If the heat anticipator setting is too high the furnace will run long cycles thus causing the temperature to overrun the temperature setting. This will cause the home owner to feel hot by the time the blower completes its cycle; then cold, by the time the furnace cycles on again.

The heat anticipator should be set to the following settings. For 5kW, 8kW, 10kW, 12kW 15kW and 20 kW Models Set at 0.4
### Factory Speed Tap Settings @ .3 ESP with Filter and Coil

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Series Model</th>
<th>Sp Tap</th>
<th>Nom-Tons</th>
<th>CFM</th>
<th>Coil Range (See Coil Face Velocity Chart Below)</th>
<th>Max kW</th>
<th>Blower Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E30A2DxxxAAA</td>
<td>Low</td>
<td>2.0-2.5</td>
<td>950</td>
<td>96-Series, 97-Series, 98-Series</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or</td>
<td>Med</td>
<td>2.5-3.0</td>
<td>1100</td>
<td></td>
<td>15</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>E30A2DxxxABB</td>
<td>High</td>
<td>3.0-3.5</td>
<td>1400</td>
<td></td>
<td>20</td>
<td>Factory Setting High</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E30B3DxxxAAA</td>
<td>T-1</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>580</td>
<td>96-Series, 97-Series, 98-Series</td>
<td>5</td>
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<tr>
<td>or</td>
<td>T-2</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>750</td>
<td></td>
<td>8</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>T-3</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>925</td>
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<td>8</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>T-4</td>
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<td>1120</td>
<td></td>
<td>10</td>
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</tr>
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<td>3.5</td>
<td>1300</td>
<td></td>
<td>12</td>
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<tr>
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<td>800</td>
<td>96-Series (Do Not use T-5 w/96-), 97-Series, 98-Series</td>
<td>12</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>or</td>
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<td>2.5</td>
<td>950</td>
<td></td>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>3.0</td>
<td>1120</td>
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<td>17</td>
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<td>T-5</td>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>1380</td>
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<td>20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E30B5DxxxAAA</td>
<td>T-1</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>1080</td>
<td>98-Series only</td>
<td>17</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>or</td>
<td>T-2</td>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>1300</td>
<td></td>
<td>20</td>
<td>Factory Setting T-3</td>
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<td>20</td>
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<tr>
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<td>T-5</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td>1680</td>
<td></td>
<td>20</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

#### Electric Furnace temperature rise (TR) can be used to determine air flow delivered. This result can then be used to determine FPM velocity across the coil face area using the chart below. Set Furnace (Isolate the Heat Pump, just operate the Furnace) to run all the heater strips and then check return air and supply air temperature. Make sure all strips are operating. The difference is the TR.

CFM = (kW x 3412) x (Voltage Correction Less Than 240V) x 1.08 / TR

Example: CFM = (15kW x 3412) x .96 x 1.08 / 56 TR

51180 x .96 x 1.08 / 56 = 948 CFM

#### WARNING

Exceeding these nominal and/or maximum allowances may cause water blow off from the coil, which may damage furnace, void furnace warranty and limit liability from those damages.

### Coil Face Velocity Formula & Maximum Allowances when using the X-13 Motor

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Coil Models (See Note Below)</th>
<th>Max FPM</th>
<th>Note</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>96-Series</td>
<td>300</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>97-Series</td>
<td>320</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>98-Series</td>
<td>325</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Air Velocity Formula: CFM / Coil Face Area = Air FPM.

Example of Coil Complete Model # 98-8G13Y-0P.

Note: When setting up the speed tap on the E30B furnaces with the X-13 motor the coil face area must be taken into account so as not to exceed 330 Feet Per Minute of air across the coil. Anything higher will blow water off the coil and will be the responsibility of the installing contractor.

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**Table 13: X-13 Motor Factory Speed Tap Settings**

MORTEX PRODUCTS INC  FORT WORTH, TX 76106  Page 17
NOTE: IF ANY OF THE ORIGINAL WIRE SUPPLIED WITH THIS UNIT MUST BE REPLACED. IT MUST BE REPLACED WITH TYPE 105°C THERMOPLASTIC OR ITS EQUIVALENT.
NOTE: IF ANY OF THE ORIGINAL WIRE SUPPLIED WITH THIS UNIT MUST BE REPLACED. IT MUST BE REPLACED WITH TYPE 105°C THERMOPLASTIC OR ITS EQUIVALENT.
NOTE: If any of the original wire supplied with this unit must be replaced, it must be replaced with type NSC Thermostatic or its equivalent.

Figure 29: 15 kW Electric Heater Wiring Diagram with a X-13 blower motor.

Control Box

Blower Motor Terminals and Speed Taps

L1 3/16" Spade Terminal - Line 1
L2/N 3/16" Spade Terminal - Line 2
Com 3/16" Spade Terminal - 24 VAC Common
GND 1/4" Spade Terminal - Ground

T1 1/4" Spade Terminal - ST1 = Low Speed
T2 1/4" Spade Terminal - ST2 = Med-Low Speed
T3 1/4" Spade Terminal - ST3 = Medium Speed
T4 1/4" Spade Terminal - ST4 = Med-High Speed
T5 1/4" Spade Terminal - ST5 = High Speed

WIRING DIAGRAM # 61CC005
FOR THE 15 KW ELECTRIC HEATER
NOTE: IF ANY OF THE ORIGINAL WIRE SUPPLIED WITH THIS UNIT MUST BE REPLACED. IT MUST BE REPLACED WITH TYPE 105°C THERMOPLASTIC OR ITS EQUIVALENT.
NOTE: IF ANY OF THE ORIGINAL WIRE SUPPLIED WITH THIS UNIT MUST BE REPLACED, IT MUST BE REPLACED WITH TYPE 105°C THERMOPLASTIC OR ITS EQUIVALENT.

- CAUTION -
Open all disconnects before servicing this unit.

WIRING DIAGRAM # 61CC0037 FOR THE 5 KW ELECTRIC HEATER

LEGEND
L1 208/230 VAC Line 1
L2 208/230 VAC Line 2
L5 Limit Switch
MP Male Plug - 6 Pin
ST1 Low Speed Tap - PSC Blower Motors
ST2 Med Low Speed Tap - PSC Blower Motors
ST3 Medium Speed Tap - PSC Blower Motors
RVS Reversing Valve Solenoid
Field Wiring
- Factory Wiring

Factory Wiring

WIRECOLOR CODE KEY
BLK (NEIUR) Black
BLU (BLU) Blue
RED (RED) Red
YEL (YEL) Yellow
WHT (WHT) White
BRN (BRN) Brown
GN (GN) Green
OR (ORA) Orange
PRP (PRP) Purple
(VERT) (VERT) Green
(BLANC) (BLANC) White
(BLAC) (BLAC) Black
3 A Fuse
Figure 32: 8kW, 10kW, 12kW Two Stage Electric Heat Wiring Diagram with a PSC blower motor.

NOTE: IF ANY OF THE ORIGINAL WIRE SUPPLIED WITH THIS UNIT MUST BE REPLACED. IT MUST BE REPLACED WITH TYPE 105°C THERMOPLASTIC OR ITS EQUIVALENT
ELECTRIC FURNACE WIRING DIAGRAM - PSC MOTOR

NOTES:
1. ALL FIELD WIRING MUST BE PER THE FOLLOWING:
   A. National Electrical Code (NEC) and / or
   B. Canadian Electrical Code (CEC) and / or
   C. State, County, Local, Regional, or City Codes.
2. If any of the original wiring must be replaced, replace the wire with wire that has the same temperature rating of 221°F (105°C).
3. Only use copper conductors for field wiring.
4. All replacement components must be properly grounded.
5. Provide circuit breakers sized to protect the wiring from the main electrical service entrance to the circuit breakers in the unit control box.
6. Motors have an internal over-temperature protection.

- CAUTION -
Open all disconnects before servicing this unit.

Figure 34: 20kW Two Stage Electric Heat Wiring Diagram with a PSC blower motor.

LADDER DIAGRAM

 CONTROL BOX

LEGEND

BLK - Blower Motor
BMR - Blower Motor Isolation Relay
CAP - Capacitor
CB - Circuit Breaker
CC1 - COMPRESSOR CONTACTOR (Y1)
CC2 - COMPRESSOR CONTACTOR (Y2)
FP - Female Plug - 6 Pin
GND - Ground
HR - Heater Relay
IT - Transformer - 40 VA
TDR - Blower Cooling Time Delay Relay

WIRE COLOR CODE KEY

BLK - Black
BRN - Brown
GND - Green
ORN - Orange
RED - Red
BLU - Blue
WHT - White
YEL - Yellow

FOR THE 20 kW ELECTRIC HEATER

IF ANY OF THE ORIGINAL WIRE SUPPLIED WITH THIS UNIT MUST BE REPLACED, IT MUST BE REPLACED WITH THE ORIGIONAL WIRE OR ITS EQUIVALENT.

FOR THE 20 kW ELECTRIC HEATER
NOTE: IF ANY OF THE ORIGINAL WIRE SUPPLIED WITH THIS UNIT MUST BE REPLACED. IT MUST BE REPLACED WITH TYPE 105°C THERMOPLASTIC OR ITS EQUIVALENT.