FOR YOUR SAFETY *If you smell gas:*

- 1. Open windows.
- 2. DO NOT try to light any appliance.
- 3. DO NOT use electrical switches.
- 4. DO NOT use any telephone in your building.
- 5. Extinguish any open flame.
- 6. Leave the building.
- Immediately call your local gas supplier after leaving the building. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- 8. If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the Fire Department.



Keep all flammable objects, liquids and vapors the minimum required clearances to combustibles away from heater.

Some objects will catch fire or explode when placed close to heater.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, injury or property damage.



UHA-Series Tubular Unit Heaters (Standard Range) Installation, Operation & Service Manual

> Models UHA[T][X][S] 150, 175, 200, 225 250, 300, 350, 400



Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can result in death, injury or property damage. Read the Installation, Operation and Service Manual thoroughly before installing or servicing this equipment.

Installation must be done by a contractor qualified in the installation and service of gas-fired heating equipment or your gas supplier.







Energy Verified

Installer

Please take the time to read and understand these instructions prior to any installation. Installer must give a copy of this manual to the owner.

Owner

Keep this manual in a safe place in order to provide your service technician with necessary information.

Addison

7050 Overland Road Orlando, Florida 32810 Telephone: +1.407.292.4400 Fax: +1.407.290.1329

www.addison-hvac.com

POUR VOTRE SECURITE

- Si vous sentez une odeur de gaz:
 - 1. Ouvrez les fenêtres.
 - N'essayez PAS d'allumer un appareil.
 N'utilisez PAS d'interrupteurs
 - électriques.
 - N'utilisez PAS de téléphone dans votre bâtiment.
 - 5. Eteignez toute flamme nue.
 - 6. Quittez le bâtiment.
 - Après avoir quitté le bâtiment, appelez immédiatement votre fournisseur local de gaz. Suivez les instructions du fournisseur

Suivez les instructions du fournisseur de gaz.

8. Si vous ne pouvez pas joindre votre fournisseur de gaz, appelez le service d'incendie.

AVERTISSEMENT



Risque d'incendie

Garder tous les objets, liquides ou vapeurs inflammables à la distance minimale de l'unité de chauffage requise avec les matériaux combustibles.

Certains objets prendront feu ou exploseront s'ils sont placés à proximité de l'unité de chauffage.

Le non respect de ces instructions peut entraîner la mort, des blessures corporelles ou des dommages matériels.

ADDISON®

UHA-Series Aérothermes tubulaire (Gamme standard) Manuel d'installation, d'operation, et de service

Modèles UHA[T][X][S] 150, 175, 200, 225 250, 300, 350, 400



ATTENTION

L'installation, l'ajustement, l'altération, le démarrage ou l'entretien inadéquat peuvent causer la mort, des blessures ou des dégâts matériels. Lire entièrement le manuel d'installation, d'opération et d'entretien avant l'installation ou l'entretien de cet équipement.

L'installation doit être effectuée par un installateur éprouvé/contractant qualifié dans l'installation et la maintenance du système de chauffage par infrarouge activé au gaz.







Energy Verified

Installateur

Prenez le temps de lire et comprendre ces instructions avant toute installation. L'installateur doit remettre au propriétaire un exemplaire de ce manuel.

Propriétaire

Gardez ce manuel dans un endroit sûr pour fournir des informations au réparateur en cas de besoin.

Addison

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SECTION 1: HEATER SAFETY



Your Safety is Important to Us! This symbol is used throughout the manual to notify you of possible fire, electrical or burn hazards. Please pay special attention when reading and following the warnings in these sections.

Installation, service and, at a minimum, annual inspection of heater must be done by a contractor qualified in the installation and service of gas-fired heating equipment. Read this manual carefully before installation, operation or service of this equipment.

Heaters are not approved for residential installation. These instructions, the layout drawing, local codes and ordinances and applicable standards that apply to gas piping, electrical wiring, venting, etc. must be thoroughly understood before proceeding with the installation.

Protective gear is to be worn during installation, operation and service. Thin sheet metal parts have sharp edges. To prevent injury, the use of work gloves is recommended.

Before installation, check that the local distribution conditions, nature of gas and pressure and adjustment of the appliance are compatible. The heater must be applied and operated under the general concepts of resonable use and installed using the best building practices.

This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety. Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.

For additional copies of the Installation, Operation and Service Manual, please contact Addison.

1.1 Manpower Requirements

To prevent personal injury and damage to the heater, two persons will be required for installation.

1.2 Safety Labels and Their Placement

Product safety signs or labels should be replaced by the product user when they are no longer legible. Please contact Addison or your ADDISON[®] independent distributor to obtain replacement signs or labels. See Page 2, Figure 1 through Page 3, Figure 2.

1.3 California Proposition 65

In accordance with California Proposition 65 requirements, a warning label must be placed in a highly visible location on the outside of the equipment (i.e. near equipment's serial plate). See label placement drawing *on Page 2, Figure 1 through Page 3, Figure 2* for label location. Avoid placing label on areas with extreme heat, cold, corrosive chemicals or other elements. To order additional labels, please contact Addison or your ADDISON[®] independent distributor.

Figure 1: UHA[T][X][S]150 - 250 Label Placement

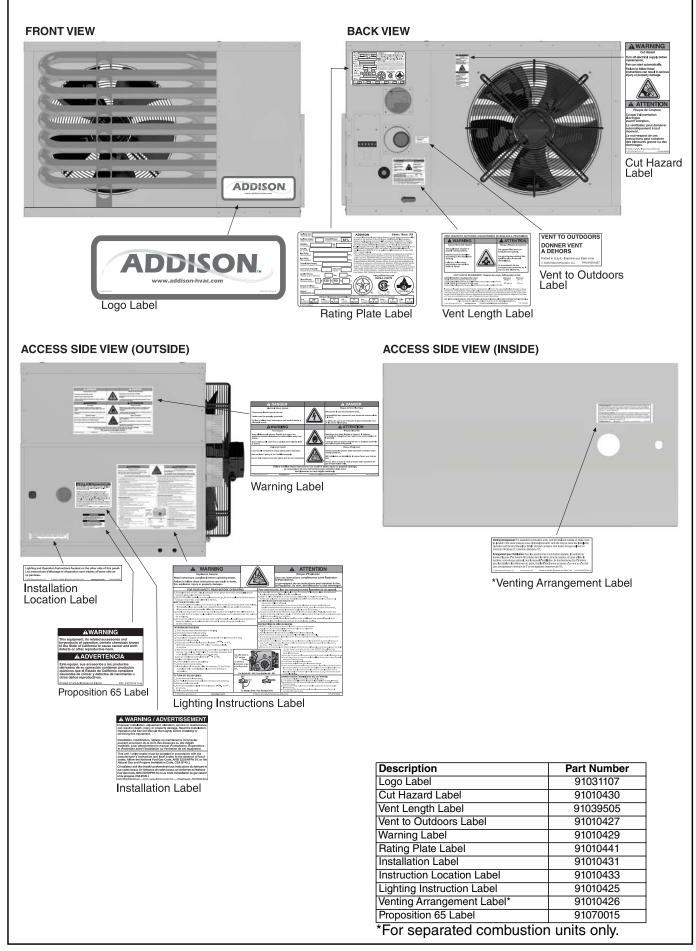
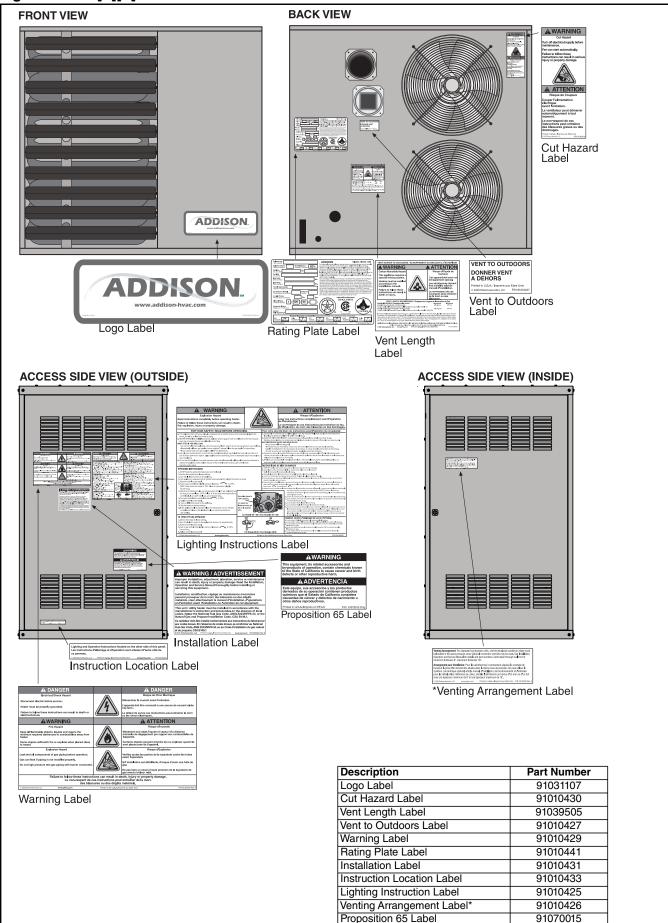


Figure 2: UHA[X][S]300 - 400 Label Placement



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*For separated combustion units only.

SECTION 2: INSTALLER RESPONSIBILITY

The installer is responsible for the following:

- To install the heater, as well as the gas and electrical supplies, in accordance with applicable specifications and codes. Addison recommends the installer contact a Local Building Inspector or Fire Marshal for guidance.
- To use the information given in a layout drawing and in the manual together with the cited codes and regulations to perform the installation.
- To install the heater in accordance with the clearances to combustibles.
- To furnish all needed materials not supplied as standard equipment.
- To plan location of supports, vents and air intakes.
- To provide access for servicing.
- To provide the owner with a copy of this Installation, Operation and Service Manual.
- To never use heater as support for a ladder or other access equipment and never hang or suspend anything from heater.
- To ensure there is adequate air circulation around the heater and to supply air for combustion, ventilation and distribution in accordance with local codes.
- To ensure that the heater is placed in an approved application.

2.1 Wall Tag

A laminated wall tag is included with the heater as a permanent reminder of the safety instructions and the importance of the required clearances to combustibles. Affix the tag by peeling off the backing of the adhesive strips on the rear surface and position the tag on a wall near the heater.

A copy of the wall tag (P/N 91040097) is illustrated on the back cover.

Know your model number. Model number is found on the heater serial plate and throughout the Installation, Operation and Service Manual.

2.2 Corrosive Chemicals





Product Damage Hazard

Do not use equipment in area containing corrosive chemicals.

Refer to appropriate Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS).

Failure to follow these instructions can result in product damage.

Addison cannot be responsible for ensuring that all appropriate safety measures are undertaken prior to installation; this is entirely the responsibility of the installer. It is essential that the contractor, the subcontractor, or the owner identifies the presence of combustible materials, corrosive chemicals or halogenated hydrocarbons* anywhere in the premises.

* Halogenated Hydrocarbons are a family of chemical compounds characterized by the presence of halogen elements (fluorine, chlorine, bromine, etc.). These compounds are frequently used in refrigerants, cleaning agents, solvents, etc. If these compounds enter the air supply of the burner, the life span of the heater components will be greatly reduced. An outside air supply must be provided to the burners whenever the presence of these compounds is suspected. Warranty will be invalid if the heater is exposed to halogenated hydrocarbons.

2.3 National Standards and Applicable Codes

All appliances must be installed in accordance with the latest revision of the applicable standards and national codes. This refers also to the electric, gas and venting installation. Note: Additional standards for installations in public garages, aircraft hangars, etc. may be applicable. *See Page 8, Section 5*.

SECTION 3: CRITICAL CONSIDERATIONS 3.1 Basic Information

UHA[T][X][S] heaters have automatic ignition burners for ON/OFF or HIGH/LOW operation only.

3.2 Manufactured Units

Gas-fired, power-vented unit heater with tubular heat exchanger. Units shall have a minimum of 82% thermal efficiency. The standard unit shall consist of a non-separated combustion design with an aluminized heat exchanger and single stage gas valve. Design and heat exchanger alternatives shall be offered as follows:

- Separated Combustion: [S] For Models 150-250, a separated combustion unit shall consist of a sealed hinged enclosure. Combustion air inlet on rear of heater allows for vent from outside heated space to be attached. For Models 300-400, a seperated combustion unit shall feature an enclosed, sealed burner box. A piece of flexible air duct connects this burner box to a flange on the cabinet. Combustion air shall be ducted from outside the heated space, with the ductwork connecting to the unit with the use of the flange.
- Stainless Steel Heat Exchanger: [X] A stainless steel heat exchanger unit shall consist of heat exchanger tubes, heat exchanger tube supports and heat exchanger tube plate produced of 409 stainless steel.

The use of stainless steel heat exchanger unit is recommended when air inlet temperatures are below 40° F (4.4° C) or temperature rise is less than 40° F (22.2° C) as condensation may form on the heat exchanger resulting in corriosion that may shorten its life.

• Two Stage Gas Valve: [T] A two-stage gas valve shall allow heater to function in HIGH/LOW operation.

3.3 Location and Suspension

All models:

- Must be installed indoors.
- Must be installed in a level position with horizontal discharge.
- May be mounted on a shelf of non-combustible material.
- May be suspended from above (See Page 10, Figure 4) or from wall brackets of sufficient strength to support the heater as listed in the

Technical Data Table on Page 57, Section 16.2 and Page 59, Section 16.5.

- Drop rods must be a minimum of 3/8" diameter mild steel. Four suspension points (3/8" nuts) are located on top of the heater.
- Must be installed in a manner which allows access to all serviceable components.

3.4 Minimum Required Installation Clearances

Clearances around the heater and vent must be as indicated *on Page 7, Figure 3* and *Page 11, Section* 7 to ensure access for servicing and correct operation.

3.5 Ventilation

It is important to ensure that there is adequate air space around the heater to supply air for combustion, ventilation and distribution in accordance with local and national codes *on Page 11, Section 7*.

3.6 Gas Supply

It is important that the gas supply pipe is sized correctly to provide the inlet pressure as stated on the heater serial plate. The gas supply pipe and electrical connections must not support any of the heater's weight. See Page 19, Section 9.

3.7 Electrical Supply

A permanent 120 V / 1 Ø / 60 Hz electrical supply is required for the main electrical power. The heater also requires suitable controls in accordance with See Page 21, Section 10.

3.8 Vent

Choose heater orientation to allow for the proper location of the vent. Each heater must be fitted with a correctly sized sealed vent system.

If vented horizontally, no other appliance may be connected to the vent. See Page 11, Section 7.

SECTION 4: CLEARANCES TO COMBUSTIBLES 4.1 Required Clearances to Combustibles



Fire Hazard

Keep all flammable objects, liquids and vapors the required clearances to combustibles away from heater.

Some objects can catch fire or explode when placed close to heater.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, injury or property damage.

Clearances are the required distances that combustible objects must be away from the heater to prevent a fire hazard. Combustibles are materials that may catch on fire and include common items such as wood, paper, rubber, fabric, etc. Maintain clearances to combustibles at all times for safety.

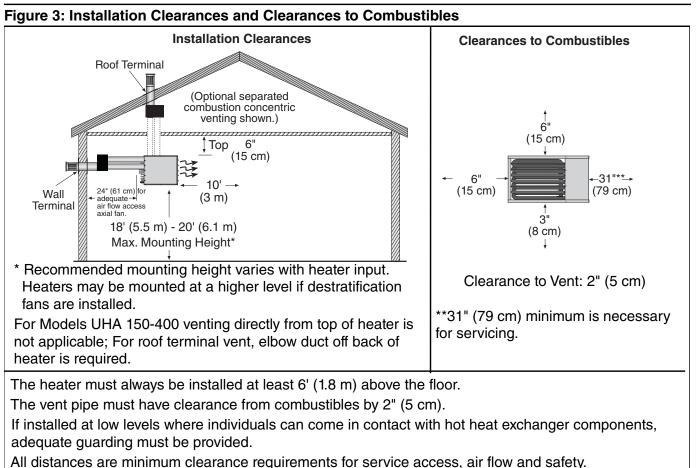
Clearances for all heater models are located on the serial plate of the heater and throughout the manual. Check the clearances on the serial plate to make sure the product is suitable for your application and the clearances are maintained. Read and follow the safety guidelines below:

- Keep gasoline or other combustible material including flammable objects, liquids, dust or vapors away from this heater or any other appliance.
- Do not spray aerosols in the vicinity of this heater.
- The stated clearances to combustibles represents a surface temperature of 90° F (50° C) above room temperature. Building materials with a low heat tolerance (such as plastics, vinyl siding, canvas, tri-ply, etc) may be subject to degradation at lower temperatures. It is the installer's and owner's responsibility to assure that adjacent materials are protected from degradation.
- Maintain clearances from heat sensitive equipment and work stations.
- Consult local Fire Marshal, Fire Insurance Carrier or other authorities for approval of proposed installation when there is a possibility of

exposure to combustible airborne materials or vapors.

4.2 Clearances to Combustibles

Clearances must be as indicated *on Page 7, Figure* 3. If clearances to combustibles are not indicated, then installation clearances apply.



SECTION 5: NATIONAL STANDARDS AND APPLICABLE CODES

5.1 Gas Codes	5.3 Parking Structures and Repair Garages
The type of gas appearing on the serial plate must be the type of gas used. Installation must comply with national and local codes and requirements of the local gas company. United States: Refer to NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 - latest revision, National Fuel Gas Code. Canada: Refer to CSA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code.	 Installation in garages must be in accordance with the following codes: United States: Standard for Parking Structures NFPA 88A - latest revision or the Code for Motor Fuel Dispensing Facilities and Repair Garages, NFPA 30A - latest revision. Canada: Refer to CSA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code. In accordance with the Standard for Parking Structures NFPA 88A, heaters must be located a minimum of 18" (46 cm) below the floor-ceiling
Installation in aircraft hangars must be in	assembly or 18" (46 cm) above the floor.
accordance with the following codes: United States: Refer to Standard for Aircraft Hangars, NFPA 409 - latest revision.	 In accordance with the Code for Motor Fuel Dispensing Facilities and Repair Garages, NFPA 30A - latest revision, heaters must not be installed less than 8' (2.4 m) above the floor.
Canada: Refer to Standard CSA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code.	
 In aircraft storage and servicing areas, heaters shall be installed at least 10' (3 m) above the upper surface of wings or of engine enclosures of the highest aircraft which may be housed in the hangar. The measurement shall be made from the wing or engine enclosure (whichever is higher from the floor) to the bottom of the heater. In shops, offices and other sections of aircraft hangars communicating with aircraft storage or servicing areas, heaters shall be installed not less than 8' (2.4 m) above the floor. 	 5.4 Electrical The heater must be electrically grounded in accordance with the following codes: United States: Refer to National Electrical Code[®], NFPA 70 - latest revision. Wiring must conform to the most current National Electrical Code[®], local ordinances and any special diagrams furnished. Canada: Refer to Canadian Electrical Code, CSA C22.1 Part 1 - latest revision.
 Suspended or elevated heaters shall be so located in all spaces of aircraft hangars that they shall not be subject to injury by aircraft, cranes, movable scaffolding or other objects. Provisions shall be made to assure accessibility to suspended heaters for recurrent maintenance 	5.5 Venting
	The venting must be installed in accordance with the requirements within this manual and the following codes:
purposes.	United States: Refer to NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 - latest revision, National Fuel Gas Code.
	Canada: Refer to CSA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code.

5.6 High Altitude

These heaters are approved (without modifications) for installations up to 2000' (610 m) in US and Canada. Heaters installed above 2000' (610 m) must be de-rated. For installations above 2000' (610 m) in US, consult factory for information on burner de-rating. For installations from 2000' (610 m) to 4500' (1370m) in Canada, high altitude conversion kits are available. Heaters installed over 4500' (1370 m) in Canada are not approved and must be approved by the local or provincial authority.

SECTION 6: HEATER INSTALLATION

6.1 General

Heaters are designed for installation above 6' (1.8 m). These heaters must be installed within the heated space. Duct delivery systems are not permitted with axial fan units. When handling or supporting the heater from below, ensure that the weight is taken at the support points.

The gas or electrical supply lines must not be used to support the heater.

Do not locate the gas or electrical supply lines directly over the path of the flue products from the heater.

The heater must be installed in a location that is readily accessible for servicing.

The heater must be installed in accordance with clearances to combustibles as indicated on the wall tag and in this manual.

6.2 Suspension



For typical suspension, See Page 10, Figure 4.

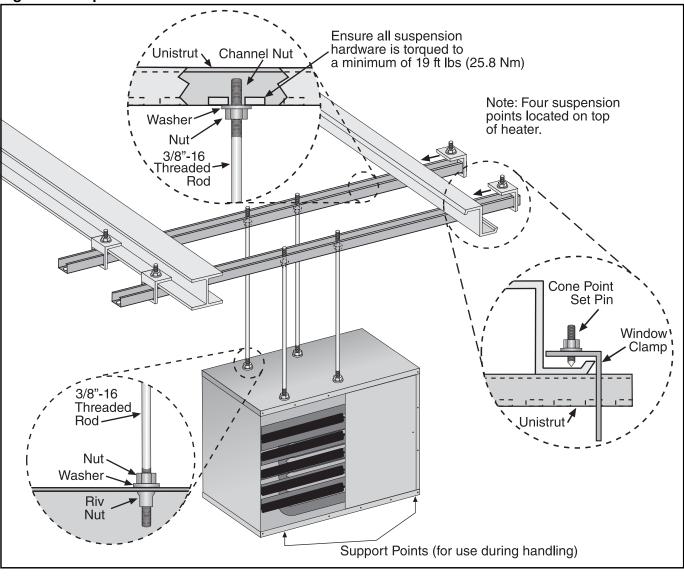


Figure 4: Suspension Methods

SECTION 7: VENTING

	Carbon Monoxide Hazard	
	Heaters may be installed vented or unvented.	
	Vented heaters must be vented outdoors.	
	Unvented heaters must be installed according to the installation manual.	
	Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or injury.	

7.1 Venting

This heater must be vented in accordance with the rules contained in this manual and with the following national codes and any state, provincial or local codes which may apply: **United States:** Refer to NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 - latest revision, National Fuel Gas Code; **Canada:** Refer to CSA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code. Any portion of vent pipe passing through a combustible wall must have a listed thimble to conform with the above codes.

The heater may be installed unvented in certain circumstances according to building ventilation codes. Refer to the above codes and *Page 12, Section 7.3* for further information. Unvented operation also requires compliance with the clearances to combustibles given *on Page 7, Figure 3*.

The bottom of the vent or air intake terminal shall not be located less than 1' (.3 m) above grade level.

The vent shall not terminate less than 7' (2.1 m) above grade where located adjacent to public walkways.

Vent terminal must be installed at a height sufficient to prevent blockage by snow and building materials protected from degradation by flue gasses.

Vent terminal must be beyond any combustible overhang.

Secure all joints with corrosion resistant #8 x 3/8" sheet metal screws.

For single wall venting, pressure sensitive aluminum tape or silicone sealant must be used to seal all joints.

Aluminum tape shall have a minimum temperature rating of 400° F (204° C) and meet SMACNA AFTS-

100-73 standards. High temperature silicone sealant must have a minimum temperature rating of 480° F (250° C).

7.1.1 United States Requirements

Vent must terminate at least 3' (.9 m) above any forced air inlet located within 10' (3.1 m).

Vent must terminate at least 4' (1.2 m) below, 4' (1.2 m) horizontally from, or 1' (.3 m) above any door, operable window, or gravity air inlet into any building.

NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 - latest revision, National Fuel Gas Code specifies a 4' (1.2 m) horizontal vent terminal clearance from gas and electric meters, regulators and relief equipment.

7.1.2 Canadian Requirements

The vent shall not terminate within 6' (1.8 m) of a mechanical air supply inlet to any building.

The vent shall not terminate within 3' (.9 m) of a window or door that can be opened in any building, any non-mechanical air supply inlet to any building, or of the combustion air inlet of any other appliance.

7.2 Vent Installation

Maintain clearances to combustibles at all times for safety. Clearances are the required distances that combustible objects must be away from the heater to prevent serious fire hazard. See Page 7, Figure 3. For vented units, the vent must terminate outside of the building.

Vents must be fully sealed and correctly sized for the model. If the vent passes through a wall or ceiling of combustible material, it must be enclosed by a listed thimble and be separated from the thimble by at least a 2" (5 cm) air gap.

For separated combustion models, vents and air intakes must be a fully sealed system and correctly sized for the model. Vent should be assembled as detailed *on Page 13, Figure 5 through Page 17, Figure 10.* The joints between the vent terminal and the roof or wall must be properly sealed. If the vent passes through a wall or ceiling of combustible material, it must be enclosed by a listed thimble and be separated from the thimble by at least a 2" (5 cm) air gap.

Vents and air intakes must be adequately supported so that the heater does not bear the weight of the pipes.

For vent termination See Page 13, Figure 5 through Page 17, Figure 10.

7.2.1 Standard Vented Heaters (Models UHA[T][X] 150-250 and Models UHA[X] 300-400)

The vent must be fitted with a low resistance terminal. See Page 13, Figure 5 through Page 15, Figure 7. Standard vented heaters do not allow outdoor air intake for combustion air.

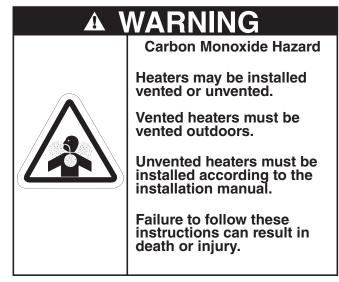
7.2.2 Separated Combustion Heaters (Models UHA[T][X]S 150-250 and Models UHA[X]S 300-400)

The heaters are designed to be installed as separated combustion heaters. The vent and air intake are run as separate pipes to the wall or roof terminals. *See Page 16, Figure 8.* As an option, the vent and air intake are run as separate pipes to a concentric vent box and a concentric vent/air intake pipe penetrates the wall or roof. *See Page 16, Figure 9 and Page 17, Figure 10.*

For separated combustion installation, the vent and air intake must be fitted with an individual and correctly sized sealed system and the vent and air intake must terminate at approved wall and roof terminals.

Separated combustion units may not be common vented.

7.3 Unvented Operation



This heater is not approved to be installed in residential buildings.

For unvented operation in commercial installations, sufficient ventilation must be provided in the amount of 4 cfm per 1000 Btu/h firing rate (United States); 3 cfm per 1000 Btu/h firing rate (Canada).

7.4 Horizontal Venting

Horizontally vented heaters must be individually vented, no common venting.

Vent pipe must be sloped $\frac{1}{4}$ " (.6 cm) for every 1' (.3 m).

In noncombustible walls only, vent terminal (P/N 02537801-1P) may be used.

For 4" (10 cm) vents in either combustible or noncombustible walls, use vent terminal (P/N 90502100) or equivalent insulated vent terminal. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for proper installation.

Instead of an insulated vent terminal, a listed thimble with 2" (5 cm) air gap, may be used with a 4" (10 cm) vent cap (P/N 90502102).

7.5 Vertical Venting

Vertically vented standard vented heaters can be common vented (up to 4 heaters).

Vent pipe must be sloped 1/4" (.6 cm) for every 1' (.3 m).

For 4" (10 cm) common vent, an approved vent cap (P/N 90502102) must be used.

For 6" (15 cm) common vent, an approved vent cap (P/N 90502103) must be used.

For common vertical venting of more than two heaters, See Page 15, Figure 7.

A vent shall not extend less than 2' (.6m) above the highest point where it passes through a flat roof of a building.

7.6 Maximum Vent Lengths Table

Model UHA[T][X][S]150-250 UHA[X][S]300-400	# of Elbows
30 ft (9.1 m)	1
25 ft (7.6 m)	2
20 ft (6.1 m)	3
15 ft (4.5 m)	4
10 ft (3.0 m)	5

7.7 Vent Material

Vent material may be single wall 26 ga. (minimum) galvanized steel or equal thickness stainless steel. Completely seal all joints, refer to *Page 11, Section 7.2*.

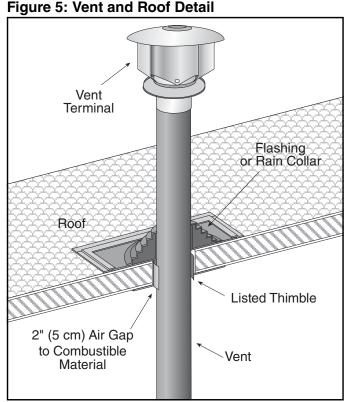
If penetrating a combustible wall or roof, a listed thimble with 2" (5 cm) clearance must be used. Where local codes permit, a single section of type B-1 vent material may be used at the roof or wall penetration instead of a thimble. Ensure vent manufacturer's clearance from vent material is maintained. Seal annular space of the type B-1 vent as well as all joints in the remaining vent.

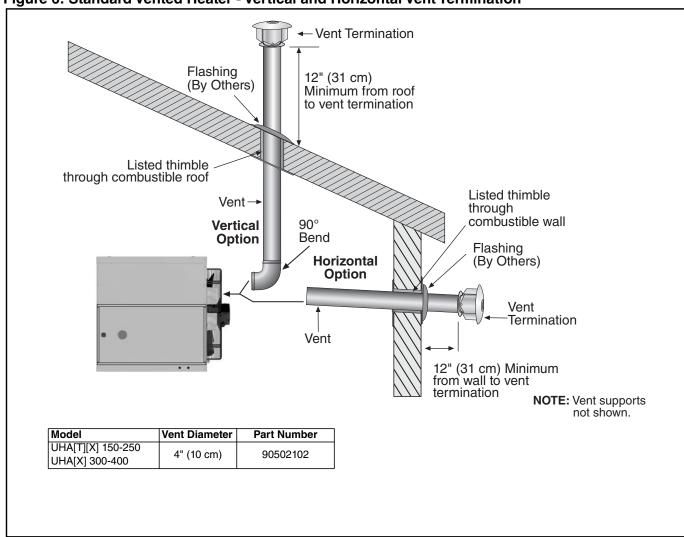
7.8 Replacing an Existing Heater in a Venting System

When replacing an existing heater in a venting system, the venting system may not be properly sized to vent the new heater. The following steps must be followed with each appliance connected to the venting system placed in operation, while any other appliances connected to the venting system are not in operation.

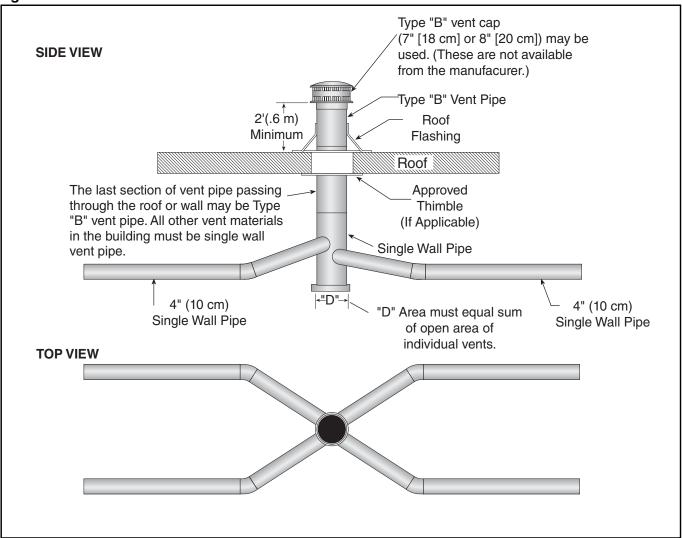
- 1. Seal any unused openings in the venting system.
- Inspect the venting system for proper size and horizontal pitch, as required by the NFPA 54/ ANSI Z223.1 - latest revision, National Fuel Gas Code (US) or Standard CSA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code (Canada) and these instructions. Determine that there is no blockage or restriction, leakage, corrosion and other deficiencies which could cause an unsafe condition.
- Close all building doors and windows and all doors between the space in which the appliance(s) connected to the venting system are located and other spaces of the building. Turn on clothes dryers and any exhaust fans, such as range hoods and bathroom exhausts so that they shall operate at maximum speed. Do not operate a summer exhaust fan. Close fireplace dampers.
- 4. Follow the lighting instructions. Place the appliance being inspected in operation. Adjust thermostat so that the appliance will operate continuously.
- 5. For any appliance having a draft hood, test for draft hood appliance spillage at the draft hood relief opening after five minutes of main burner operation. Use the flame of a match or candle.
- 6. After it has been determined that each appliance connected to the venting system properly vents when tested as outlined above, return doors, windows, exhaust fans, fireplace dampers and any other gas-burning appliances to their previous conditions of use.
- 7. If improper venting is observed during any of the above tests, the venting system must be corrected by a contractor qualified in the installation and service of gas-fired equipment or your local gas supplier. If the venting must be resized, use appropriate tables in (US) Appendix G of NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 - latest revision, National Fuel Gas Code (US) or

Standard CSA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code (Canada) to determine minimum size. All vent corrections must be in accordance with the appropriate local codes and the NFPA 54/ANSI Z223.1 latest revision, National Fuel Gas Code (US) or Standard CSA B149.1 Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code (Canada).









Requirements:

- Maximum of four heaters can be commonly vented through the roof.
- Heaters must be of the same BTU output.
- Heaters must be controlled by a common thermostat.
- Connections to a common stack must be positioned to avoid direct opposition between streams of combustion gases.

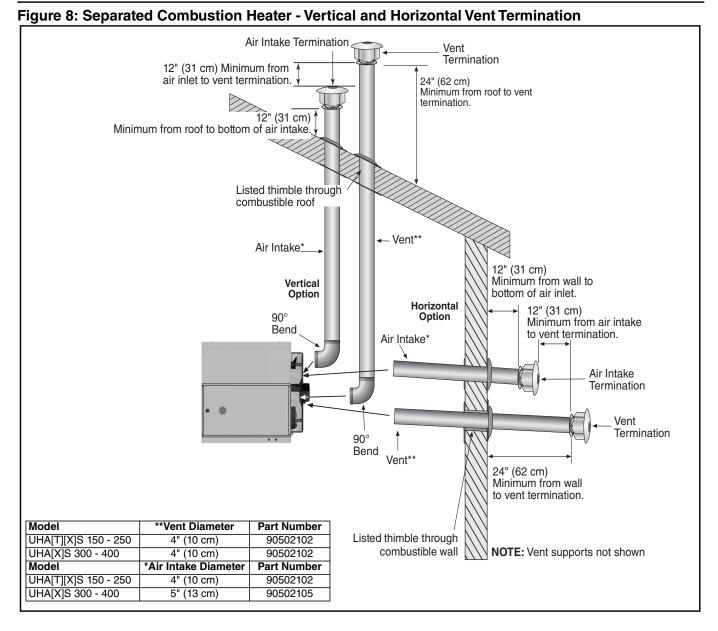


Figure 9: Concentric Vent Box

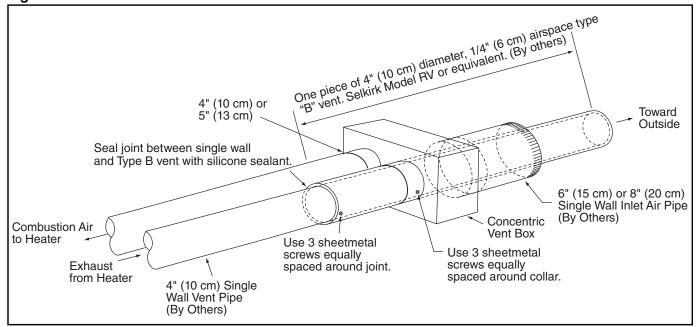
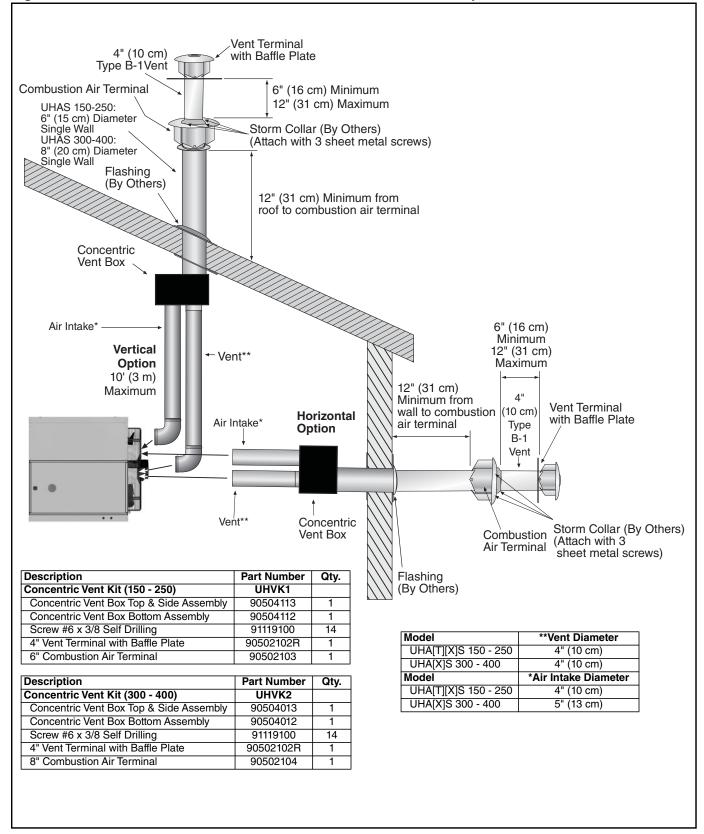


Figure 10: Concentric Vertical and Horizontal Vent Termination - Separated Combustion Heater





8.1 Separated Combustion Installation

When installed as a separated combustion heater (UHA[T][X]S), the air for combustion is drawn in from outside the building. It is important to ensure that there is adequate space around heater to provide air for the axial air distribution fan.

8.2 Unvented Installation

It is important to ensure that there is adequate fresh air supply at all times for both combustion and heating requirements in accordance with local and national codes.

8.3 Building Ventilation

Where ventilation is required, air must be taken from an outside point where it is not likely to be contaminated or obstructed.

8.4 Outside Combustion Air Supply

If outside combustion air supply is required, separated combustion model (UHA[T][X]S) heaters must be used.

Caution: If the building has a slight negative pressure or corrosive contaminants such as halogenated hydrocarbons are present in the air, an outside combustion air supply to the heater is required. Seal all combustion air pipe joints. For models 300-400, the flexible air duct may be insulated to prevent condensation on the outer surface. The outside air terminal must not be more than 1' (31 cm) above the vent terminal.

8.4.1 Length Requirements

Follow the constraints listed on Page 12, Section 7.6.

SECTION 9: GAS PIPING



Fire Hazard

Connect gas supply according to Figure 11.

Do not use gas supply pipe and electrical connections to support the heater's weight.

Gas can leak if not installed properly.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, injury or property damage.

AWARNING



Explosion Hazard

Leak test all components of gas piping before operation.

Gas can leak if piping is not installed properly.

Do not high pressure test gas piping with heater connected.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, injury or property damage.

A gas meter is connected to the service pipe by the gas supply company. An existing meter should be checked, preferably by the company, to ensure that the meter is adequate for the rate of gas supply required.

Installation pipes must be fitted in accordance with local and national codes. Pipes of smaller size than the heater inlet gas connection should not be used.

Gas lines must meet applicable codes:

United States: Flexible stainless steel gas hose (US models) is certified per the standard for connectors for gas appliances, ANSI Z21.21/CSA 6.10 - latest revision.

Canada: Rubber type 1 gas hose (Canadian models) is certified as being in compliance with the standard for elastomeric composite hose and hose couplings for conducting propane and natural gas, CAN/CGA 8.1 - latest revision.

9.1 Connections

Connect the heater to the gas supply ensuring that the final connections are as follows:

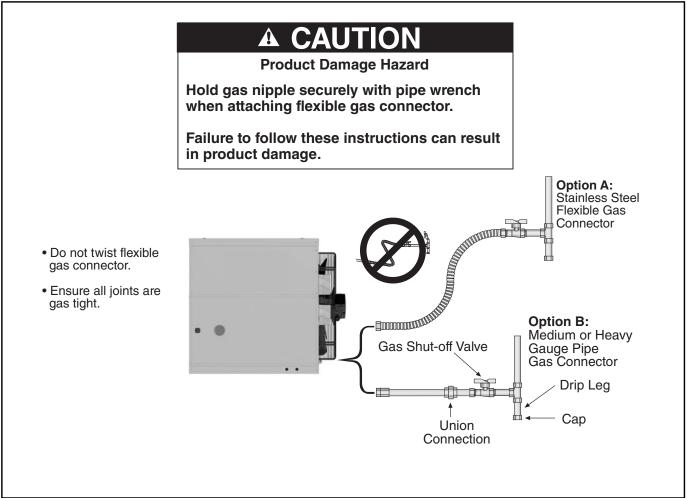
- Gas supply pipe work is run in medium or heavy gauge tubing in compliance with local and national codes.
- Meter and service must be large enough to handle all the burners being installed plus any other connected load. The gas pipe which feeds the system must be large enough to supply the required gas with a maximum pressure drop of 1/2 in wc. When gas piping is not included in the layout drawing, contact the local gas supplier.
- An isolating valve and union connection should be used and fitted into the supply adjacent to the heater.
- A minimum 1/8" NPT plugged tapping accessible for test connection must be installed immediately upstream of the gas supply connection to the heater.
- For suspended heaters, an approved metal flexible connection between the isolating valve and the heater may be used. To reduce pressure loss, use one pipe size larger than the heater gas connection.

IMPORTANT - The complete installation must be purged and tested for gas soundness in accordance with local and national codes.

Caution: Do not high pressure (in excess of 1/2 psi [14 in wc]) test the gas piping with the burner connected. Close manual shut-off valve during any pressure testing equal to less than 1/2 psi (14 in wc).

Check the pipe and tubing ends for leaks before placing heating equipment into service. When checking for gas leaks, use a soap and water solution; never use an open flame.

Figure 11: Gas Connection



SECTION 10: WIRING

A DANGER

Electrical Shock Hazard

Disconnect electric before service.

More than one disconnect switch may be required to disconnect electric from equipment.

Equipment must be properly grounded.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or electrical shock.

All heater models require constant 120 V / 1Ø / 60 Hz power supply. Check heater serial plate for electrical rating for proper circuit sizing. For servicing, a disconnect switch of proper electrical rating should be installed in the vicinity of the heater. All heaters are equipped with thermostat connections suitable to power a 24 V thermostat. Heater must be wired and electrically grounded in accordance with local codes. In the absence of local codes in accordance with: United States: refer to National Electrical Code[®] NFPA 70 - latest revision Canada: refer to Canadian Electrical Code CSA C22.1 Part I - latest revision.

10.1 Positioning Thermostats

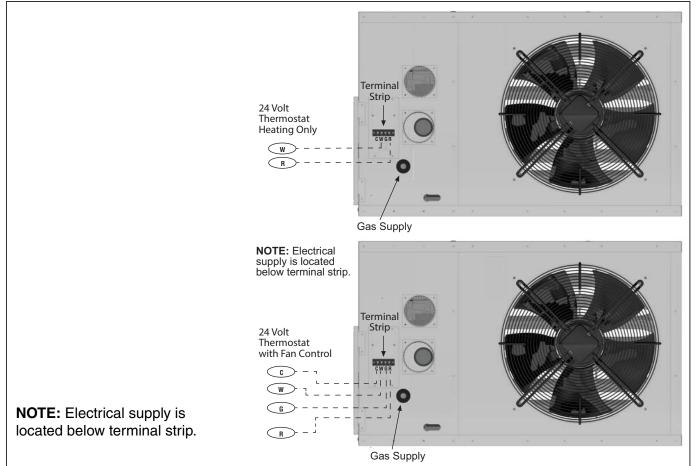
A room thermostat should be mounted on a vibration-free wall or column at a height of approximately 5' (1.5 m) from the floor to measure the ambient temperature. It should be clear of both cold drafts and the direct path of warm air from the heater.

Avoid mounting thermostat on outside walls or in areas directly exposed to radiant heat or sunlight. Install wall tag in a visible location near thermostat. See Page 4, Section 2.1 for wall tag details.

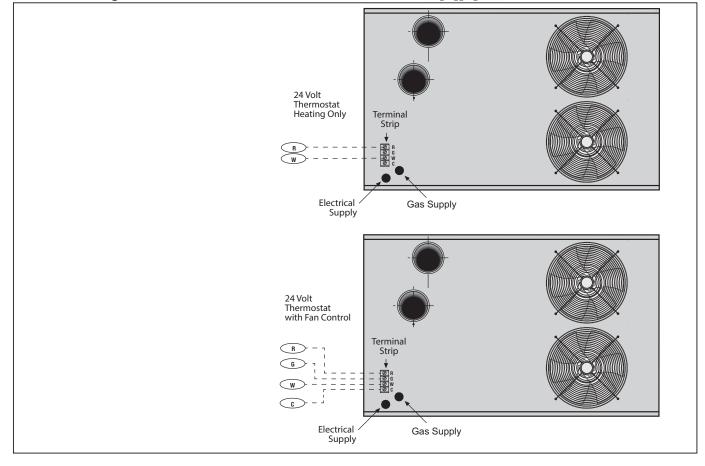
10.1.1 Fan Control

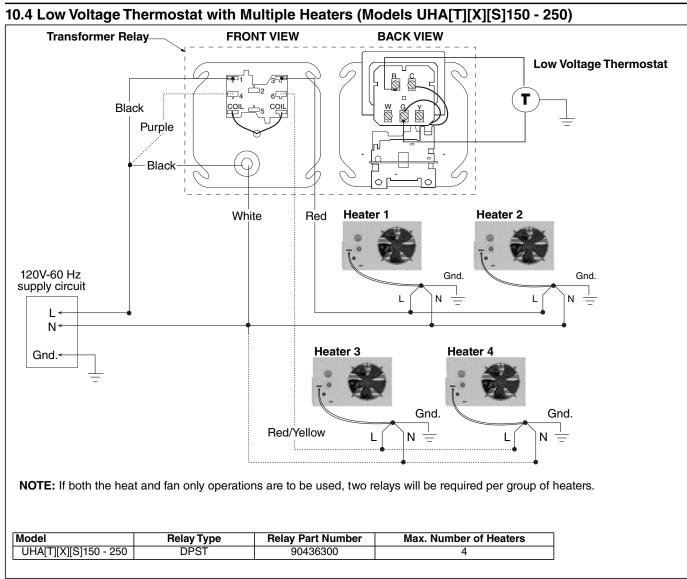
The heater's axial fan can be used during the offseason for air circulation. A low voltage programmable thermostat with fan switch (P/N 90425400) must be used. For thermostat connection details, *See Page 22, Section 10.2 and Page 22, Section 10.3.* For the use of multiple heaters on one thermostat, *See Page 23, Section 10.4 and Page 24, Section 10.5.*

10.2 Low Voltage Thermostat with One Heater for Models UHA[T][X][S] 150-250

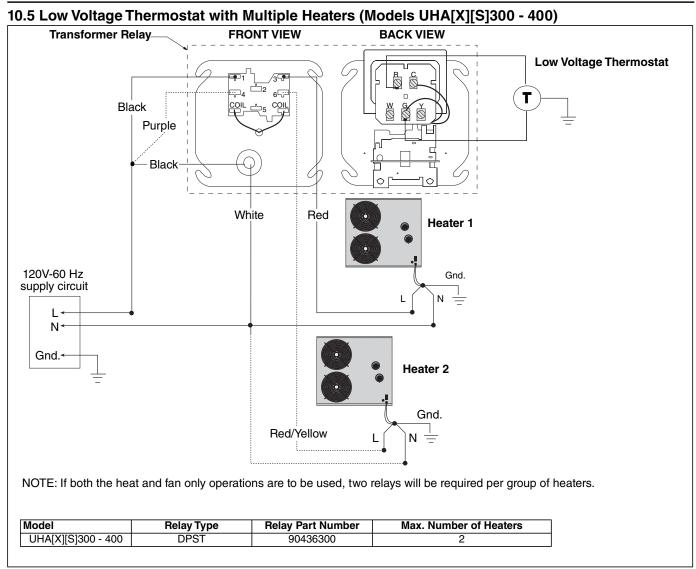


10.3 Low Voltage Thermostat with One Heater for Models UHA[X][S] 300-400

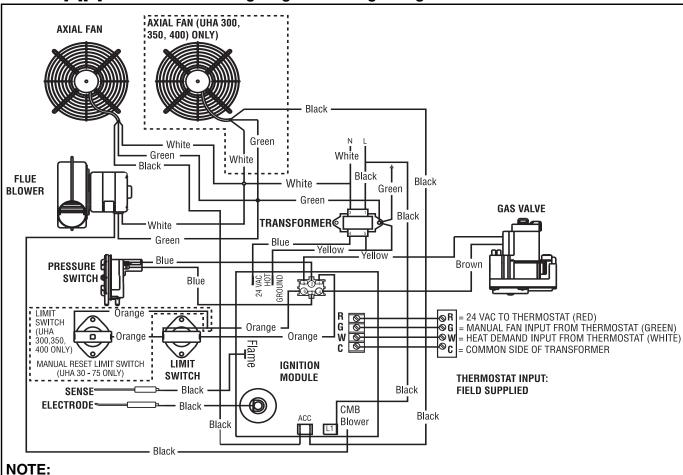




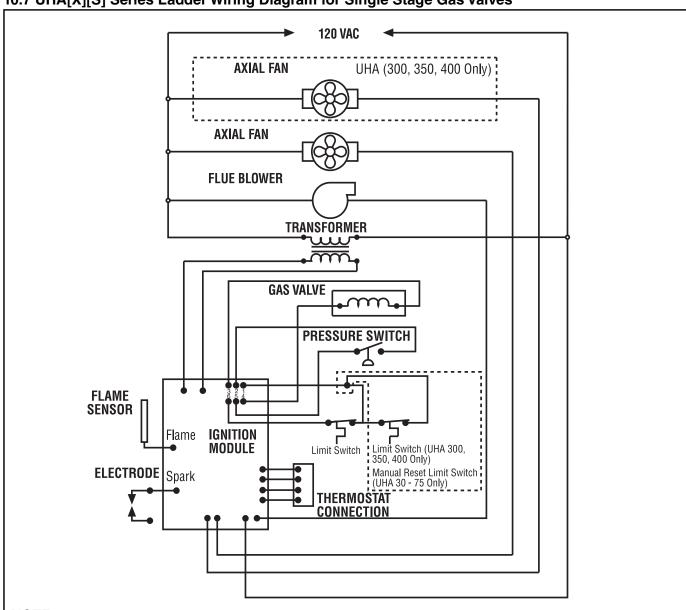
UHA STANDARD UNIT HEATER INSTALLATION OPERATION AND SERVICE MANUAL







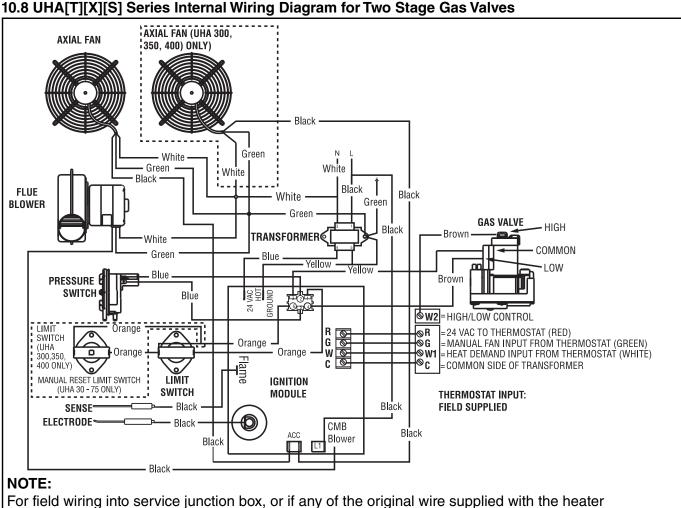
For field wiring into service junction box, or if any of the original wire supplied with the heater must be replaced, it must be replaced with wiring material having a temperature rating of at least 105° C (221° F) and 600 volts. For supply connections use No. 14 AWG or larger wires.



10.7 UHA[X][S] Series Ladder Wiring Diagram for Single Stage Gas Valves

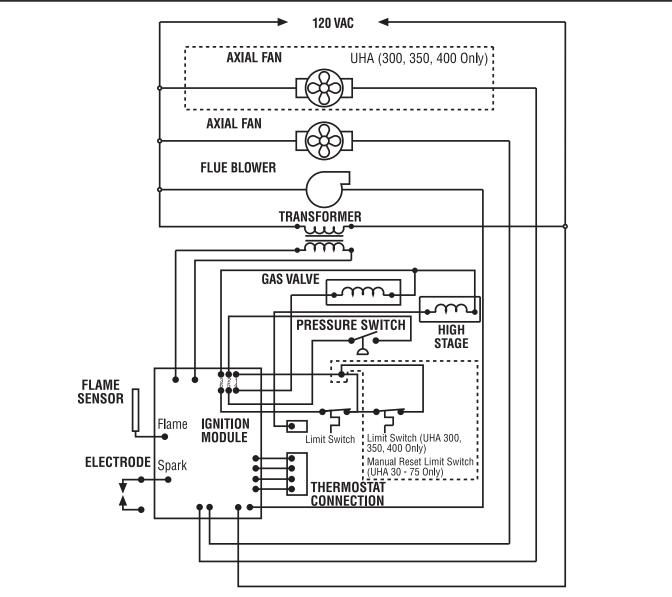
NOTE:

For field wiring into service junction box, or if any of the original wire supplied with the heater must be replaced, it must be replaced with wiring material having a temperature rating of at least 105° C (221° F) and 600 volts. For supply connections use No. 14 AWG or larger wires.



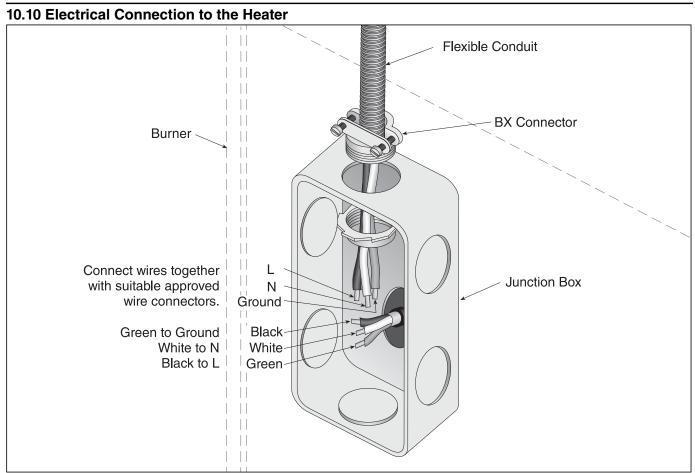
must be replaced, it must be replaced with wiring material having a temperature rating of at least 105° C (221° F) and 600 volts. For supply connections use No. 14 AWG or larger wires.

10.9 UHA[T][X][S] Series Ladder Wiring Diagram for Two Stage Gas Valves



NOTE:

For field wiring into service junction box, or if any of the original wire supplied with the heater must be replaced, it must be replaced with wiring material having a temperature rating of at least 105° C (221° F) and 600 volts. For supply connections use No. 14 AWG or larger wires.



Note: Junction box is not provided with heater.

Conduit can also be attached directly to heater with wire junction made within the heater cabinet.

SECTION 11: OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

A DANGER				
Electrical Shock Hazard	Explosion Hazard	Burn Hazard	Cut/Pinch Hazard	
Disconnect electric before service. Heater must be	Turn off gas supply to heater before service.	Allow heater to cool before service. Tubing may still be hot	Wear protective gear during installation, operation and service.	
connected to a properly grounded electrical source. Failure to follow these ins	structions can result in c	after operation.	Edges are sharp. Iry or property damage.	

Read this manual carefully before installation, operation, or service of this equipment. All components are accessed via the hinged door. Opening the door exposes live electrical connections and hot components.

A WARNING

Turn off gas and electrical supply before service.

Fan can start automatically at any time.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in severe injury or product damage.

11.1 Pre-Start-Up Checks

All pre-start-up checks must be carried out before lighting the heater.

Ensure that the heater and all controls are suitable for the gas, pressure and electrical supply to which they are to be connected.

11.1.1 Louvers

Where fitted, the air delivery louvers need to be set during start-up to give the required air distribution.

11.1.2 Electrical Checks

1. Check that all site wiring is connected in accordance with the appropriate wiring diagram *on Page 25, Section 10.6* or *Page 27, Section 10.8*.

11.1.3 Gas Supply

All aspects of the gas installation including the gas meter must be inspected, tested for gas tightness and purged in accordance with local and national codes.

Ensure that the air is fully purged from the heater inlet pipe up to the main gas valve inlet test nipple.

11.1.4 Mechanical Checks

- Check that the fan(s) are free to run and delivery louvers are turned to give required air deflection.
- 2. Check that the flue (and air intake for separated combustion units) is installed in accordance with the instructions in this manual and local regulations. *See Page 11, Section 7.*

11.2 Begin Start-Up

11.2.1 Before Operating the Heater

To ensure that all the controls are in safe working order, operate the heater for the first time with the isolating gas valve turned off and power supply turned on.

- 1. Turn off the isolating gas valve.
- 2. Turn up the thermostat above room temperature. The automatic ignition sequence will now begin as described on Page 31, Figure 12.

There will be no ignition of the burner and lockout will occur, which proves the controls are operating correctly.

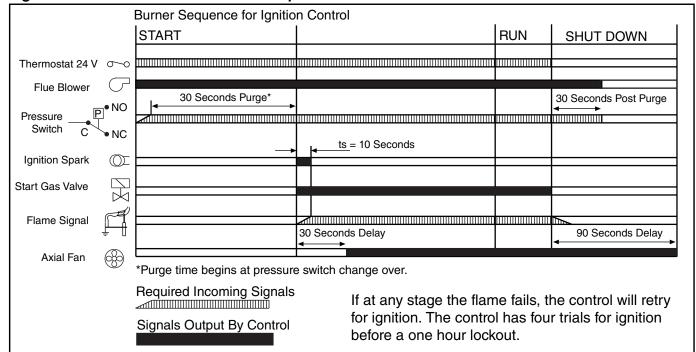


Figure 12: Automatic Burner Control Sequence

Figure 13: Single Stage Gas Valve for Models UHA[X][S] 150-400

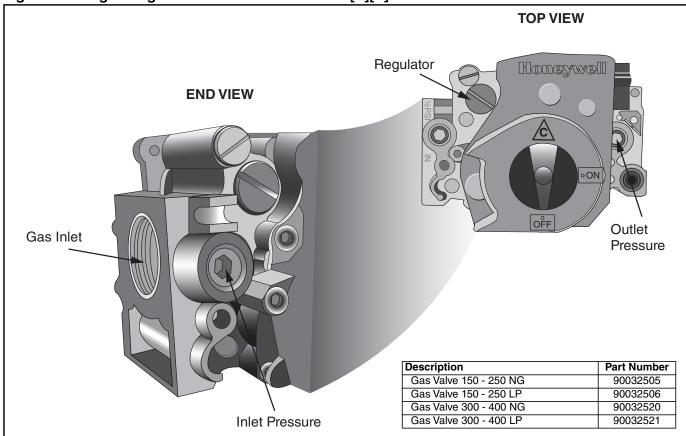
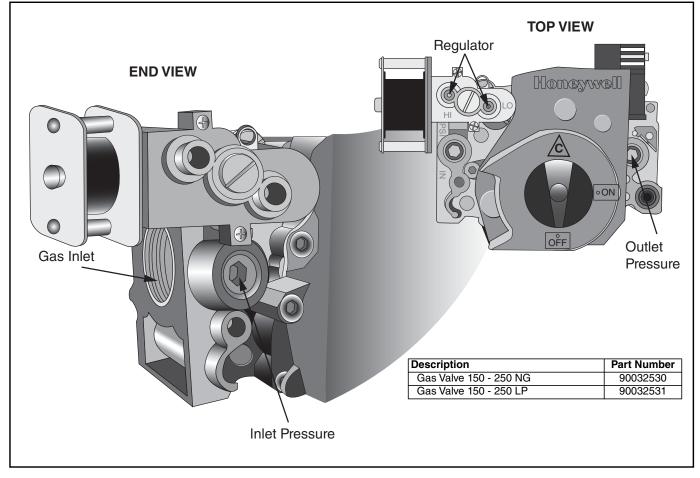


Figure 14: Two Stage Gas Valve for Models UHA[T][X][S] 150 - 250



11.2.2 Start-Up the Gas Valve (All Gases)

11.2.2.1 Check Burner Gas Pressure

- 1. Remove the plug in the outlet (burner) pressure test point and connect a pressure tap and a manometer.
- 2. With the burner firing, measure the pressure on the manometer. To adjust the burner pressure, remove the regulator cover from the valve and turn the regulator adjustment screw to set the required burner pressure as stated in the Technical Data Table for the correct gas and model on Page 57, Section 16.3 and Page 59, Section 16.6.

NOTE: For two stage valve (High/Low operation) check burner pressure in both operating modes. To adjust the burner pressure, remove plastic cover from regulators and adjust High and/or Low regulators as needed.

NOTE: If the correct burner pressure cannot be reached, then check the inlet pressure to the valve with the burner firing. See Technical Data Table *on Page 57, Section 16.3 and Page 59, Section 16.6* for inlet pressure requirement.

Do not continue to adjust the regulator if the pressure is not changing.

If the inlet pressure is too low to allow correct burner pressure setting, then the gas inlet pressure must be corrected before completing the start-up.

11.2.2.2 Check Gas Rate

- 1. After burner pressure adjustment, allow the heater to operate for at least 15 minutes and then re-check settings. Adjust pressure setting if necessary.
- 2. Check gas flow rate at gas meter. For two stage valve (High/Low operation) check gas flow in both operating modes.
- 3. Turn off heater and electrical supply.
- 4. Remove the manometer and refit all covers to the valve and tighten the screw of the outlet pressure tap.

11.3 Pressure Switch

The pressure switch is factory pre-set for each model and is not adjustable.

11.4 Turning Off the Heater

Set the thermostat to the "OFF" position or lowest setting and the main burner will stop.

The fan will continue to run until it is stopped automatically by the fan thermostat.

Do not use a disconnect switch for control of heater. Disconnect switch will turn off the fan. Heat exchanger could be damaged. Warranty will not cover damage to the heat exchanger if operated improperly. Only use the disconnect switch for turning off heater for service or during off-season.

11.5 External Controls

External controls may include time switch, interlock switch, room thermostat and frost thermostat. Operate each control to ensure that they function correctly. Set the switches (if fitted) and thermostat(s) to the users' requirements.

11.6 Complete the Start-Up

Ensure that all covers are fitted correctly and all test points are properly sealed.

11.7 Instruction to the User

Explain the controls of the heater to the user including how to turn it on and off, using the controls fitted on site.

Give this manual to the user.

Ensure that the user is shown and understands the importance of maintaining clearances to combustibles *on Page 7, Figure 3*, installer responsibility *on Page 4, Section 2* and user instructions *on Page 34, Section 12* and all warnings defined in this manual.

SECTION 12: USER INSTRUCTIONS

ADANGER				
<u>A</u>				
Electrical Shock Hazard	Explosion Hazard	Burn Hazard	Cut/Pinch Hazard	
Disconnect electric before service.	Turn off gas supply to heater before service.	Allow heater to cool before service.	Wear protective gear during installation, operation and service.	
Heater must be connected to a properly grounded electrical source.		Tubing may still be hot after operation.		

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, electric shock, injury or property damage.

The UHA[T][X][S] Series heaters are fully automatic and operate from the external controls fitted on site.

12.1 Heater Operation

When the heater has been switched on by the thermostat installed on site, the main burner will automatically turn on.

The burner control box will control the safe ignition of the flame.

If equipment with two stage gas valve, the heater may start in low or high fire.

All heaters require a constant gas and electricity supply which must not be interrupted during the normal operation of this heater.

12.2 Lighting Instructions

12.2.1 To Turn On Heater

 Ensure that the electrical and gas supplies to the heater are on. Check that the on site controls are "ON".

IMPORTANT: The thermostat setting must be above the ambient temperature for the heater to operate.

2. The automatic firing sequence will begin as described *on Page 31, Figure 12*. The heater will now operate automatically under the control of the on site controls.

12.2.2 To Turn Heater Off

Set the thermostat to the "OFF" position.

The burner will turn off immediately.

The fan will continue to run for 90 seconds. To restart, turn the thermostat above room temperature.

12.3 Simple Troubleshooting

Some possible reasons for the heater not operating are:

1. Gas supply not "ON".

- 2. Electricity supply not "ON".
- 3. The time and/or temperature controls are not "ON".
- 4. A limit switch may have operated. This may be caused by an interruption of the electrical supply, failure of the distribution fan or vent or heat exchanger blockage.

If a temperature limit switch persistently trips, there is a fault which must be investigated by a contractor qualified in the installation and service of gas-fired heating equipment.

12.3.1 Simple Troubleshooting (Burner Fault)

If the burner fails to ignite for any reason, it will retry for ignition (four trials total). After four unsuccessful ignition trials, the control will put the heater into lockout for one hour.

Lockout should not occur during normal operation of the heater and indicates there is a fault condition which must be corrected. There is an LED light on the ignition control that flashes codes to assist in fault correction. *See Page 34, Figure 15* for LED indication codes.

Figure 15: LED Diagnostic Codes

LED INDICATION	FAULT MODE
Slow Flash	Normal Operation - No call for heat.
Fast Flash	Normal Operation - Call for heat.
2 Flashes	Ignition Lockout - No flame detected.
3 Flashes	Airflow Fault - Pressure switch open or closed.
4 Flashes	Temperature Limit Switch Open
5 Flashes	Flame Sense Error - Gas valve not energized.
Steady On	Internal Control Failure

SECTION 13: SERVICING A WARNING DANGER **Electrical Shock Hazard Cut/Pinch Hazard Explosion Hazard Burn Hazard** Wear protective gear Turn off gas supply to Allow heater to cool **Disconnect electric** heater before service. before service. during installation, before service. operation and service. Tubing may still be hot Heater must be connected to a properly grounded electrical Edges are sharp. after operation. source. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, electric shock, injury or property damage.

13.1 Servicing Instructions

After start-up, the heater will require maintenance to be carried out, at a minimum, annually. If the heater is used in a dirty or dusty area, more frequent maintenance may be required.



IMPORTANT: After any maintenance or repair work, always test fire the heater in accordance with the start-up instructions *on Page 30, Section 11 through Page 33, Section 11.7* to help ensure all safety systems are in working order before leaving the heater to operate. Minor faults may be traced by using the troubleshooting charts *on Page 39, Section 14 through Page 43, Section 14.5*.

IMPORTANT: Check all gas pipes and pipe joints to ensure there are no cracks or gas leaks. Any cracks in the pipes or pipe joints must be repaired.

IMPORTANT: Inspect all suspended components and hardware. Ensure that they are in good condition, properly tightened, and corrosion free.

13.2 Burner Maintenance

13.2.1 Burner Maintenance for Models 150-250

- 1. Open the hinged door and remove from the hinges. Set door aside. See Page 45, Section 15.2.
- 2. Remove the filler panel (10 screws) to fully access the burner assembly. *See Page 45, Section 15.2.1*.
- 3. Remove burner assembly from cabinet via four screws, two on top and two on bottom. See *Page 45, Section 15.2.1*. Electrode and flame probe should remain attached.
- 4. Remove manifold from burner assembly via four screws, two on top and two on bottom. See *Page 46, Section 15.2.2.* Clean any deposits from the main burner which may have formed in the injectors or venturi of the burner.
- 5. Chech condition of ignition electrode and flame probe. Clean off any deposits which may have formed, check condition of ceramic insulators. Replace as required. *See Page 48, Section 15.4*.

13.2.2 Burner Maintenance for Models 300-400

- 1. Open the hinged door via tooled access and remove the burner compartment cover. *See Page 47, Section 15.3.*
- 2. Remove manifold from burner assembly via four screws, two on top two on bottom. See

Page 47, Section 15.3.1. Clean any deposits from the main burner which may have formed in the injectors or venturi of the burner.

 Check condition of ignition electrode and flame probe. Clean off any deposits which may have formed, check condition of ceramic insulators. Replace as required. See Page 49, Section 15.5.

13.3 Fan/Motor Assembly Maintenance

The main fan bearings are permanently sealed and do not need lubrication. Before cleaning, turn off gas and electrical supply. Remove the fan(s) and use a small brush or duster to clean the fan blades from each side. Replace fan when done. *See Page 54, Section 15.13.*

13.4 Heat Exchanger Maintenance

The heat exchanger will remain clean unless a problem has developed with combustion. Inspect the heat exchanger. Look for signs of overheating at the front tubes which may indicate burner over firing or persistently low air flows.

13.5 Gas Valve Maintenance

No regular maintenance is required on this device. To change gas control valves, *See Page 44, Section 15.1*.

Do not repair or disassemble gas valve.

Replace faulty gas valves with genuine replacement parts sold and supplied by Addison.

13.6 Flue Blower

The flue blower should not require maintenance. However, if the air pressure switch is causing burner lockout, then remove the flue blower from the vent box by unscrewing the screws at the mounting plate. Screw quantity will vary by model size. Remove the screws attaching the mounting plate to the fan inlet See Page 51, Section 15.8 through Page 53, Section 15.10. Ensure that the fan is free to run and that the fan wheel is clean.

13.7 Venting and Air Intake Pipe

Inspect all venting and air intake pipe. Ensure that all seams are sealed and suspension points secure. Repair suspension points if any part of the venting or combustion air pipe is sagging. Check to make sure any insulation is not missing or in poor condition. Replace as necessary. Check all venting and air intake components to ensure they are in good condition, gas tight and corrosion-free.

13.8 Maintenance Checklist

Installation Code and Annual Inspections: All installations and service of ADDISON[®] equipment must be performed by a contractor qualified in the installation and service equipment sold and supplied by Addison and conform to all requirements set forth in the ADDISON[®] manuals and all applicable governmental authorities pertaining to the installation, service, operation and labeling of the equipment.

To help facilitate optimum performance and safety, Addison recommends that a qualified contractor conduct, at a minimum, annual inspections of your ADDISON[®] equipment and perform service where necessary, using only replacement parts sold and supplied by Addison.

Annual Fall Start-Up	Follow entire start-up procedure at this time and check control settings and operation.
The Vicinity of the Heater	Do not store or use flammable objects, liquids or vapors near the heater. Immediately remove these items if they are present.
	See Page 5, Section 3.
Vehicles and Other Objects	Maintain the clearances to combustibles. Do not hang anything from, or place anything on, the heater.
	Make sure nothing is lodged in between the heat exchanger or in the louvers. Immediately remove objects in violation of the clearances to combustibles. See Page 6, Section 4.

Vent Pipe/Terminals	Venting must be intact. Using a flashlight, look for obstructions, cracks on the pipe, gaps in the sealed areas or corrosion.
	The area must be free of dirt and dust.
	Remove any carbon deposits or scale using a wire brush.
	If the vent terminal has a screen built in, remove any dirt, dust or deposits from the screen.
	See Page 11, Section 7 through Page 18, Section 8.
Cabinet Exterior	After installation, touch up scratches. Periodic paintings should be done thereafter as required. Warning labels and logo labels should be legible and accurate. Please contact Addison or ADDISON [®] independent distributor if you need replacement warning labels or logo labels.
	See Page 2, Figure 1 through Page 3, Figure 2.
Combustion Air Intake Pipe	Intake pipe and inlet must be intact. Look for obstructions, cracks on the pipe, gaps in the sealed areas or corrosion.
	The area must be free of dirt and dust.
	Clean and reinstall as required.
	See Page 18, Section 8.
Heat Exchanger	Make sure there are no cracks.
	Make sure there is no sagging, bending or distortion.
	Clean or replace as required.
Gas Line and Shut-off	Check for gas leaks.
Valves	See Page 19, Section 9.
Burner Observation	Make sure it is clean and free of cracks or holes.
Window	Clean and replace as required.
Flue Blower Scroll, Wheel and Motor	Compressed air or a vacuum cleaner may be used to clean dust and dirt.
Inshot Burners and	Clear of obstructions (even spider webs will cause problems).
Orifices	Carefully remove any dust and debris from the burner.
Direct-Spark Igniter	Replace if there are cracked ceramics, excessive carbon residue, or erosion of the electrode.
	The electrode gap should be 1/8" (3.2 mm).
Thermostat	There should be no exposed wire or damage to the device or wiring.
	See Page 21, Section 10.
Suspension Points	Make sure the heater is hanging securely.
	Look for signs of wear on the suspension materials or ceiling.
	See Page 10, Figure 4.

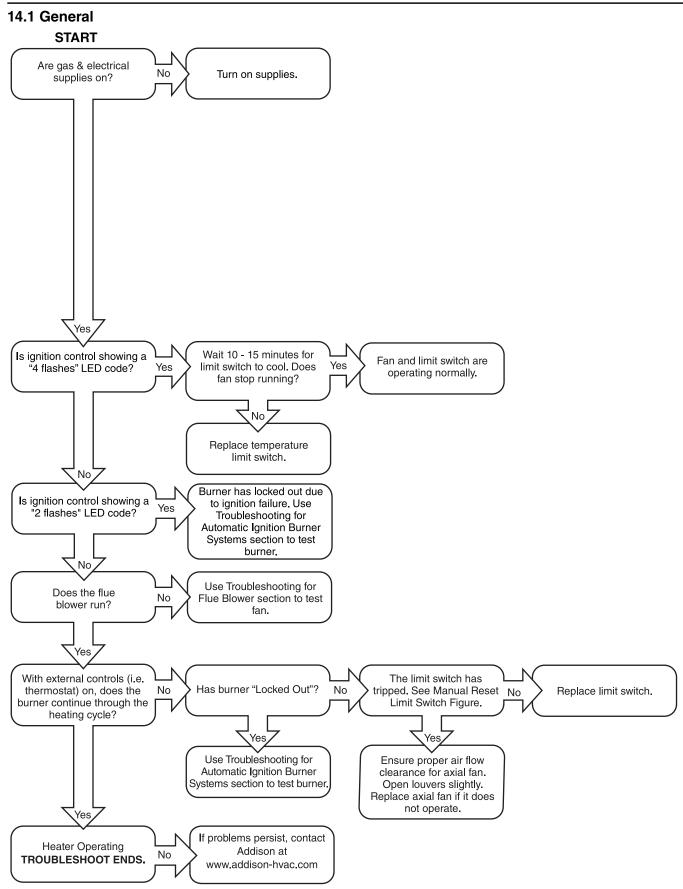
UHA STANDARD UNIT HEATER INSTALLATION OPERATION AND SERVICE MANUAL

Ensure tight, secure fit on all pressure fittings at pressure switch and vent box.
Verify that cap covering pressure regulator adjustment screw is secure and has not been tampered with.
Verify all wiring connections.
Flush drain and clear any obstructions.
If a wall tag is present, make sure it is legible and accurate. Please contact Addison or your ADDISON [®] independent distributor if you need a wall tag. See Page 4, Section 2.1.

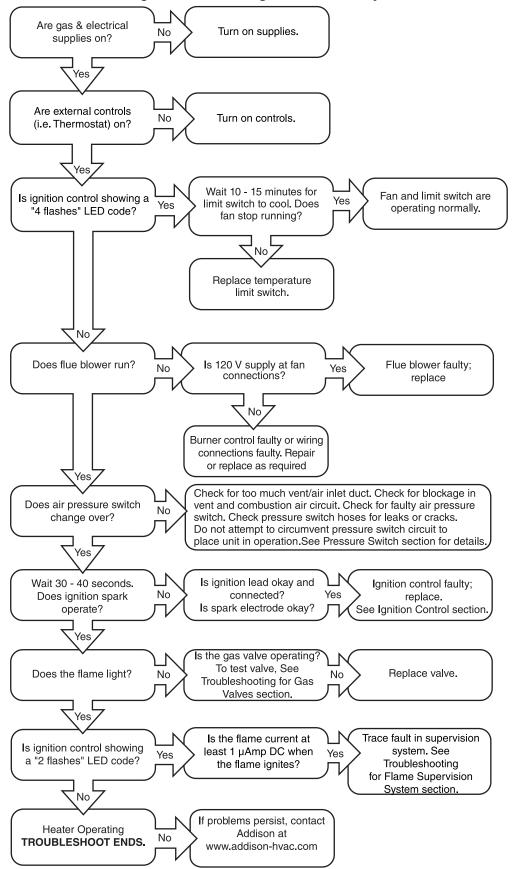
SECTION 14: TROUBLESHOOTING

ADANGER				
Electrical Shock Hazard	Explosion Hazard	Burn Hazard	Cut/Pinch Hazard	
Disconnect electric before service.	Turn off gas supply to heater before service.	Allow heater to cool before service.	Wear protective gear during installation, operation and service.	
Heater must be connected to a properly grounded electrical source.		Tubing may still be hot after operation.	Edges are sharp.	
Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, electric shock, injury or property damage.				

UHA STANDARD UNIT HEATER INSTALLATION OPERATION AND SERVICE MANUAL



14.2 Troubleshooting For Automatic Ignition Burner Systems

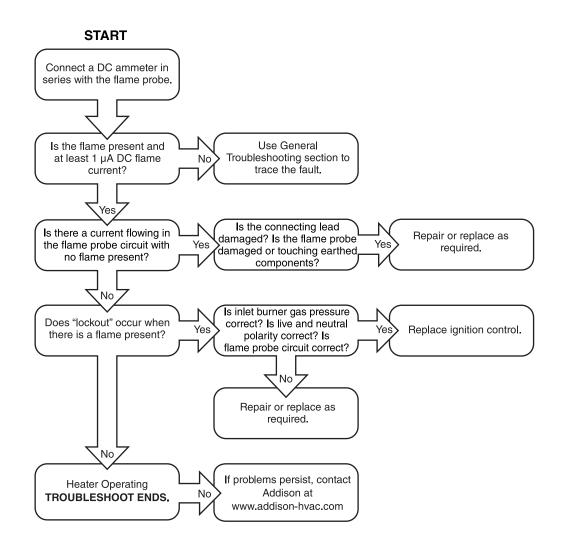


For your safety and optimum heater performance, use only replacement parts sold and supplied by Addison.

Conduct start-up procedure as shown on Page 30, Section 11.

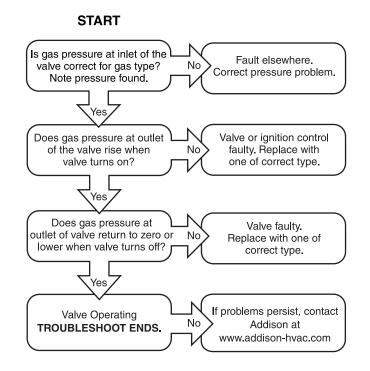
14.3 Troubleshooting for Flame Supervision System

To measure flame current, connect a 0 - 50 μ A DC meter in series with the flame probe. If the meter reads negative values, then reverse the test leads.

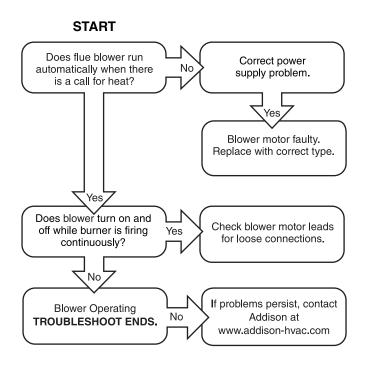


NOTE: Minimum flame probe current 1 µA DC. Typical flame probe current 3-5 µA DC.

14.4 Troubleshooting for Gas Valves



14.5 Troubleshooting for Flue Blower



For your safety and optimum heater performance, use only genuine replacement parts sold and supplied by Addison.

Conduct start-up procedure as shown on Page 30, Section 11.

SECTION 15: REPLACEMENT PARTS



Use only genuine ADDISON[®] replacement parts per this installation, operation and service manual.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, electric shock, injury or property damage.

See warnings and important information *on Page 35, Section 13* before removing or replacing parts.

Burner Components

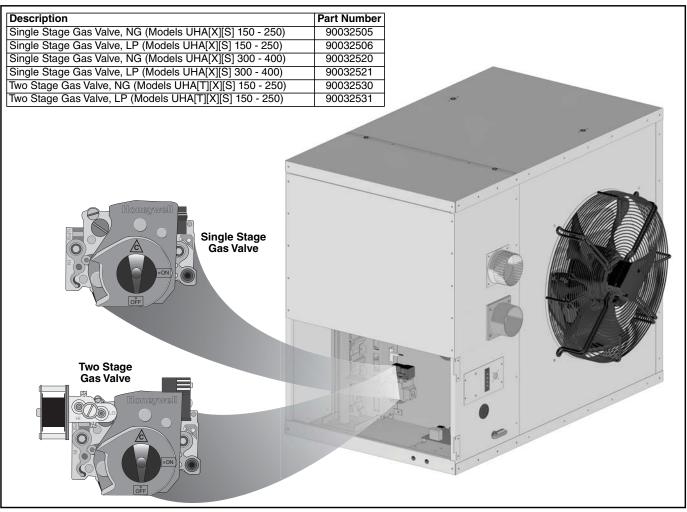
All serviceable burner parts are accessed by the hinged door on the side of the heater.

15.1 Gas Valve

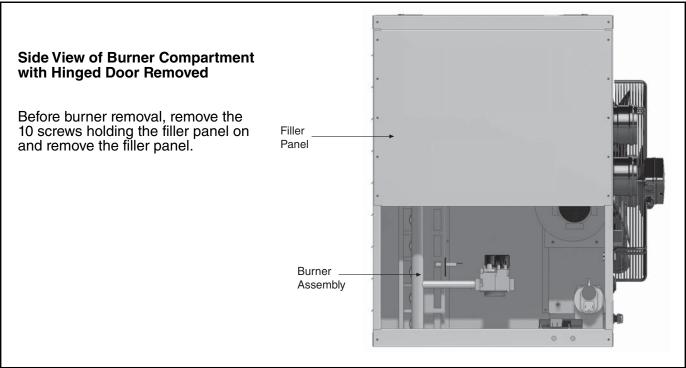
Remove the gas supply pipe at the heater inlet. Follow instructions on *Page 45, Section 15.2 through Page 47, Section 15.3.1* to remove gas valve/manifold.

Replace in reverse order. Verify that the gas flow direction of the valve is correct. Use a minimum amount of gas seal on the thread joint. Check that all the joints are leak free. Reset gas valve. See *Page 33, Section 11.2.2.*

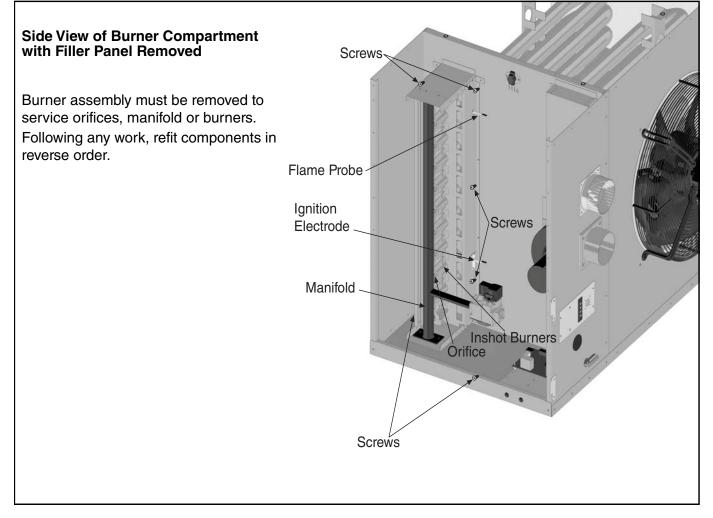
IT IS IMPORTANT THAT ONLY THE CORRECT GAS VALVE IS USED WHEN REPLACING THESE CONTROLS.



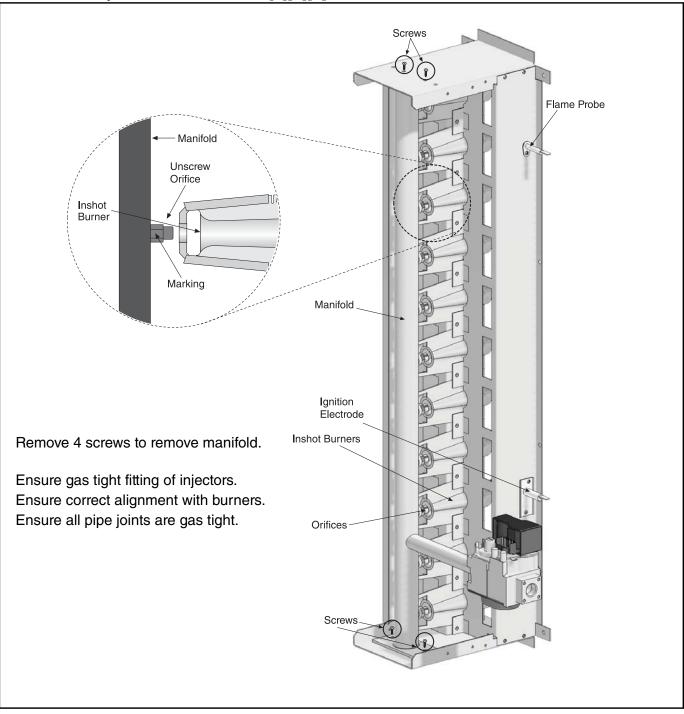
15.2 Burner Compartment for Models UHA[T][X][S] 150-250



15.2.1 Burner Compartment without Filler Panel for Models UHA[T][X][S] 150-250

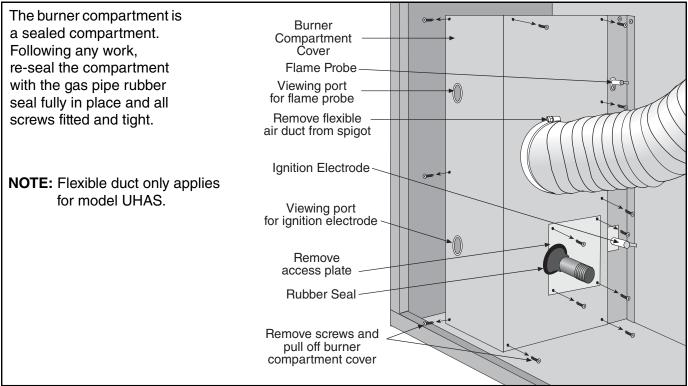


15.2.2 Burner Injectors for Models UHA[T][X][S] 150-250

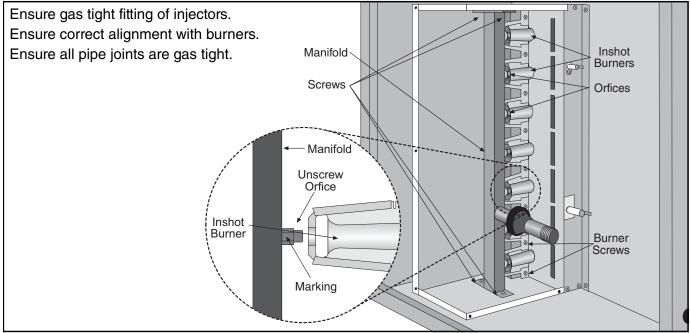


MODEL	UHA[T][X][S] 150	UHA[T][X][S] 175	UHA[T][X][S] 200	UHA[T][X][S] 225	UHA[T][X][S] 250
Orifice Quantity	7	8	9	10	11
Natural Gas (G2	0)				
Orifice Marking	43	43	2.25 mm	2.25 mm	2.25 mm
P/N	91930043	91930043	91930225	91930225	91930225
Propane (G31)					
Orifice Marking	1.35 mm	1.35 mm	54	54	54
P/N	91930135	91930135	91930054	91930054	91930054

15.3 Burner Compartment for Models UHA[X][S] 300-400

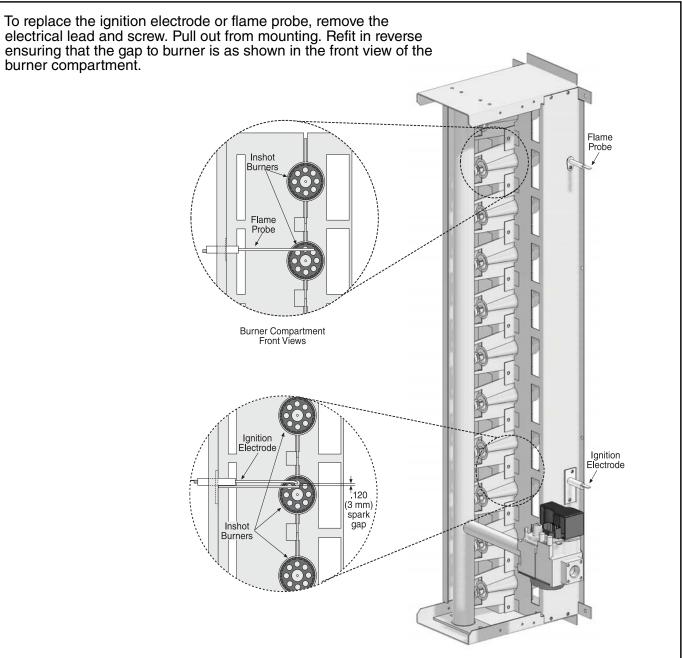


15.3.1 Burner Injectors for Models UHA[X][S] 300-400



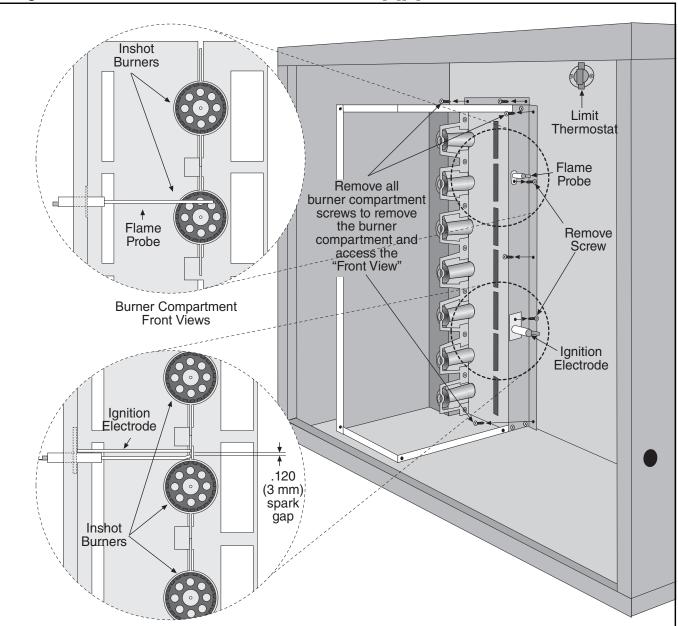
MODEL	UHA[X][S] 300	UHA[X][S] 350	UHA[X][S] 400
Orifice Quantity	12	14	14
Natural Gas (G20)			
Orifice Marking	40	40	40
P/N	91930040	91930040	91930040
Propane (G31)			
Orifice Marking	1.45 mm	53	53
P/N	91930145	91930053	91930053

15.4 Ignition Electrode and Flame Probe for Models UHA[T][X][S] 150-250



Description	Part Number	Qty.
Spark Electrode	90427411	1
Automatic Ignition Flame Probe	90439300	1
Transformer	90436900K	1
Ignition Module	90434008	1
Inshot Burners UHA[T][X][S] 150	92000001	7
Inshot Burners UHA[T][X][S] 175	92000001	8
Inshot Burners UHA[T][X][S] 200	92000000	9
Inshot Burners UHA[T][X][S] 225	92000000	10
Inshot Burners UHA[T][X][S] 250	92000000	11
Limit Switch (150 - 400) [300 - 400 LOWER]	90412103	1

15.5 Ignition Electrode and Flame Probe for Models UHA[X][S] 300-400



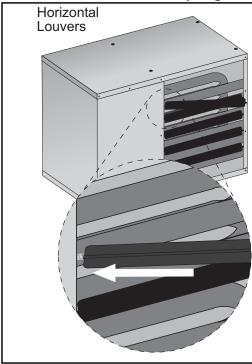
To replace the electrode or flame probe, remove the electrical lead and screw. Pull out from mounting. Refit in reverse ensuring that the gap to burner is as shown in the front view of the burner compartment.

Description	Part Number	Qty.
Spark Electrode	90427411	1
Automatic Ignition Flame Probe	90439300	1
Transformer	90436900K	1
Ignition Module	90434008	1
Inshot Burners UHA[X][S] 300	9200000	12
Inshot Burners UHA[X][S] 350	9200000	14
Inshot Burners UHA[X][S] 400	9200002	14
Limit Switch (150 - 400) [300 - 400 LOWER]	90412103	1
Limit Switch (300 - 400) [UPPER]	90412105	1

15.6 Heat Exchanger

The heat exchanger consists of a four-pass design with 1.75" outer diameter [aluminized steel] [409 stainless steel] tube. The tube plates are made of [aluminized steel] [409 stainless steel]. The tube supports are made of [aluminized steel] [409 stainless steel].

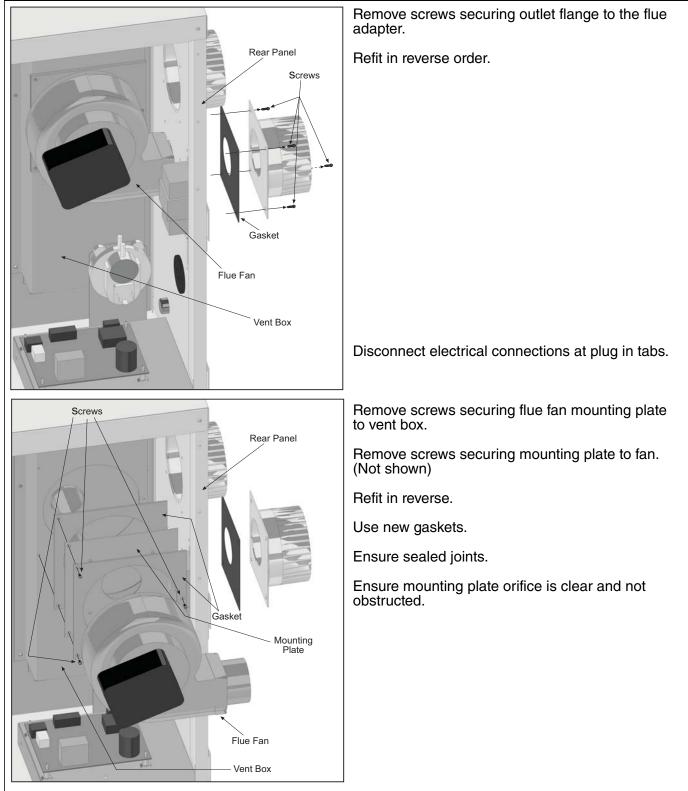
15.7 Louvers and Louver Spring



Description	UHA[T][X][S] 150 - 175	UHA[T][X][S] 200 - 250	UHA[X][S] 300 - 400
Horizontal Louvers P/N	11011847	11011847	11011846
Spring P/N	91901200	91901200	91901200
Quantity	7	9	11

The louvers for standard range models UHA[T][X][S]150 - UHA[X][S]400 are only available in horizontal configurations.

15.8 Flue Blower for Models UHA[T][X][S] 150-175

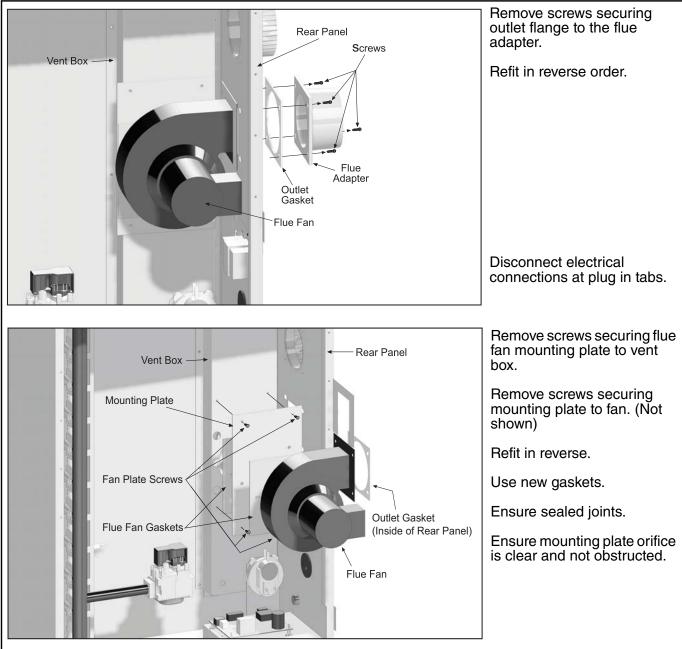


MODEL	UHA[X][S] 150 - 175
Flue Blower P/N	90710405

IT IS IMPORTANT THAT ONLY THE CORRECT FLUE BLOWER SPECIFIED FOR EACH MODEL TYPE IS USED WHEN REPLACING THESE ITEMS.

Carry out a start-up after working on or changing an flue blower. See Page 30, Section 11.

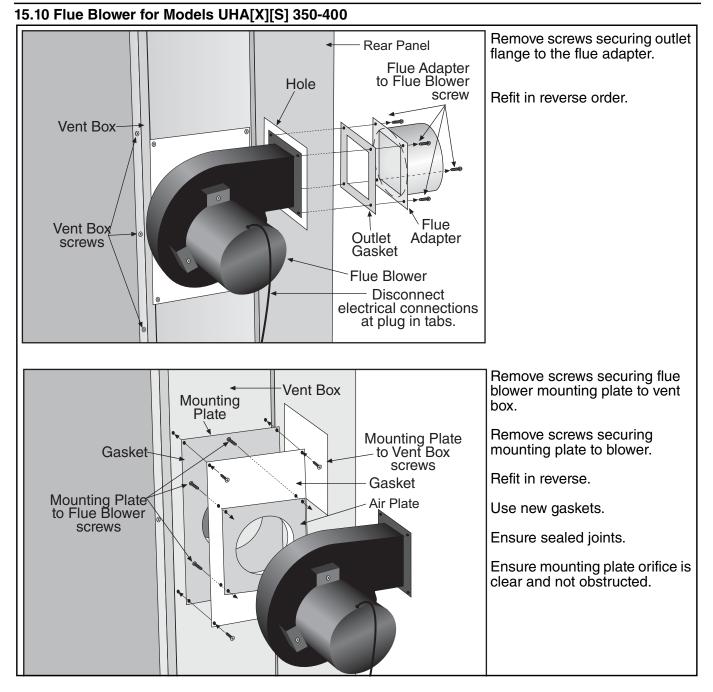
15.9 Flue Blower for Models UHA[T][X][S] 200-300



MODEL	UHA[X][S] 200 - 300
Flue Blower P/N	90710403

IT IS IMPORTANT THAT ONLY THE CORRECT FLUE BLOWER SPECIFIED FOR EACH MODEL TYPE IS USED WHEN REPLACING THESE ITEMS.

Carry out a start-up after working on or changing an flue blower. See Page 30, Section 11.

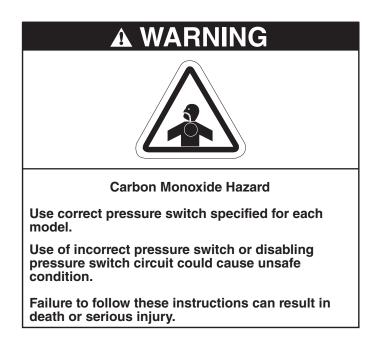


MODEL	UHA[X][S] 350 - 400
Flue Blower P/N	90710402

IT IS IMPORTANT THAT ONLY THE CORRECT FLUE BLOWER SPECIFIED FOR EACH MODEL TYPE IS USED WHEN REPLACING THESE ITEMS.

Carry out a start-up after working on or changing an flue blower. See Page 30, Section 11.

15.11 Pressure Switch



Pull off 3 way connector. Spring open plastic clips of mounting cradle. Replace with correct type of pressure switch for model. The pressure switches are color coded for each pressure setting. Carry out a start-up after working on or changing a pressure switch. *See Page 30, Section 11*.

MODEL	UHA[T][X][S] 150 - 175	UHA[T][X][S] 200 - 225	UHA[T][X][S] 250	UHA[X][S] 300 - 350	UHA[X][S] 400
Pressure Switch Kit P/N	90439802	90439808	90439812	90439807	90439808
Color Code	yellow	orange	orange	brown	orange
Set Point in. w.c.	0.32	0.79	0.18	0.68	0.79
Pressure Switch Snap Ring P/N	90439850	90439850	90439850	90439850	90439850

15.12 Ignition Control

The control mounts to the electrical plate. Pull out ignition cable and wiring from board, noting their positions. Release the four mounting standoffs. Refit in reverse. Ensure correct location of ignition cable and all other wiring.

15.13 Axial Fan/Guard/Motor Assembly

The axial fan unit for the heater is supplied completely assembled and balanced

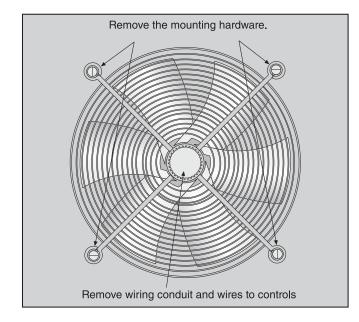
MODEL	UHA[T][X][S] 150 - 175	UHA[T][X][S] 200- 250	UHA[X][S] 300 - 400	
Axial Fan Guard	91901104	91901104	91901105	
Axial Fan Motor	90600107	90600107	90600106	
Axial Fan Blade	90709006	90709006	90709005	

15.13.1 Fan Removal and Replacement



Fan can start automatically at any time.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in severe injury or product damage.



Description	Part Number	Qty.
Axial Fan UHA[T][X][S] 150 - 175	90710417	1
Axial Fan UHA[T][X][S] 200 - 250	90710417	1
Axial Fan UHA[X][S] 300 - 400	90710416	2

15.13.2 To Replace the Fan Assembly

To replace the fan assembly, reverse the procedure shown above.

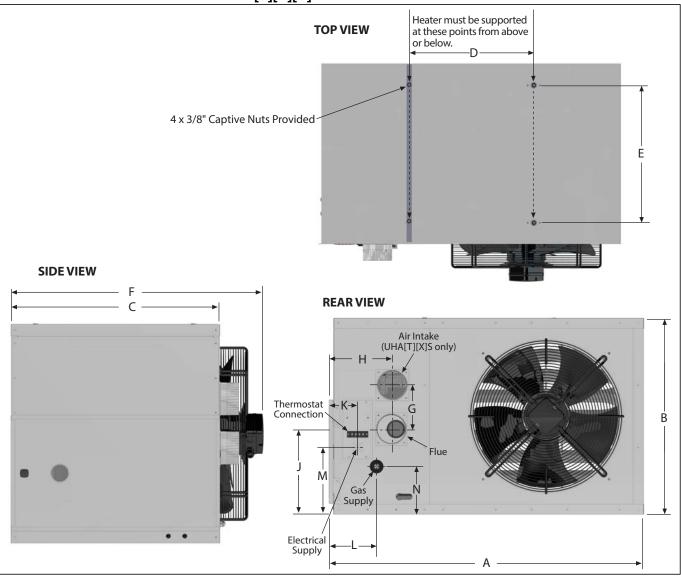
- Check that the fan blades are free to rotate before turning on the power to the fan.
- Strictly comply with the color code of the fan wires to ensure correct operation. See Page 25, Section 10.6 or Page 27, Section 10.8 wiring diagram.
- Use only genuine replacement parts sold and supplied by Addison.

15.14 Limit Switches

15.14.1 Removal and Replacement

- 1. Remove the electrical connections to the switch.
- 2. Unscrew the two screws securing the switch.
- 3. Fit a new switch with two screws.
- 4. Reconnect the electrical connections and test operation.

SECTION 16: SPECIFICATIONS 16.1 Dimension Data for Models UHA[T][X][S] 150-250



	Model	UHA[T][X][S]150	UHA[T][X][S]175	UHA[T][X][S]200	UHA[T][X][S]225	UHA[T][X][S]250
A	in (cm)	42.4 (107.7)	42.4 (107.7)	42.4 (107.7)	42.4 (107.7)	42.4 (107.7)
В	in (cm)	26.7 (67.8)	26.7 (67.8)	35.0 (88.9)	35.0 (88.9)	35.0 (88.9)
C	in (cm)	25.5 (64.8)	25.5 (64.8)	25.5 (64.8)	25.5 (64.8)	25.5 (64.8)
D	in (cm)	17.6 (44.7)	17.6 (44.7)	17.6 (44.7)	17.6 (44.7)	17.6 (44.7)
Ε	in (cm)	19.4 (49.3)	19.4 (49.3)	19.4 (49.3)	19.4 (49.3)	19.4 (49.3)
F	in (cm)	30.0 (76.2)	30.0 (76.2)	32.0 (81.3)	32.0 (81.3)	32.0 (81.3)
G	in (cm)	6.0 (15.2)	6.0 (15.2)	6.6 (16.8)	6.6 (16.8)	6.6 (16.8)
Η	in (cm)	7.86 (20)	7.86 (20)	8.6 (22)	8.6 (22)	8.6 (22)
J	in (cm)	11.65 (29.6)	11.65 (29.6)	17.7 (45)	17.7 (45)	17.7 (45)
K	in (cm)	3.4 (8.6)	3.4 (8.6)	8.1 (20.6)	8.1 (20.6)	8.1 (20.6)
L	in (cm)	5.7 (14.5)	5.7 (14.5)	5.7 (14.5)	5.7 (14.5)	5.7 (14.5)
М	in (cm)	9.2 (23.4)	9.2 (23.4)	10.5 (26.7)	10.5 (26.7)	10.5 (26.7)
Ν	in (cm)	6.5 (16.5)	6.5 (16.5)	6.5 (16.5)	6.5 (16.5)	6.5 (16.5)

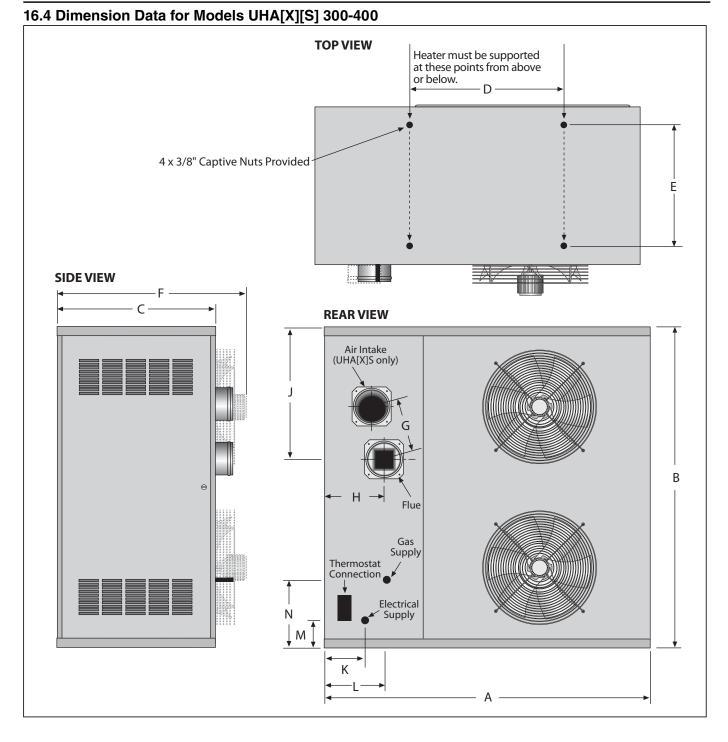
16.2 General Technical Data Table

	Model	UHA[T][X][S] 150	UHA[T][X][S] 175	UHA[T][X][S] 200	UHA[T][X][S] 225	UHA[T][X][S] 250
Full Load Amps @ 120 V	A	10.6	10.6	10.6	10.6	10.6
Air Volume	CFM	3500	3500	3716	3716	3716
Flue and Air Intake						
Flue Intake Size	in (cm)	4 (10)	4 (10)	4 (10)	4 (10)	4 (10)
Air Intake Size	in (cm)	4 (10)	4 (10)	4 (10)	4 (10)	4 (10)
*Maximum Straight Flue/Air Intake	ft (m)	40 (1)	40 (1)	40 (1)	40 (1)	40 (1)
Weight (Net)	lbs (kg)	217 (98.4)	237 (107.5)	255 (115.7)	265 (120.2)	270 (122.5)

*Do not exceed the maximum length of flue stated or heater may not operate properly.

16.3 Technical Data Table

	Model	UHA[T][X][S] 150	UHA[T][X][S] 175	UHA[T][X][S] 200	UHA[T][X][S] 225	UHA[T][X][S] 250		
Total Input	(Btu/h) x (1000)	150	175	200	225	250		
Total Output	(Btu/h) x (1000)	123	143.5	164	184.5	205		
Total Output Low Fire	(Btu/h) x (1000)	86	100	115	129	143.5		
Efficiency (Max Input)	%	82	82	82	82	82		
Natural Gas (G20) Data -	Inlet Pressure 5	.0 in wc Min., 14	in wc Max.					
Burner Pressure	in wc	2.9	3.0	3.2	3.4	3.45		
Burner Pressure Low Fire	in wc	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.7		
LPG / Propane (G31) Data	LPG / Propane (G31) Data - Inlet Pressure 12.0 in wc Min., 14 in wc Max.							
Burner Pressure	in wc	11	11.3	9.5	11.1	11.6		
Burner Pressure Low Fire	in wc	5.0	5.5	4.7	5.4	5.5		



	Model	UHA[X][S]300	UHA[X][S]350	UHA[X][S]400
A	in (cm)	52.3 (132.8)	52.3 (132.8)	52.3 (132.8)
В	in (cm)	43.2 (109.7)	43.2 (109.7)	43.2 (109.7)
C	in (cm)	25.5 (64.8)	25.5 (64.8)	25.5 (64.8)
D	in (cm)	24.7 (62.7)	24.7 (62.7)	24.7 (62.7)
Ε	in (cm)	19.4 (49.3)	19.4 (49.3)	19.4 (49.3)
F	in (cm)	30.0 (76.2)	30.0 (76.2)	30.0 (76.2)
G	in (cm)	7.0 (17.8)	7.0 (17.8)	7.0 (17.8)
Η	in (cm)	11.2 (28.4)	11.2 (28.4)	11.2 (28.4)
J	in (cm)	13.8 (35.1)	13.8 (35.1)	13.8 (35.1)
K	in (cm)	6.2 (15.7)	6.2 (15.7)	6.2 (15.7)
L	in (cm)	8.7 (22.1)	8.7 (22.1)	8.7 (22.1)
М	in (cm)	2.4 (6.1)	2.4 (6.1)	2.4 (6.1)
N	in (cm)	6.5 (16.5)	6.5 (16.5)	6.5 (16.5)

16.5 General Technical Data Table

	Model	UHA[X][S]300	UHA[X][S]350	UHA[X][S]400
Full Load Amps @ 120 V	A	11.6	11.6	11.6
Air Volume	CFM	4663	4663	4663
Flue and Air Intake				
Flue Intake Size	in (cm)	4 (10)	4 (10)	4 (10)
Air Intake Size	in (cm)	5 (13)	5 (13)	5 (13)
*Maximum Straight Flue/Air Intake	ft (m)	40 (1)	40 (1)	40 (1)
Weight (Net)	lbs (kg)	355 (161.0)	375 (170.1)	375 (170.1)

*Do not exceed the maximum length of flue stated or heater may not operate properly.

16.6 Technical Data Table

	Model	UHA[X][S]300	UHA[X][S]350	UHA[X][S]400		
Total Input	(Btu/h) x (1000)	300	350	385		
Total Output	(Btu/h) x (1000)	246	287	315.7		
Efficiency	%	82	82	82		
Natural Gas (G20) Data - Inlet Press	ure 5.0 in wc Min., 14 in w	vc Max.		-		
Burner Pressure	in wc	2.7	2.7	3.3		
LPG / Propane (G31) Data - Inlet Pressure 12.0 in wc Min., 14 in wc Max.						
Burner Pressure	in wc	9.4	9.3	11.1		

SECTION 17: THE ADDISON® UHA-SERIES WARRANTY

ADDISON WILL PAY FOR:

Within 24 months from date of purchase by buyer or 27 months from date of shipment by Addison (whichever comes first), replacement parts will be provided free of charge for any part of the product which fails due to a manufacturing or material defect.

Addison will require the part in question to be returned to the factory. Addison will, at its sole discretion, repair or replace after determining the nature of the defect and disposition of part in question.

ADDISON[®] Replacement Parts are warranted for a period of 18 months from date of shipment from Addison or the remaining ADDISON[®] UHA-Series warranty.

ADDISON WILL NOT PAY FOR:

Service trips, service calls and labor charges. Shipment of replacement parts.

Claims where the total price of the goods have not been paid.

Damage due to:

- Improper installation, operation or maintenance.
- Misuse, abuse, neglect, or modification of the ADDISON[®] UHA-Series in any way.
- Use of the ADDISON[®] UHA-Series for other than its intended purpose.
- Incorrect gas or electrical supply, accident, fire, floods, acts of God, war, terrorism, or other casualty.
- Improper service, use of replacement parts or accessories not specified by Addison.
- Failure to install or maintain the ADDISON[®] UHA-Series as directed in the Installation, Operation and Service manual.
- Relocation of the ADDISON® UHA-Series after initial installation
- The use of the ADDISON[®] UHA-Series in a corrosive atmosphere containing contaminants.
- The use of the ADDISON[®] UHA-Series in the vicinity of a combustible or explosive material.
- Any defect in the ADDISON[®] UHA-Series arising from a drawing, design, or specification supplied by or on behalf of the consumer.
- Damage incurred during shipment. Claim must be filed with carrier.

WARRANTY IS VOID IF:

The ADDISON[®] UHA-Series is not installed by an electrician qualified in the installation and service of control systems for heating equipment.

You cannot prove original purchase date and required annual maintenance history.

The data plate and/or serial number are removed, defaced, modified or altered in any way.

The ownership of the ADDISON[®] UHA-Series is moved or transferred. This warranty is nontransferable. Addison is not permitted to inspect the damaged controller and/or component parts.

READ YOUR INSTALLATION, OPERATION AND SERVICE MANUAL

If you have questions about your controller, contact your installing professional. Should you need Replacement Parts or have additional questions, call or write:

Addison

7050 Overland Road Orlando, Florida 32810 Telephone: +1.407.292.4400 Fax: +1.407.290.1329 www.addison-hvac.com

Addison's liability, and your exclusive remedy, under this warranty or any implied warranty (including the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose) is limited to providing replacement parts during the term of this warranty. Some jurisdictions do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so this limitation may not apply to you. There are no rights, warranties or conditions, expressed or implied, statutory or otherwise, other than those contained in this warranty.

Addison shall in no event be responsible for incidental or consequential damages or incur liability for damages in excess of the amount paid by you for the ADDISON[®] UHA-Series. Some jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so this limitation or exclusion may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from jurisdiction to jurisdiction.

Addison shall not be responsible for failure to perform under the terms of this warranty if caused by circumstances out of its control, including but not limited to war, fire, flood, strike, government or court orders, acts of God, terrorism, unavailability of supplies, parts or power. No person is authorized to assume for Addison any other warranty, obligation or liability.

LIMITATIONS ON AUTHORITY OF REPRESENTATIVES:

No representative of Addison, other than an Executive Officer, has authority to change or extend these provisions. Changes or extensions shall be binding only if confirmed in writing by Addison's duly authorized Executive Officer.

ADDISON

OWNER WARRANTY REGISTRATION CARD

Mail or Fax to: Addison • 7050 Overland Road • Orlando, FL 32810 • Phone: +1.407.292.4400 • Fax: +1.407.290.1329 www.addison-hvac.com

About the Owner

ADUUL INC OWNEL.				
Name:				
Address:		City:	Sta	ate:Zip Code:
Phone:	Fax:		E-mail:	
About the Installer:				
Name:				
Address:		City:	Sta	ate:Zip Code:
Phone:	Fax:		E-mail:	
Purchased From (if d	lifferent than installer):			
Name:				
			Sta	ate:Zip Code:
Phone:	Fax:		E-mail:	
<u>About your Heater:</u>				
Model#:	Serial #:		Fuel:	Installation Date:
<u>Type of Installation (i</u>	check one):			
	o Manufacturing	o Warehouse	o Recreational	o Aircraft
	o Office		o Agricultural	o Other

Installation Code and Annual Inspections: All installation and service of ADDISON® equipment must be performed by a contractor qualified in the installation and service of equipment sold and supplied by Addison and conform to all requirements set forth in the ADDISON® manuals and all applicable governmental authorities pertaining to the installation, service, operation and labeling of the equipment. To help facilitate optimum performance and safety, Addison recommends that a qualified contractor conduct, at a minimum, annual inspections of your ADDISON® equipment and perform service where necessary, using only replacement parts sold and supplied by Addison.

Further Information: Applications, engineering and detailed guidance on systems design, installation and equipment performance is available through ADDISON® representatives. Please contact us for any further information you may require, including the Installation, Operation and Service Manual.

These products (with the exception of the models UHA[X][S] 30 - 75) are not approved for residential use.

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Printed in the U.S.A.

Attach this information to the wall near the ADDISON[®] heater.

	ISON® P		
Read the Installation, Operation and Service Manual		peration or service.	
OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS		RNING	
 STOP! Read all safety instructions on this information sheet. Open the manual gas valve in the heater supply line. Turn on electric power to the heater. Set the thermostat to desired setting (above ambient temperature). The automatic starting sequence begins. 			
TO TURN OFF THE HEATER			
 Turn the thermostat/time switch to 'OFF' or lowest setting. The burner will turn 'OFF' immediately, but fans will continue to cool heat exchanger until the fan thermostat switches off. 	Fire Hazard		
IF THE HEATER WILL NOT OPERATE, TO ENSURE YOUR SAFETY, FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS TO SHUT DOWN YOUR HEATER	Keep all flammable objects, liquids and vapors the minimum required clearances to combustibles away from heater.		
 Set the thermostat to off or the lowest setting. Turn off electric power to the heater. Turn off the manual gas valve in the heater supply line. Call your installer/contractor qualified in the installation and service of gas-fired heating equipment. 	Some objects will catch fire or explode when placed close to heater. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, injury or property damage.		
Installation Clearances	Clearances to Combustibles		
Roof Terminal (Optional separated combustion concentric venting shown.) Top* Wall Terminal Rear*+ Max. Mounting Height ¹	A transformed and tra	t ← Left → Fight → Bottom ↓ Models 150 - 400	
*Models 30 - 125 150 - 400 Top 1" (2.5 cm) 6" (15 cm) Rear 18" (46 cm) 24" (61 cm) Max. Mounting Height ¹ 10' (3 m) - 16' (4.9 m) 18' (5.5 m) - 20' (6.1 m) ¹ Heaters can be mounted higher if destratification fans are installed. See Installation, Operation and Service Manual for specific mounting height recommendations. NOTE: Venting directly from top of heater not applicable on Models 150-400.	Models Top Bottom Right Left Vent * Clearance needed for servicing.	30 - 125 150 - 400 1" (2.5 cm) 6" (15 cm) 0" (0 cm) 3" (8 cm) 1" (2.5 cm) 31" (79 cm)* 23" (58.4 cm)* 6" (15 cm) 2" (5 cm) 2" (5 cm)	
Installation Code and Annual Inspections: All installation and service of ADDISON® equi installation and service of equipment sold and supplied by Addison and conform to all requi applicable governmental authorities pertaining to the installation, service, operation and lab performance and safety, Addison recommends that a qualified contractor conduct, at a min and perform service where necessary, using only replacement parts sold and supplied by A For installation at elevations above 2000' (610m), the appliance shall be derated 4% for eac Further Information: Applications, engineering and detailed guidance on systems design, through ADDISON® representatives. Please contact us for any further information you may Manual. These products are not approved for residential use, except for models UHA[S]30-UF © 2013 Addison All rights reserved. No part of this work covered by the copyrights he means – graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying, systems – without written permission of Addison.	irements set forth in the ADDISON® manuals i peling of the equipment. To help facilitate optin imum, annual inspections of your ADDISON® Addison. ch 1000' (305m) of elevation above sea level. installation and equipment performance is av require, including the Installation, Operation a HA[S]75. erein may be reproduced or copied in any forr	and all 7050 Overland Road num Orlando, FL 32810 requipment Fax: +1.407.290.1329 ailable and Service nor by any	
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