Material Safety Data Sheet

(POSTREAT)

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ISO 9001 Registered

HMIS HEALTH:...............2
HMIS FLAMMABILITY: ........0
HMIS REACTIVITY:...............0
PERSONAL PROTECTION: .....H
EMERGENCY NUMBER: ..........800-255-3924

SECTION 1 – IDENTIFICATION OF CHEMICAL PRODUCT

PRODUCT NAME:................. PHOSTREAT
EFFECTIVE DATE:............... October 5, 2007
CHEMICAL FAMILY:............. Compound Cleaning Liquid
FORMULA:................................ Proprietary
CAS NUMBER:..................... Blend

SECTION 2 – COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT</th>
<th>PERCENT</th>
<th>CAS NUMBER</th>
<th>PEL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PHOSPHORIC ACID</td>
<td>&lt; 40</td>
<td>7664-38-2</td>
<td>OSHA TWA 1 mg/m³ PEL; ACGIH TWA 1 mg/m³; ACGIH STEL 3mg/m³</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

The criteria for listing components in the composition section are as follows: Carcinogens are listed when present at 0.1% or greater; components which are otherwise hazardous according to OSHA are listed when present at 1.0% or greater. Non-hazardous components may be listed at 3.0% or greater if not proprietary in nature. This is not intended to be complete compositional disclosure. Refer to section 14 for applicable states right to know and other regulatory information.

SECTION 3 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW
APPEARANCE / ODOR:............ Clear Green Liquid / Mild to ethereal odor
SHORT TERM EXPOSURE: GENERAL: Primary ingredient is Phosphoric Acid. Liquid or vapors may be irritating to skin and eyes. INHALATION: High concentrations of vapor may cause irritation of the respiratory tract, experienced as nasal discomfort and discharge, possibly with chest pain and coughing. Headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, and drowsiness may occur. EYES: May cause mild to severe irritation experienced as discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, possibly with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. SKIN: Brief contact may cause slight irritation with itching and local redness. Prolonged contact, especially with concentrate, may cause more severe irritation, with discomfort or pain. SWALLOWING: May cause headache, dizziness, incoordination, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and general weakness.

OSHA REGULATED:............... No
LISTED CARCINOGEN: ........... NTP: No  IARC MONOGRAPHS: No

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS
INHALATION: ...................... Severe Irritant, Corrosive

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INGESTION: Corrosive
SKIN (DERMAL): Corrosive

OVER EXPOSURE EFFECTS:

**Inhalation:** Toxic and harmful if inhaled. Breathing of high vapor concentrations may cause central nervous system (CNS) depression resulting in dizziness, light-headedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and death. Vapors expected to be slightly irritating. **Eye Contact:** May cause temporary discomfort or irritation to the eye. **Skin Contact:** May be slightly irritating to the skin. Prolonged or repeated skin contact can cause defatting and drying of the skin which may result in a burning sensation and a dried, cracked appearance. **Ingestion:** Liquid can directly enter the lungs (aspiration) when swallowed or vomited. Serious lung damage and possibly fatal chemical pneumonia (chemical pneumonitis) can develop if this occurs.

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**SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES**

**FIRST AID:**

**SKIN CONTACT:** Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash affected area with soap or mild detergent and large amounts of water until no evidence of chemical remains (at least 15-20 minutes). Get medical attention immediately. **EYE CONTACT:** Flush eyes immediately with large amounts of water or normal saline solution, occasionally lifting upper and lower lids until no evidence of chemical remains (at least 15-20 minutes). Get medical attention immediately. **INGESTION:** Give large amounts of fresh water or milk immediately. Do not give anything by mouth if person is unconscious or otherwise unable to swallow. If vomiting occurs, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Seek medical attention immediately. **INHALATION:** Remove from exposure area to fresh air immediately. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial resuscitation. Keep person warm and at rest. Treat symptomatically and supportively. Seek medical attention immediately. Qualified medical personnel should consider administering oxygen.

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**SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

**FLASHPOINT:** NA - Water Solution
**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Governed by other Materials present
**DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** From Fire; Smoke, Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide, Oxides of Phosphorous, Oxides of Nitrogen, and Oxides of Sulfur.
**LOWER FLAME LIMIT:** ND
**HIGHER FLAME LIMIT:** ND
**UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** None Known
**FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT:** Fire fighters and others exposed to products of combustion should wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.
SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

CHEMTEL EMERGENCY NUMBER (24 Hour): 1-800-255-3924

SPILL: Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Contain and recover liquid when possible. Neutralize with alkaline material (soda ash, lime), then absorb with an inert material (e.g., vermiculite, dry sand, earth), and place in a chemical waste container. Do not use combustible materials, such as saw dust. Do not flush to sewer!

RCRA STATUS: None

SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLE IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOOD INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE AND SAFETY PRACTICES. THESE PRACTICES INCLUDE AVOIDING UNNECESSARY EXPOSURE AND PROMPT REMOVAL OF MATERIAL FROM EYES, SKIN, AND CLOTHING.

HANDLING AND STORAGE: Keep in a tightly closed container, stored in a cool, dry, ventilated area. Protect against physical damage. Isolate from incompatible substances. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues (vapors, liquid); observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product. Drum must not be washed out or used for other purposes.

PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES: Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. After handling this product, wash hands before eating, drinking, or smoking. If contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing. If needed, take first aid action shown in Section 4.

SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROL / PERSONAL PROTECTION

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS:
Consider the potential hazards of this material (see section 3), applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances in the work place when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment.

EYE PROTECTION: Chemical safety goggles meeting the specifications of OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133 / ANSI Standard Z87.1 should be worn whenever there is the possibility of splashing or other contact with the eyes. Wear safety glasses meeting the specifications of OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133 / ANSI Standard Z87.1 where no contact with the eye is anticipated.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Use NIOSH approved vapor respirator if exposure is unknown or exceeds permissible limits. A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 or ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant respirator use.
Use NIOSH / MSHA approved respiratory protection equipment when airborne exposure limits are exceeded (see below). Consult the respirator manufacturer to determine appropriate type of equipment for a given application. Observe respirator use limitations specified by NIOSH / MSHA or the manufacturer. Respiratory protection programs must comply with 29 CFR 1910.134. WARNING: Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Wear impervious gloves

VENTILATION: A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, *Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices*, most recent edition, for details.

MECHANICAL EXHAUST: Desired in closed places
LOCAL EXHAUST: Recommended

VENTILATION NOTES: Provide natural or mechanical ventilation to control exposure levels below Airborne exposure limits (see below). The use of local mechanical exhaust ventilation is preferred at sources of air contamination such as open process equipment. Consult NFPA Standard 91 for design of exhaust systems.

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE: Based on components present: 1 mg/m³

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: HMIS PERSONAL PROTECTION: H: Splash Goggles, Gloves, Apron, Vapor Respirator

The user should read and understand all instructions and limitations supplied with the equipment since protection is usually provided for a limited time or under certain circumstances.

### SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**APPEARANCE / ODOR:** Clear Green Liquid / Mild to ethereal odor
**BOILING POINT:** 212°F
**FREEZING POINT:** 27°F
**VAPOR PRESSURE:** ND
**VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1):** > 1
**SPECIFIC GRAVITY:** 1.05 - 1.07
**pH:** 0.5 - 1.5
**SOLUBILITY IN WATER:** Complete

### SECTION 10 – STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**STABILITY:** Stable
**HAZARDOUS**
**POLYMERIZATION:** Will Not Occur
**POLYMERIZATION AVOID:** None
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INCOMPATIBILITY:.................Liberates explosive hydrogen gas when reacting with chlorides and stainless steel. Can react violently with sodium tetrahydroborate. Exothermic reactions with aldehydes, amines, amides, alcohols and glycols, azo-compounds, carbamates, esters, caustics, phenols and cresols, ketones, organophosphates, epoxides, explosives, combustible materials, unsaturated halides, and organic peroxides. Phosphoric acid forms flammable gases with sulfides, mercaptans, cyanides and aldehydes. It also forms toxic fumes with cyanides, sulfide, fluorides, organic peroxides, and halogenated organics. Mixtures with nitromethane are explosive.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:...........Active Metals

SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

EYE EFFECTS:
The eye irritation hazard is based on data from information supplied by raw material(s) supplier(s).

SKIN EFFECTS:
The skin irritation hazard is based on data from information supplied by raw material(s) supplier(s).

ACUTE ORAL EFFECTS:
The acute oral toxicity is based on data from information supplied by raw material(s) supplier(s).

ACUTE INHALATION EFFECTS:
The acute respiratory toxicity is based on data from information supplied by raw material(s) supplier(s).

SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Data from laboratory studies and from scientific literature is noted below if available.

The EPA has issued a Final Rule deleting Phosphoric Acid from the list of chemicals subject to reporting requirements under section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community-Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA) and section 6607 of the Pollution Prevention Act (PPA) effective June 27, 2000. Federal Register: June 27, 2000, Volume 65, Number 124, Pages 39552 - 39556.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL:..................Treatment, storage, transportation and disposal must be in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial and Local Regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Characterization and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the generator. Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed in an appropriate and approved waste disposal facility. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.
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SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

The data provided in this section is for information only. The description shown may not apply to all shipping situations. Consult 49CFR, or appropriate regulations to properly classify your shipment for transportation.

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: CORROSIVE LIQUID N.O.S., Contains (Phosphoric Acid), 8, UN1760, PG II. Guide #154.

REPORTABLE QUANTITY: None
HAZARD CLASS AND LABEL: 8, Corrosive Liquid
UN NUMBER: 1760
NA NUMBER: None
PACKAGING SIZE: 55 gal. drums, 5 gal. pails

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 311 CATEGORIES:
EPA ACUTE: Yes
EPA CHRONIC: No
EPA IGNITABILITY: No
EPA REACTIVITY: No
EPA SUDDEN RELEASE: No

CERCLA RQ VALUE: None
SARA TPQ: None
SARA RQ: None
EPA HAZARD WASTE #: D002 - Characteristic of Corrosivity
CLEAN AIR: NA
CLEAN WATER: NA
SARA SECTION 313: No
NFPA HEALTH: 2
NFPA FLAMMABILITY: 0
NFPA REACTIVITY: 0
DEA Chemical Trafficking Act: No
TSCA STATUS: All ingredients in this product are on the TSCA Inventory List.
FOOT NOTES: ND - No Data Available   NA - Not Applicable < = Less Than   > = Greater Than

Prepared according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the ANSI MSDS Standard (Z400.1) by the Company Health and Risk Assessment Unit, PO Box 1519, Gretna, LA 70054-1519.

REVISION STATEMENT: Changes have been made throughout this Material Safety Data Sheet. Please read the entire document.

DISCLAIMER:
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