



Using a Class H vacuum cleaner for asbestos

Equipment and method sheet

Non-licensed tasks

This information will help employers and the selfemployed to comply with the Control of Asbestos Regulations 2012.

It is also useful for trade union and employee safety representatives.

Only carry out work if you are properly trained and have the right equipment.

Remember:

- Asbestos fibres can cause fatal lung disease and lung cancer.
- Check that the vacuum cleaner is in good working order before you start.
- Read sheet a0.
- · Read the safety checklist.
- You must be trained to work safely with asbestos materials.

What this sheet covers

This sheet describes the Class H vacuum cleaner, how to use it to minimise asbestos fibres released during a task, and how to use it to clean contaminated items.

The cleaner must comply with British Standards.

A Class H vacuum is not mandatory for non-licensed work but can be a useful piece of equipment on a number of tasks.

Never use domestic vacuum cleaners, even those fitted with highefficiency particle arrestor (HEPA) filters as these are not adequate for use with asbestos, and will allow asbestos fibres to pass straight through.





Vacuum clean carefully. It is easy to disturb asbestos fibres, make them airborne and breathe them in

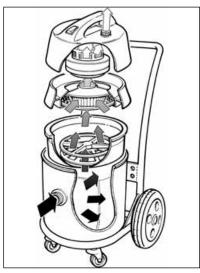
Equipment

- You can hire or purchase a Class H vacuum cleaner with a range of attachments: look up 'asbestos safety equipment hire' on the internet.
- Ensure hired cleaners are clean and in good working order on receipt.
- The hire company should thoroughly examine and test the cleaner at least once every six months and provide a valid certificate.
- If the certificate is not in date do not accept the vacuum.

Caution

You, and other people, will be exposed to high levels of asbestos fibres if you fail to take the proper precautions.

Domestic vacuum cleaners should never be used on asbestos.



Class H vacuum cleaner

British Standards

You should only hire a Class H vacuum cleaner that conforms to the following standards.

BS 8520-3:2009 Equipment used in the controlled removal of asbestoscontaining materials. Gives recommendations for the operation, cleaning and maintenance of Class H (high-hazard) vacuum cleaners containing a filter conforming to BS EN 1822 in the controlled removal of asbestos-containing materials (ACMs). It does not apply to any other types of vacuum cleaner for vacuuming up liquids or other applications.

- If the certificate is due to expire during the hire period, contact the hire company before expiry to arrange for the equipment to be re-tested or for delivery of a replacement vacuum.
- Some Class H vacuum cleaners are designed for wet and dry removal. Select this type of vacuum if water has to be removed.
 Normal Class H dry vacuums can be used for removal of moist or wetted material but not water.
- If you own the equipment you will need to arrange for a new examination and test on expiry of the certificate. Contact the manufacturer or supplier, or a licensed maintenance company, to arrange this or to obtain more information.

Vacuuming procedures

- Inspect the vacuum before each use to check it is in good working order, provides adequate suction and has not been damaged.
- If fitted with a low-flow indicator, check if this is activated.
- Follow the manufacturer's operating procedures.
- Pick up bigger pieces of debris and put them in a suitable waste bag.
- Vacuum clean with care; it is easy to disturb asbestos fibres, make them airborne and breathe them in.
- Normal Class H dry vacuums can be used for removal of moist or wetted material, but not water.
- Clean floors, carpets and fabrics with the adjustable floor attachment.
- Clean areas of limited access with the tapered attachment.
- Clean solid surfaces such as desk tops with the flat attachment.
- Check for damage after use.

Used as a control measure - dust extraction

- You can use the Class H vacuum cleaner to control asbestos fibres at source, eg:
 - shadow vacuuming: hold the nozzle close to the task (eg screw removal);
 - local dust extraction at the cutting point: enclose the tool (eg drill bit) with a drill cowl and attach the nozzle.







Control measures: shadow vacuuming and using a drill cowl as local extraction

Possible problems

Reduced suction:

- You have a long extension cable, resulting in low supply voltage.
- The waste container is full.
- The hose is blocked. Clearing it can release asbestos; clear it carefully or get help from the hire company.

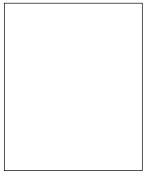
Emptying and cleaning

Never clean inside the vacuum cleaner yourself.

- Never attempt to remove or change the bag yourself; this should be done by a competent person under controlled conditions.
 Contact the supplier or a licensed organisation for assistance.
- After each use, clean the vacuum cleaner's outer casing and attachments with the vacuum and then with damp rags.
- Rags must be disposed of as asbestos waste (see em9).
- Inspect the case, hose and attachments visually.
- Keep the hose and attachments in a labelled plastic sack.
- Replace the sealing cap over the hose opening in the cleaner's casing.
- Store in a suitable sealed container until next usage.
- Return vacuum to hire company in a double asbestos bag (usually provided by the hire company).







There are many makes of Class H vacuum cleaner. Purchase or hire one from a supply company and follow all the instructions (make sure it conforms to BS 8520-3:2009 and contains a filter conforming to BS EN 1822)

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This guidance is issued by the Health and Safety Executive. Following the guidance is not compulsory, unless specifically stated, and you are free to take other action. But if you do follow the guidance you will normally be doing enough to comply with the law. Health and safety inspectors seek to secure compliance with the law and may refer to this guidance.

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