RGS Series 3 to 10 Ton With R-410A Refrigerant



3 to 6 Ton



7-1/2 to 10 Ton

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Service and Maintenance Instructions

509 08 3501 00 11/13/08

SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

Installation and servicing of air-conditioning equipment can be hazardous due to system pressure and electrical components. Only trained and qualified service personnel should install, repair, or service air-conditioning equipment. Untrained personnel can perform the basic maintenance functions of replacing filters. Trained service personnel should perform all other operations.

When working on air-conditioning equipment, observe precautions in the literature, tags and labels attached to the unit, and other safety precautions that may apply. Follow all safety codes. Wear safety glasses and work gloves. Use quenching cloth for unbrazing operations. Have fire extinguishers available for all brazing operations.

Follow all safety codes. Wear safety glasses and work gloves. Use quenching cloth for brazing operations. Have fire extinguisher available. Read these instructions thoroughly and follow all warnings or cautions attached to the unit. Consult local building codes and National Electrical Code (NEC) for special requirements.

Recognize safety information. This is the safety-alert symbol \triangle . When you see this symbol on the unit and in instructions or manuals, be alert to the potential for personal injury.

Understand the signal words DANGER, WARNING, and CAUTION. These words are used with the safety-alert symbol. DANGER identifies the most serious hazards which **will** result in severe personal injury or death. WARNING signifies a hazard which **could** result in personal injury or death. CAUTION is used to identify unsafe practices which **may** result in minor personal injury or product and property damage. NOTE is used to highlight suggestions which **will** result in enhanced installation, reliability, or operation.

WARNING

FIRE, EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death and/or property damage.

Refer to the User's Information Manual provided with this unit for more details.

Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.

What to do if you smell gas:

DO NOT try to light any appliance.

DO NOT touch any electrical switch, or use any phone in your building.

IMMEDIATELY call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.

If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

WARNING

ELECTRICAL OPERATION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

Before performing service or maintenance operations on unit, turn off main power switch to unit. Electrical shock and rotating equipment could cause injury.

WARNING

ELECTRICAL OPERATION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

Units with convenience outlet circuits may use multiple disconnects. Check convenience outlet for power status before opening unit for service. Locate its disconnect switch, if appropriate, and open it. Tag-out this switch, if necessary.

WARNING

UNIT OPERATION AND SAFETY HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could cause personal injury, death and/or equipment damage.

R-410A refrigerant systems operate at higher pressures than standard R-22 systems. Do not use R-22 service equipment or components on R-410A refrigerant equipment.

WARNING

FIRE, EXPLOSION HAZARD

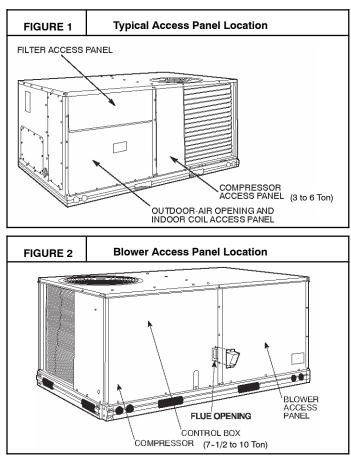
Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

Disconnect gas piping from unit when pressure testing at pressure greater than 0.5 psig. Pressures greater than 0.5 psig will cause gas valve damage resulting in hazardous condition. If gas valve is subjected to pressure greater than 0.5 psig, it *must* be replaced before use. When pressure testing field-supplied gas piping at pressures of 0.5 psig or less, a unit connected to such piping must be isolated by closing the manual gas valve(s).

UNIT ARRANGEMENT AND ACCESS

General

Fig. 1 and Fig. 2 show general unit arrangement and access locations.



Routine Maintenance

These items should be part of a routine maintenance program, to be checked every month or two, until a specific schedule for each can be identified for this installation:

Quarterly Inspection (and 30 days after initial start)

- Return air filter replacement
- Outdoor hood inlet filters cleaned
- · Belt tension checked
- Belt condition checked
- Pulley alignment checked
- Fan shaft bearing locking collar tightness checked
- Condenser coil cleanliness checked
- Condensate drain checked

Seasonal Maintenance

These items should be checked at the beginning of each season (or more often if local conditions and usage patterns dictate):

Air Conditioning

- Condenser fan motor mounting bolts tightness
- Compressor mounting bolts
- Condenser fan blade positioning

- · Control box cleanliness and wiring condition
- Wire terminal tightness
- Refrigerant charge level
- Evaporator coil cleaning
- Evaporator blower motor amperage

Heating

- · Heat exchanger flue passageways cleanliness
- Gas burner condition
- Gas manifold pressure
- Heating temperature rise

Economizer or Outside Air Damper

- Inlet filters condition
- Check damper travel (economizer)
- Check gear and dampers for debris and dirt

Air Filters and Screens

Each unit is equipped with return air filters. If the unit has an economizer, it will also have an outside air screen. If a manual outside air damper is added, an inlet air screen will also be present.

Each of these filters and screens will need to be periodically replaced or cleaned.

Return Air Filters

Return air filters are disposable fiberglass media type. Access to the filters is through the small lift-out panel located on the rear side of the unit, above the evaporator/return air access panel. (See Fig. 1.)

To remove the filters:

- 1. Grasp the bottom flange of the upper panel.
- 2. Lift up and swing the bottom out until the panel disengages and pulls out.
- 3. Reach inside and extract the filters from the filter rack.
- 4. Replace these filters as required with similar replacement filters of same size.

To re-install the access panel:

- 1. Slide the top of the panel up under the unit top panel.
- 2. Slide the bottom into the side channels.
- 3. Push the bottom flange down until it contacts the top of the lower panel (or economizer top).

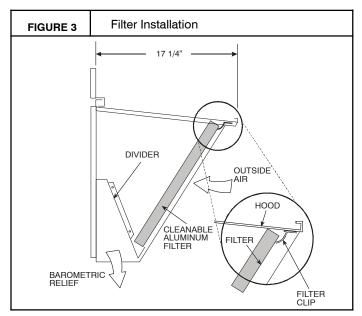
IMPORTANT: DO NOT OPERATE THE UNIT WITHOUT THESE FILTERS!

Outside Air Hood (Optional)

Outside air hood inlet screens are permanent aluminum-mesh type filters. Check these for cleanliness. Remove the screens when cleaning is required. Clean by washing with hot low-pressure water and soft detergent and replace all screens before restarting the unit. Observe the flow direction arrows on the side of each filter frame.

Economizer Inlet Air Screen (Optional)

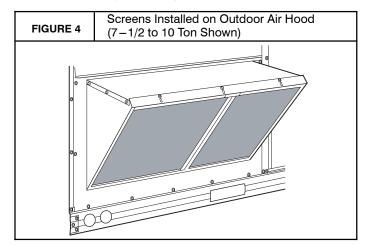
This air screen is retained by spring clips under the top edge of the hood. (See Fig. 3.)



To remove the filter, open the spring clips. Re-install the filter by placing the frame in its track, then closing the spring clips.

Manual Outside Air Hood Screen (Optional)

This inlet screen is secured by a retainer angle across the top edge of the hood. (See Fig. 4.)



To remove the screen, loosen the screws in the top retainer and slip the retainer up until the filter can be removed. Re-install by placing the frame in its track, rotating the retainer back down and tighten all screws.

SUPPLY FAN (BLOWER) SECTION

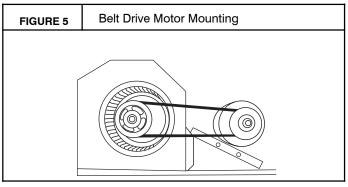
WARNING ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could cause personal injury or death.

Before performing service or maintenance operations on the fan system, shut off all unit power and tag-out the unit disconnect switch. Do not reach into the fan section with power still applied to unit.

Supply Fan (Belt-Drive)

The supply fan system consists of a forward-curved centrifugal blower wheel on a solid shaft with two concentric type bearings, one on each side of the blower housing. A fixed-pitch driven pulley is attached to the fan shaft and an adjustable-pitch driver pulley is on the motor. The pulleys are connected using a "V" type belt. (See Fig. 5.)



<u>Belt</u>

Check the belt condition and tension quarterly. Inspect the belt for signs of cracking, fraying or glazing along the inside surfaces. Check belt tension by using a spring-force tool (such as Browning's Part Number "Belt Tension Checker" or equivalent tool); tension should be 6-lbs at a 5/8-in. deflection when measured at the centerline of the belt span. This point is at the center of the belt when measuring the distance between the motor shaft and the blower shaft.

NOTE: Without the spring-tension tool, place a straight edge across the belt surface at the pulleys, then deflect the belt at mid-span using one finger to a 1/2-in. deflection.

Adjust belt tension by loosening the motor mounting plate front bolts and rear bolt and sliding the plate toward the fan (to reduce tension) or away from fan (to increase tension). Ensure the blower shaft and the motor shaft are parallel to each other (pulleys aligned). Tighten all bolts when finished.

To replace the belt:

- 1. Use a belt with same section type or similar size. Do not substitute a "FHP" type belt. When installing the new belt, do not use a tool (screwdriver or pry-bar) to force the belt over the pulley flanges, this will stress the belt and cause a reduction in belt life.
- 2. Loosen the motor mounting plate front bolts and rear bolts.
- 3. Push the motor and its mounting plate towards the blower housing as close as possible to reduce the center distance between fan shaft and motor shaft.
- 4. Remove the belt by gently lifting the old belt over one of the pulleys.
- 5. Install the new belt by gently sliding the belt over both pulleys and then sliding the motor and plate away from the fan housing until proper tension is achieved.
- 6. Check the alignment of the pulleys, adjust if necessary.
- 7. Tighten all bolts.
- 8. Check the tension after a few hours of runtime and re-adjust as required.

Adjustable-Pitch Pulley on Motor

The motor pulley is an adjustable-pitch type that allows a servicer to implement changes in the fan wheel speed to match as-installed ductwork systems. The pulley consists of a fixed flange side that faces the motor (secured to the motor shaft) and a movable flange side that can be rotated around the fixed flange side that increases or reduces the pitch diameter of this driver pulley. (See Fig. 6.)

As the pitch diameter is changed by adjusting the position of the movable flange, the centerline on this pulley shifts laterally (along the motor shaft). This creates a requirement for a realignment of the pulleys after any adjustment of the movable flange. Also reset the belt tension after each realignment.

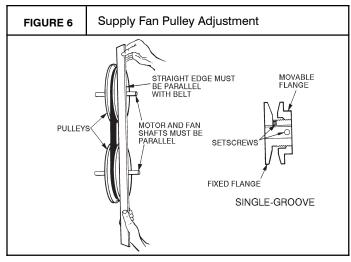
Check the condition of the motor pulley for signs of wear. Glazing of the belt contact surfaces and erosion on these surfaces are signs of improper belt tension and/or belt slippage. Pulley replacement may be necessary.

To change fan speed:

- 1. Shut off unit power supply.
- 2. Loosen belt by loosening fan motor mounting nuts. (See Fig. 5.)
- 3. Loosen movable pulley flange setscrew. (See Fig. 6.)
- 4. Screw movable flange toward fixed flange to increase speed and away from fixed flange to decrease speed. Increasing fan speed increases load on motor. Do not exceed maximum speed specified.
- 5. Set movable flange at nearest keyway of pulley hub and tighten setscrew to torque specifications.

To align fan and motor pulleys:

- 1. Loosen fan pulley setscrews.
- 2. Slide fan pulley along fan shaft. Make angular alignment by loosening motor from mounting.
- 3. Tighten fan pulley setscrews and motor mounting bolts to torque specifications.
- 4. Recheck belt tension.



Bearings

This fan system uses bearings featuring concentric split locking collars. The collars are tightened through a cap screw bridging the split portion of the collar. The cap screw has a Torx T25

socket head. To tighten the locking collar: Hold the locking collar tightly against the inner race of the bearing and torque the cap screw to 65-70 in-lb (7.4-7.9 Nm). See Fig. 7.



<u>Motor</u>

When replacing the motor, also replace the external-tooth lock washer (star washer) under the motor mounting base; this is part of the motor grounding system. Ensure the teeth on the lock washer are in contact with the motor's painted base. Tighten motor mounting bolts to 120 + -12 in-lbs.

Changing fan wheel speed by changing pulleys: The horsepower rating of the belt is primarily dictated by the pitch diameter of the smaller pulley in the drive system (typically the motor pulley in these units). Do not install a replacement motor pulley with a smaller pitch diameter than provided on the original factory pulley. Change fan wheel speed by changing the fan pulley (larger pitch diameter to reduce wheel speed, smaller pitch diameter to increase wheel speed) or select a new system (both pulleys and matching belt(s)).

Before changing pulleys to increase fan wheel speed, check the fan performance at the target speed and airflow rate to determine new motor loading (bhp). Use the fan performance tables or use the Packaged Rooftop Builder software program. Confirm that the motor in this unit is capable of operating at the new operating condition. Fan shaft loading increases dramatically as wheel speed is increased.

To reduce vibration, replace the motor's adjustable pitch pulley with a fixed pitch pulley (after the final airflow balance adjustment). This will reduce the amount of vibration generated by the motor/belt-drive system.

COOLING

WARNING

UNIT OPERATION AND SAFETY HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could cause personal injury, death and/or equipment damage.

This system uses R-410A refrigerant which has higher pressures than R-22 and other refrigerants. No other refrigerant may be used in this system. Gauge set, hoses, and recovery system must be designed to handle R-410A refrigerant. If unsure about equipment, consult the equipment manufacturer.

Condenser Coil

The condenser coil is fabricated with round tube copper hairpins and plate fins of various materials and/or coatings (see Model Number Format in the Appendix to identify the materials provided in this unit). The coil may be one-row or composite-type two-row. Composite two-row coils are two single-row coils fabricated with a single return bend end tubesheet.

Condenser Coil Maintenance and Cleaning Recommendation

Routine cleaning of coil surfaces is essential to maintain proper operation of the unit. Elimination of contamination and removal of harmful residues will greatly increase the life of the coil and extend the life of the unit. The following maintenance and cleaning procedures are recommended as part of the routine maintenance activities to extend the life of the coil.

Remove Surface Loaded Fibers

Surface loaded fibers or dirt should be removed with a vacuum cleaner. If a vacuum cleaner is not available, a soft non-metallic bristle brush may be used. In either case, the tool should be applied in the direction of the fins. Coil surfaces can be easily damaged (fin edges can be easily bent over and damage to the coating of a protected coil) if the tool is applied across the fins.

NOTE: Use of a water stream, such as a garden hose, against a surface loaded coil will drive the fibers and dirt into the coil. This will make cleaning efforts more difficult. Surface loaded fibers must be completely removed prior to using low velocity clean water rinse.

Periodic Clean Water Rinse

A periodic clean water rinse is very beneficial for coils that are applied in coastal or industrial environments. However, it is very important that the water rinse is made with a very low velocity water stream to avoid damaging the fin edges. Monthly cleaning as described below is recommended.

Routine Cleaning of Coil Surfaces

Periodic cleaning with Fast Parts[®] environmentally sound coil cleaner is essential to extend the life of coils. This cleaner is available from ICP Fast Parts as part number P902-0301 for a one gallon container, and part number P902-0305 for a 5 gallon container. It is recommended that all coils, including standard aluminum, pre-coated, copper/copper or E-coated coils be cleaned with the Fast Parts environmentally sound coil cleaner as described below. Coil cleaning should be part of the unit's regularly scheduled maintenance procedures to ensure long life of the coil. Failure to clean the coils may result in reduced durability in the environment.

Avoid use of:

- coil brighteners
- acid cleaning prior to painting
- high pressure washers
- poor quality water for cleaning

Fast Parts environmentally sound coil cleaner is nonflammable, hypo allergenic, non bacterial, and a USDA accepted biodegradable agent that will not harm the coil or surrounding components such as electrical wiring, painted metal surfaces, or insulation. Use of non-recommended coil cleaners is strongly discouraged since coil and unit durability could be affected.

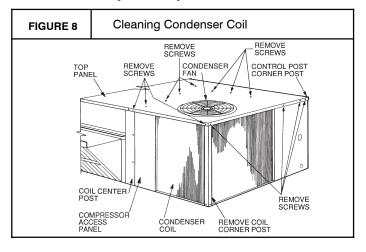
One-Row Coil

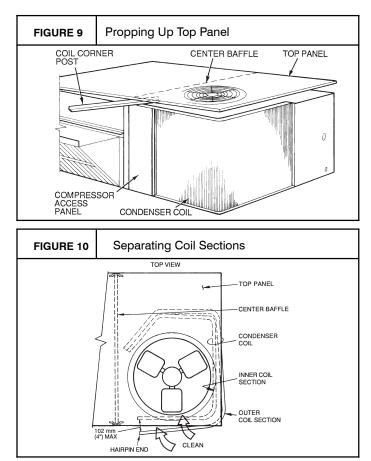
Wash coil with commercial coil cleaner. It is not necessary to remove top panel.

Two-Row Coils

Clean coil as follows:

- 1. Turn off unit power, tag disconnect.
- 2. Remove top panel screws on condenser end of unit.
- 3. Remove condenser coil corner post. See Fig. 8. To hold top panel open, place coil corner post between top panel and center post. See Fig. 9.
- 4. Remove screws securing coil to compressor plate and compressor access panel.
- 5. Remove fastener holding coil sections together at return end of condenser coil. Carefully separate the outer coil section 3 to 4 in. from the inner coil section. See Fig. 10.
- 6. Use a water hose or other suitable equipment to flush down between the 2 coil sections to remove dirt and debris. Clean the outer surfaces with a stiff brush in the normal manner.
- 7. Secure inner and outer coil rows together with a field-supplied fastener.
- 8. Reposition the outer coil section and remove the coil corner post from between the top panel and center post. Reinstall the coil corner post and replace all screws.





Fast Parts Environmentally Sound Coil Cleaner Application Equipment

- 2-1/2 gallon garden sprayer
- Water rinse with low velocity spray nozzle

CAUTION

UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in accelerated corrosion of unit parts.

Harsh chemicals, household bleach or acid or basic cleaners should not be used to clean outdoor or indoor coils of any kind. These cleaners can be very difficult to rinse out of the coil and can accelerate corrosion at the fin/tube interface where dissimilar materials are in contact. If there is dirt below the surface of the coil, use the Fast Parts environmentally sound coil cleaner.

CAUTION

UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in reduced unit performance or unit shutdown.

High velocity water from a pressure washer, garden hose, or compressed air should never be used to clean a coil. The force of the water or air jet will bend the fin edges and increase airside pressure drop.

Fast Parts Environmentally Sound Coil Cleaner Application Instructions

1. Proper eye protection such as safety glasses is recommended during mixing and application.

- 2. Remove all surface loaded fibers and dirt with a vacuum cleaner as described above.
- 3. Thoroughly wet finned surfaces with clean water and a low velocity garden hose, being careful not to bend fins.
- 4. Mix Fast Parts environmentally sound coil cleaner in a 2-1/2 gallon garden sprayer according to the instructions included with the cleaner. The optimum solution temperature is 100°F.

NOTE: Do NOT USE water in excess of 130°F, as the enzymatic activity will be destroyed.

- 5. Thoroughly apply Fast Parts environmentally sound coil cleaner solution to all coil surfaces including finned area, tube sheets and coil headers.
- 6. Hold garden sprayer nozzle close to finned areas and apply cleaner with a vertical, up-and-down motion. Avoid spraying in horizontal pattern to minimize potential for fin damage.
- 7. Ensure cleaner thoroughly penetrates deep into finned areas.
- 8. Interior and exterior finned areas must be thoroughly cleaned.
- 9. Finned surfaces should remain wet with cleaning solution for 10 minutes.
- 10. Ensure surfaces are not allowed to dry before rinsing. Reapplying cleaner as needed to ensure 10-minute saturation is achieved.
- 11. Thoroughly rinse all surfaces with low velocity clean water using downward rinsing motion of water spray nozzle. Protect fins from damage from the spray nozzle.

Evaporator Coil

Cleaning the Evaporator Coil

- 1. Turn unit power off. Install lockout tag. Remove evaporator coil access panel.
- 2. If economizer or two-position damper is installed, remove economizer by disconnecting Molex plug and removing mounting screws.
- 3. Slide filters out of unit.
- 4. Clean coil using a commercial coil cleaner or dishwasher detergent in a pressurized spray canister. Wash both sides of coil and flush with clean water. For best results, backflush toward return-air section to remove foreign material. Flush condensate pan after completion.
- 5. Reinstall economizer and filters.
- 6. Reconnect wiring.
- 7. Replace access panels.

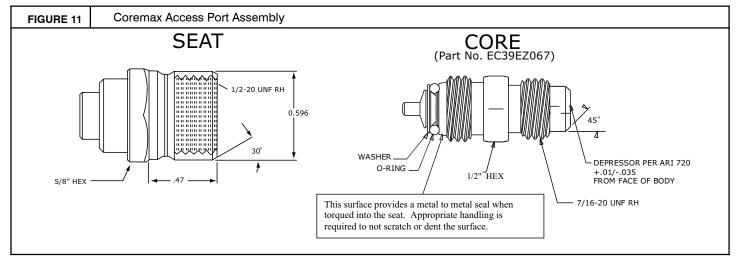
Evaporator Coil Metering Devices

The metering devices are multiple fixed-bore devices (AcutrolTM) swedged into the horizontal outlet tubes from the liquid header, located at the entrance to each evaporator coil circuit path. These are non-adjustable. Service requires replacing the entire liquid header assembly.

To check for possible blockage of one or more of these metering devices, disconnect the supply fan contactor (IFC) coil, then start the compressor and observe the frosting pattern on the face of the evaporator coil. A frost pattern should develop uniformly across the face of the coil starting at each horizontal header tube. Failure to develop frost at an outlet tube can indicate a plugged or a missing orifice.

Refrigerant System Pressure Access Ports

There are two access ports in the system - on the suction tube near the compressor and on the discharge tube near the compressor. These are brass fittings with black plastic caps. The hose connection fittings are standard 1/4 SAE Male Flare couplings. The brass fittings are two-piece High Flow valves, with a receptacle base brazed to the tubing and an integral spring-closed check valve core screwed into the base. (See Fig. 11.) This check valve is permanently assembled into this core body and cannot be serviced separately; replace the entire core body if necessary. Service tools are available from Fast Parts that allow the replacement of the check valve core without having to recover the entire system refrigerant charge. Apply compressor refrigerant oil to the check valve core's bottom o-ring. Install the fitting body with 96 +/-10 in-lbs of torque; do not overtighten.



R-410A REFRIGERANT

This unit is designed for use with R-410A refrigerant. Do not use any other refrigerant in this system.

R-410A is provided in pink (rose) colored cylinders. These cylinders are available with and without dip tubes; cylinders with dip tubes will have a label indicating this feature. For a cylinder with a dip tube, place the cylinder in the upright position (access valve at the top) when removing liquid refrigerant for charging. For a cylinder without a dip tube, invert the cylinder (access valve on the bottom) when removing liquid refrigerant.

Because R-410A is a blend, it is strongly recommended that refrigerant always be removed from the cylinder as a liquid. Admit liquid refrigerant into the system in the discharge line. If adding refrigerant into the suction line, use a commercial metering/expansion device at the gauge manifold; remove liquid from the cylinder, pass it through the metering device at the gauge set and then pass it into the suction line as a vapor. Do not remove R-410A from the cylinder as a vapor.

Refrigerant Charge

Amount of refrigerant charge is listed on the unit's nameplate. Refer to GTAC2-5 Charging, Recovery, Recycling and Reclamation training manual and the following procedures.

Unit panels must be in place when unit is operating during the charging procedure.

No Charge

Use standard evacuating techniques. After evacuating system, weigh in the specified amount of refrigerant.

Low-Charge Cooling

Using Cooling Charging Charts, Fig. 12, vary refrigerant until the conditions of the appropriate chart are met. Note the charging charts are different from type normally used. Charts are based on charging the units to the correct superheat for the various operating conditions. Accurate pressure gauge and temperature sensing device are required. Connect the pressure gauge to the service port on the suction line. Mount the temperature sensing device on the suction line and insulate it so that outdoor ambient temperature does not affect the reading. Indoor-air cfm must be within the normal operating range of the unit.

To Use Cooling Charging Charts

Take the outdoor ambient temperature and read the suction pressure gauge. Refer to chart to determine what suction temperature should be. If suction temperature is high, add refrigerant. If suction temperature is low, carefully recover some of the charge. Recheck the suction pressure as charge is adjusted.

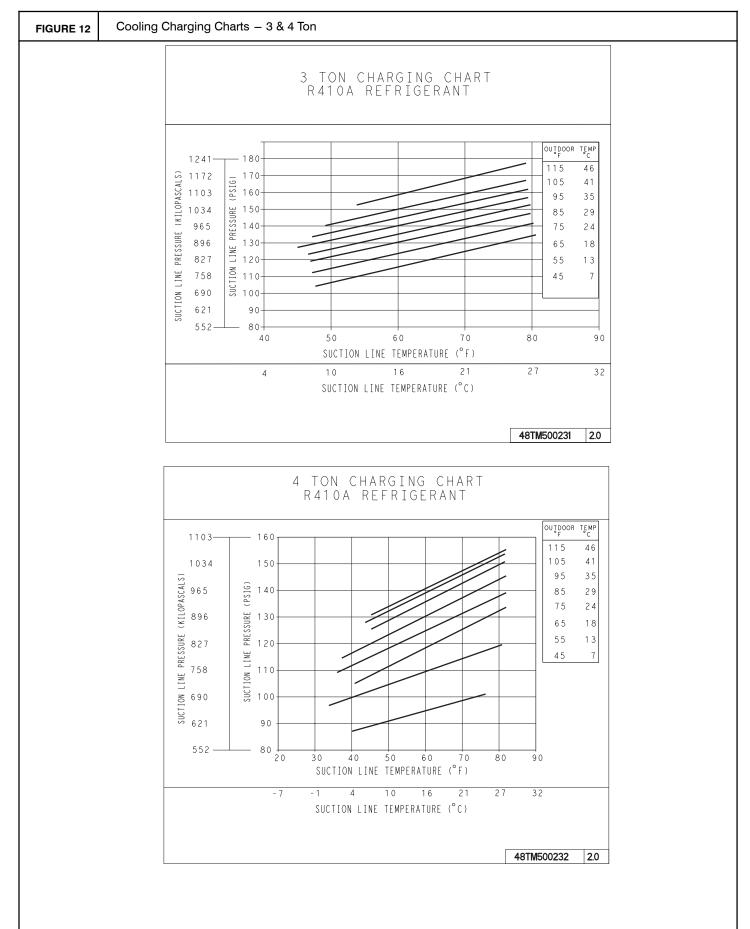
| SIZE DESIGNATION | NOMINAL TONS | |
|------------------|--------------|--|
| 036 | 3 | |
| 048 | 4 | |
| 060 | 5 | |
| 072 | 6 | |
| 091 | 7.5 | |
| 101 | 8.5 | |
| 121 | 10 | |

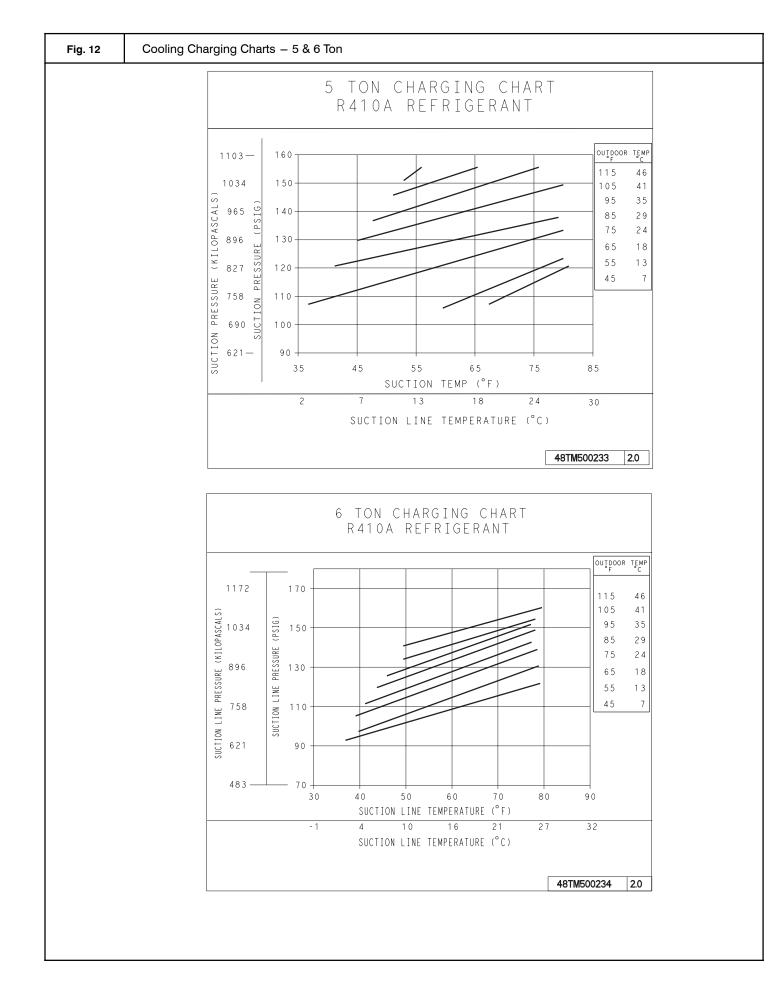
EXAMPLE:

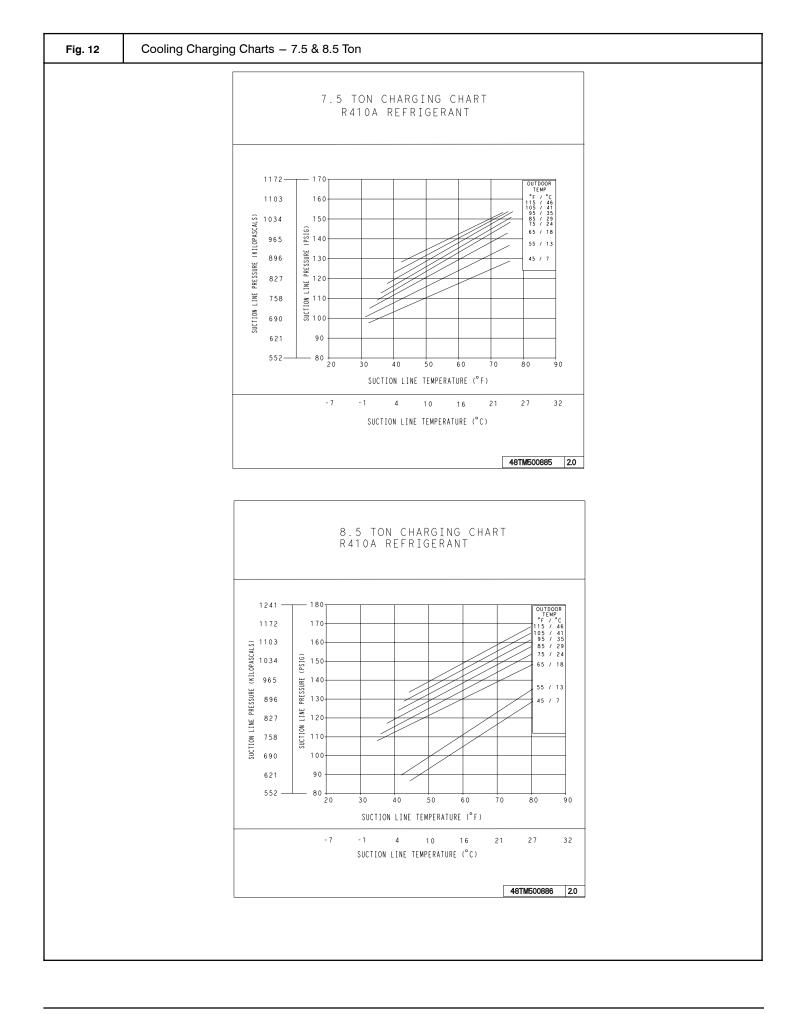
Model RGS036 (3 ton)

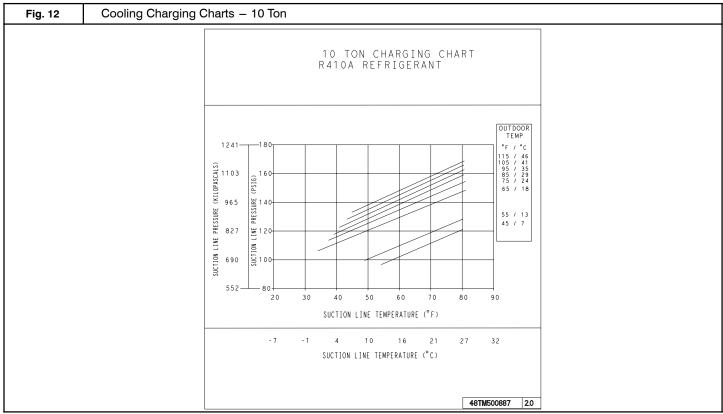
| Outdoor Temperature | 85°F (29°C) |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Suction Pressure 140 ps | sig (965 kPa) |
| Suction Temperature should be | 60°F (16°C) |

COOLING CHARGING CHARTS









Compressor

Lubrication

The compressor is charged with the correct amount of oil at the factory.

A CAUTION

UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in damage to components.

The compressor is in a R-410A refrigerant system and uses a polyolester (POE) oil. This oil is extremely hygroscopic, meaning it absorbs water readily. POE oils can absorb 15 times as much water as other oils designed for HCFC and CFC refrigerants. Avoid exposure of the oil to the atmosphere.

Replacing Compressor

The compressor used with R-410A refrigerant contains a POE oil. This oil has a high affinity for moisture. Do not remove the compressor's tube plugs until ready to insert the unit suction and discharge tube ends.

Compressor mounting bolt torque is 65-75 ft-lbs.

Compressor Rotation

On 3-phase units with scroll compressors, it is important to be certain compressor is rotating in the proper direction. To determine whether or not compressor is rotating in the proper direction:

- 1. Connect service gauges to suction and discharge pressure fittings.
- 2. Energize the compressor.
- 3. The suction pressure should drop and the discharge pressure should rise, as is normal on any start-up.

NOTE: If the suction pressure does not drop and the discharge pressure does not rise to normal levels:

- 4. Note that the evaporator fan is probably also rotating in the wrong direction.
- 5. Turn off power to the unit.
- 6. Reverse any two of the unit power leads.
- 7. Reapply power to the compressor.

The suction and discharge pressure levels should now move to their normal start-up levels.

NOTE: When the compressor is rotating in the wrong direction, the unit makes an elevated level of noise and does not provide cooling.

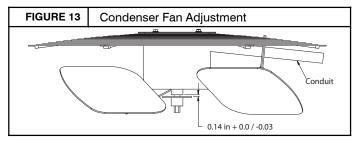
Filter Drier

Replace whenever refrigerant system is exposed to atmosphere. Only use factory specified liquid-line filter driers with working pressures no less than 650 psig. Do not install a suction-line filter drier in liquid line. A liquid-line filter drier designed for use with R-410A refrigerant is required on every unit.

Condenser-Fan Location

See Fig. 13.

- 1. Shut off unit power supply. Install lockout tag.
- 2. Remove condenser-fan assembly (grille, motor, and fan).
- 3. Loosen fan hub setscrews.
- 4. Adjust fan height as shown in Fig. 13.
- 5. Tighten setscrews.
- 6. Replace condenser-fan assembly.



Troubleshooting Cooling System

Table 1 – Cooling Service Analysis

| PROBLEM | CAUSE | REMEDY | |
|--|---|--|--|
| | Power failure. | Call power company. | |
| | Fuse blown or circuit breaker tripped. | Replace fuse or reset circuit breaker. | |
| Compressor and Condenser Fan Will Not Start. | Defective thermostat, contactor, transformer, or control relay. | Replace component. | |
| | Insufficient line voltage. | Determine cause and correct. | |
| | Incorrect or faulty wiring. | Check wiring diagram and rewire correctly. | |
| | Thermostat setting too high. | Lower thermostat setting below room temperature. | |
| | Faulty wiring or loose connections in compressor circuit. | Check wiring and repair or replace. | |
| Compressor Will Not Start But Condenser Fan Runs. | Compressor motor burned out, seized, or internal overload open. | Determine cause. Replace compressor. | |
| | Defective run/start capacitor, overload, start relay. | Determine cause and replace. | |
| | One leg of three-phase power dead. | Replace fuse or reset circuit breaker. Determine cause. | |
| | Refrigerant overcharge or undercharge. | Recover refrigerant, evacuate system, and recharge to nameplate. | |
| | Defective compressor. | Replace and determine cause. | |
| | Insufficient line voltage. | Determine cause and correct. | |
| Compressor Cycles (other than normally satisfying | Blocked condenser. | Determine cause and correct. | |
| thermostat). | Defective run/start capacitor, overload, or start relay. | Determine cause and replace. | |
| | Defective thermostat. | Replace thermostat. | |
| | Faulty condenser-fan motor or capacitor. | Replace. | |
| | Restriction in refrigerant system. | Locate restriction and remove. | |
| | Dirty air filter. | Replace filter. | |
| | Unit undersized for load. | Decrease load or increase unit size. | |
| | Thermostat set too low. | Reset thermostat. | |
| Compressor Operates Continuously. | Low refrigerant charge. | Locate leak; repair and recharge. | |
| commuousiy. | Leaking valves in compressor. | Replace compressor. | |
| | Air in system. | Recover refrigerant, evacuate system, and recharge. | |
| | Condenser coil dirty or restricted. | Clean coil or remove restriction. | |
| | Dirty air filter. | Replace filter. | |
| | Dirty condenser coil. | Clean coil. | |
| Excessive Head Pressure. | Refrigerant overcharged. | Recover excess refrigerant. | |
| | Air in system. | Recover refrigerant, evacuate system, and recharge. | |
| | Condenser air restricted or air short-cycling. | Determine cause and correct. | |
| | Low refrigerant charge. | Check for leaks; repair and recharge. | |
| Head Pressure Too Low. | Compressor valves leaking. | Replace compressor. | |
| | Restriction in liquid tube. | Remove restriction. | |
| | High head load. | Check for source and eliminate. | |
| Excessive Suction Pressure. | Compressor valves leaking. | Replace compressor. | |
| | Refrigerant overcharged. | Recover excess refrigerant. | |
| | Dirty air filter. | Replace filter. | |
| | Low refrigerant charge. | Check for leaks; repair and recharge. | |
| | Metering device or low side restricted. | Remove source of restriction. | |
| Suction Pressure Too Low. | Insufficient evaporator airflow. | Increase air quantity. Check filter and replace if necessary. | |
| | Temperature too low in conditioned area. | Reset thermostat. | |
| | Outdoor ambient below 25° F. | Install low-ambient kit. | |
| Evaporator Fan Will Not Shut Off. | Time off delay not finished. | Wait for 30-second off delay. | |
| Compressor Makes Excessive Noise. | Compressor rotating in wrong direction. | Reverse the 3-phase power leads. | |

CONVENIENCE OUTLETS (Optional)

WARNING

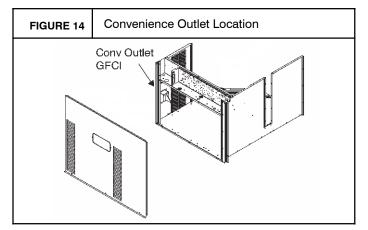
ELECTRICAL OPERATION HAZARD

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Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

Units with convenience outlet circuits may use multiple disconnects. Check convenience outlet for power status before opening unit for service. Locate its disconnect switch, if appropriate, and open it. Tag-out this switch, if necessary.

The factory installed option (FIOP) non-powered 115v convenience outlet provide a 125-volt GFCI (ground-fault circuit-interrupter) duplex receptacle rated at 15-A behind a hinged waterproof access cover, located on the end panel of the unit. See Fig. 14.



Non-powered type: This type requires the field installation of a general-purpose 125-volt 15-A circuit powered from a source elsewhere in the building. Observe national and local codes when selecting wire size, fuse or breaker requirements and disconnect switch size and location. Route 125-v power supply conductors into the bottom of the utility box containing the duplex receptacle.

Maintenance: Periodically test the GFCI receptacle by pressing the TEST button on the face of the receptacle. This should cause the internal circuit of the receptacle to trip and open the receptacle. Check for proper grounding wires and power line phasing if the GFCI receptacle does not trip as required. Press the RESET button to clear the tripped condition.

Using unit-mounted convenience outlets: Units with unit-mounted convenience outlet circuits will often require that two disconnects be opened to de-energize all power to the unit. Treat all units as electrically energized until the convenience outlet power is also checked and de-energization is confirmed. Observe National Electrical Code Article 210, Branch Circuits, for use of convenience outlets.

SMOKE DETECTORS

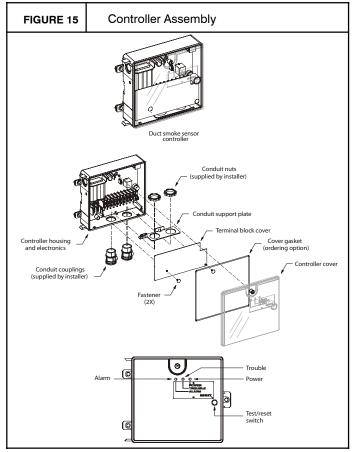
Smoke detectors are available as factory-installed options on RGS models. Smoke detectors for Supply Air only without or with economizer. All components necessary for operation are factory-provided and mounted. The unit is factory-configured for immediate smoke detector shutdown operation; additional wiring or modifications to unit terminal board may be necessary to complete the unit and smoke detector configuration to meet project requirements.

System

The smoke detector system consists of a four-wire controller and one or two sensors. Its primary function is to shut down the rooftop unit in order to prevent smoke from circulating throughout the building. It is not to be used as a life saving device.

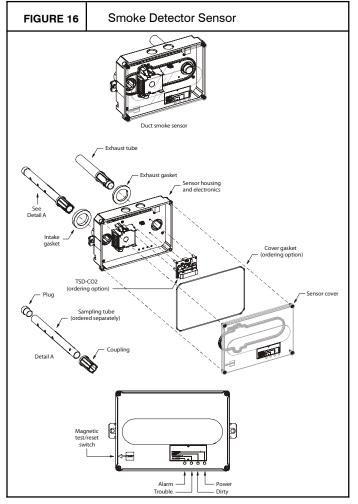
Controller

The controller (see Fig. 15) includes a controller housing, a printed circuit board, and a clear plastic cover. The controller can be connected to one or two compatible duct smoke sensors. The clear plastic cover is secured to the housing with a single captive screw for easy access to the wiring terminals. The controller has three LEDs (for Power, Trouble and Alarm) and a manual test/reset button (on the cover face).



Sensor

The sensor (see Fig. 16) includes a plastic housing, a printed circuit board, a clear plastic cover, a sampling tube inlet and an exhaust tube. The sampling tube (when used) and exhaust tube are attached during installation. The sampling tube varies in length depending on the size of the rooftop unit. The clear plastic cover permits visual inspections without having to disassemble the sensor. The cover attaches to the sensor housing using four captive screws and forms an airtight chamber around the sensing electronics. Each sensor includes a harness with an RJ45 terminal for connecting to the controller. Each sensor has four LEDs (for Power, Trouble, Alarm and Dirty) and a manual test/reset button (on the left-side of the housing).

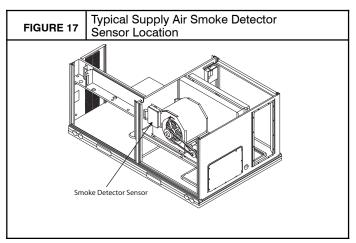


Air is introduced to the duct smoke detector sensor's sensing chamber through a sampling tube that extends into the HVAC duct and is directed back into the ventilation system through a (shorter) exhaust tube. The difference in air pressure between the two tubes pulls the sampled air through the sensing chamber. When a sufficient amount of smoke is detected in the sensing chamber, the sensor signals an alarm state and the controller automatically takes the appropriate action to shut down fans and blowers, change over air handling systems, notify the fire alarm control panel, etc.

The sensor uses a process called differential sensing to prevent gradual environmental changes from triggering false alarms. A rapid change in environmental conditions, such as smoke from a fire, causes the sensor to signal an alarm state but dust and debris accumulated over time does not. For installations using two sensors, the duct smoke detector does not differentiate which sensor signals an alarm or trouble condition.

Smoke Detector Locations

Supply Air — The Supply Air smoke detector sensor is located to the left of the unit's indoor (supply) fan. See Fig. 17. Access is through the fan access panel. There is no sampling tube used at this location. The sampling tube inlet extends through the side plate of the fan housing (into a high pressure area). The controller is located on a bracket to the right of the return filter, accessed through the lift-off filter panel.



FIOP Smoke Detector Wiring and Response

All units: FIOP smoke detector is configured to automatically shut down all unit operations when smoke condition is detected. See Fig. 18, Smoke Detector Wiring.

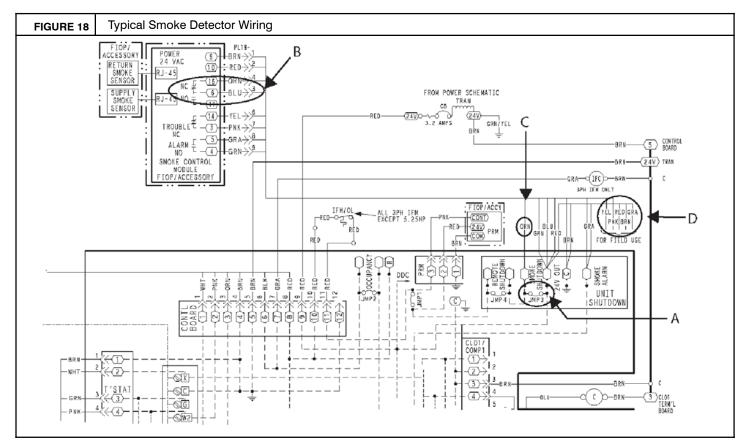
Highlight A: JMP 3 is factory-cut, transferring unit control to smoke detector.

Highlight B: Smoke detector NC contact set will open on smoke alarm condition, de-energizing the ORN conductor.

Highlight C: 24-v power signal via ORN lead is removed at Smoke Detector input on LCTB; all unit operations cease immediately.

Using Remote Logic: Five conductors are provided for field use (see Highlight D) for additional annunciation functions.

Additional Application Data — Refer to Catalog No. HKRNKA-1XA for discussions on additional control features of these smoke detectors including multiple unit coordination. See Fig. 18.



SENSOR AND CONTROLLER TESTS

Sensor Alarm Test

The sensor alarm test checks a sensor's ability to signal an alarm state. This test requires that you use a SD-MAG test magnet. The magnet is supplied taped to the smoke detector for the Alarm Contractor's use at the job site to verify operation once the alarm loop is connected. It is also used to reset the detector once it trips an alarm (during the building smoke test). If the customer utilizes the remote test/reset device (KT99ZT003 or CRSDTEST001A00), the magnet is transferred to the alarm panel room in the building to serve the same purpose.

CAUTION

OPERATIONAL TEST HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in personnel and authority concern.

This test places the duct detector into the alarm state. Unless part of the test, disconnect all auxiliary equipment from the controller before performing the test. If the duct detector is connected to a fire alarm system, notify the proper authorities before performing the test.

Sensor Alarm Test Procedure

- 1. Hold the test magnet where indicated on the side of the sensor housing for seven seconds.
- 2. Verify that the sensor's Alarm LED turns on.
- 3. Reset the sensor by holding the test magnet against the sensor housing for two seconds.
- 4. Verify that the sensor's Alarm LED turns off.

Controller Alarm Test

The controller alarm test checks the controller's ability to initiate and indicate an alarm state.

CAUTION

OPERATIONAL TEST HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in personnel and authority concern.

This test places the duct detector into the alarm state. Disconnect all auxiliary equipment from the controller before performing the test. If the duct detector is connected to a fire alarm system, notify the proper authorities before performing the test.

Controller Alarm Test Procedure

- 1. Press the controller's test/reset switch for seven seconds.
- 2. Verify that the controller's Alarm LED turns on.
- 3. Reset the sensor by pressing the test/reset switch for two seconds.
- 4. Verify that the controller's Alarm LED turns off.

Dirty Controller Test

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The dirty controller test checks the controller's ability to initiate a dirty sensor test and indicate its results.



OPERATIONAL TEST HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in personnel and authority concern.

Pressing the controller's test/reset switch for longer than seven seconds will put the duct detector into the alarm state and activate all automatic alarm responses.

Dirty Controller Test Procedure

- 1. Press the controller's test/reset switch for two seconds.
- 2. Verify that the controller's Trouble LED flashes.

Dirty Sensor Test

The dirty sensor test provides an indication of the sensor's ability to compensate for gradual environmental changes. A sensor that can no longer compensate for environmental changes is considered 100% dirty and requires cleaning or replacing. You must use the factory provided SD-MAG test magnet (taped to the smoke detector) to initiate a sensor dirty test. The sensor's Dirty LED indicates the results of the dirty test as shown in Table 2.

A CAUTION

OPERATIONAL TEST HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in personnel and authority concern.

Holding the test magnet against the sensor housing for more than seven seconds will put the duct detector into the alarm state and activate all automatic alarm responses.

Table 2 – Dirty LED Test

| FLASHES | DESCRIPTION | | |
|---------|--|--|--|
| 1 | 0-25% dirty. (Typical of a newly installed detector) | | |
| 2 | 25–50% dirty | | |
| 3 | 51–75% dirty | | |
| 4 | 76–99% dirty | | |

Dirty Sensor Test Procedure

- 1. Hold the test magnet where indicated on the side of the sensor housing for two seconds.
- 2. Verify that the sensor's Dirty LED flashes.

A CAUTION

OPERATIONAL TEST HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in personnel and authority concern.

Changing the dirty sensor test operation will put the detector into the alarm state and activate all automatic alarm responses. Before changing dirty sensor test operation, disconnect all auxiliary equipment from the controller and notify the proper authorities if connected to a fire alarm system.

Changing the Dirt Sensor Test

By default, sensor dirty test results are indicated by:

- The sensor's Dirty LED flashing.
- The controller's Trouble LED flashing.
- The controller's supervision relay contacts toggle.

The operation of a sensor's dirty test can be changed so that the controller's supervision relay is not used to indicate test results. When two detectors are connected to a controller, sensor dirty

test operation on both sensors must be configured to operate in the same manner.

To Configure the Dirty Sensor Test Operation

- 1. Hold the test magnet where indicated on the side of the sensor housing until the sensor's Alarm LED turns on and its Dirty LED flashes twice (approximately 60 seconds).
- 2. Reset the sensor by removing the test magnet then holding it against the sensor housing again until the sensor's Alarm LED turns off (approximately 2 seconds).

Remote Station Test

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The remote station alarm test checks a test/reset station's ability to initiate and indicate an alarm state.



OPERATIONAL TEST HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in personnel and authority concern.

This test places the duct detector into the alarm state. Unless part of the test, disconnect all auxiliary equipment from the controller before performing the test. If the duct detector is connected to a fire alarm system, notify the proper authorities before performing the test.

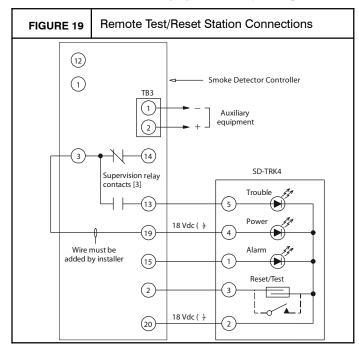
SD-TRK4 Remote Alarm Test Procedure

- 1. Turn the key switch to the RESET/TEST position for seven seconds.
- 2. Verify that the test/reset station's Alarm LED turns on.
- 3. Reset the sensor by turning the key switch to the RESET/ TEST position for two seconds.
- 4. Verify that the test/reset station's Alarm LED turns off.

Remote Test/Reset Station Dirty Sensor Test

The test/reset station dirty sensor test checks the test/reset station's ability to initiate a sensor dirty test and indicate the results. It must be wired to the controller as shown in Fig. 19

and configured to operate the controller's supervision relay. For more information, see "Changing sensor dirty test operation."



A CAUTION

OPERATIONAL TEST HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in personnel and authority concern.

If the test/reset station's key switch is left in the RESET/TEST position for longer than seven seconds, the detector will automatically go into the alarm state and activate all automatic alarm responses.

A CAUTION

OPERATIONAL TEST HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in personnel and authority concern.

Holding the test magnet to the target area for longer than seven seconds will put the detector into the alarm state and activate all automatic alarm responses.

Dirty Sensor Test Using an SD-TRK4

- 1. Turn the key switch to the RESET/TEST position for two seconds.
- 2. Verify that the test/reset station's Trouble LED flashes.

Detector Cleaning

Cleaning the Smoke Detector

Clean the duct smoke sensor when the Dirty LED is flashing continuously or sooner if conditions warrant.

Table 3 – Detector Indicators

| CONTROL OR INDICATOR | DESCRIPTION |
|----------------------------|---|
| Magnetic test/reset switch | Resets the sensor when it is in the alarm or trouble state. Activates or tests the sensor when it is in the normal state. |
| Alarm LED | Indicates the sensor is in the alarm state. |
| Trouble LED | Indicates the sensor is in the trouble state. |
| Dirty LED | Indicates the amount of environmental compensation used by the sensor (flashing continuously = 100%) |
| Power LED | Indicates the sensor is energized. |

A CAUTION

OPERATIONAL TEST HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in personnel and authority concern.

If the smoke detector is connected to a fire alarm system, first notify the proper authorities that the detector is undergoing maintenance then disable the relevant circuit to avoid generating a false alarm.

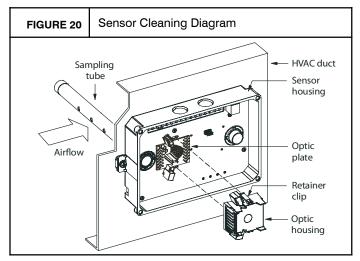
1. Disconnect power from the duct detector then remove the sensor's cover. (See Fig. 20.)

2. Using a vacuum cleaner, clean compressed air, or a soft bristle brush, remove loose dirt and debris from inside the sensor housing and cover.

Use isopropyl alcohol and a lint-free cloth to remove dirt and other contaminants from the gasket on the sensor's cover.

- 3. Squeeze the retainer clips on both sides of the optic housing then lift the housing away from the printed circuit board.
- 4. Gently remove dirt and debris from around the optic plate and inside the optic housing.
- 5. Replace the optic housing and sensor cover.

6. Connect power to the duct detector then perform a sensor alarm test.





Normal State

The smoke detector operates in the normal state in the absence of any trouble conditions and when its sensing chamber is free of smoke. In the normal state, the Power LED on both the sensor and the controller are on and all other LEDs are off.

Alarm State

The smoke detector enters the alarm state when the amount of smoke particulate in the sensor's sensing chamber exceeds the alarm threshold value. (See Table 3.) Upon entering the alarm state:

- The sensor's Alarm LED and the controller's Alarm LED turn on.
- The contacts on the controller's two auxiliary relays switch positions.
- The contacts on the controller's alarm initiation relay close.
- The controller's remote alarm LED output is activated (turned on).
- The controller's high impedance multiple fan shutdown control line is pulled to ground Trouble state.

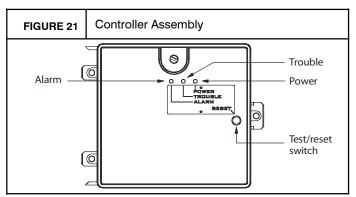
The SuperDuct duct smoke detector enters the trouble state under the following conditions:

- A sensor's cover is removed and 20 minutes pass before it is properly secured.
- A sensor's environmental compensation limit is reached (100% dirty).
- A wiring fault between a sensor and the controller is detected.

An internal sensor fault is detected upon entering the trouble state:

- The contacts on the controller's supervisory relay switch positions. (See Fig. 21.)
- If a sensor trouble, the sensor's Trouble LED the controller's Trouble LED turn on.
- If 100% dirty, the sensor's Dirty LED turns on and the controller's Trouble LED flashes continuously.
- If a wiring fault between a sensor and the controller, the

controller's Trouble LED turns on but not the sensor's.



NOTE: All troubles are latched by the duct smoke detector. The trouble condition must be cleared and then the duct smoke detector must be reset in order to restore it to the normal state.

Resetting Alarm and Trouble Condition Trips:

Manual reset is required to restore smoke detector systems to Normal operation. For installations using two sensors, the duct smoke detector does not differentiate which sensor signals an alarm or trouble condition. Check each sensor for Alarm or Trouble status (indicated by LED). Clear the condition that has generated the trip at this sensor. Then reset the sensor by pressing and holding the reset button (on the side) for 2 seconds. Verify that the sensor's Alarm and Trouble LEDs are now off. At the controller, clear its Alarm or Trouble state by pressing and holding the manual reset button (on the front cover) for 2 seconds. Verify that the controller's Alarm and Trouble LEDs are now off. Replace all panels.

Troubleshooting

Controller's Trouble LED is On

- 1. Check the Trouble LED on each sensor connected to the controller. If a sensor's Trouble LED is on, determine the cause and make the necessary repairs.
- 2. Check the wiring between the sensor and the controller. If wiring is loose or missing, repair or replace as required.

Controller's Trouble LED is Flashing

- 1. One or both of the sensors is 100% dirty.
- 2. Determine which Dirty LED is flashing then clean that sensor assembly as described in the detector cleaning section.

Sensor's Trouble LED is On

- 1. Check the sensor's Dirty LED. If it is flashing, the sensor is dirty and must be cleaned.
- 2. Check the sensor's cover. If it is loose or missing, secure the cover to the sensor housing.
- 3. Replace sensor assembly.

Sensor's Power LED is Off

- 1. Check the controller's Power LED. If it is off, determine why the controller does not have power and make the necessary repairs.
- 2. Check the wiring between the sensor and the controller. If wiring is loose or missing, repair or replace as required.

Controller's Power LED is Off

1. Make sure the circuit supplying power to the controller is operational. If not, make sure JP2 and JP3 are set correctly on the controller before applying power.

2. Verify that power is applied to the controller's supply input terminals. If power is not present, replace or repair wiring as required.

<u>Remote Test/Reset Station's Trouble LED Does Not flash</u> <u>When Performing a Dirty Test, But the</u> <u>Controller's Trouble LED Does</u>

- Verify that the remote test/station is wired as shown in Fig.
 Repair or replace loose or missing wiring.
- 2. Configure the sensor dirty test to activate the controller's supervision relay. See "Changing sensor dirty test operation."

Sensor's Trouble LED is On, But the Controller's Trouble LED is OFF

Remove JP1 on the controller.

PROTECTIVE DEVICES

Compressor Protection

Overcurrent

The compressor has internal linebreak motor protection.

Overtemperature

The compressor has an internal protector to protect it against excessively high discharge gas temperatures.

High Pressure Switch

The system is provided with a high pressure switch mounted on the discharge line. The switch is stem-mounted and brazed into the discharge tube. Trip setting is 630 psig +/- 10 psig (4344 +/- 69 kPa) when hot. Reset is automatic at 505 psig (3482 kPa).

Low Pressure Switch

The system is protected against a loss of charge and low evaporator coil loading condition by a low pressure switch located on the suction line near the compressor. The switch is stem-mounted. Trip setting is 54 psig +/- 5 psig (372 +/- 34 kPa). Reset is automatic at 117 +/- 5 psig (807 +/- 34 kPa).

Evaporator Freeze Protection

The system is protected against evaporator coil frosting and low temperature conditions by a temperature switch mounted on the evaporator coil hairpin. Trip setting is $30^{\circ}F$ +/- $5^{\circ}F$ (-1°C +/- $3^{\circ}C$). Reset is automatic at $45^{\circ}F$ (7°C).

Supply (Indoor) Fan Motor Protection

Disconnect and lockout power when servicing fan motor.

The standard supply fan motor is equipped with internal overcurrent and overtemperature protection. Protection devices reset automatically.

The High Static option supply fan motor is equipped with a pilot-circuit Thermix combination overtemperature/overcurrent protection device. This device resets automatically. Do not bypass this switch to correct trouble. Determine the cause and correct it.

Condenser Fan Motor Protection

The condenser fan motor is internally protected against overtemperature.

Relief Device

A soft solder joint at the suction service access port provides pressure relief under abnormal temperature and pressure conditions (i.e., fire in building). Protect this joint during brazing operations near this joint.

Control Circuit, 24-V

The control circuit is protected against overcurrent conditions by a circuit breaker mounted on control transformer TRAN. Reset is manual.

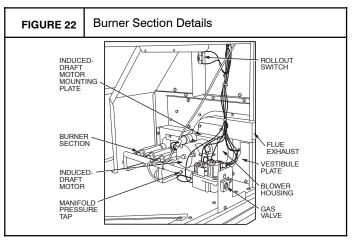
GAS HEATING SYSTEM

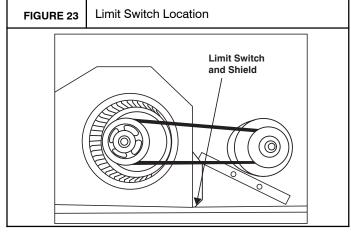
RGS unit heating systems are referenced here according to unit Gas Heat Option (defined in the unit model number Position#8). See Appendix 1 for a complete unit model number nomenclature chart.

| POSITION #8 | GAS HEAT OPTION |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| D, E, F / S, R, T | Nat. Gas / SS Heat Xgr & Std Heat |
| L, M, N | Nat. Gas / SS HX and Low NO_x Heat |

General

The heat exchanger system consists of a gas valve feeding multiple inshot burners off a manifold. The burners fire into matching primary tubes. The primary tubes discharge into combustion plenum where gas flow converges into secondary tubes. The secondary tubes exit into the induced draft fan wheel inlet. The induced fan wheel discharges into a flue passage and flue gases exit out a flue hood on the side of the unit. The induced draft fan motor includes a Hall Effect sensor circuit that confirms adequate wheel speed via the Integrated Gas Control (IGC) board. Safety switches include a Rollout Switch (at the top of the burner compartment) and a limit switch (mounted through the fan deck, over the tubes). (See Fig. 22 and Fig. 23.)





Fuel Types and Pressures

Natural Gas — The RGS unit is factory-equipped for use with Natural Gas fuel at elevation under 2000 ft (610 m). See section Orifice Replacement for information in modifying this unit for installation at elevations above 2000 ft (610 m).

Gas line pressure entering the unit's main gas valve must be within specified ranges. Adjust unit gas regulator valve as required or consult local gas utility.

Table 4 - Natural Gas Supply Line Pressure Ranges

| RGS SIZE | GAS HEAT OPT | HEAT LEVEL | MIN | МАХ |
|----------|-----------------|---------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| All | All | All | 4.0 in. wg (996 Pa) | 13.0 in. wg (3240 Pa) |

Manifold pressure is factory-adjusted for NG fuel use. Adjust as required to obtain best flame characteristic.

| GAS HEAT OPT | HEAT LEVEL | HIGH FIRE | LOW FIRE | RANGE |
|---------------------|---------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| D, E, F /S, R, T | All | 3.5 in. wg (872 Pa) | 1.7 in. wg (423 Pa)† | 2.0-5.0 in. wg (Hi) (498-1245 Pa) |
| L, M, N | All | 3.5 in. wg (872 Pa) | NA | 2.0–5.0 in. wg (Hi) (498–1245 Pa) |

NA: Not Available

† 3 Phase models only

Liquid Propane — Accessory packages are available for field-installation that will convert the RGS unit (except low NO_x model) to operate with Liquid Propane (LP) fuels. These kits include new orifice spuds, new springs for gas valves and a supply line low pressure switch. See section on Orifice Replacement for details on orifice size selections.

Low NO_x models include specially-sized orifices and use of different flue flow limits and tube baffles. Because of these extra features, conversion of these models to LP is not recommended.

Fuel line pressure entering unit gas valve must remain within specified range.

Table 6 – Liquid Propane Supply Line Pressure Ranges

| RGS SIZE | GAS HEAT OPT | HEAT LEVEL | MIN | МАХ |
|----------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| All | S, R, T | All | 11.0 in. wg (2740 Pa) | 13.0 in. wg (3240 Pa) |
| All | L, M, N | All | NA | NA |

Manifold pressure for LP fuel use must be adjusted to specified range. Follow instructions in the accessory kit to make initial readjustment.

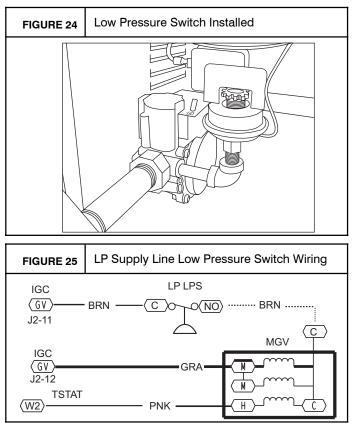
Table 7 – Liquid Propane Manifold Pressure Ranges

| GAS HEAT OPT | HEAT LEVEL | HIGH FIRE | LOW FIRE |
|-------------------|------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| D, E, F / S, R, T | All | 10.0 in. wg (2490 Pa) | 5.0 in. wg (1245 Pa)† |
| L, M, N | All | NA | NA |

NA: Not Available

† 3 Phase models only

Supply Pressure Switch — The LP conversion kit includes a supply low pressure switch. The switch contacts (from terminal C to terminal NO) will open the gas valve power whenever the supply line pressure drops below the setpoint. See Fig. 29 and Fig. 30. If the low pressure remains open for 15 minutes during a call for heat, the IGC circuit will initiate a Ignition Fault (5 flashes) lockout. Reset of the low pressure switch is automatic on rise in supply line pressure. Reset of the IGC requires a recycle of unit power after the low pressure switch has closed.



This switch also prevents operation when the propane tank level is low which can result in gas with a high concentration of impurities, additives, and residues that have settled to the bottom of the tank. Operation under these conditions can cause harm to the heat exchanger system. Contact your fuel supplier if this condition is suspected.

Flue Gas Passageways

To inspect the flue collector box and upper areas of the heat exchanger:

- 1. Remove the combustion blower wheel and motor assembly according to directions in Combustion-Air Blower section. See Fig. 26.
- 2. Remove the flue cover to inspect the heat exchanger.
- 3. Clean all surfaces as required using a wire brush.

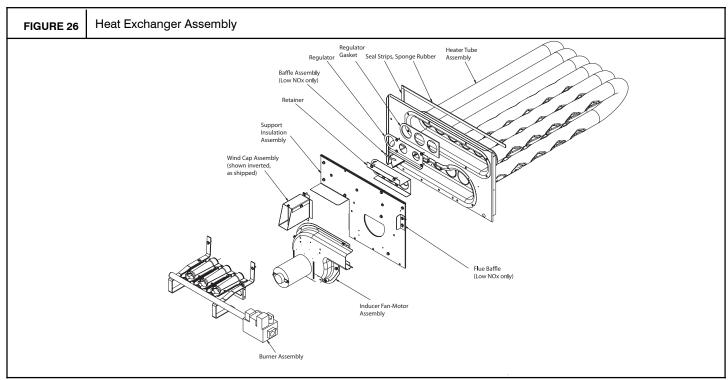
Combustion-Air Blower

Clean periodically to assure proper airflow and heating efficiency. Inspect blower wheel every fall and periodically during heating season. For the first heating season, inspect blower wheel bi-monthly to determine proper cleaning frequency.

To access burner section, slide the sliding burner partition out of the unit.

To inspect blower wheel, shine a flashlight into draft hood opening. If cleaning is required, remove motor and wheel as follows:

- 1. Slide burner access panel out.
- 2. Remove the 7 screws that attach induced-draft motor housing to vestibule plate. (See Fig. 26.)
- 3. The blower wheel can be cleaned at this point. If additional cleaning is required, continue with Steps 4 and 5.
- 4. To remove blower from the motor shaft, remove 2 setscrews.
- 5. To remove motor, remove the 4 screws that hold the motor to mounting plate. Remove the motor cooling fan by removing one setscrew. Then remove nuts that hold motor to mounting plate.
- 6. To reinstall, reverse the procedure outlined above.



Burners and Igniters

A CAUTION

EQUIPMENT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in equipment damage.

When working on gas train, do not hit or plug orifice spuds.

<u>Main Burners</u>

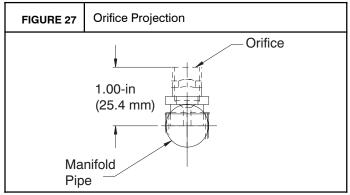
To access burners, remove burner access panel and slide out burner partition. At the beginning of each heating season, inspect for deterioration or blockage due to corrosion or other causes. Observe the main burner flames and adjust, if necessary.

Orifice projection — Refer to Fig. 27 for maximum projection dimension for orifice face to manifold tube.

Removal and Replacement of Gas Train

See Fig. 22, Fig. 26 and Fig. 28.

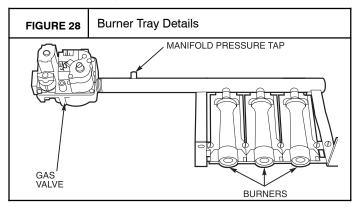
- 1. Shut off manual gas valve.
- 2. Shut off power to unit.
- 3. Slide out burner partition.
- 4. Disconnect gas piping at unit gas valve.

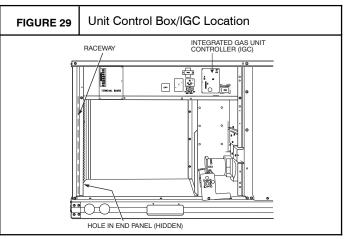


- 5. Remove wires connected to gas valve. Mark each wire.
- 6. Remove igniter wires and sensor wires at the Integrated Gas Unit Controller (IGC). (See Fig. 29.)
- 7. Remove the 2 screws that attach the burner rack to the vestibule plate (Fig. 22).
- 8. Slide the burner tray out of the unit (Fig. 28).
- 9. To reinstall, reverse the procedure outlined above.

Cleaning and Adjustment

- 1. Remove burner rack from unit as described in Removal and Replacement of Gas Train section, above.
- 2. Inspect burners; if dirty, remove burners from rack. (Mark each burner to identify its position before removing from the rack.)
- 3. Use a soft brush to clean burners and cross-over port as required.
- 4. Adjust spark gap. See Fig. 30 and Fig. 31.
- 5. If factory orifice has been removed, check that each orifice is tight at its threads into the manifold pipe and that orifice projection does not exceed maximum valve. See Fig. 27
- 6. Reinstall burners on rack in the same locations as factoryinstalled. (The outside crossover flame regions of the outermost burners are pinched off to prevent excessive gas flow from the side of the burner assembly. If the pinched crossovers are installed between two burners, the flame will not ignite properly.)





7. Reinstall burner rack as described in Removal and Replacement of Gas Train section, above.

Gas Valve — All three-phase models (except Low NO_x) are equipped with 2-stage gas valves. Single-phase models and all Low NO_x models are equipped with single-stage gas valves. See Fig. 37 for locations of adjustment screws and features on the gas valves.

To adjust gas valve pressure settings:

IMPORTANT: Leak check all gas connections including the main service connection, gas valve, gas spuds, and manifold pipe plug. All leaks must be repaired before firing unit.

Check Unit Operation and Make Necessary Adjustments

NOTE: Gas supply pressure at gas valve inlet must be within specified ranges for fuel type and unit size. See Tables 4 and 5.

- 1. Remove manifold pressure tap plug from manifold and connect pressure gauge or manometer. (See Fig. 28)
- 2. Turn on electrical supply.
- 3. Turn on unit main gas valve.
- 4. Set room thermostat to call for heat. If unit has two-stage gas valve, verify high-stage heat operation before attempting to adjust manifold pressure.
- 5. When main burners ignite, check all fittings, manifold, and orifices for leaks.
- 6. Adjust high-stage pressure to specified setting by turning the plastic adjustment screw clockwise to increase pressure, counter-clockwise to decrease pressure.
- 7. For Two-Stage Gas Valves set room thermostat to call for low-stage heat. Adjust low-stage pressure to specified setting.
- 8. Replace regulator cover screw(s) when finished.
- 9. With burner access panel removed, observe unit heating operation in both high stage and low stage operation if so equipped. Observe burner flames to see if they are blue in appearance, and that the flames are approximately the same for each burner.
- 10. Turn off unit, remove pressure manometer and replace the 1/8 in. pipe fitting on the gas manifold. See Fig. 28.

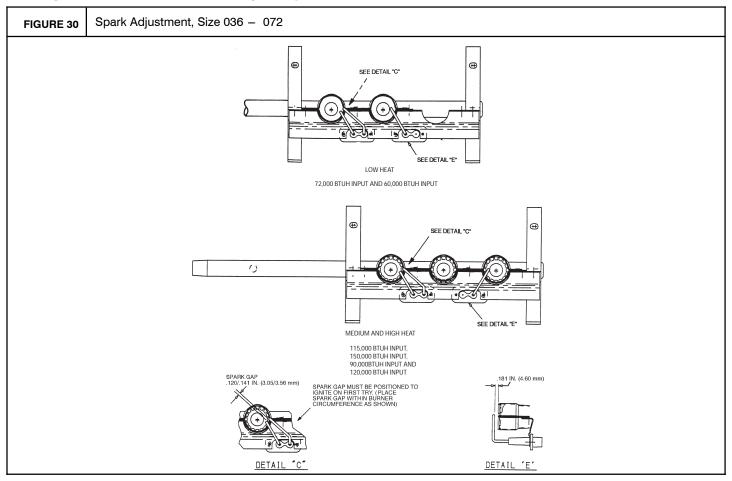
Limit Switch

Remove blower access panel. Limit switch is located on the fan deck. See Fig. 23.

Burner Ignition

Unit is equipped with a direct spark ignition 100% lockout system. Integrated Gas Unit Controller (IGC) is located in the control box. See Fig. 29. The IGC contains a self-diagnostic LED (light-emitting diode). A single LED (see Fig. 33) on the IGC provides a visual display of operational or sequential problems when the power supply is uninterrupted. When a break in power occurs, the IGC will be reset (resulting in a loss of fault history) and the indoor (evaporator) fan ON/OFF times will be reset. The LED error code can be observed through the viewport. During servicing refer to the label on the control box cover or Table 8 for an explanation of LED error code descriptions.

If lockout occurs, unit may be reset by interrupting power supply to unit for at least 5 seconds.



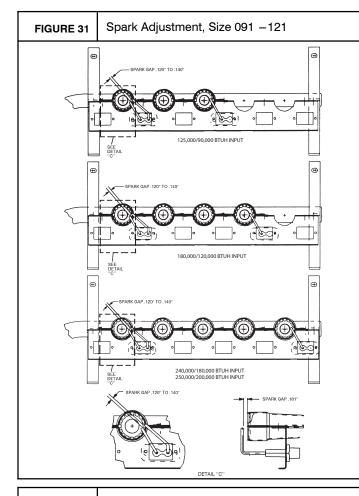


Table 8 – LED Error Code Description*

| LED INDICATION | ERROR CODE DESCRIPTION |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|
| ON | Normal Operation |
| OFF | Hardware Failure |
| 1 Flash† | Evaporator Fan On/Off Delay Modified |
| 2 Flashes | Limit Switch Fault |
| 3 Flashes | Flame Sense Fault |
| 4 Flashes | 4 Consecutive Limit Switch Faults |
| 5 Flashes | Ignition Lockout Fault |
| 6 Flashes | Induced-Draft Motor Fault |
| 7 Flashes | Rollout Switch Fault |
| 8 Flashes | Internal Control Fault |
| 9 Flashes | Software Lockout |

LEGEND

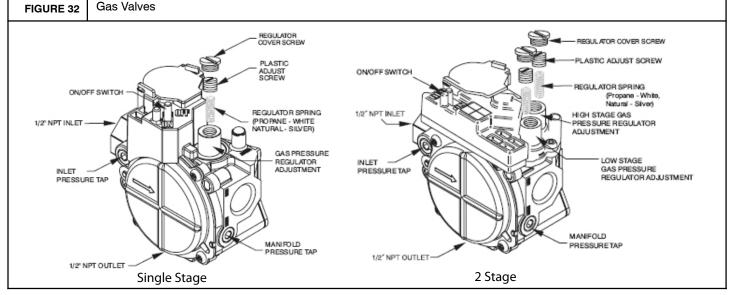
- LED Light Emitting Diode
- * A 3-second pause exists between LED error code flashes. If more than one error code exists, all applicable codes will be displayed in numerical sequence.
- † Indicates a code that is not an error. The unit will continue to operate when this code is displayed.

IMPORTANT: Refer to Troubleshooting Table 13 and Table 14 for additional information.

Orifice Replacement

This unit uses orifice type LH32RFnnn (where nnn indicates orifice reference size). When replacing unit orifices, order the necessary parts via Fast Parts. See Table 10 for available orifice sizes. See Table 11 and Table 12 for orifice sizes for Natural Gas and LP fuel usage at various elevations above sea level.

Check that each replacement orifice is tight at its threads into the manifold pipe and that orifice projection does not exceed maximum value. See Fig. 27.



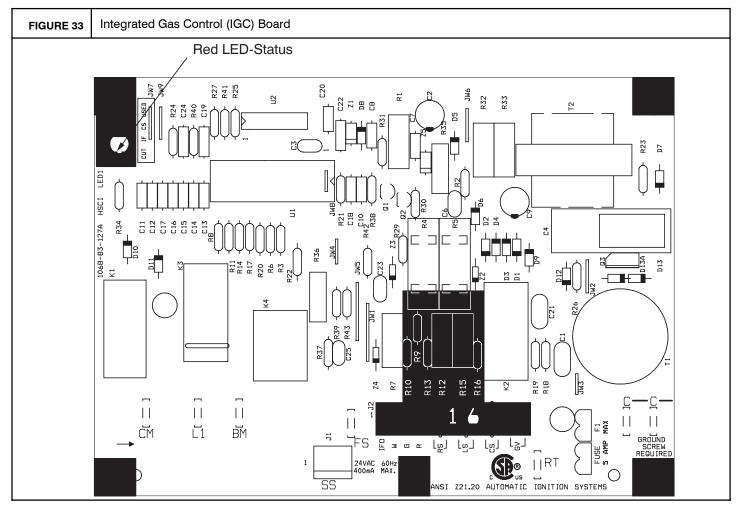


Table 9 – IGC Connections

| TERMINAL LABEL | POINT DESCRIPTION | SENSOR LOCATION | TYPE OF I/O | CONNECTION PIN NUMBER |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------------|
| INPUTS | | | | |
| RT, C | Input power from TRAN 1 | control box | 24 VAC | _ |
| SS | Speed sensor | gas section | analog input | J1, 1-3 |
| FS, T1 | Flame sensor | gas section | switch input | _ |
| W | Heat stage 1 | LCTB | 24 VAC | J2, 2 |
| RS | Rollout switch | gas section | switch input | J2, 5-6 |
| LS | Limit switch | fan section | switch input | J2, 7-8 |
| CS | Centrifugal switch (not used) | _ | switch input | J2, 9-10 |
| OUTPUTS | | | | |
| L1, CM | L1, CM Induced draft combustion motor | | line VAC | |
| IFO | Indoor fan | control box | relay | J2, 1 |
| GV | Gas valve (heat stage 1) | gas section | relay | J2, 11-12 |

Table 10 – Orifice Sizes

| ORIFICE DRILL SIZE | PART NUMBER | DRILL DIA. (in.) |
|-----------------------|-------------|---------------------|
| #30 | LH32RF129 | 0.1285 |
| 1/8 | LH32RF125 | 0.1250 |
| #31 | LH32RF120 | 0.1200 |
| #32 | LH32RF116 | 0.1160 |
| #33 | LH32RF113 | 0.1130 |
| #34 | LH32RF111 | 0.1110 |
| #35 | LH32RF110 | 0.1100 |
| #36 | LH32RF105 | 0.1065 |
| #37 | LH32RF104 | 0.1040 |
| #38 | LH32RF102 | 0.1015 |
| #39 | LH32RF103 | 0.0995 |
| #40 | LH32RF098 | 0.0980 |
| #41 | LH32RF096 | 0.0960 |
| #42 | LH32RF094 | 0.0935 |
| #43 | LH32RF089 | 0.0890 |
| #44 | LH32RF086 | 0.0860 |
| #45 | LH32RF082 | 0.0820 |
| #46 | LH32RF080 | 0.0810 |
| #47 | LH32RF079 | 0.0785 |
| #48 | LH32RF076 | 0.0760 |
| #49 | LH32RF073 | 0.0730 |
| #50 | LH32RF070 | 0.0700 |
| #51 | LH32RF067 | 0.0670 |
| #52 | LH32RF065 | 0.0635 |
| #53 | LH32RF060 | 0.0595 |
| #54 | LH32RF055 | 0.0550 |
| #55 | LH32RF052 | 0.0520 |
| #56 | LH32RF047 | 0.0465 |
| #57 | LH32RF043 | 0.0430 |
| #58 | LH32RF042 | 0.0420 |

Table 11 – Altitude Compensation* (036-072) - Small Chassis

| ELEVATION | , | BTUH ninal | | 0 BTUH ninal | 150,000 BTUH Nominal | |
|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| ft (m) | NG Orifice Size | LP Orifice Size | NG Orifice Size | LP Orifice Size | NG Orifice Size | LP Orifice Size |
| 0 - 2000 (610) | 33 ¹ | 51 ⁴ | 33 ¹ | 50 ³ | †30 | 46 ³ |
| 2000 (610) | 35 ¹ | 51 ⁴ | 35 ¹ | 51 ⁴ | †30 | 47 ³ |
| 3000 (914) | 35 ¹ | 52 ⁴ | 35 ¹ | 51 ⁴ | 31 ¹ | 47 ³ |
| 4000 (1219) | 36 ¹ | 52 ⁴ | 36 ¹ | 51 ⁴ | 31 ¹ | 48 ³ |
| 5000 (1524) | 36 ¹ | 52 ⁴ | 36 ¹ | 51 ⁴ | 31 ¹ | 48 ³ |
| 6000 (1829) | 37 ² | 52 ⁴ | 37 ² | 52 ⁴ | 31 ¹ | 48 ³ |
| 7000 (2134) | 38 ² | 53 ⁴ | 38 ² | 52 ⁴ | 32 ¹ | 49 ³ |
| 8000 (2438) | 39 ² | 53 ⁴ | 39 ² | 52 ⁴ | 33 ¹ | 49 ³ |
| 9000 (2743) | †40 | 53 ⁴ | †40 | 53 ⁴ | 34 ¹ | 50 ³ |
| 10000 (3048) | †41 | 54 ⁴ | †41 | 53 ⁴ | 35 ¹ | 50 ³ |
| 11000 (3353) | †42 | 54 ⁴ | †42 | 53 ⁴ | 36 ¹ | 51 ⁴ |
| 12000 (3658) | †43 | 54 ⁴ | †43 | 54 ⁴ | 37 ² | 51 ⁴ |
| 13000 (3962) | †43 | 55 ⁴ | †43 | 54 ⁴ | 38 ² | 52 ⁴ |
| 14000 (4267) | 44 ² | †56 | 44 ² | 55 ⁴ | †40 | 53 ⁴ |

Table 11 (cont.) - Altitude Compensation* (091-121)

| ELEVATION | | ,000 Iominal | | ,000 Nominal | 180,000, 224,000 BTUH Nominal | |
|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| ft (m) | NG Orifice Size | LP Orifice Size | NG Orifice Size | LP Orifice Size | NG Orifice Size | LP Orifice Size |
| 0 - 2000 (610) | 31 ¹ | 49 ³ | †30 | 46 ³ | 31 ¹ | 48 ³ |
| 2000 (610) | 32 ¹ | 50 ³ | †30 | 47 ³ | 32 ¹ | 49 ³ |
| 3000 (914) | 32 ¹ | 50 ³ | 31 ¹ | 47 ³ | 32 ¹ | 49 ³ |
| 4000 (1219) | 33 ¹ | 50 ³ | 31 ¹ | 48 ³ | 33 ¹ | 49 ³ |
| 5000 (1524) | 33 ¹ | 51 ⁴ | 31 ¹ | 48 ³ | 33 ¹ | 50 ³ |
| 6000 (1829) | 34 ¹ | 51 ⁴ | 31 ¹ | 48 ³ | 34 ¹ | 50 ³ |
| 7000 (2134) | 35 ¹ | 51 ⁴ | 32 ¹ | 49 ³ | 35 ¹ | 50 ³ |
| 8000 (2438) | 36 ¹ | 52 ⁴ | 33 ¹ | 49 ³ | 36 ¹ | 51 ⁴ |
| 9000 (2743) | 37 ² | 52 ⁴ | 34 ¹ | 50 ³ | 37 ² | 51 ⁴ |
| 10000 (3048) | 38 ² | 52 ⁴ | 35 ¹ | 50 ³ | 38 ² | 52 ⁴ |
| 11000 (3353) | 39 ² | 53 ⁴ | 36 ¹ | 51 ⁴ | 39 ² | 52 ⁴ |
| 12000 (3658) | †41 | 53 ⁴ | 37 ² | 51 ⁴ | †41 | 53 ⁴ |
| 13000 (3962) | †42 | 54 ⁴ | 38 ² | 52 ⁴ | †42 | 53 ⁴ |
| 14000 (4267) | †43 | 54 ⁴ | †40 | 53 ⁴ | †43 | 54 ⁴ |

Table 12 – Altitude Compensation* (036-060) - Low NO_x Units

| ELEVATION | | 90,000 Iominal | 120,000 BTUH Nominal | | |
|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|--|
| ft (m) | NG Orifice Size | LP Orifice Size | NG Orifice Size | LP Orifice Size | |
| 0 - 2000 (610) | 38 ² | 53 ⁴ | 32 ¹ | 50 ³ | |
| 2000 (610) | 39 ² | 54 ⁴ | 33 ¹ | 51 ⁴ | |
| 3000 (914) | †40 | 54 ⁴ | 34 ¹ | 51 ⁴ | |
| 4000 (1219) | †41 | 54 ⁴ | 35 ¹ | 51 ⁴ | |
| 5000 (1524) | †41 | 54 ⁴ | 35 ¹ | 51 ⁴ | |
| 6000 (1829) | †42 | 54 ⁴ | 36 ¹ | 52 ⁴ | |
| 7000 (2134) | †42 | 54 ⁴ | 36 ¹ | 52 ⁴ | |
| 8000 (2438) | †43 | 55 ⁴ | 37 ² | 52 ⁴ | |
| 9000 (2743) | †43 | 55 ⁴ | 38 ² | 53 ⁴ | |
| 10000 (3048) | 44 ² | 55 ⁴ | †40 | 53 ⁴ | |
| 11000 (3353) | 44 ² | 55 ⁴ | †41 | 53 ⁴ | |
| 12000 (3658) | 45 ² | †56 | †42 | 54 ⁴ | |
| 13000 (3962) | 47 ³ | †56 | †43 | 54 ⁴ | |
| 14000 (4267) | 48 ³ | †56 | †43 | 55 ⁴ | |

1 = CRLPELEV001A00

4 = CRLPELEV004A00

LEGEND:

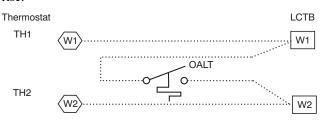
NG = Natural Gas LP = Liquid Propane

- * As the height above sea level increases, there is less oxygen per cubic 2 = CRLPELEV002A00 ft. of air. Therefore, heat input rate should be reduced at higher altitudes. 3 = CRLPELEV003A00
- † Not included in kit. May be purchased separately through dealer.

Minimum heating entering air temperature

When operating on first stage heating, the minimum temperature of air entering the dimpled heat exchanger is 50° F continuous and 45° F intermittent for standard heat exchangers and 40° F continuous and 35° F intermittent for stainless steel heat exchangers. To operate at lower mixed-air temperatures, a field-supplied outdoor-air thermostat must be used to initiate both stages of heat when the temperature is below the minimum required temperature to ensure full fire operation. Wire the outdoor-air thermostat (part no. HH22AG106) in series with the second stage gas valve as shown below. Set the outdoor-air thermostat at 35° F for stainless steel heat exchangers or 45° F for standard heat exchangers. This temperature setting will bring on the second stage of heat whenever the ambient temperature is below the thermostat setpoint. Indoor comfort may be compromised when heating is initiated using low

entering air temperatures with insufficient heating temperature rise.



Troubleshooting Heating System

Refer to Table 13 and Table 14 for additional troubleshooting topics.

Table 13 – Heating Service Analysis

| PROBLEM | CAUSE | REMEDY | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| | Misaligned spark electrodes. | Check flame ignition and sensor electrode positioning. Adjust as needed. | | |
| | No gas at main burners. | Check gas line for air, purge as necessary. After purging gas line of air, allow gas to dissipate for at least 5 minutes before attempting to relight unit. | | |
| | | Check gas valve. | | |
| Burners Will Not Ignite. | Water in gas line. | Drain water and install drip leg to trap water. | | |
| Durriers will Not Igrille. | No power to furnace. | Check power supply, fuses, wiring, and circuit breaker. | | |
| | No 24 v power supply to control cir- cuit. | Check transformer. Transformers with internal overcurrent protection require a cool down period before resetting. | | |
| | Miswired or loose connections. | Check all wiring and wire nut connections. | | |
| | Burned-out heat anticipator in thermostat. | Replace thermostat. | | |
| | Broken thermostat wires. | Run continuity check. Replace wires, if necessary. | | |
| | Dirty air filter. | Clean or replace filter as necessary. | | |
| | Gas input to unit too low. | Check gas pressure at manifold. Clock gas meter for input. too low, increase manifold pressure, or replace with correct orifices. | | |
| | Unit undersized for application. | Replace with proper unit or add additional unit. | | |
| Inadaguata Hasting | Restricted airflow. | Clean filter, replace filter, or remove any restrictions. | | |
| Inadequate Heating. | Blower speed too low. | Use high speed tap, increase fan speed, or install optional blower, as suitable for individual units. | | |
| | Limit switch cycles main burners. | Check rotation of blower, thermostat heat anticipator settings, and temperature rise of unit. Adjust as needed. | | |
| | Too much outdoor air. | Adjust minimum position. | | |
| | | Check economizer operation. | | |
| | | Check all screws around flue outlets and burner compartment. Tighten as necessary. | | |
| Poor Flame Characteristics. | Incomplete combustion (lack of | Cracked heat exchanger. | | |
| | combustion air) results in: Alde- hyde odors, CO, sooting flame, or floating flame. | Overfired unit — reduce input, change orifices, or adjust gas line or manifold pressure. | | |
| | | Check vent for restriction. Clean as necessary. | | |
| | | Check orifice to burner alignment. | | |
| Burners Will Not Turn Off. | Unit is locked into Heating mode for a one minute minimum. | Wait until mandatory one-minute time period has elapsed or reset power to unit. | | |
| | | l | | |

Table 14 - IGC Board LED Alarm Codes

| LED FLASH CODE | DESCRIPTION | ACTION TAKEN BY CON- TROL | RESET METHOD | PROBABLE CAUSE |
|----------------------|--|---|--|--|
| On | Normal Operation | — | _ | _ |
| Off | Hardware Failure | No gas heating. | _ | Loss of power to the IGC. Check 5 amp fuse on IGC, power to unit, 24V circuit breaker, transformer, and wiring to the IGC. |
| 2 Flashes | Limit Switch Fault | Gas valve and igniter Off. Indoor fan and inducer On. | Limit switch closed, or heat call (W) Off. | High temperature limit switch is open. Check the operation of the indoor (evaporator) fan motor. Ensure that the supply-air temperature rise is with- in the range on the unit nameplate. Check wiring and limit switch operation. |
| 3 Flashes | Flame Sense Fault | Indoor fan and inducer On. | Flame sense normal. Power reset for LED reset. | The IGC sensed a flame when the gas valve should be closed. Check wiring, flame sensor, and gas valve operation. |
| 4 Flashes | Four Consecutive Limit Switch Fault | No gas heating. | Heat call (W) Off. Power reset for LED reset. | 4 consecutive limit switch faults within a single call for heat. See Limit Switch Fault. |
| 5 Flashes | Ignition Fault | No gas heating. | Heat call (W) Off. Power reset for LED reset. | Unit unsuccessfully attempted ignition for 15 min- utes. Check igniter and flame sensor electrode spacing, gaps, etc. Check flame sense and igniter wiring. Check gas valve operation and gas supply. Check gas valve connections to IGC terminals. BRN lead must be on Pin 11. |
| 6 Flashes | Induced Draft Motor Fault | If heat off: no gas heating. If heat on: gas valve Off and inducer On. | Inducer sense normal, or heat call (W) Off. | Inducer sense On when heat call Off, or inducer sense Off when heat call On. Check wiring, volt- age, and operation of IGC motor. Check speed sensor wiring to IGC. |
| 7 Flashes | Rollout Switch Lockout | Gas valve and igniter Off. Indoor fan and inducer On. | Power reset. | Rollout switch has opened. Check gas valve op- eration. Check induced-draft blower wheel is properly secured to motor shaft. |
| 8 Flashes | Internal Control Lockout | No gas heating. | Power reset. | IGC has sensed internal hardware or software er- ror. If fault is not cleared by resetting 24 v power, replace the IGC. |
| 9 Flashes | Temporary Software Lockout | No gas heating. | 1 hour auto reset, or power reset. | Electrical interference is disrupting the IGC software. |

LEGEND

IGC - Integrated Gas Unit Control

LED - Light-Emitting Diode

NOTES:

1.There is a 3-second pause between alarm code displays.

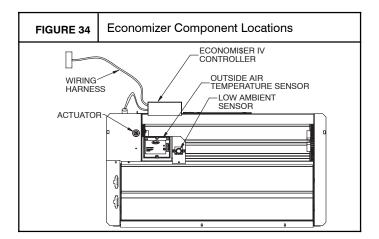
1.If more than one alarm code exists, all applicable alarm codes will be displayed in numerical sequence.

1.Alarm codes on the IGC will be lost if power to the unit is interrupted.

ECONOMIZER SYSTEMS (OPTIONAL)

The RGS units may be equipped with a factory-installed or accessory (field-installed) economizer system. A logic control system (EconoMi\$er IV uses a Honeywell W7212A Controller). See Fig. 34 for component locations. See Fig. 35 economizer section wiring diagrams.

Economizers use direct-drive damper actuators.



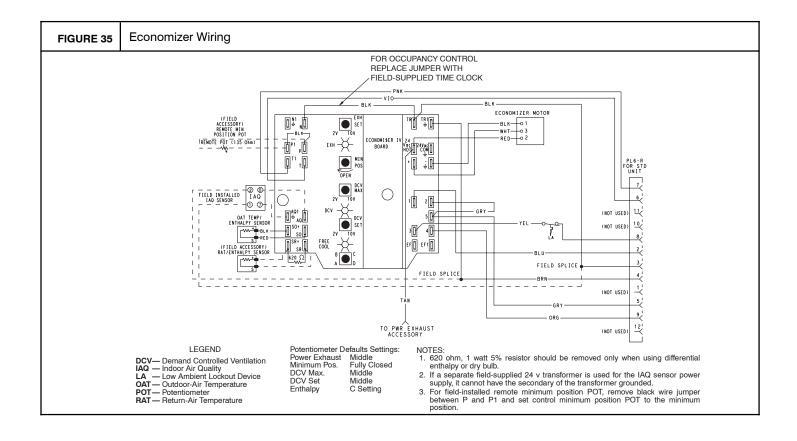


Table 15 – EconoMi\$er IV Input/Output Logic

| | INPUTS | | | | | OUTPUTS | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------|-----|-----|------------|----------|--|-----------------------------------|----|----|-----|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Enthalpy* | | | | | Compressor | | N Terminal† | | | | | | |
| Demand Control Ventilation (DCV) | Outdoor | Return | Y1 | Y2 | Stage | Stage | Occupied | Unoccupied | | | | | |
| | Outdool | netum | | | 1 | 2 | Damp | er | | | | | |
| | High | | On | On | On | On | | | | | | | |
| | (Free Cooling LED Off) | Low | On | Off | On | Off | Minimum position | Closed | | | | | |
| Below set | | | Off | Off | Off | Off | | | | | | | |
| (DCV LED Off) | D Off) | 1 | 1 | 1 |) | LED Off) | | On | On | On | Off | Modulating** (between min. | Modulating** (between |
| | Low (Free Cooling LED On) | High | On | Off | Off | Off | position and full-open) | closed and full-open) | | | | | |
| | (The Cooling LED ON) | | Off | Off | Off | Off | Minimum position | Closed | | | | | |
| | High | | On | On | On | On | Modulating ^{††} (between min. | Modulating ⁺⁺ (between | | | | | |
| | (Free Cooling LED Off) | Low | On | Off | On | Off | position and DCV | closed and DCV | | | | | |
| Above set | | | Off | Off | Off | Off | maximum) | maximum) | | | | | |
| (DCV LED On) | Low | | On | On | On | Off | Modulating*** | | | | | | |
| | Low (Free Cooling LED On) | High | On | Off | Off | Off | | Modulating+++ | | | | | |
| | (The Cooling LED OII) | | Off | Off | Off | Off | | | | | | | |

* For single enthalpy control, the module compares outdoor enthalpy to the ABCD setpoint.

+ Power at N terminal determines Occupied/Unoccupied setting: 24 vac (Occupied), no power (Unoccupied).

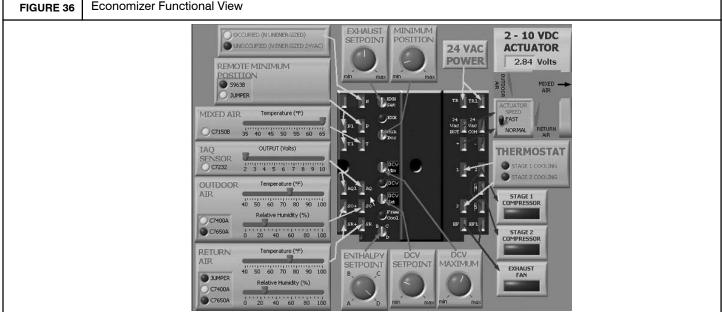
** Modulation is based on the supply-air sensor signal.

†† Modulation is based on the DCV signal.

*** Modulation is based on the greater of DCV and supply-air sensor signals, between minimum position and either maximum position (DCV) or fully open (supply-air signal).

††† Modulation is based on the greater of DCV and supply-air sensor signals, between closed and either maximum position (DCV) or fully open (supply-air signal).





EconoMi\$er IV

Table 15 provides a summary of EconoMi\$er IV. Troubleshooting instructions are enclosed.

A functional view of the EconoMi\$er is shown in Fig. 36. Typical settings, sensor ranges, and jumper positions are also shown. An EconoMi\$er IV simulator program is available from Honeywell's web site to help with EconoMi\$er IV training and troubleshooting.

EconoMi§er IV Standard Sensors

Outdoor Air Temperature (OAT) Sensor

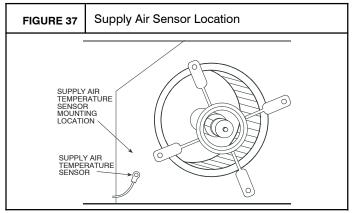
The outdoor air temperature sensor (HH57AC074) is a 10 to 20 mA device used to measure the outdoor-air temperature. The outdoor-air temperature is used to determine when the EconoMi\$er IV can be used for free cooling. The sensor is factory-installed on the EconoMi\$er IV in the outdoor airstream. (See Fig. 37.) The operating range of temperature measurement is 40° to 100° F (4° to 38° C).

Supply Air Temperature (SAT) Sensor

The supply air temperature sensor is a 3 K thermistor located at the inlet of the indoor fan. (See Fig. 37.) This sensor is factory installed. The operating range of temperature measurement is 0° to 158°F (-18° to 70°C). See Table 16 for sensor temperature/resistance values.

Table 16 – Thermistor Resistance vs Temperature Values for Space Temperature Sensor, Supply Air Temperature Sensor, and Outdoor Air Temperature Sensor

| TEMP | TEMP | RESISTANCE |
|------|------|------------|
| (C) | (F) | (Ohms) |
| 40 | 40 | 335,651 |
| 35 | 31 | 242,195 |
| 30 | 22 | 176,683 |
| 25 | 13 | 130,243 |
| 20 | -4 | 96,974 |
| 15 | 5 | 72,895 |
| 10 | 14 | 55,298 |
| 5 | 23 | 42,315 |
| 0 | 32 | 32,651 |
| 5 | 41 | 25,395 |
| 10 | 50 | 19,903 |
| 15 | 59 | 15,714 |
| 20 | 68 | 12,494 |
| 25 | 77 | 10,000 |
| 30 | 86 | 8,056 |
| 35 | 95 | 6,530 |
| 40 | 104 | 5,325 |
| 45 | 113 | 4,367 |
| 50 | 122 | 3,601 |
| 55 | 131 | 2,985 |
| 60 | 140 | 2,487 |
| 65 | 149 | 2,082 |
| 70 | 158 | 1,752 |



The temperature sensor looks like an eyelet terminal with wires running to it. The sensor is located in the "crimp end" and is sealed from moisture.

Outdoor Air Lockout Sensor

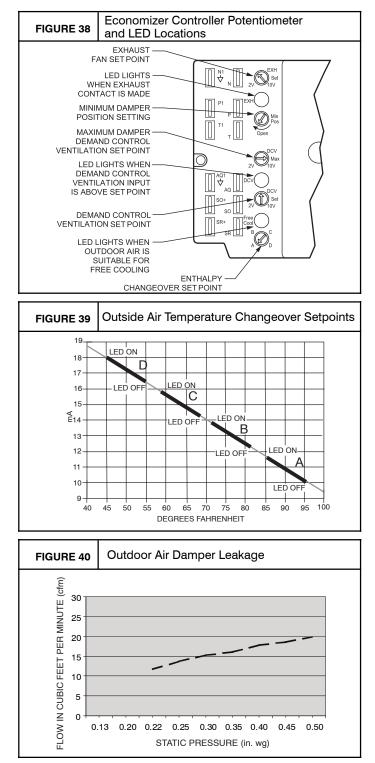
The EconoMi\$er IV is equipped with an ambient temperature lockout switch located in the outdoor airstream which is used to lock out the compressors below a $42^{\circ}F$ (6°C) ambient temperature. (See Fig. 33.)

EconoMi\$er IV Control Modes

Determine the EconoMi\$er IV control mode before set up of the control. Some modes of operation may require different sensors. (See Table 17.) The EconoMi\$er IV is supplied from the factory with a supply-air temperature sensor and an outdoor-air temperature sensor. This allows for operation of the EconoMi\$er IV with outdoor air dry bulb changeover control. Additional accessories can be added to allow for different types of changeover control and operation of the EconoMi\$er IV and unit.

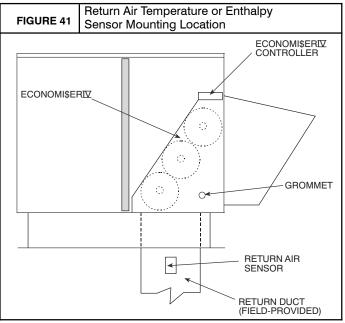
Outdoor Dry Bulb Changeover

The standard controller is shipped from the factory configured for outdoor dry bulb changeover control. The outdoor air and supply air temperature sensors are included as standard. For this control mode, the outdoor temperature is compared to an adjustable setpoint selected on the control. If the outdoor-air temperature is above the setpoint, the EconoMi\$er IV will adjust the outside air dampers to minimum position. If the outdoor-air temperature is below the setpoint, the position of the outside air dampers will be controlled to provided free cooling using outdoor air. When in this mode, the LED next to the free cooling setpoint potentiometer will be on. The changeover temperature setpoint is controlled by the free cooling setpoint potentiometer located on the control. (See Fig. 38.) The scale on the potentiometer is A, B, C, and D. See Fig. 39 for the corresponding temperature changeover values.



Differential Dry Bulb Control

For differential dry bulb control the standard outdoor dry bulb sensor is used in conjunction with an additional accessory dry bulb sensor (part number DNTEMPSN002A00). The accessory sensor must be mounted in the return airstream. (See Fig. 41.) Wiring is provided in the EconoMi\$er IV wiring harness. (See Fig. 33.)



In this mode of operation, the outdoor-air temperature is compared to the return-air temperature and the lower temperature airstream is used for cooling. When using this mode of changeover control, turn the enthalpy setpoint potentiometer fully clockwise to the D setting. (See Fig. 38.)

Outdoor Enthalpy Changeover

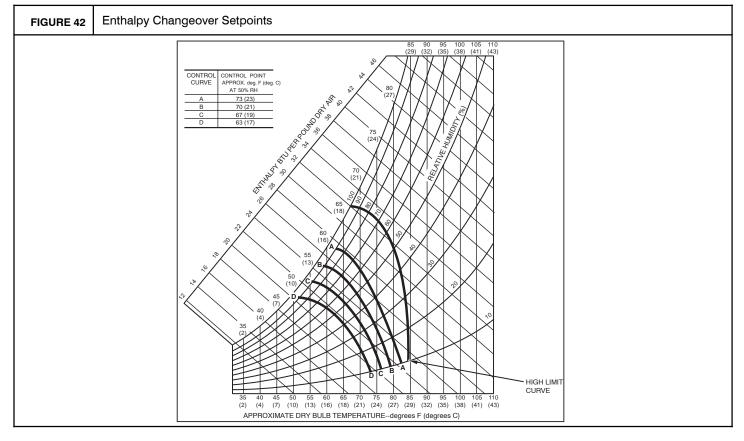
For enthalpy control, accessory enthalpy sensor (part number AXB078ENT) is required. Replace the standard outdoor dry

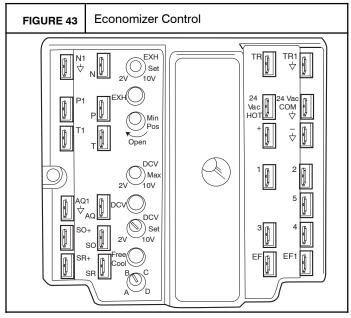
bulb temperature sensor with the accessory enthalpy sensor in the same mounting location. (See Fig. 34.) When the outdoor air enthalpy rises above the outdoor enthalpy changeover setpoint, the outdoor-air damper moves to its minimum position. The outdoor enthalpy changeover setpoint is set with the outdoor enthalpy setpoint potentiometer on the EconoMi\$er IV controller. The setpoints are A, B, C, and D. (See Fig. 39.) The factory-installed 620-ohm jumper must be in place across terminals S_R and SR+ on the EconoMi\$er IV controller.

Differential Enthalpy Control

For differential enthalpy control, the EconoMi\$er IV controller uses two enthalpy sensors (AXB078ENT and DNENTDIF004A00), one in the outside air and one in the return air duct. The EconoMi\$er IV controller compares the outdoor air enthalpy to the return air enthalpy to determine EconoMi\$er IV use. The controller selects the lower enthalpy air (return or outdoor) for cooling. For example, when the outdoor air has a lower enthalpy than the return air, the EconoMi\$er IV opens to bring in outdoor air for free cooling.

Replace the standard outside air dry bulb temperature sensor with the accessory enthalpy sensor in the same mounting location. (See Fig. 32.) Mount the return air enthalpy sensor in the return air duct. (See Fig. 41.) Wiring is provided in the EconoMi\$er IV wiring harness. (See Fig. 35.) The outdoor enthalpy changeover setpoint is set with the outdoor enthalpy setpoint potentiometer on the EconoMi\$er IV controller. When using this mode of changeover control, turn the enthalpy setpoint potentiometer fully clockwise to the D setting.

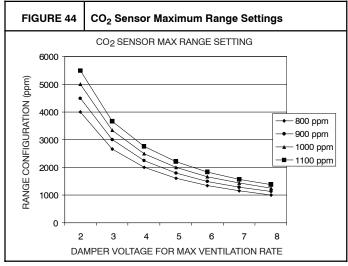




Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) Sensor Input

The IAQ input can be used for demand control ventilation control based on the level of CO_2 measured in the space or return air duct.

Mount the accessory IAQ sensor according to manufacturer specifications. The IAQ sensor should be wired to the AQ and AQ1 terminals of the controller. Adjust the DCV potentiometers to correspond to the DCV voltage output of the indoor air quality sensor at the user-determined setpoint. (See Fig. 44.)



If a separate field-supplied transformer is used to power the IAQ sensor, the sensor must not be grounded or the EconoMi\$er IV control board will be damaged.

When using demand ventilation, the minimum damper position represents the minimum ventilation position for VOC (volatile organic compounds) ventilation requirements. The maximum demand ventilation position is used for fully occupied ventilation.

When demand ventilation control is not being used, the minimum position potentiometer should be used to set the occupied ventilation position. The maximum demand ventilation position should be turned fully clockwise.

Exhaust Setpoint Adjustment

The exhaust setpoint will determine when the exhaust fan runs based on damper position (if accessory power exhaust is installed). The setpoint is modified with the Exhaust Fan Setpoint (EXH SET) potentiometer. (See Fig. 38.) The setpoint represents the damper position above which the exhaust fans will be turned on. When there is a call for exhaust, the EconoMi\$er IV controller provides a 45 ± 15 second delay before exhaust fan activation to allow the dampers to open. This delay allows the damper to reach the appropriate position to avoid unnecessary fan overload.

Minimum Position Control

There is a minimum damper position potentiometer on the EconoMi\$er IV controller. (See Fig. 38.) The minimum damper position maintains the minimum airflow into the building during the occupied period.

When using demand ventilation, the minimum damper position represents the minimum ventilation position for VOC (volatile organic compound) ventilation requirements. The maximum demand ventilation position is used for fully occupied ventilation.

When demand ventilation control is not being used, the minimum position potentiometer should be used to set the occupied ventilation position. The maximum demand ventilation position should be turned fully clockwise.

Adjust the minimum position potentiometer to allow the minimum amount of outdoor air, as required by local codes, to enter the building. Make minimum position adjustments with at least 10°F temperature difference between the outdoor and return-air temperatures.

To determine the minimum position setting, perform the following procedure:

1. Calculate the appropriate mixed air temperature using the following formula:

$$(T_{Ox} \frac{OA}{100}) + (TR \times \frac{RA}{100}) = T_M$$

T_O = Outdoor-Air Temperature

OA = Percent of Outdoor Air

 T_R = Return-Air Temperature

RA = Percent of Return Air

 T_M = Mixed-Air Temperature

As an example, if local codes require 10% outdoor air during occupied conditions, outdoor-air temperature is 60° F, and return-air temperature is 75° F.

 $(60 \text{ x} .10) + (75 \text{ x} .90) = 73.5^{\circ}\text{F}$

- 2. Disconnect the supply air sensor from terminals T and T1.
- 3. Ensure that the factory-installed jumper is in place across terminals P and P1. If remote damper positioning is being used, make sure that the terminals are wired according to Fig. 41 and that the minimum position potentiometer is turned fully clockwise.
- 4. Connect 24 vac across terminals TR and TR1.
- 5. Carefully adjust the minimum position potentiometer until the measured mixed air temperature matches the calculated value.
- 6. Reconnect the supply air sensor to terminals T and T1.

Remote control of the EconoMi\$er IV damper is desirable when requiring additional temporary ventilation. If a field-supplied remote potentiometer (Honeywell part number \$963B1128) is wired to the EconoMi\$er IV controller, the minimum position of the damper can be controlled from a remote location.

To control the minimum damper position remotely, remove the factory-installed jumper on the P and P1 terminals on the EconoMi\$er IV controller. Wire the field-supplied potentiometer to the P and P1 terminals on the EconoMi\$er IV controller. (See Fig. 35).

Damper Movement

Damper movement from full open to full closed (or vice versa) takes 2-1/2 minutes.

Thermostats

The EconoMi\$er IV control works with conventional commercial thermostats that have a Y1 (cool stage 1), Y2 (cool stage 2), W1 (heat stage 1), W2 (heat stage 2), and G (fan). The EconoMi\$er IV control does not support space temperature sensors. Connections are made at the thermostat terminal connection board located in the main control box.

Occupancy Control

The factory default configuration for the EconoMi\$er IV control is occupied mode. Occupied status is provided by the black jumper from terminal TR to terminal N. When unoccupied mode is desired, install a field-supplied timeclock function in place of the jumper between TR and N. (See Fig. 34.) When the timeclock contacts are closed, the EconoMi\$er IV control will be in occupied mode. When the timeclock contacts are open (removing the 24-v signal from terminal N), the EconoMi\$er IV will be in unoccupied mode.

Demand Control Ventilation (DCV)

When using the EconoMi\$er IV for demand controlled ventilation, there are some equipment selection criteria which should be considered. When selecting the heat capacity and cool capacity of the equipment, the maximum ventilation rate must be evaluated for design conditions. The maximum damper position must be calculated to provide the desired fresh air.

Typically the maximum ventilation rate will be about 5 to 10% more than the typical cfm required per person, using normal outside air design criteria.

A proportional anticipatory strategy should be taken with the following conditions: a zone with a large area, varied occupancy, and equipment that cannot exceed the required ventilation rate at design conditions. Exceeding the required ventilation rate means the equipment can condition air at a maximum ventilation rate that is greater than the required ventilation rate for maximum occupancy. А proportional-anticipatory strategy will cause the fresh air supplied to increase as the room CO₂ level increases even though the CO_2 setpoint has not been reached. By the time the CO₂ level reaches the setpoint, the damper will be at maximum ventilation and should maintain the setpoint.

In order to have the CO_2 sensor control the economizer damper in this manner, first determine the damper voltage output for minimum or base ventilation. Base ventilation is the ventilation required to remove contaminants during unoccupied periods. The following equation may be used to determine the percent of outside air entering the building for a given damper position. For best results there should be at least a 10 degree difference in outside and return-air temperatures.

$$(T_{Ox} \frac{OA}{100}) + (TR \times \frac{RA}{100}) = T_M$$

 T_O = Outdoor-Air Temperature OA = Percent of Outdoor Air T_R = Return-Air Temperature RA = Percent of Return Air T_M = Mixed-Air Temperature

Once base ventilation has been determined, set the minimum damper position potentiometer to the correct position.

The same equation can be used to determine the occupied or maximum ventilation rate to the building. For example, an output of 3.6 volts to the actuator provides a base ventilation rate of 5% and an output of 6.7 volts provides the maximum ventilation rate of 20% (or base plus 15 cfm per person). Use Fig. 51 to determine the maximum setting of the CO₂ sensor. For example, an 1100 ppm setpoint relates to a 15 cfm per person design. Use the 1100 ppm curve on Fig. 51 to find the point when the CO_2 sensor output will be 6.7 volts. Line up the point on the graph with the left side of the chart to determine that the range configuration for the CO₂ sensor should be 1800 ppm. The EconoMi\$er IV controller will output the 6.7 volts from the CO_2 sensor to the actuator when the CO_2 concentration in the space is at 1100 ppm. The DCV setpoint may be left at 2 volts since the CO₂ sensor voltage will be ignored by the EconoMi\$er IV controller until it rises above the 3.6 volt setting of the minimum position potentiometer.

Once the fully occupied damper position has been determined, set the maximum damper demand control ventilation potentiometer to this position. Do not set to the maximum position as this can result in over-ventilation to the space and potential high humidity levels.

CO₂ Sensor Configuration

The CO_2 sensor has preset standard voltage settings that can be selected anytime after the sensor is powered up. (See Table 17.)

Use setting 1 or 2 for RGS equipment. (See Table 17.)

- 1. Press Clear and Mode buttons. Hold at least 5 seconds until the sensor enters the Edit mode.
- 2. Press Mode twice. The STDSET Menu will appear.
- 3. Use the Up/Down button to select the preset number. (See Table 17.)
- 4. Press Enter to lock in the selection.
- 5. Press Mode to exit and resume normal operation.

Table 17 – EconoMi\$er IV Sensor Usage

| APPLICATION | | ECONOMI\$ER IV WITH OUTDOOR AIR DRY BULB SENSOR | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------------|--|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Acces | ssorie | es Required | | | | | |
| Outdoor Air | None. The ou | utdoo | r air dry bulb sensor | | | | | |
| Dry Bulb | is f | is factory installed. | | | | | | |
| Differential Dry Bulb | DNT | DNTEMPSN002A00* | | | | | | |
| Single Enthalpy | AXB078ENT | | | | | | | |
| | AXB078ENT | | | | | | | |
| Differential | | a | nd | | | | | |
| Enthalpy | DNI | ENTD | IF004A00* | | | | | |
| CO ₂ for DCV Control using a Wall-Mounted CO ₂ Sensor | 3 | 3ZCS | ENCO2 | | | | | |
| CO ₂ for DCV Control using a Duct-Mounted CO ₂ Sensor | 33ZCSENCO2† and 33ZCASPCO2** | O R | DNCBDIOX005A00†† | | | | | |

- * DNENTDIF004A00 and DNTEMPSN002A00 accessories are used on many different base units. As such, these kits may contain parts that will not be needed for installation.
- † 33ZCSENCO2 is an accessory CO2 sensor.
- ** 33ZCASPCO2 is an accessory aspirator box required for ductmounted applications.
- †† DNCBDIOX005A00 is an accessory that contains both 33ZCSEN-CO2 and 33ZCASPCO2 accessories.

The custom settings of the CO_2 sensor can be changed anytime after the sensor is energized. Follow the steps below to change the non-standard settings:

- 1. Press Clear and Mode buttons. Hold at least 5 seconds until the sensor enters the Edit mode.
- 2. Press Mode twice. The STDSET Menu will appear.
- 3. Use the Up/Down button to toggle to the NONSTD menu and press Enter.
- 4. Use the Up/Down button to toggle through each of the nine variables, starting with Altitude, until the desired setting is reached.
- 5. Press Mode to move through the variables.
- 6. Press Enter to lock in the selection, then press Mode to continue to the next variable.

Dehumidification of Fresh Air with DCV (Demand Controlled Ventilation) Control

If normal rooftop heating and cooling operation is not adequate for the outdoor humidity level, an energy recovery unit and/or a dehumidification option should be considered.

EconoMi§er IV Preparation

This procedure is used to prepare the EconoMi\$er IV for troubleshooting. No troubleshooting or testing is done by performing the following procedure.

NOTE: This procedure requires a 9-v battery, 1.2 kilo-ohm resistor, and a 5.6 kilo-ohm resistor which are not supplied with the EconoMi\$er IV.

IMPORTANT: Be sure to record the positions of all potentiometers before starting troubleshooting.

- 1. Disconnect power at TR and TR1. All LEDs should be off. Exhaust fan contacts should be open.
- 2. Disconnect device at P and P1.
- 3. Jumper P to P1.
- 4. Disconnect wires at T and T1. Place 5.6 kilo-ohm resistor across T and T1.
- 5. Jumper TR to 1.

- 6. Jumper TR to N.
- 7. If connected, remove sensor from terminals SO and +. Connect 1.2 kilo-ohm 4074EJM checkout resistor across terminals SO and +.
- 8. Put 620-ohm resistor across terminals SR and +.
- 9. Set minimum position, DCV setpoint, and exhaust potentiometers fully CCW (counterclockwise).
- 10. Set DCV maximum position potentiometer fully CW (clockwise).
- 11. Set enthalpy potentiometer to D.
- 12. Apply power (24 vac) to terminals TR and TR1.

Differential Enthalpy

To check differential enthalpy:

- 1. Make sure EconoMi\$er IV preparation procedure has been performed.
- 2. Place 620-ohm resistor across SO and +.
- 3. Place 1.2 kilo-ohm resistor across SR and +. The Free Cool LED should be lit.
- 4. Remove 620-ohm resistor across SO and +. The Free Cool LED should turn off.
- 5. Return EconoMi\$er IV settings and wiring to normal after completing troubleshooting.

Single Enthalpy

To check single enthalpy:

- 1. Make sure EconoMi\$er IV preparation procedure has been performed.
- 2. Set the enthalpy potentiometer to A (fully CCW). The Free Cool LED should be lit.
- 3. Set the enthalpy potentiometer to D (fully CW). The Free Cool LED should turn off.
- 4. Return EconoMi\$er IV settings and wiring to normal after completing troubleshooting.

DCV (Demand Controlled Ventilation) and Power Exhaust

To check DCV and Power Exhaust:

- 1. Make sure EconoMi\$er IV preparation procedure has been performed.
- 2. Ensure terminals AQ and AQ1 are open. The LED for both DCV and Exhaust should be off. The actuator should be fully closed.
- 3. Connect a 9-v battery to AQ (positive node) and AQ1 (negative node). The LED for both DCV and Exhaust should turn on. The actuator should drive to between 90 and 95% open.
- 4. Turn the Exhaust potentiometer CW until the Exhaust LED turns off. The LED should turn off when the potentiometer is approximately 90%. The actuator should remain in position.
- 5. Turn the DCV setpoint potentiometer CW until the DCV LED turns off. The DCV LED should turn off when the potentiometer is approximately 9-v. The actuator should drive fully closed.
- 6. Turn the DCV and Exhaust potentiometers CCW until the Exhaust LED turns on. The exhaust contacts will close 30 to 120 seconds after the Exhaust LED turns on.

7. Return EconoMi\$er IV settings and wiring to normal after completing troubleshooting.

DCV Minimum and Maximum Position

To check the DCV minimum and maximum position:

- 1. Make sure EconoMi\$er IV preparation procedure has been performed.
- 2. Connect a 9-v battery to AQ (positive node) and AQ1 (negative node). The DCV LED should turn on. The actuator should drive to between 90 and 95% open.
- 3. Turn the DCV Maximum Position potentiometer to midpoint. The actuator should drive to between 20 and 80% open.
- 4. Turn the DCV Maximum Position potentiometer to fully CCW. The actuator should drive fully closed.
- 5. Turn the Minimum Position potentiometer to midpoint. The actuator should drive to between 20 and 80% open.
- 6. Turn the Minimum Position Potentiometer fully CW. The actuator should drive fully open.
- 7. Remove the jumper from TR and N. The actuator should drive fully closed.
- 8. Return EconoMi\$er IV settings and wiring to normal after completing troubleshooting.

Supply-Air Sensor Input

To check supply-air sensor input:

- 1. Make sure EconoMi\$er IV preparation procedure has been performed.
- 2. Set the Enthalpy potentiometer to A. The Free Cool LED turns on. The actuator should drive to between 20 and 80% open.
- 3. Remove the 5.6 kilo-ohm resistor and jumper T to T1. The actuator should drive fully open.
- 4. Remove the jumper across T and T1. The actuator should drive fully closed.
- 5. Return EconoMi\$er IV settings and wiring to normal after completing troubleshooting.

EconoMi§er IV Troubleshooting Completion

This procedure is used to return the EconoMi\$er IV to operation. No troubleshooting or testing is done by performing the following procedure.

- 1. Disconnect power at TR and TR1.
- 2. Set enthalpy potentiometer to previous setting.
- 3. Set DCV maximum position potentiometer to previous setting.
- 4. Set minimum position, DCV setpoint, and exhaust potentiometers to previous settings.
- 5. Remove 620-ohm resistor from terminals SR and +.
- 6. Remove 1.2 kilo-ohm checkout resistor from terminals SO and +. If used, reconnect sensor from terminals SO and +.
- 7. Remove jumper from TR to N.
- 8. Remove jumper from TR to 1.
- 9. Remove 5.6 kilo-ohm resistor from T and T1. Reconnect wires at T and T1.
- 10. Remove jumper from P to P1. Reconnect device at P and P1.
- 11. Apply power (24 vac) to terminals TR and TR1.

WIRING DIAGRAMS

See Fig. 45 and Fig. 46 for typical wiring diagrams.

PRE-START-UP

WARNING

PERSONAL INJURY HAZARD

Â

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

- 1. Follow recognized safety practices and wear protective goggles when checking or servicing refrigerant system.
- 2. Do not operate compressor or provide any electric power to unit unless compressor terminal cover is in place and secured.
- 3. Do not remove compressor terminal cover until all electrical sources are disconnected.
- 4. Relieve all pressure from system before touching or disturbing anything inside terminal box if refrigerant leak is suspected around compressor terminals.
- 5. Never attempt to repair soldered connection while refrigerant system is under pressure.
- 6. Do not use torch to remove any component. System contains oil and refrigerant under pressure. To remove a component, wear protective goggles and proceed as follows:
 - a. Shut off electrical power and then gas to unit.
 - b. Recover refrigerant to relieve all pressure from system using both high-pressure and low pressure ports.
 - c. Cut component connection tubing with tubing cutter and remove component from unit.
 - d. Carefully unsweat remaining tubing stubs when necessary. Oil can ignite when exposed to torch flame.

Proceed as follows to inspect and prepare the unit for initial start-up:

- 1. Remove all access panels.
- 2. Read and follow instructions on all WARNING, CAUTION, and INFORMATION labels attached to, or shipped with, unit.
- 3. Make the following inspections:
 - a. Inspect for shipping and handling damages such as broken lines, loose parts, or disconnected wires, etc.
 - b. Inspect for oil at all refrigerant tubing connections and on unit base. Detecting oil generally indicates a refrigerant leak. Leak-test all refrigerant tubing connections using electronic leak detector, halide torch, or liquid-soap solution.
 - c. Inspect all field-wiring and factory-wiring connections. Be sure that connections are completed and tight. Be sure that wires are not in contact with refrigerant tubing or sharp edges.

- d. Inspect coil fins. If damaged during shipping and handling, carefully straighten fins with a fin comb.
- 4. Verify the following conditions:
 - a. Make sure that condenser-fan blade are correctly positioned in fan orifice. See Condenser-Fan Adjustment section for more details.
 - b. Make sure that air filter(s) is in place.
 - c. Make sure that condensate drain trap is filled with water to ensure proper drainage.
 - d. Make sure that all tools and miscellaneous loose parts have been removed.

START-UP, GENERAL

Unit Preparation

Make sure that unit has been installed in accordance with installation instructions and applicable codes.

Gas Piping

Check gas piping for leaks.

A

WARNING

UNIT OPERATION AND SAFETY HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

Disconnect gas piping from unit when leak testing at pressure greater than 1/2 psig. Pressures greater than 1/2 psig will cause gas valve damage resulting in hazardous condition. If gas valve is subjected to pressure greater than 1/2 psig, it must be replaced before use. When pressure testing field-supplied gas piping at pressures of 1/2 psig or less, a unit connected to such piping must be isolated by manually closing the gas valve.

Return-Air Filters

Make sure correct filters are installed in unit (see Appendix II – Physical Data). Do not operate unit without return-air filters.

Outdoor-Air Inlet Screens

Outdoor-air inlet screen must be in place before operating unit.

Compressor Mounting

Compressors are internally spring mounted. Do not loosen or remove compressor hold down bolts.

Internal Wiring

Check all electrical connections in unit control boxes. Tighten as required.

Refrigerant Service Ports

Each unit system has two 1/4" SAE flare (with check valves) service ports: one on the suction line, and one on the compressor discharge line. Be sure that caps on the ports are tight.

Compressor Rotation

On 3-phase units with scroll compressors, it is important to be certain compressor is rotating in the proper direction. To determine whether or not compressor is rotating in the proper direction:

- 1. Connect service gauges to suction and discharge pressure fittings.
- 2. Energize the compressor.
- 3. The suction pressure should drop and the discharge pressure should rise, as is normal on any start-up.

If the suction pressure does not drop and the discharge pressure does not rise to normal levels:

- 1. Note that the evaporator fan is probably also rotating in the wrong direction.
- 2. Turn off power to the unit and install lockout tag.
- 3. Reverse any two of the unit power leads.
- 4. Re-energize to the compressor. Check pressures.

The suction and discharge pressure levels should now move to their normal start-up levels.

NOTE: When the compressor is rotating in the wrong direction, the unit will make an elevated level of noise and will not provide cooling.

Cooling

Set space thermostat to OFF position. To start unit, turn on main power supply. Set system selector switch at COOL position and fan switch at AUTO. position. Adjust thermostat to a setting below room temperature. Compressor starts on closure of contactor.

Check unit charge. Refer to Refrigerant Charge section.

Reset thermostat at a position above room temperature. Compressor will shut off. Evaporator fan will shut off after a 30-second delay.

To shut off unit, set system selector switch at OFF position. Resetting thermostat at a position above room temperature shuts unit off temporarily until space temperature exceeds thermostat setting.

Main Burners

Main burners are factory set and should require no adjustment.

To check ignition of main burners and heating controls, move thermostat setpoint above room temperature and verify that the burners light and evaporator fan is energized. Check heating effect, then lower the thermostat setting below the room temperature and verify that the burners and evaporator fan turn off.

Refer to Table 11 and Table 12 for the correct orifice to use at high altitudes.

Heating

- 1. Purge gas supply line of air by opening union ahead of the gas valve. If gas odor is detected, tighten union and wait 5 minutes before proceeding.
- 2. Turn on electrical supply and manual gas valve.

- 3. Set system switch selector at HEAT position and fan switch at AUTO. or ON position. Set heating temperature lever above room temperature.
- 4. The induced-draft motor will start.
- 5. After a call for heating, the main burners should light within 5 seconds. If the burner does not light, then there is a 22-second delay before another 5-second try. If the burner still does not light, the time delay is repeated. If the burner does not light within 15 minutes, there is a lockout. To reset the control, break the 24 v power to W1.
- 6. The evaporator-fan motor will turn on 45 seconds after burner ignition.
- 7. The evaporator-fan motor will turn off in 45 seconds after the thermostat temperature is satisfied.
- 8. Adjust airflow to obtain a temperature rise within the range specified on the unit nameplate.

NOTE: The default value for the evaporator-fan motor on/off delay is 45 seconds. The Integrated Gas Unit Controller (IGC) modifies this value when abnormal limit switch cycles occur. Based upon unit operating conditions, the on delay can be reduced to 0 seconds and the off delay can be extended to 180 seconds. When one flash of the LED is observed, the evaporator-fan on/off delay has been modified.

If the limit switch trips at the start of the heating cycle during the evaporator on delay, the time period of the on delay for the next cycle will be 5 seconds less than the time at which the switch tripped. (Example: If the limit switch trips at 30 seconds, the evaporator-fan on delay for the next cycle will occur at 25 seconds.) To prevent short-cycling, a 5-second reduction will only occur if a minimum of 10 minutes has elapsed since the last call for heating.

The evaporator-fan off delay can also be modified. Once the call for heating has ended, there is a 10-minute period during which the modification can occur. If the limit switch trips during this period, the evaporator-fan off delay will increase by 15 seconds. A maximum of 9 trips can occur, extending the evaporator-fan off delay to 180 seconds.

To restore the original default value, reset the power to the unit.

To shut off unit, set system selector switch at OFF position. Resetting heating selector lever below room temperature will temporarily shut unit off until space temperature falls below thermostat setting.

Ventilation (Continuous Fan)

Set fan and system selector switches at ON and OFF positions, respectively. Evaporator fan operates continuously to provide constant air circulation. When the evaporator-fan selector switch is turned to the OFF position, there is a 30-second delay before the fan turns off.

OPERATING SEQUENCES

Cooling, Unit Without Economizer

When thermostat calls for cooling, terminals G and Y1 are energized. The indoor-fan contactor (IFC) and compressor contactor are energized and indoor-fan motor, compressor, and outdoor fan start. The outdoor fanmotor runs continuously while unit is cooling.

Heating, Unit Without Economizer

When the thermostat calls for heating, terminal W1 is energized. To prevent thermostat short-cycling, the unit is locked into the Heating mode for at least 1 minute when W1 is energized. The induced-draft motor is energized and the burner ignition sequence begins. The indoor (evaporator) fan motor (IFM) is energized 45 seconds after a flame is ignited. On units equipped for two stages of heat, when additional heat is needed, W2 is energized and the high-fire solenoid on the main gas valve (MGV) is energized. When the thermostat is satisfied and W1 is deenergized, the IFM stops after a 45-second time-off delay.

Cooling, Unit With EconoMi\$er IV

For Occupied mode operation of EconoMi\$er IV, there must be a 24-v signal at terminals TR and N (provided through PL6-3 from the unit's IFC coil). Removing the signal at N places the EconoMi\$er IV control in Unoccupied mode.

During Occupied mode operation, indoor fan operation will be accompanied by economizer dampers moving to Minimum Position setpoint for ventilation. If indoor fan is off, dampers will close. During Unoccupied mode operation, dampers will remain closed unless a Cooling (by free cooling) or DCV demand is received.

Integrated EconoMi\$er IV operation on RGS single compressor model requires a 2-stage thermostat (Y1 and Y2 switches).

When free cooling using outside air is not available, the unit cooling sequence will be controlled directly by the space thermostat as described above as Cooling, Without Economizer. Outside air damper position will be closed or Minimum Position as determined by occupancy mode and fan signal.

When free cooling is available as determined by the appropriate changeover command (dry bulb, outdoor enthalpy, differential dry bulb or differential enthalpy), a call for cooling (Y1 closes at the thermostat) will cause the economizer control to modulate the dampers open and closed to maintain the unit supply air temperature at 50 to 55° F. Compressor will not run.

During free cooling operation, a supply air temperature (SAT) above 50° F will cause the dampers to modulate between Minimum Position setpoint and 100% open. With SAT from 50° F to 45° F, the dampers will maintain at the Minimum Position setting. With SAT below 45° F, the outside air dampers will be closed. When SAT rises to 48° F, the dampers will re-open to Minimum Position setting.

Should 100% outside air not be capable of satisfying the space temperature, space temperature will rise until Y2 is closed. The economizer control will call for compressor operation. Dampers will modulate to maintain SAT at 50 to 55° F concurrent with compressor operation. The Low Ambient Lockout Thermostat will block compressor operation with economizer operation below 42° F outside air temperature.

When space temperature demand is satisfied (thermostat Y1 opens), the dampers will return to Minimum Damper position if indoor fan is running or fully closed if fan is off.

If accessory power exhaust is installed, the power exhaust fan motors will be energized by the economizer control as the dampers open above the PE-On setpoint and will be de-energized as the dampers close below the PE-On setpoint.

Damper movement from full closed to full open (or vice versa) will take between 1-1/2 and 2-1/2 minutes.

Heating With EconoMi\$er IV

During Occupied mode operation, indoor fan operation will be accompanied by economizer dampers moving to Minimum Position setpoint for ventilation. If indoor fan is off, dampers will close. During Unoccupied mode operation, dampers will remain closed unless a DCV demand is received.

When the room temperature calls for heat (W1 closes), the heating controls are energized as described in Heating, Unit Without Economizer above.

Demand Controlled Ventilation

If a field-installed CO₂ sensor is connected to the EconoMi\$er IV control, a Demand Controlled Ventilation strategy will

operate automatically. As the CO_2 level in the space increases above the CO_2 setpoint (on the EconoMi\$er IV controller), the minimum position of the dampers will be increased proportionally, until the Maximum Ventilation setting is reached. As the space CO_2 level decreases because of the increase in fresh air, the outdoor-damper will follow the higher demand condition from the DCV mode or from the free-cooling mode.

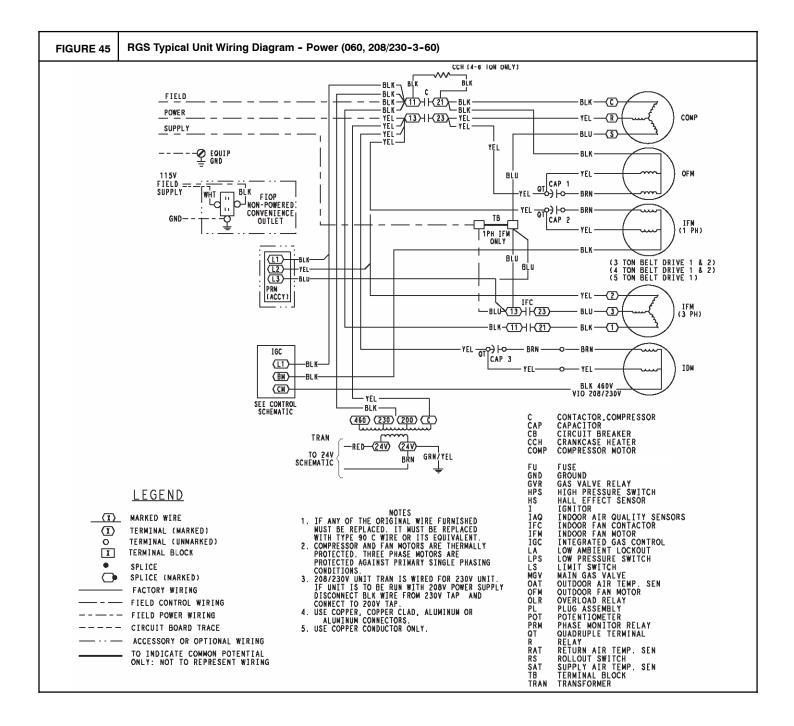
DCV operation is available in Occupied and Unoccupied periods with EconoMi\$er IV. However, a control modification will be required on the RGS unit to implement the Unoccupied period function.

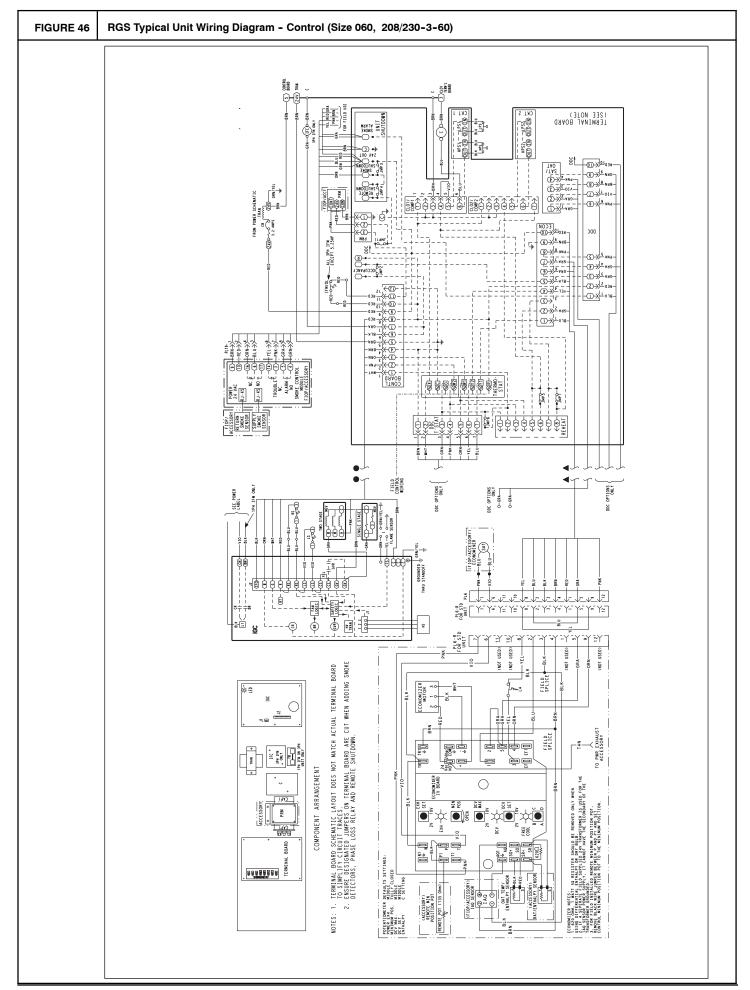
FASTENER TORQUE VALUES

See Table 18 for torque values.

| Supply fan motor mounting | 120 +/- 12 in-lbs |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Supply fan motor adjustment plate | 120 +/- 12 in-lbs |
| Motor pulley setscrew | 72+/- 5 in-lbs |
| Fan pulley setscrew | 72+/- 5 in-lbs |
| Blower wheel hub setscrew | 72+/- 5 in-lbs |
| Bearing locking collar setscrew | 65-70 in-lbs |
| Compressor mounting bolts | 65-75 in-lbs |
| Condenser fan motor mounting bolts | 20 +/- 2 in-lbs |
| Condenser fan hub setscrew | 84 +/- 12 in-lbs |

Table 18 – Torque Values





APPENDIX I, MODEL NOMENCLATURE

| MODEL SERIES | R | G | S | 0 | 9 | 1 | H | D | Α | В | 0 | Α | Α | Α | Α |
|--|----------|----------|---------|----------|---------|-----------|----------|---------|-----------|----------|-----------|--------|---------|--------|----|
| Position Number | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| R = Rooftop | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| A = Air Conditioning (Cooling Only) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| H = Heat Pump | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| G = Gas/Electric | | Туре | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| S = Standard ASHRAE 90.1-2010 Efficiency | | | iciency | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 036 = 36,000 = 3 Tons | | | , | | I | I | | | | | | | | | |
| 048 = 48,000 = 4 Tons | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 060 = 60,000 = 5 Tons | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 072 = 72,000 = 6 Tons | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 091 = 90,000 = 7.5 Tons (Single Compressor) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 101 = 102,000 = 8.5 Tons (Single Compresso | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 121 = 120,000 = 10 Tons (Single Compressor | | N | OMINAL | COOL | NG CAF | PACITY | | | | | | | | | |
| K = 208/230-1-60 | , | | | | | | J | | | | | | | | |
| H = 208/230 - 3 - 60 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| L = 460-3-60 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| S = 575-3-60 | | | | | | vo | LTAGE | | | | | | | | |
| D = :Low Heat | | | | | | | | J | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| E = Medium Heat F = High Heat | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| L = Low Heat, Low NOx | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| M = Medium Heat, Low NOx | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| N = High Heat, Low NOx | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| S = Low Heat, Stainless Steel Heat Xgr | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| R = Medium Heat, Stainless Steel Heat Xgr | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| T = High Heat, Stainless Steel Heat Xgr | | leating | Capacit | v (See s | pec she | et for a | ctual ca | pacity) | | | | | | | |
| A = Standard Motor | | <u> </u> | • | | | | | , | ì | | | | | | |
| B = High Static Motor | | | | | | | | Motor | Option | | | | | | |
| A = None | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | |
| B = Economizer w/Bara-relief, OA Temp sens | or | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| E = Economizer w/Bara-relief + CO2 Sensor, | OA Terr | np senso | r | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| H = Economizer w/Bara-relief, enthalpy sense | or | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| L = Economizer w/Bara-relief + CO2 Sensor, | enthalpy | / sensor | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| P = 2-Position damper w/Baro-relief | | | Outo | loor Air | Options | s / Contr | ol (See | spec sh | eet for d | letails) | | | | | |
| 0A = No Options | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | |
| 4B = Non-Fused Disconnect | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AT = Non-powered 115v C.O. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BR = Supply Air Smoke Detector | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7C = Non-Fused Disconnect + Non-Powered | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7K = Non-Fused Disconnect + Non-Powered | | 0.+ SA | Smoke o | letector | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8A = Non-Fused Disconnect + SA Smoke de | tector | | | | | | | | Fac | tory Ins | talled O | ptions | ļ | | |
| A = Aluminum / Copper Cond & Evap Coil | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| B = Precoat Alum/CU Cond II Alum / CU Evap | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C = E-Coated Alum/Cu Cond II Alum / CU Ev | ар | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| D = E-Coated Alum / Cu Cond & Evap | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| F = Copper/Copper Cond & Evap | | | | | | | | Cond | lenser / | Evapora | itor Coil | Config | uration | l | |
| A = Initial Offering | | | | | | | | | | | | | SALES | DIGIT | l |
| A = Standard | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Г РАСК | |

| | | RGS036 | RGS048 | RGS060 | RGS072 |
|--|------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Refrigeration Sy | | | | | |
| | # Circuits / # Comp. / Type | 1 / 1 / Scroll |
| | R-410A charge (lbs) | 5.6 | 8.5 | 10.7 | 14.1 |
| | Oil (oz) | 25 | 42 | 42 | 56 |
| | Metering Device | | 1 | ced | 1 . |
| | High-press. Trip / Reset (psig) | 630 / 505 | 630 / 505 | 630 / 505 | 630 / 505 |
| | Low-press. Trip / Reset (psig) | 54 / 117 | 54 / 117 | 54 / 117 | 54 / 117 |
| Evap. Coil | | | | | |
| | Material | Cu / Al | Cu / Al | Cu / Al | Cu / Al |
| | Coil type | 3/8" RTPF | 3/8" RTPF | 3/8" RTPF | 3/8" RTPF |
| | Rows / FPI | 2 / 15 | 2 / 15 | 4 / 15 | 4 / 15 |
| | Total Face Area (ft ²) | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 7.3 |
| | Condensate Drain Conn. Size | 3/4" | 3/4" | 3/4" | 3/4" |
| Evap. Fan and I | Motor | | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Motor Qty / Drive Type | 1 / Belt | 1 / Belt | 1 / Belt | _ |
| atic | Max BHP | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | _ |
| Standard Static 1 phase | RPM Range | 560-854 | 560-854 | 770–1175 | |
| ard | 0 | 48 | 48 | 48 | |
| 1 F | Motor Frame Size | | | | _ |
| Star | Fan Qty / Type | 1 / Centrifugal | 1 / Centrifugal | 1 / Centrifugal | - |
| 0) | Fan Diameter (in) | 10 x 10 | 10 x 10 | 10 x 10 | - |
| <u>.</u> | Motor Qty / Drive Type | 1 / Belt | 1 / Belt | 1 / Belt | 1 / Belt |
| stat | Max BHP | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 2.4 |
| d S as | RPM Range | 560-854 | 560-854 | 770-1175 | 1073-1457 |
| Standard Static 3 phase | Motor Frame Size | 48 | 48 | 48 | 56 |
| 3 3 | Fan Qty / Type | 1 / Centrifugal | 1 / Centrifugal | 1 / Centrifugal | 1 / Centrifugal |
| Sta | Fan Diameter (in) | 10 x 10 | 10 x 10 | 10 x 10 | 10 x 10 |
| | Motor Qty / Drive Type | 1 / Belt | 1 / Belt | 1 / Belt | _ |
| O | Max BHP | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.5 | - |
| se | RPM Range | 770-1175 | 770-1175 | 1035-1466 | |
| High Static 1 phase | Motor Frame Size | 48 | 56 | 56 | |
| 1 p | Fan Qty / Type | 1 / Centrifugal | 1 / Centrifugal | 1 / Centrifugal | _ |
| T | | - | - | - | |
| | Fan Diameter (in) | 10 x 10 | 10 x 10 | 10 x 10 | |
| | Motor Qty / Drive Type | 1 / Belt | 1 / Belt | 1 / Belt | 1 / Belt |
| in the second se | Max BHP | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 3.7 |
| staf | RPM Range | 1035-1466 | 1035-1466 | 1303-1687 | 1474-1788 |
| High Static 3 phase | Motor Frame Size | 56 | 56 | 56 | 56 |
| ³ ∃i | Fan Qty / Type | 1 / Centrifugal | 1 / Centrifugal | 1 / Centrifugal | 1 / Centrifugal |
| | Fan Diameter (in) | 10 x 10 | 10 x 10 | 10 x 10 | 10 x 10 |
| | · · / | | | | |
| Cond. Coil | Material | | | | C / Al |
| | Material | Cu / Al | Cu / Al | Cu / Al | Cu / Al |
| | Coil type | 3/8" RTPF | 3/8" RTPF | 3/8" RTPF | 3/8" RTPF |
| | Rows / FPI | 1/17 | 2/17 | 2/17 | 2/17 |
| 0 a m d 4 a m / m | Total Face Area (ft ²) | 14.6 | 12.6 | 16.5 | 21.3 |
| Cond. fan / mo | | | 1/D: | 1/D' | 1/ D' |
| | Qty / Motor Drive Type | 1/ Direct | 1/ Direct | 1/ Direct | 1/ Direct |
| | Motor HP / RPM | 1/4 / 1100 | 1/4 / 1100 | 1/4 / 1100 | 1/4 / 1100 |
| | Fan diameter (in) | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 |
| Filters | RA Filter # / Size (in) | 2 / 16 x 25 x 2 | 2 / 16 x 25 x 2 | 2 / 16 x 25 x 2 | 4 / 16 x 16 x 2 |
| | | C 1 10 A CO X C | | <u> </u> | |

APPENDIX II PHYSICAL DATA (COOLING) 3 - 6 TONS

RGS036 RGS048 RGS060 RGS072 Gas Connection # of Gas Valves 1 1 1 1 Nat. gas supply line press (in. w.g.)/(PSIG) 4-13 / 0.18-0.47 4-13 / 0.18-0.47 4-13 / 0.18-0.47 4-13 / 0.18-0.47 11-13 / 0.40-0.47 LP supply line press (in. w.g.)/(PSIG) 11-13 / 0.40-0.47 11-13 / 0.40-0.47 11-13 / 0.40-0.47 Heat Anticipator Setting (Amps) 0.14 0.14 0.14 1st stage 0.14 2nd stage 0.14 0.14 0.14 0.14 Natural Gas Heat 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT Connection size # of stages / # of burners (total) 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 LOW Rollout switch opens / Closes 195 / 115 195 / 115 195 / 115 195 / 115 Temperature rise (min/max) 25 / 55 25 - 55 25 - 55 25 - 55 Connection size 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT # of stages / # of burners (total) 1 or 2 / 3 1/3 1/3 1/3 MED Rollout switch opens / Closes 195 / 115 195 / 115 195 / 115 195 / 115 Temperature rise (min/max) 55 / 85 35 / 65 35 / 65 35 / 65 1/2" NPT Connection size 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT # of stages / # of burners (total) 1 or 2/3 1 or 2/3 1 or 2 / 3 HIGH Rollout switch opens / Closes 195 / 115 195 / 115 195 / 115 -Temperature rise (min/max) 50 / 80 50 / 80 50 / 80 Liquid Propane Heat 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT Connection size # of stages / # of burners (total) 1/21/21/21/2Pov Rollout switch opens / Closes 195 / 115 195 / 115 195 / 115 195 / 115 Temperature rise (min/max) 25 / 55 25 - 55 25 - 55 25 - 55 Connection size 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT # of stages / # of burners (total) 1 or 2 / 3 MED Rollout switch opens / Closes 195 / 115 195 / 115 195 / 115 195 / 115 Temperature rise (min/max) 55 / 85 35 / 65 35 / 65 35 / 65 Connection size 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT ндн # of stages / # of burners (total) 1 or 2/3 1 or 2/3 1 or 2 / 3 Rollout switch opens / Closes 195 / 115 195 / 115 195 / 115 Temperature rise (min/max) 50 / 80 50 / 80 50 / 80 Low NO_x Gas Heat 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT Connection size # of stages / # of burners (total) 1/2 1/2 1/2 LOW Rollout switch opens / Closes 195 / 115 195 / 115 195 / 115 Temperature rise (min/max) 20 / 50 20 / 50 20 / 50 1/2" NPT Connection size 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT # of stages / # of burners (total) 1/3 1/3 1/3 MED Rollout switch opens / closes 195 / 115 195 / 115 195 / 115 -Temperature rise (min/max) 30 / 60 30 / 60 30 / 60 Connection size 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT 1/2" NPT # of stages / # of burners (total) 1/3 HIGH 1/3 Rollout switch opens / Closes 195 / 115 195 / 115 -Temperature rise (min/max) 40 / 70 40 / 70

| | | RGS091 | RGS101 | RGS121 |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Refrigeration Sys | stem | | | |
| | # Circuits / # Comp. / Type | 1 / 1 / Scroll | 1 / 1 / Scroll | 1 / 1 / Scroll |
| | R-410A charge (lbs) | 13.75 | 15.25 | 20.0 |
| | Oil (oz) | 60 | 85 | 110 |
| | Metering Device | | Fixed Metering Device | 1 |
| | High-press. Trip / Reset (psig) | 630 / 505 | 630 / 505 | 630 / 505 |
| | Low-press. Trip / Reset (psig) | 54 / 117 | 54 / 117 | 54 / 117 |
| Evap. Coil | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | |
| | Material | Cu / Al | Cu / Al | Cu / Al |
| | Coil type | 3/8" RTPF | 3/8" RTPF | 3/8" RTPF |
| | Rows / FPI | 3 / 15 | 3 / 15 | 4 / 15 |
| | Total Face Area (ft ²) | 8.9 | 11.1 | 11.1 |
| | Condensate Drain Conn. Size | 3/4" | 3/4" | 3/4" |
| Evap. Fan and M | | | | |
| U | Motor Qty / Drive Type | 1 / Belt | 1 / Belt | 1 / Belt |
| tati | Max BHP | 1.7 | 1.7 | 2.4 |
| s a | RPM Range | 489-747 | 518-733 | 591-838 |
| has | Motor Frame Size | 56 | 56 | 56 |
| anc a p | Fan Qty / Type | 1 / Centrifugal | 1 / Centrifugal | 1 / Centrifugal |
| Standard Static 3 phase | Fan Diameter (in) | 15 x 15 | 15 x 15 | 15 x 15 |
| | | | | |
| | Motor Qty / Drive Type | 1 / Belt | 1 / Belt | 1 / Belt |
| <u>e</u> | Max BHP | 5.25 | 3.7 | 5.25 |
| stat ase | RPM Range | 909-1102 | 838-1084 | 1022-1240 |
| High Static 3 phase | Motor Frame Size | 145TY | 56 | 145TY |
| a Hig | Fan Qty / Type | 1 / Centrifugal | 1 / Centrifugal | 1 / Centrifugal |
| _ | Fan Diameter (in) | 15 x 15 | 15 x 15 | 15 x 15 |
| | | | | 10 / 10 |
| Cond. Coil | | | | |
| | Material | Cu / Al | Cu / Al | Cu / Al |
| | Coil type | 3/8" RTPF | 3/8" RTPF | 3/8" RTPF |
| | Rows / FPI | 2 / 17 | 2/17 | 2/17 |
| | Total Face Area (ft ²) | 20.5 | 21.4 | 25.1 |
| Cond. fan / moto | | 0 / Discut | | O / Direct |
| | Qty / Motor Drive Type | 2 / Direct | 2 / Direct | 2 / Direct |
| | Motor HP / RPM | 1/4 / 1100 | 1/4 / 1100 | 1/4 / 1100 |
| E 114 | Fan diameter (in) | 22 | 22 | 22 |
| Filters | RA Filter # / Size (in) | 4 / 16 x 20 x 2 | 4 / 20 x 20 x 2 | 4 / 20 x 20 x 2 |
| | OA inlet screen # / Size (in) | 4 / 16 x 20 x 2 1 / 20 x 24 x 1 | 4 / 20 x 20 x 2 1 / 20 x 24 x 1 | 4 / 20 x 20 x 2 1 / 20 x 24 x 1 |
| | | 1/20 X 24 X 1 | I / 20 X 24 X I | 1 / 20 X 24 X I |

APPENDIX II PHYSICAL DATA (COOLING) 7.5 - 10 TONS

| # Of stages / # Of burners (total) | |
|--|------------|
| Rollout switch opens / Closes | |
| Temperature rise (min/max) | |
| | |
| eral fan performance notes: | : |
| nterpolation is permissible. Do n | ot extrapo |
| External static pressure is the sta pressure caused by any FIOPs o | |
| Fabular data accounts for pressu es may add static pressure losse o help you select the best motor | es, as sho |
| The Fan Performance tables offer vork, recommend the lower hors | er motor/d |
| For information on the electrical p | properties |
| For more information on the perfe | ormance |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

APPENDIX II PHYSICAL DATA (HEATING) 7.5 - 10 TONS

| | | RGS091 | RGS101 | RGS121 |
|----------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Gas Co | nnection | | | |
| | # of Gas Valves | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Nat. gas | s supply line press (in. w.g.)/(PSIG) | 4-13 / 0.18-0.47 | 4-13 / 0.18-0.47 | 4-13 / 0.18-0.47 |
| LF | P supply line press (in. w.g.)/(PSIG) | 11-13 / 0.40-0.47 | 11-13 / 0.40-0.47 | 11-13 / 0.40-0.47 |
| Heat An | ticipator Setting (Amps) | | | |
| | 1st stage | 0.14 | 0.14 | 0.14 |
| | 2nd stage | 0.14 | 0.14 | 0.14 |
| Natural | Gas Heat | | | |
| | Connection size | 1/2" NPT | 1/2" NPT | 3/4" NPT |
| | # of stages / # of burners (total) | 1 / 3 | 1/3 | 2 / 4 |
| LOW | Rollout switch opens / Closes | 195 / 115 | 195 / 115 | 195 / 115 |
| | Temperature rise (min/max) | 20 / 50 | 20 / 50 | 20 / 50 |
| | Connection size | 3/4" NPT | 3/4" NPT | 3/4" NPT |
| | # of stages / # of burners (total) | 2 / 4 | 2/4 | 2 / 5 |
| MED | Rollout switch opens / Closes | 195 / 115 | 195 / 115 | 195 / 115 |
| 2 | Temperature rise (min/max) | 35 / 685 | 35 / 65 | 45 / 75 |
| | Connection size | 3/4" NPT | 3/4" NPT | 3/4" NPT |
| - | # of stages / # of burners (total) | 2 / 5 | 2/5 | 2 / 5 |
| HIGH | Rollout switch opens / Closes | 195 / 115 | 195 / 115 | 195 / 115 |
| I | Temperature rise (min/max) | 45 / 75 | 45 / 75 | 40 / 70 |
| Liquid F | Propane Heat | | | |
| | Connection size | 1/2" NPT | 1/2" NPT | 3/4" NPT |
| _ | # of stages / # of burners (total) | 2/3 | 2/3 | 2/3 |
| LOW | Rollout switch opens / Closes | 195 / 115 | 195 / 115 | 195 / 115 |
| | Temperature rise (min/max) | 20 / 50 | 20 / 50 | 35 / 65 |
| | Connection size | 3/4" NPT | 3/4" NPT | 3/4" NPT |
| | # of stages / # of burners (total) | 2/4 | 2 / 4 | 2/5 |
| MED | Rollout switch opens / Closes | 195 / 115 | 195 / 115 | 195 / 115 |
| 2 | Temperature rise (min/max) | 35 / 65 | 35 / 65 | 45 / 75 |
| | Connection size | 3/4" NPT | 3/4" NPT | 3/4" NPT |
| - | # of stages / # of burners (total) | 2/5 | 2/5 | 2/5 |
| HIGH | Rollout switch opens / Closes | 195 / 115 | 195 / 115 | 195 / 115 |
| | Temperature rise (min/max) | 45 / 75 | 45 / 75 | 40 / 70 |

Gene

- 9. Ir olate.
- 10. E sure difference between the return duct and the supply duct plus the static ories. р
- 11. Ta ue to clean filters, unit casing, and wet coils. Factory options and accessorown in Table 18. Selection software is available, through your salesperson, ie mbination for your application. to
- drive recommendations. In cases when two motor/drive combinations would 12. T option. w
- 13. F s of motors, please see the Electrical information section of this book.
- 14. F limits of motors, see the application data section of this book.

APPENDIX III FAN PERFORMANCE - RGS036, 1 PHASE, 3 TON HORIZONTAL SUPPLY

| | | | | AVAILABLE E | EXTERNAL S | TATIC PRESS | SURE (in. wg) | IE (in. wg) | | | | | | |
|------|------------|-------------------------|-----|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|------|------|--|--|--|--|
| CFM | 0. | .2 | 0 | .4 | 0 | .6 | 0.8 | | 1.0 | | | | | |
| CFM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | | | | |
| | Field-Supp | lied Drive ¹ | | Standard St | tatic Option | | High Static Option | | | | | | | |
| 900 | 553 | 0.14 | 681 | 0.22 | 782 | 0.32 | 870 | 0.42 | 948 | 0.53 | | | | |
| 975 | 575 | 0.16 | 700 | 0.25 | 801 | 0.35 | 888 | 0.46 | 965 | 0.57 | | | | |
| 1050 | 597 | 0.18 | 720 | 0.28 | 820 | 0.38 | 906 | 0.49 | 983 | 0.61 | | | | |
| 1125 | 620 | 0.21 | 741 | 0.31 | 839 | 0.42 | 925 | 0.54 | 1001 | 0.66 | | | | |
| 1200 | 643 | 0.23 | 762 | 0.34 | 859 | 0.46 | 944 | 0.58 | 1020 | 0.71 | | | | |
| 1275 | 667 | 0.27 | 783 | 0.38 | 879 | 0.50 | 963 | 0.63 | 1038 | 0.76 | | | | |
| 1350 | 691 | 0.30 | 805 | 0.42 | 900 | 0.55 | 983 | 0.68 | 1057 | 0.82 | | | | |
| 1425 | 715 | 0.34 | 827 | 0.47 | 920 | 0.60 | 1002 | 0.74 | 1076 | 0.88 | | | | |
| 1500 | 740 | 0.38 | 849 | 0.52 | 941 | 0.66 | 1023 | 0.80 | 1096 | 0.95 | | | | |

| | | | | AVAILABLE | EXTERNAL S | TATIC PRESS | SURE (in. wg) | | | | | | | | |
|------|------|------|-----------|-----------|------------|-------------|---------------|-----------|--------------------------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| CFM | 1. | .2 | 1 | .4 | 1 | .6 | 1 | .8 | 2. | 0 | | | | | |
| CFM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | | | | | |
| | | | High Stat | ic Option | | | | Field-Sup | plied Drive ² | | | | | | |
| 900 | 1019 | 0.64 | 1084 | 0.76 | 1146 | 0.89 | 1203 | 1.02 | 1258 | 1.16 | | | | | |
| 975 | 1036 | 0.69 | 1101 | 0.81 | 1162 | 0.94 | 1219 | 1.08 | - | - | | | | | |
| 1050 | 1053 | 0.74 | 1118 | 0.86 | 1179 | 1.00 | 1236 | 1.14 | - | - | | | | | |
| 1125 | 1071 | 0.79 | 1135 | 0.92 | 1196 | 1.06 | 1253 | 1.20 | - | - | | | | | |
| 1200 | 1089 | 0.84 | 1153 | 0.98 | 1213 | 1.12 | - | - | - | - | | | | | |
| 1275 | 1107 | 0.90 | 1171 | 1.04 | 1231 | 1.19 | - | - | - | - | | | | | |
| 1350 | 1126 | 0.96 | 1189 | 1.11 | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | |
| 1425 | 1144 | 1.03 | 1208 | 1.18 | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | |
| 1500 | 1163 | 1.10 | - T | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | | | |

NOTE: For more information, see General Fan Performance Notes on page 47.

Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

1. Recommend using field-supplied fan pulley (part number KR11AG006) and belt (part number KR30AE039).

2. Recommend using field-supplied motor pulley (part number KR11HY161) and belt (part number KR30AE035).

APPENDIX III FAN PERFORMANCE - RGS036, 1 PHASE, 3 TON VERTICAL SUPPLY

| | | | | AVAILABLE I | EXTERNAL S | TATIC PRESS | SURE (in. wg) | | | | |
|------|------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|-----------|--------------------------|------|--|
| CFM | 0. | 2 | 0 | .4 | 0. | 0.6 0.8 | | | | 1.0 | |
| CLIM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | |
| | Field-Supp | lied Drive ¹ | | Standard S | tatic Option | | | High Sta | tic Option | | |
| 900 | 567 | 0.15 | 688 | 0.22 | 786 | 0.30 | 871 | 0.37 | 947 | 0.44 | |
| 975 | 591 | 0.17 | 710 | 0.26 | 807 | 0.34 | 891 | 0.42 | 966 | 0.49 | |
| 1050 | 615 | 0.20 | 732 | 0.29 | 828 | 0.38 | 911 | 0.47 | 985 | 0.55 | |
| 1125 | 641 | 0.23 | 755 | 0.33 | 849 | 0.42 | 931 | 0.52 | 1005 | 0.61 | |
| 1200 | 666 | 0.26 | 778 | 0.37 | 871 | 0.47 | 952 | 0.57 | 1025 | 0.67 | |
| 1275 | 693 | 0.29 | 802 | 0.41 | 893 | 0.53 | 974 | 0.63 | 1046 | 0.74 | |
| 1350 | 719 | 0.33 | 826 | 0.46 | 916 | 0.58 | 995 | 0.70 | 1067 | 0.81 | |
| 1425 | 746 | 0.38 | 850 | 0.51 | 939 | 0.64 | 1017 | 0.76 | 1088 | 0.89 | |
| 1500 | 773 | 0.42 | 875 | 0.57 | 963 | 0.70 | 1040 | 0.84 | 1110 | 0.96 | |
| | | | | AVAILABLE I | EXTERNAL S | TATIC PRESS | SURE (in. wg) | | | | |
| CFM | 1. | 2 | 1 | .4 | 1. | 6 | 1. | .8 | 2. | 0 | |
| CLIM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | |
| | | | High Stat | ic Option | | | | Field-Sup | plied Drive ² | | |
| 900 | 1016 | 0.51 | 1080 | 0.57 | 1139 | 0.64 | 1195 | 0.71 | 1249 | 0.77 | |
| 975 | 1034 | 0.57 | 1098 | 0.64 | 1157 | 0.72 | 1213 | 0.79 | 1266 | 0.86 | |
| 1050 | 1053 | 0.63 | 1116 | 0.71 | 1176 | 0.79 | 1231 | 0.87 | 1284 | 0.95 | |
| 1125 | 1073 | 0.70 | 1135 | 0.79 | 1194 | 0.87 | 1250 | 0.96 | 1302 | 1.04 | |
| 1200 | 1093 | 0.77 | 1155 | 0.87 | 1213 | 0.96 | 1268 | 1.05 | 1321 | 1.14 | |
| 1275 | 1113 | 0.85 | 1174 | 0.95 | 1232 | 1.05 | 1287 | 1.15 | - | - | |
| 1350 | 1133 | 0.92 | 1194 | 1.03 | 1252 | 1.14 | - | - | - | - | |
| 1425 | 1154 | 1.01 | 1215 | 1.12 | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| 1500 | 1175 | 1.09 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |

NOTE: For more information, see General Fan Performance Notes on page 47.

Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

1. Recommend using field-supplied fan pulley (part number KR11AG006) and belt (part number KR30AE039).

2. Recommend using field-supplied motor pulley (part number KR11HY161) and belt (part number KR30AE035).

APPENDIX III FAN PERFORMANCE - RGS036, 3 PHASE, 3 TON HORIZONTAL SUPPLY

| | | | | AVAILABLE E | EXTERNAL S | TATIC PRES | SURE (in. wg) |) | | |
|------|--|------|-----|-------------|------------|------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| CFM | 0. | 2 | 0 | .4 0.6 0 | | | 0. | .8 | 1.0 | |
| CEM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP |
| | Field-Supplied Drive ¹ Standard Static Option | | | | | | High Stati | c Option wit | h Field Suppl | lied Drive ² |
| 900 | 553 | 0.14 | 681 | 0.22 | 782 | 0.32 | 870 | 0.42 | 948 | 0.53 |
| 975 | 575 | 0.16 | 700 | 0.25 | 801 | 0.35 | 888 | 0.46 | 965 | 0.57 |
| 1050 | 597 | 0.18 | 720 | 0.28 | 820 | 0.38 | 906 | 0.49 | 983 | 0.61 |
| 1125 | 620 | 0.21 | 741 | 0.31 | 839 | 0.42 | 925 | 0.54 | 1001 | 0.66 |
| 1200 | 643 | 0.23 | 762 | 0.34 | 859 | 0.46 | 944 | 0.58 | 1020 | 0.71 |
| 1275 | 667 | 0.27 | 783 | 0.38 | 879 | 0.50 | 963 | 0.63 | 1038 | 0.76 |
| 1350 | 691 | 0.30 | 805 | 0.42 | 900 | 0.55 | 983 | 0.68 | 1057 | 0.82 |
| 1425 | 715 | 0.34 | 827 | 0.47 | 920 | 0.60 | 1002 | 0.74 | 1076 | 0.88 |
| 1500 | 740 | 0.38 | 849 | 0.52 | 941 | 0.66 | 1023 | 0.80 | 1096 | 0.95 |

| | | | 4 | VAILABLE E | EXTERNAL S | TATIC PRESS | SURE (in. wg) | | | | | |
|------|------|------------|---------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|---------------|----------|------------|---|--|--|
| CFM | 1. | .2 | 1. | 4 | 1. | .6 | 1 | .8 | 2. | .0 | | |
| Сгм | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | | |
| | | High Stati | c Option with | Field Suppl | ied Drive ² | | | High Sta | tic Option | BHP 1.16 1.22 1.28 1.35 1.42 1.50 | | |
| 900 | 1019 | 0.64 | 1084 | 0.76 | 1146 | 0.89 | 1203 | 1.02 | 1258 | 1.16 | | |
| 975 | 1036 | 0.69 | 1101 | 0.81 | 1162 | 0.94 | 1219 | 1.08 | 1274 | 1.22 | | |
| 1050 | 1053 | 0.74 | 1118 | 0.86 | 1179 | 1.00 | 1236 | 1.14 | 1290 | 1.28 | | |
| 1125 | 1071 | 0.79 | 1135 | 0.92 | 1196 | 1.06 | 1253 | 1.20 | 1307 | 1.35 | | |
| 1200 | 1089 | 0.84 | 1153 | 0.98 | 1213 | 1.12 | 1270 | 1.27 | 1324 | 1.42 | | |
| 1275 | 1107 | 0.90 | 1171 | 1.04 | 1231 | 1.19 | 1287 | 1.34 | 1341 | 1.50 | | |
| 1350 | 1126 | 0.96 | 1189 | 1.11 | 1249 | 1.26 | 1305 | 1.42 | 1358 | 1.58 | | |
| 1425 | 1144 | 1.03 | 1208 | 1.18 | 1267 | 1.34 | 1323 | 1.50 | 1376 | 1.66 | | |
| 1500 | 1163 | 1.10 | 1226 | 1.25 | 1285 | 1.41 | 1341 | 1.58 | 1394 | 1.75 | | |

NOTE: For more information, see General Fan Performance Notes on page 47.

1. Recommend using field-supplied blower pulley (part number KR11AG006) and belt (part number KR30AE039)

2. Recommend using field-supplied motor pulley (part number KR11HY151 - 208/230 & 460V, part number KR11HY150 - 575V) and belt (part number KR29AF035)

APPENDIX III FAN PERFORMANCE - RGS036, 3 PHASE, 3 TON VERTICAL SUPPLY

| | | | 1 | AVAILABLE E | XTERNAL S | TATIC PRES | SSURE (in. wg) | | | | | |
|-------|------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-------------|-----------|------------|---|------|------|------|--|--|
| CFM | 0. | 2 | 0.4 | | 0. | 0.6 | | 0.8 | | 0 | | |
| Crivi | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | | |
| | Field-Supp | lied Drive ¹ | Standard Static Option | | | | High Static Option with Field Supplied Drive ² | | | | | |
| 900 | 567 | 0.15 | 688 | 0.22 | 786 | 0.30 | 871 | 0.37 | 947 | 0.44 | | |
| 975 | 591 | 0.17 | 710 | 0.26 | 807 | 0.34 | 891 | 0.42 | 966 | 0.49 | | |
| 1050 | 615 | 0.20 | 732 | 0.29 | 828 | 0.38 | 911 | 0.47 | 985 | 0.55 | | |
| 1125 | 641 | 0.23 | 755 | 0.33 | 849 | 0.42 | 931 | 0.52 | 1005 | 0.61 | | |
| 1200 | 666 | 0.26 | 778 | 0.37 | 871 | 0.47 | 952 | 0.57 | 1025 | 0.67 | | |
| 1275 | 693 | 0.29 | 802 | 0.41 | 893 | 0.53 | 974 | 0.63 | 1046 | 0.74 | | |
| 1350 | 719 | 0.33 | 826 | 0.46 | 916 | 0.58 | 995 | 0.70 | 1067 | 0.81 | | |
| 1425 | 746 | 0.38 | 850 | 0.51 | 939 | 0.64 | 1017 | 0.76 | 1088 | 0.89 | | |
| 1500 | 773 | 0.42 | 875 | 0.57 | 963 | 0.70 | 1040 | 0.84 | 1110 | 0.96 | | |

AVAILABLE EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE (in. wg)

| CFM | 1. | .2 | 1.4 | | 1. | 1.6 | | 1.8 | | 0 | | |
|------|------|------------|---------------|-------------|------------------------|------|--------------------|------|------|------|--|--|
| CEIN | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | | |
| | | High Stati | c Option with | Field Suppl | ied Drive ² | | High Static Option | | | | | |
| 900 | 1016 | 0.51 | 1080 | 0.57 | 1139 | 0.64 | 1195 | 0.71 | 1249 | 0.77 | | |
| 975 | 1034 | 0.57 | 1098 | 0.64 | 1157 | 0.72 | 1213 | 0.79 | 1266 | 0.86 | | |
| 1050 | 1053 | 0.63 | 1116 | 0.71 | 1176 | 0.79 | 1231 | 0.87 | 1284 | 0.95 | | |
| 1125 | 1073 | 0.70 | 1135 | 0.79 | 1194 | 0.87 | 1250 | 0.96 | 1302 | 1.04 | | |
| 1200 | 1093 | 0.77 | 1155 | 0.87 | 1213 | 0.96 | 1268 | 1.05 | 1321 | 1.14 | | |
| 1275 | 1113 | 0.85 | 1174 | 0.95 | 1232 | 1.05 | 1287 | 1.15 | 1339 | 1.25 | | |
| 1350 | 1133 | 0.92 | 1194 | 1.03 | 1252 | 1.14 | 1307 | 1.25 | 1358 | 1.35 | | |
| 1425 | 1154 | 1.01 | 1215 | 1.12 | 1272 | 1.24 | 1326 | 1.35 | 1378 | 1.46 | | |
| 1500 | 1175 | 1.09 | 1235 | 1.22 | 1292 | 1.34 | 1346 | 1.46 | 1397 | 1.58 | | |

NOTE: For more information, see General Fan Performance Notes on page 47.

Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

1. Recommend using field-supplied blower pulley (part number KR11AG006) and belt (part number KR30AE039)

2. Recommend using field-supplied motor pulley (part number KR11HY151 - 208/230 & 460V, part number KR11HY150 - 575V) and belt (part number KR29AF035)

APPENDIX III FAN PERFORMANCE - RGS048, 1 PHASE, 4 TON HORIZONTAL SUPPLY

| | | | Å | VAILABLE E | EXTERNAL S | TATIC PRES | SURE (in. wg |) | | |
|------|-----|-------------|--------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|-----------|------|------|
| CFM | 0. | .2 | 0. | .4 | 0. | .6 | 0 | .8 | 1. | .0 |
| CFM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP |
| | | Standard St | tatic Option | | | | High Stat | ic Option | | |
| 1200 | 643 | 0.23 | 762 | 0.34 | 859 | 0.46 | 944 | 0.58 | 1020 | 0.71 |
| 1300 | 675 | 0.28 | 790 | 0.40 | 886 | 0.52 | 969 | 0.65 | 1044 | 0.78 |
| 1400 | 707 | 0.33 | 819 | 0.45 | 913 | 0.58 | 996 | 0.72 | 1070 | 0.86 |
| 1500 | 740 | 0.38 | 849 | 0.52 | 941 | 0.66 | 1023 | 0.80 | 1096 | 0.95 |
| 1600 | 773 | 0.45 | 879 | 0.59 | 970 | 0.73 | 1050 | 0.88 | 1123 | 1.04 |
| 1700 | 807 | 0.52 | 910 | 0.67 | 999 | 0.82 | 1078 | 0.98 | 1150 | 1.14 |
| 1800 | 841 | 0.59 | 942 | 0.75 | 1029 | 0.91 | 1106 | 1.08 | 1177 | 1.25 |
| 1900 | 875 | 0.68 | 974 | 0.85 | 1059 | 1.02 | 1135 | 1.19 | 1205 | 1.37 |
| 2000 | 910 | 0.77 | 1006 | 0.95 | 1090 | 1.13 | 1165 | 1.31 | 1234 | 1.49 |

AVAILABLE EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE (in. wg)

| 0514 | 1 | 1.2 | | 1.4 | | 1.6 | | 1.8 | | .0 | |
|------|------|-----------|------------|------|------|------|-----------|--------------------------|-----|-----|--|
| CFM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | |
| | | High Stat | tic Option | | | | Field-Sup | olied Drive ¹ | | | |
| 1200 | 1089 | 0.84 | 1153 | 0.98 | 1213 | 1.12 | - | - | - | - | |
| 1300 | 1113 | 0.92 | 1177 | 1.06 | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| 1400 | 1138 | 1.01 | 1201 | 1.15 | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| 1500 | 1163 | 1.10 | - T | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| 1600 | 1189 | 1.20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| 1700 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| 1800 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| 1900 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| 2000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |

NOTE: For more information, see General Fan Performance Notes on page 47.

Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

1. Recommend using field-supplied blower pulley (part number KR11HY161) and belt (part number KR30AE035)

APPENDIX III FAN PERFORMANCE - RGS048, 1 PHASE, 4 TON VERTICAL SUPPLY

| | AVAILABLE EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE (in. wg) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|---|-------------|--------------|------|--------------------|------|------|------|------|------|--|--|
| 054 | 0.2 | | 0. | .4 | 0. | .6 | 0 | .8 | 1.0 | | | |
| CFM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | | |
| | | Standard St | tatic Option | | High Static Option | | | | | | | |
| 1200 | 666 | 0.26 | 778 | 0.37 | 871 | 0.47 | 952 | 0.57 | 1025 | 0.67 | | |
| 1300 | 701 | 0.31 | 810 | 0.43 | 901 | 0.54 | 981 | 0.65 | 1053 | 0.76 | | |
| 1400 | 737 | 0.36 | 842 | 0.49 | 931 | 0.62 | 1010 | 0.74 | 1081 | 0.86 | | |
| 1500 | 773 | 0.42 | 875 | 0.57 | 963 | 0.70 | 1040 | 0.84 | 1110 | 0.96 | | |
| 1600 | 810 | 0.49 | 909 | 0.65 | 994 | 0.79 | 1070 | 0.94 | 1140 | 1.08 | | |
| 1700 | 847 | 0.57 | 943 | 0.73 | 1027 | 0.89 | 1101 | 1.05 | 1170 | 1.20 | | |
| 1800 | 885 | 0.66 | 978 | 0.83 | 1060 | 1.00 | 1133 | 1.16 | 1200 | 1.32 | | |
| 1900 | 923 | 0.75 | 1014 | 0.94 | 1093 | 1.11 | 1165 | 1.29 | 1231 | 1.46 | | |
| 2000 | 962 | 0.85 | 1049 | 1.05 | 1127 | 1.24 | 1198 | 1.42 | 1263 | 1.61 | | |

| AVAILABLE EXTERNAI | STATIC PRESSURE (in. wg) |
|--------------------|--------------------------|

| 0514 | 1. | 1.2 | | 1.4 | | 1.6 | | 1.8 | | 0 | | |
|------|------|-----------|-----------|------|------|------|------------|--------------------------|------|------|--|--|
| CFM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | | |
| | | High Stat | ic Option | | | | Field-Supp | olied Drive ¹ | | | | |
| 1200 | 1093 | 0.77 | 1155 | 0.87 | 1213 | 0.96 | 1268 | 1.05 | 1321 | 1.14 | | |
| 1300 | 1119 | 0.87 | 1181 | 0.98 | 1239 | 1.08 | 1294 | 1.18 | - | - | | |
| 1400 | 1147 | 0.98 | 1208 | 1.09 | - | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| 1500 | 1175 | 1.09 | f - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| 1600 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| 1700 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| 1800 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| 1900 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| 2000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | | |

NOTE: For more information, see General Fan Performance Notes on page 47.

Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

1. Recommend using field-supplied blower pulley (part number KR11HY161) and belt (part number KR30AE035)

APPENDIX III FAN PERFORMANCE - RGS048, 3 PHASE, 4 TON HORIZONTAL SUPPLY

| | | | 4 | VAILABLE E | TATIC PRES | C PRESSURE (in. wg) | | | | | |
|-------|-----|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|---------------------|----------------|--------------|------------------------|------|--|
| CFM | 0. | 2 | 0. | .4 | 0 | .6 | 0. | .8 | 1. | .0 | |
| Crivi | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | |
| | | Standard St | atic Option | | | High Stat | ic Option with | n Field Supp | ied Drive ² | | |
| 1200 | 643 | 0.23 | 762 | 0.34 | 859 | 0.46 | 944 | 0.58 | 1020 | 0.71 | |
| 1300 | 675 | 0.28 | 790 | 0.40 | 886 | 0.52 | 969 | 0.65 | 1044 | 0.78 | |
| 1400 | 707 | 0.33 | 819 | 0.45 | 913 | 0.58 | 996 | 0.72 | 1070 | 0.86 | |
| 1500 | 740 | 0.38 | 849 | 0.52 | 941 | 0.66 | 1023 | 0.80 | 1096 | 0.95 | |
| 1600 | 773 | 0.45 | 879 | 0.59 | 970 | 0.73 | 1050 | 0.88 | 1123 | 1.04 | |
| 1700 | 807 | 0.52 | 910 | 0.67 | 999 | 0.82 | 1078 | 0.98 | 1150 | 1.14 | |
| 1800 | 841 | 0.59 | 942 | 0.75 | 1029 | 0.91 | 1106 | 1.08 | 1177 | 1.25 | |
| 1900 | 875 | 0.68 | 974 | 0.85 | 1059 | 1.02 | 1135 | 1.19 | 1205 | 1.37 | |
| 2000 | 910 | 0.77 | 1006 | 0.95 | 1090 | 1.13 | 1165 | 1.31 | 1234 | 1.49 | |

| | | | 4 | VAILABLE E | XTERNAL S | TATIC PRES | SURE (in. wg |) | | |
|-------|------------|---------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------|------------|--------------|------------|------|------|
| CFM | 1. | .2 | 1. | 4 | 1. | .6 | 1. | .8 | 2. | .0 |
| CFIVI | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP |
| | High Stati | c Option witl | n Field Suppl | ied Drive ² | | | High Stat | tic Option | L | |
| 1200 | 1089 | 0.84 | 1153 | 0.98 | 1213 | 1.12 | 1270 | 1.27 | 1324 | 1.42 |
| 1300 | 1113 | 0.92 | 1177 | 1.06 | 1237 | 1.21 | 1293 | 1.36 | 1347 | 1.52 |
| 1400 | 1138 | 1.01 | 1201 | 1.15 | 1261 | 1.31 | 1317 | 1.47 | 1370 | 1.63 |
| 1500 | 1163 | 1.10 | 1226 | 1.25 | 1285 | 1.41 | 1341 | 1.58 | 1394 | 1.75 |
| 1600 | 1189 | 1.20 | 1252 | 1.36 | 1310 | 1.53 | 1365 | 1.70 | 1418 | 1.87 |
| 1700 | 1216 | 1.31 | 1277 | 1.48 | 1335 | 1.65 | 1390 | 1.83 | 1442 | 2.01 |
| 1800 | 1242 | 1.42 | 1303 | 1.60 | 1361 | 1.78 | 1415 | 1.96 | 1467 | 2.15 |
| 1900 | 1270 | 1.55 | 1330 | 1.73 | 1387 | 1.92 | 1441 | 2.11 | 1493 | 2.30 |
| 2000 | 1297 | 1.68 | 1357 | 1.87 | 1414 | 2.07 | 1467 | 2.26 | - | - |

NOTE: For more information, see General Fan Performance Notes on page 47.

Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

1. Recommend using field-supplied blower pulley (part no. KR11AZ506), motor pulley (part no. KR11HY181) and belt (part no. KR30AE041).

2. Recommend using field-supplied motor pulley (part number KR11HY151 -208/230 & 460V, part number KR11HY150 - 575V) and belt (part number KR29AF035).

APPENDIX III FAN PERFORMANCE - RGS048, 3 PHASE, 4 TON VERTICAL SUPPLY

| | | | A | VAILABLE E | EXTERNAL S | TATIC PRES | SURE (in. wg |) | | | | |
|-------|-----|-------------|--------------|------------|---|------------|--------------|------|------|------|--|--|
| CFM | 0. | .2 | 0.4 | | 0 | 0.6 | | .8 | 1.0 | | | |
| CEIVI | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | | |
| | | Standard St | tatic Option | | High Static Option with Field Supplied Drive ² | | | | | | | |
| 1200 | 666 | 0.26 | 778 | 0.37 | 871 | 0.47 | 952 | 0.57 | 1025 | 0.67 | | |
| 1300 | 701 | 0.31 | 810 | 0.43 | 901 | 0.54 | 981 | 0.65 | 1053 | 0.76 | | |
| 1400 | 737 | 0.36 | 842 | 0.49 | 931 | 0.62 | 1010 | 0.74 | 1081 | 0.86 | | |
| 1500 | 773 | 0.42 | 875 | 0.57 | 963 | 0.70 | 1040 | 0.84 | 1110 | 0.96 | | |
| 1600 | 810 | 0.49 | 909 | 0.65 | 994 | 0.79 | 1070 | 0.94 | 1140 | 1.08 | | |
| 1700 | 847 | 0.57 | 943 | 0.73 | 1027 | 0.89 | 1101 | 1.05 | 1170 | 1.20 | | |
| 1800 | 885 | 0.66 | 978 | 0.83 | 1060 | 1.00 | 1133 | 1.16 | 1200 | 1.32 | | |
| 1900 | 923 | 0.75 | 1014 | 0.94 | 1093 | 1.11 | 1165 | 1.29 | 1231 | 1.46 | | |
| 2000 | 962 | 0.85 | 1049 | 1.05 | 1127 | 1.24 | 1198 | 1.42 | 1263 | 1.61 | | |

AVAILABLE EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE (in. wg)

| 054 | 1. | .2 | 1.4 | | 1 | 1.6 | | 1.8 | | .0 | | |
|------|------------|---------------|---------------|------------------------|--------------------|------|------|------|------|------|--|--|
| CFM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | | |
| | High Stati | c Option with | n Field Suppl | ied Drive ² | High Static Option | | | | | | | |
| 1200 | 1093 | 0.77 | 1155 | 0.87 | 1213 | 0.96 | 1268 | 1.05 | 1321 | 1.14 | | |
| 1300 | 1119 | 0.87 | 1181 | 0.98 | 1239 | 1.08 | 1294 | 1.18 | 1346 | 1.28 | | |
| 1400 | 1147 | 0.98 | 1208 | 1.09 | 1265 | 1.21 | 1320 | 1.32 | 1371 | 1.43 | | |
| 1500 | 1175 | 1.09 | 1235 | 1.22 | 1292 | 1.34 | 1346 | 1.46 | 1397 | 1.58 | | |
| 1600 | 1204 | 1.21 | 1263 | 1.35 | 1320 | 1.48 | 1373 | 1.61 | 1424 | 1.74 | | |
| 1700 | 1233 | 1.34 | 1292 | 1.49 | 1348 | 1.63 | 1401 | 1.77 | 1451 | 1.91 | | |
| 1800 | 1262 | 1.48 | 1321 | 1.64 | 1376 | 1.79 | 1428 | 1.94 | 1479 | 2.09 | | |
| 1900 | 1293 | 1.63 | 1350 | 1.79 | 1405 | 1.96 | 1457 | 2.12 | 1506 | 2.28 | | |
| 2000 | 1323 | 1.79 | 1380 | 1.96 | 1434 | 2.13 | 1486 | 2.31 | - | - | | |

NOTE: For more information, see General Fan Performance Notes on page 47.

Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

1. Recommend using field-supplied blower pulley (part no. KR11AZ506), motor pulley (part no. KR11HY181) and belt (part no. KR30AE041).

2. Recommend using field-supplied motor pulley (part number KR11HY151 - 208/230 & 460V, part number KR11HY150 - 575V) and belt (part number KR29AF035).

APPENDIX III FAN PERFORMANCE - RGS060, 1 PHASE, 5 TON HORIZONTAL SUPPLY

| | | | A | VAILABLE E | XTERNAL S | TATIC PRES | SURE (in. w | g) | | |
|-------|------|------|------|-------------|--------------|------------|-------------|------|-----------|------------|
| CFM | 0. | 2 | 0.4 | | 0 | 0.6 | | 0.8 | | .0 |
| CEIVI | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP |
| | | | | Standard St | tatic Option | | | | High Stat | tic Option |
| 1500 | 800 | 0.39 | 904 | 0.49 | 999 | 0.60 | 1087 | 0.72 | 1169 | 0.85 |
| 1625 | 849 | 0.48 | 947 | 0.59 | 1038 | 0.70 | 1122 | 0.83 | 1201 | 0.96 |
| 1750 | 899 | 0.59 | 992 | 0.70 | 1078 | 0.82 | 1159 | 0.95 | 1235 | 1.08 |
| 1875 | 950 | 0.70 | 1038 | 0.82 | 1120 | 0.95 | 1198 | 1.08 | 1271 | 1.22 |
| 2000 | 1001 | 0.84 | 1085 | 0.96 | 1163 | 1.09 | 1238 | 1.23 | 1309 | 1.38 |
| 2125 | 1053 | 0.99 | 1133 | 1.12 | 1208 | 1.26 | 1280 | 1.40 | - | - |
| 2250 | 1106 | 1.16 | 1182 | 1.29 | 1254 | 1.44 | - | - | - | - |
| 2375 | 1159 | 1.34 | 1231 | 1.49 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2500 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

AVAILABLE EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE (in. wg)

| | | | | | | | · · · | | | |
|------|------|------|------|-----------|----------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|
| CFM | 1. | .2 | 1 | .4 | 1 | .6 | 1 | .8 | 2 | .0 |
| CFM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP |
| | | | 1 | HighStati | c Option | | I. | | | |
| 1500 | 1247 | 0.98 | 1320 | 1.13 | 1390 | 1.28 | 1457 | 1.44 | - | - |
| 1625 | 1276 | 1.10 | 1348 | 1.24 | 1416 | 1.40 | - | - | - | - |
| 1750 | 1308 | 1.22 | 1377 | 1.38 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1875 | 1342 | 1.37 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2125 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2250 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2375 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2500 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

NOTE: For more information, see General Fan Performance Notes on page 47. **Boldface** indicates field-supplied drive is required.

APPENDIX III FAN PERFORMANCE - RGS060, 1 PHASE, 5 TON VERTICAL SUPPLY

| | | | A | VAILABLE E | XTERNAL S | TATIC PRES | SURE (in. w | g) | | |
|------|------|------|-------------|--------------|-----------|------------|-------------|-----------|------------|------|
| CFM | 0. | .2 | 0. | .4 | 0. | .6 | 0 | .8 | 1. | 0 |
| CLIM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP |
| | | | Standard St | tatic Option | | | | High Stat | tic Option | |
| 1500 | 848 | 0.42 | 968 | 0.55 | 1069 | 0.68 | 1158 | 0.80 | 1238 | 0.94 |
| 1625 | 897 | 0.51 | 1013 | 0.65 | 1111 | 0.79 | 1198 | 0.93 | 1277 | 1.07 |
| 1750 | 947 | 0.61 | 1059 | 0.76 | 1155 | 0.91 | 1240 | 1.06 | 1318 | 1.21 |
| 1875 | 997 | 0.72 | 1105 | 0.89 | 1199 | 1.05 | 1283 | 1.21 | 1359 | 1.37 |
| 2000 | 1048 | 0.85 | 1153 | 1.03 | 1244 | 1.20 | 1326 | 1.37 | - | - |
| 2125 | 1100 | 1.00 | 1201 | 1.19 | 1290 | 1.37 | - | - | - | - |
| 2250 | 1152 | 1.16 | 1250 | 1.36 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2375 | 1205 | 1.34 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2500 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

AVAILABLE EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE (in. wg)

| | | | | | | | (····· ···; | 5/ | | |
|------|------|------|-----------|-----------|------|------|-------------|-----------|--------------------------|-----|
| CFM | 1. | .2 | 1. | .4 | 1 | .6 | 1 | .8 | 2. | 0 |
| CFM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP |
| | | | High Stat | ic Option | 1 | | | Field-Sup | olied Drive ¹ | |
| 1500 | 1312 | 1.07 | 1380 | 1.20 | 1445 | 1.34 | 1506 | 1.48 | - | - |
| 1625 | 1350 | 1.21 | 1418 | 1.35 | 1482 | 1.50 | - | - | - | - |
| 1750 | 1390 | 1.36 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1875 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2125 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2250 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2375 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2500 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

NOTE: For more information, see General Fan Performance Notes on page 47.

Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

1. Recommend using field-supplied motor pulley (part number KR11HY171) and belt (part number KR30AE039).

APPENDIX III FAN PERFORMANCE - RGS060, 3 PHASE, 5 TON HORIZONTAL SUPPLY

| | | | | AVAILABLE | EXTERN | AL STAT | C PRESS | URE (in. wg |) | | |
|------|------|------|-----------|--------------|--------------|----------|--------------------|-------------|------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | 0. | 2 | 0.4 | | 0. | .6 | | 0.8 | | 1.0 | |
| CFM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | M BHP | | РМ | BHP |
| | | | St | andard Sta | tic Option | | | | High | Static Option Supplied D | n with Field rive ¹ |
| 1500 | 800 | 0.39 | 904 | 0.49 | 999 | 0.60 | 108 | 7 0.72 | 11 | 169 | 0.85 |
| 1625 | 849 | 0.48 | 947 | 0.59 | 1038 | 0.70 | 112 | 2 0.83 | 12 | 201 | 0.96 |
| 1750 | 899 | 0.59 | 992 | 0.70 | 1078 | 0.82 | 115 | 9 0.95 | 12 | 235 | 1.08 |
| 1875 | 950 | 0.70 | 1038 | 0.82 | 1120 | 0.95 | 119 | 8 1.08 | 12 | 271 | 1.22 |
| 2000 | 1001 | 0.84 | 1085 | 0.96 | 1163 | 1.09 | 123 | 8 1.23 | 10 | 309 | 1.38 |
| 2125 | 1053 | 0.99 | 1133 | 1.12 | 1208 | 1.26 | 128 | 0 1.40 | 10 | 348 | 1.55 |
| 2250 | 1106 | 1.16 | 1182 | 1.29 | 1254 | 1.44 | 132 | 3 1.59 | 10 | 389 | 1.74 |
| 2375 | 1159 | 1.34 | 1231 | 1.49 | 1300 | 1.64 | 136 | 7 1.80 | 14 | 430 | 1.96 |
| 2500 | 1212 | 1.55 | 1281 | 1.70 | 1348 | 1.86 | 141 | 2 2.02 | 14 | 473 | 2.19 |
| | | | | AVAILABLE | EXTERN | AL STAT | C PRESS | URE (in. wg |) | | |
| 054 | 1 | .2 | | 1.4 | | 1.6 | | 1.8 | 8 | 1 | 2.0 |
| CFM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RP | М | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP |
| | | | High Stat | tic Option w | ith Field \$ | Supplied | Drive ¹ | | | High Sta | tic Option |
| 1500 | 1247 | 0.98 | 1320 | 1.13 | 139 | 90 | 1.28 | 1457 | 1.44 | 1522 | 1.61 |
| 1625 | 1276 | 1.10 | 1348 | 1.24 | 141 | 16 | 1.40 | 1481 | 1.56 | 1544 | 1.73 |
| 1750 | 1308 | 1.22 | 1377 | 1.38 | 144 | 14 | 1.53 | 1507 | 1.70 | 1569 | 1.87 |
| 1875 | 1342 | 1.37 | 1409 | 1.52 | 147 | 73 | 1.69 | 1536 | 1.86 | 1596 | 2.03 |
| 2000 | 1377 | 1.53 | 1442 | 1.69 | 150 |)5 | 1.86 | 1565 | 2.03 | 1624 | 2.21 |
| 2125 | 1414 | 1.71 | 1477 | 1.87 | 153 | 38 | 2.04 | 1597 | 2.22 | 1654 | 2.40 |
| 2250 | 1452 | 1.91 | 1514 | 2.08 | 157 | 73 | 2.25 | 1630 | 2.43 | 1686 | 2.62 |
| 2375 | 1492 | 2.12 | 1551 | 2.30 | 160 |)9 | 2.48 | 1665 | 2.66 | 1719 | 2.85 |
| 2500 | 1533 | 2.36 | 1591 | 2.54 | 164 | 17 | 2.73 | - | - | - T | - |

NOTE: For more information, see General Fan Performance Notes on page 47.

Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

1. Recommend using field-supplied motor pulley (part number KR11HY161) blower pulley (part no. KR11AZ406), and belt (part number KR29AF038)

APPENDIX III FAN PERFORMANCE - RGS060, 3 PHASE, 5 TON VERTICAL SUPPLY

| | | | A | VAILABLE E | XTERNAL S | TATIC PRE | SSURE (in. w | 3) | | |
|------|------|------|-------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| CFM | 0. | 2 | 0. | .4 | 0. | .6 | 0 | .8 | 1 | .0 |
| CFIN | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP |
| | | | Standard St | atic Option | | | High Statio | Option wit | h Field Supp | lied Drive ¹ |
| 1500 | 848 | 0.42 | 968 | 0.55 | 1069 | 0.68 | 1158 | 0.80 | 1238 | 0.94 |
| 1625 | 897 | 0.51 | 1013 | 0.65 | 1111 | 0.79 | 1198 | 0.93 | 1277 | 1.07 |
| 1750 | 947 | 0.61 | 1059 | 0.76 | 1155 | 0.91 | 1240 | 1.06 | 1318 | 1.21 |
| 1875 | 997 | 0.72 | 1105 | 0.89 | 1199 | 1.05 | 1283 | 1.21 | 1359 | 1.37 |
| 2000 | 1048 | 0.85 | 1153 | 1.03 | 1244 | 1.20 | 1326 | 1.37 | 1401 | 1.54 |
| 2125 | 1100 | 1.00 | 1201 | 1.19 | 1290 | 1.37 | 1370 | 1.55 | 1444 | 1.73 |
| 2250 | 1152 | 1.16 | 1250 | 1.36 | 1336 | 1.55 | 1415 | 1.75 | 1487 | 1.94 |
| 2375 | 1205 | 1.34 | 1299 | 1.55 | 1384 | 1.76 | 1460 | 1.96 | 1532 | 2.17 |
| 2500 | 1258 | 1.54 | 1349 | 1.76 | 1431 | 1.98 | 1506 | 2.20 | 1576 | 2.41 |

AVAILABLE EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE (in. wg)

| 0514 | 1 | .2 | 1. | .4 | 1. | .6 | 1 | .8 | 2. | .0 |
|------|------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------------------|------|------|-----------|------------|------|
| CFM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP |
| | | High Statio | Option with | n Field Supp | lied Drive ¹ | | | High Stat | tic Option | |
| 1500 | 1312 | 1.07 | 1380 | 1.20 | 1445 | 1.34 | 1506 | 1.48 | 1564 | 1.62 |
| 1625 | 1350 | 1.21 | 1418 | 1.35 | 1482 | 1.50 | 1542 | 1.64 | 1600 | 1.79 |
| 1750 | 1390 | 1.36 | 1457 | 1.51 | 1520 | 1.67 | 1580 | 1.83 | 1637 | 1.98 |
| 1875 | 1430 | 1.53 | 1496 | 1.69 | 1559 | 1.86 | 1618 | 2.02 | 1675 | 2.19 |
| 2000 | 1471 | 1.72 | 1536 | 1.89 | 1598 | 2.06 | 1657 | 2.24 | 1713 | 2.41 |
| 2125 | 1513 | 1.92 | 1577 | 2.10 | 1638 | 2.28 | 1696 | 2.47 | 1752 | 2.65 |
| 2250 | 1555 | 2.13 | 1619 | 2.33 | 1679 | 2.52 | 1736 | 2.72 | - | - |
| 2375 | 1598 | 2.37 | 1661 | 2.57 | 1720 | 2.78 | - | - | - | - |
| 2500 | 1642 | 2.63 | 1704 | 2.84 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

NOTE: For more information, see General Fan Performance Notes on page 47.

Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

1. Recommend using field-supplied motor pulley (part number KR11HY161) blower pulley (part no. KR11AZ406), and belt (part number KR29AF038)

APPENDIX III FAN PERFORMANCE - RGS072, 3 PHASE, 6 TON HORIZONTAL SUPPLY

| | | | Δ | VAILABLE | EXTERNAL | L STATIC F | PRESSU | RE (in. wg |) | | |
|------|------------|-------------------------|------|----------|--------------|------------|--------|------------|-------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | 0. | | 0. | - | 0.0 | | | 0.8 | | 1.0 | |
| CFM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPN | I BHF | | RPM | BHP |
| | Field-Supp | lied Drive ¹ | | S | standard Sta | atic Optio | n | | High | Static Optio Supplied D | n with Field)rive ² |
| 1800 | 913 | 0.64 | 1010 | 0.80 | 1098 | 0.98 | 1178 | 3 1.16 | ; 1 | 252 | 1.35 |
| 1950 | 972 | 0.78 | 1065 | 0.96 | 1148 | 1.14 | 1226 | 6 1.34 | . 1 | 298 | 1.54 |
| 2100 | 1032 | 0.95 | 1120 | 1.14 | 1200 | 1.33 | 1275 | 5 1.54 | · 1 | 345 | 1.75 |
| 2250 | 1093 | 1.14 | 1177 | 1.34 | 1254 | 1.55 | 1325 | 5 1.76 | ; 1 | 393 | 1.98 |
| 2400 | 1155 | 1.36 | 1234 | 1.57 | 1308 | 1.78 | 1377 | 2.01 | 1 | 443 | 2.24 |
| 2550 | 1217 | 1.60 | 1293 | 1.82 | 1363 | 2.05 | 1430 |) 2.28 | s 1 | 494 | 2.53 |
| 2700 | 1280 | 1.87 | 1352 | 2.10 | 1420 | 2.34 | 1484 | 2.59 | | 546 | 2.84 |
| 2850 | 1343 | 2.17 | 1412 | 2.42 | 1477 | 2.67 | 1539 | 2.93 | 1 | 599 | 3.19 |
| 3000 | 1406 | 2.50 | 1472 | 2.76 | 1535 | 3.03 | 1595 | 5 3.29 |) 1 | 653 | 3.57 |
| | | | A | VAILABLE | EXTERNAL | L STATIC F | RESSU | RE (in. wg |) | | |
| CFM | 1. | 2 | 1 | .4 | | 1.6 | | 1.0 | 3 | : | 2.0 |
| CLIM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BH | P | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP |
| | | | - | • | ith Field Su | | | | | | atic Option |
| 1800 | 1322 | 1.56 | 1388 | 1.77 | 1451 | 1.9 | 8 | 1510 | 2.21 | 1568 | 2.44 |
| 1950 | 1366 | 1.75 | 1430 | 1.97 | 1491 | 2.2 | 20 | 1550 | 2.43 | 1606 | 2.67 |
| 2100 | 1411 | 1.97 | 1473 | 2.20 | 1533 | 2.4 | 3 | 1590 | 2.67 | 1645 | 2.92 |
| 2250 | 1457 | 2.21 | 1518 | 2.45 | 1576 | 2.6 | 9 | 1632 | 2.94 | 1686 | 3.20 |
| 2400 | 1505 | 2.48 | 1564 | 2.73 | 1621 | 2.9 | 8 | 1676 | 3.24 | 1729 | 3.51 |
| 2550 | 1554 | 2.78 | 1612 | 3.03 | 1667 | 3.3 | 0 | 1721 | 3.57 | - | - |
| 2700 | 1604 | 3.10 | 1660 | 3.37 | 1715 | 3.6 | 64 | - | - | - | - |
| 2850 | 1656 | 3.46 | - | - | - | - | | - | - | - | - |
| 3000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | | - | - | - | - |

NOTE: For more information, see General Fan Performance Notes on page 47.

Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

1. Recommend using field-supplied blower pulley (part no. KR11AZ406), motor pulley (part no. KR11HY151) and belt (part no. KR29AF035).

2. Recommend using field-supplied motor pulley (part number KR11HY184) blower pulley (part no. KR11AD561), and belt (part number KR29AF041).

APPENDIX III FAN PERFORMANCE - RGS072, 3 PHASE, 6 TON VERTICAL SUPPLY

| | | | A | AILABLE E | XTERNAL S | TATIC PRES | SURE (in. w | 3) | | |
|------|------|------|-------------|-------------|-----------|------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| CFM | 0. | 2 | 0. | .4 | 0. | .6 | 0. | .8 | 1. | .0 |
| CEM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP |
| | | | Standard St | atic Option | | | High Statio | c Option wit | h Field Supp | lied Drive ² |
| 1800 | 967 | 0.63 | 1075 | 0.80 | 1170 | 0.97 | 1255 | 1.13 | 1333 | 1.28 |
| 1950 | 1029 | 0.77 | 1132 | 0.96 | 1223 | 1.14 | 1306 | 1.32 | 1382 | 1.49 |
| 2100 | 1091 | 0.93 | 1189 | 1.14 | 1278 | 1.33 | 1358 | 1.52 | 1433 | 1.71 |
| 2250 | 1154 | 1.11 | 1248 | 1.33 | 1333 | 1.55 | 1411 | 1.75 | 1484 | 1.96 |
| 2400 | 1218 | 1.32 | 1308 | 1.55 | 1390 | 1.78 | 1466 | 2.01 | 1537 | 2.23 |
| 2550 | 1283 | 1.55 | 1369 | 1.80 | 1448 | 2.05 | 1521 | 2.29 | 1590 | 2.52 |
| 2700 | 1348 | 1.80 | 1431 | 2.07 | 1507 | 2.33 | 1578 | 2.59 | 1645 | 2.84 |
| 2850 | 1414 | 2.09 | 1493 | 2.37 | 1566 | 2.65 | 1636 | 2.92 | 1701 | 3.19 |
| 3000 | 1479 | 2.40 | 1556 | 2.70 | 1627 | 3.00 | 1694 | 3.29 | 1757 | 3.57 |

AVAILABLE EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE (in. wg)

| 054 | 1. | .2 | 1. | .4 | 1. | .6 | 1 | .8 | 2. | .0 |
|------|-------------|-------------|---------------|-------------------------|------|------|-----------|-----------|------|------|
| CFM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP |
| | High Static | Option with | n Field Suppl | lied Drive ² | | | High Stat | ic Option | I. | |
| 1800 | 1406 | 1.43 | 1475 | 1.58 | 1540 | 1.72 | 1601 | 1.87 | 1660 | 2.00 |
| 1950 | 1454 | 1.65 | 1521 | 1.82 | 1585 | 1.98 | 1645 | 2.13 | 1703 | 2.29 |
| 2100 | 1502 | 1.89 | 1568 | 2.07 | 1631 | 2.25 | 1690 | 2.42 | 1747 | 2.59 |
| 2250 | 1552 | 2.15 | 1617 | 2.35 | 1678 | 2.54 | 1737 | 2.73 | 1793 | 2.92 |
| 2400 | 1603 | 2.44 | 1666 | 2.65 | 1727 | 2.86 | 1784 | 3.06 | 1839 | 3.26 |
| 2550 | 1655 | 2.75 | 1717 | 2.98 | 1776 | 3.20 | 1833 | 3.42 | 1887 | 3.64 |
| 2700 | 1709 | 3.09 | 1769 | 3.33 | 1827 | 3.57 | - | - | - | - |
| 2850 | 1763 | 3.45 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

NOTE: For more information, see General Fan Performance Notes on page 47.

Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

1. Recommend using field-supplied blower pulley (part no. KR11AZ406), motor pulley (part no. KR11HY151) and belt (part no. KR29AF035).

2. Recommend using field-supplied motor pulley (part number KR11HY184) blower pulley (part no. KR11AD561), and belt (part number KR29AF041).

APPENDIX III FAN PERFORMANCE - RGS091, 3 PHASE, 7.5 TON HORIZONTAL SUPPLY

| | | | | AVAILABLE | EXTERNAL | STATIC PR | ESSURE (in. | wg) | | |
|------|-----|------|---------------|--------------|------------|-----------|-------------|------|-----------------------------|------|
| | 0. | 2 | 0.4 | | 0.6 | ; | 0.8 | | 1.0 |) |
| CFM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP |
| | | | s | Standard Sta | tic Option | L | | | High Static Opt Supplied | |
| 2250 | 505 | 0.52 | 586 | 0.73 | 657 | 0.97 | 722 | 1.22 | 782 | 1.50 |
| 2438 | 533 | 0.62 | 610 | 0.85 | 679 | 1.09 | 742 | 1.36 | 800 | 1.65 |
| 2625 | 562 | 0.74 | 635 | 0.98 | 701 | 1.23 | 762 | 1.51 | 819 | 1.81 |
| 2813 | 591 | 0.88 | 661 | 1.13 | 725 | 1.39 | 783 | 1.68 | 839 | 1.98 |
| 3000 | 621 | 1.03 | 688 | 1.29 | 749 | 1.57 | 806 | 1.87 | 859 | 2.18 |
| 3188 | 652 | 1.21 | 715 | 1.48 | 774 | 1.77 | 829 | 2.07 | 881 | 2.40 |
| 3375 | 682 | 1.40 | 743 | 1.68 | 800 | 1.98 | 853 | 2.30 | 903 | 2.63 |
| 3563 | 713 | 1.61 | 772 | 1.91 | 826 | 2.22 | 878 | 2.55 | 927 | 2.89 |
| 3750 | 745 | 1.85 | 801 | 2.15 | 853 | 2.48 | 903 | 2.82 | 951 | 3.18 |
| | | | | AVAILABLE | EXTERNAL | STATIC PR | ESSURE (in. | wg) | | |
| CFM | 1 | .2 | • | 1.4 | | 1.6 | | 1.8 | | 2.0 |
| CLIM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BH | | BHP |
| | | | ic Option wit | | | | | - | h Static Option | |
| 2250 | 838 | 1.81 | 891 | 2.12 | 941 | 2.46 | 988 | 2.8 | 32 1033 | 3.19 |
| 2438 | 854 | 1.96 | 906 | 2.28 | 955 | 2.63 | 1001 | 2.9 | 99 1046 | 3.37 |
| 2625 | 872 | 2.12 | 922 | 2.46 | 970 | 2.81 | 1016 | 3.1 | 7 1060 | 3.56 |
| 2813 | 890 | 2.31 | 940 | 2.65 | 986 | 3.01 | 1031 | 3.3 | 38 1074 | 3.77 |
| 3000 | 910 | 2.51 | 958 | 2.86 | 1004 | 3.23 | 1048 | 3.6 | 61 1090 | 4.01 |
| 3188 | 930 | 2.74 | 977 | 3.10 | 1022 | 3.47 | 1065 | 3.8 | 36 1107 | 4.26 |
| 3375 | 951 | 2.99 | 997 | 3.35 | 1041 | 3.74 | 1083 | 4.1 | 3 1124 | 4.54 |
| 3563 | 973 | 3.26 | 1018 | 3.63 | 1061 | 4.02 | 1103 | 4.4 | I 3 1143 | 4.85 |
| 3750 | 996 | 3.55 | 1040 | 3.93 | 1082 | 4.34 | 1122 | 4.7 | 75 1162 | 5.18 |

NOTE: For more information, see General Fan Performance Notes on page 47.

Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

1. Recommend using field-supplied blower pulley (part no. KR11AZ002), and belt (part no. KR29AF054).

2. Recommend using field-supplied motor pulley (part number KR11HY184) blower pulley (part no. KR11AZ002), and belt (part number KR29AF052)

APPENDIX III FAN PERFORMANCE - RGS091, 3 PHASE, 7.5 TON VERTICAL SUPPLY

| | | | | AVAILABLE | EXTERNAL | STATIC PR | RESSURE (ir | ո. wg) | | |
|------|------|-----------|---------------|--------------|--------------------------|-----------|-------------|---------------|-----------------|---|
| | 0. | 2 | 0.4 | | 0.6 | ; | 0 | .8 | | 1.0 |
| CFM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP |
| | | | s | tandard Sta | tic Option | | | | | ption with Field ed Drive ² |
| 2250 | 513 | 0.54 | 595 | 0.76 | 665 | 1.01 | 728 | 1.27 | 786 | 1.56 |
| 2438 | 541 | 0.65 | 620 | 0.89 | 688 | 1.14 | 750 | 1.42 | 806 | 1.71 |
| 2625 | 570 | 0.77 | 645 | 1.02 | 712 | 1.29 | 772 | 1.58 | 827 | 1.88 |
| 2813 | 600 | 0.91 | 672 | 1.18 | 736 | 1.46 | 794 | 1.76 | 848 | 2.07 |
| 3000 | 629 | 1.07 | 699 | 1.35 | 761 | 1.64 | 818 | 1.95 | 871 | 2.28 |
| 3188 | 660 | 1.25 | 726 | 1.54 | 787 | 1.85 | 842 | 2.17 | 894 | 2.51 |
| 3375 | 690 | 1.45 | 754 | 1.75 | 813 | 2.07 | 867 | 2.41 | 917 | 2.76 |
| 3563 | 721 | 1.67 | 783 | 1.98 | 840 | 2.32 | 892 | 2.67 | 941 | 3.03 |
| 3750 | 752 | 1.91 | 812 | 2.24 | 867 | 2.59 | 918 | 2.95 | 966 | 3.32 |
| | | | | AVAILABLE | EXTERNAL | STATIC PR | RESSURE (ir | 1. wg) | _1 | |
| 0514 | 1 | .2 | 1 | 1.4 | | 1.6 | | 1.8 | | 2.0 |
| CFM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RP | M B | HP RPM | M BHP |
| | | High Stat | ic Option wit | h Field Supp | olied Drive ² | | | Hi | gh Static Optio | n |
| 2250 | 839 | 1.86 | 889 | 2.18 | 935 | 2.52 | 98 | 0 2. | .87 102 | 2 3.23 |
| 2438 | 858 | 2.02 | 907 | 2.35 | 953 | 2.70 | 99 | 7 3. | .06 103 | 9 3.43 |
| 2625 | 878 | 2.20 | 926 | 2.54 | 972 | 2.89 | 101 | 5 3. | .26 105 | 3.64 |
| 2813 | 899 | 2.40 | 946 | 2.75 | 991 | 3.11 | 103 | 33 3. | .49 1074 | 4 3.88 |
| 3000 | 920 | 2.62 | 966 | 2.98 | 1010 | 3.35 | 105 | 52 3. | .74 109 | 3 4.14 |
| 3188 | 942 | 2.86 | 987 | 3.23 | 1031 | 3.61 | 107 | ′ 2 4. | .01 111 | 2 4.42 |
| 3375 | 964 | 3.12 | 1009 | 3.50 | 1052 | 3.89 | 109 | 93 4. | .30 113 | 2 4.72 |
| 3563 | 988 | 3.41 | 1032 | 3.80 | 1074 | 4.20 | 111 | 4 4. | .61 115: | 2 5.04 |
| 3750 | 1011 | 3.71 | 1054 | 4.11 | 1096 | 4.53 | 113 | 5 4. | .95 - | - |

NOTE: For more information, see General Fan Performance Notes on page 47.

Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

1. Recommend using field-supplied blower pulley (part no. KR11AZ002), and belt (part no. KR29AF054).

2. Recommend using field-supplied motor pulley (part number KR11HY184) blower pulley (part no. KR11AZ002), and belt (part number KR29AF052)

APPENDIX III FAN PERFORMANCE - RGS101, 3 PHASE, 8.5 TON HORIZONTAL SUPPLY

| | | | | AVAILABLE | EXTERNAL | STATIC PR | ESSURE (in. | wg) | | |
|------|------------|-------------------------|------|---------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|------|----------------------------|------|
| | 0. | 2 | 0.4 | 1 | 0.6 | 6 | 0.8 | | 1. | 0 |
| CFM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP |
| | Field-Supp | lied Drive ¹ | | 5 | Standard Sta | atic Option | | | High Static Op Supplied | |
| 2550 | 497 | 0.48 | 579 | 0.61 | 651 | 0.75 | 717 | 0.90 | 777 | 1.05 |
| 2763 | 524 | 0.58 | 602 | 0.72 | 671 | 0.87 | 735 | 1.03 | 794 | 1.19 |
| 2975 | 551 | 0.70 | 626 | 0.86 | 693 | 1.01 | 754 | 1.18 | 812 | 1.35 |
| 3188 | 580 | 0.84 | 651 | 1.00 | 716 | 1.17 | 775 | 1.34 | 831 | 1.52 |
| 3400 | 609 | 1.00 | 677 | 1.17 | 739 | 1.35 | 797 | 1.53 | 851 | 1.71 |
| 3613 | 638 | 1.17 | 703 | 1.35 | 763 | 1.54 | 819 | 1.73 | 871 | 1.93 |
| 3825 | 668 | 1.37 | 730 | 1.56 | 788 | 1.76 | 842 | 1.96 | 893 | 2.16 |
| 4038 | 698 | 1.59 | 758 | 1.79 | 813 | 2.00 | 866 | 2.20 | 915 | 2.42 |
| 4250 | 728 | 1.83 | 786 | 2.04 | 839 | 2.26 | 890 | 2.47 | 938 | 2.70 |
| | | | | AVAILABLE | EXTERNAL | STATIC PR | ESSURE (in. | wg) | | |
| CFM | 1 | .2 | | 1.4 | | 1.6 | | 1.8 | | 2.0 |
| CLIM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BH | IP RPM | BHP |
| | | - | • | th Field Supp | | | | - | h Static Option | |
| 2550 | 833 | 1.21 | 886 | 1.38 | 936 | 1.56 | 984 | 1.7 | 74 1029 | 1.93 |
| 2763 | 849 | 1.36 | 900 | 1.53 | 950 | 1.72 | 996 | 1.9 | 90 1041 | 2.10 |
| 2975 | 865 | 1.52 | 916 | 1.70 | 964 | 1.89 | 1010 | 2.0 | 09 1054 | 2.29 |
| 3188 | 883 | 1.70 | 933 | 1.89 | 980 | 2.09 | 1025 | 2.2 | 29 1068 | 2.50 |
| 3400 | 902 | 1.90 | 950 | 2.10 | 996 | 2.30 | 1041 | 2.5 | 51 1083 | 2.73 |
| 3613 | 921 | 2.13 | 969 | 2.33 | 1014 | 2.54 | 1057 | 2.7 | 76 1099 | 2.98 |
| 3825 | 941 | 2.37 | 988 | 2.58 | 1032 | 2.80 | 1075 | 3.0 | 02 1116 | 3.25 |
| 4038 | 963 | 2.63 | 1008 | 2.86 | 1051 | 3.08 | 1093 | 3.3 | 31 1133 | 3.55 |
| 4250 | 984 | 2.92 | 1029 | 3.15 | 1071 | 3.39 | 1112 | 3.6 | 53 1152 | 3.87 |

NOTE: For more information, see General Fan Performance Notes on page 47.

Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

1. Recommend using field-supplied blower pulley (part no. KR11AK012), and belt (part no. KR29AF055).

2. Recommend using field-supplied motor pulley (part number KR11HY171) and belt (part number KR30AE048)

APPENDIX III FAN PERFORMANCE - RGS101, 3 PHASE, 8.5 TON VERTICAL SUPPLY

| | | | | AVAILABL | E EXTERNA. | L STATIC PI | RESSURE (ir | ո. wg) | | | |
|------|-----|------|-----|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|--------|--|------|--|
| | 0. | .2 | 0 | .4 | 0 | .6 | 0 | .8 | 1. | .0 | |
| CFM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | |
| | | | | Standard St | tatic Option | | 1 | | High Static Option with Field Supplied Drive ¹ | | |
| 2550 | 526 | 0.51 | 600 | 0.65 | 666 | 0.79 | 727 | 0.93 | 783 | 1.07 | |
| 2763 | 557 | 0.62 | 627 | 0.77 | 690 | 0.92 | 749 | 1.08 | 804 | 1.23 | |
| 2975 | 588 | 0.75 | 655 | 0.91 | 716 | 1.08 | 772 | 1.24 | 825 | 1.40 | |
| 3188 | 621 | 0.90 | 684 | 1.07 | 743 | 1.25 | 797 | 1.42 | 848 | 1.60 | |
| 3400 | 653 | 1.06 | 714 | 1.25 | 770 | 1.44 | 822 | 1.62 | 872 | 1.81 | |
| 3613 | 687 | 1.25 | 744 | 1.45 | 798 | 1.65 | 849 | 1.84 | 897 | 2.04 | |
| 3825 | 720 | 1.45 | 775 | 1.67 | 827 | 1.88 | 876 | 2.09 | 922 | 2.30 | |
| 4038 | 754 | 1.69 | 807 | 1.91 | 856 | 2.13 | 904 | 2.35 | 949 | 2.57 | |
| 4250 | 788 | 1.94 | 839 | 2.17 | 886 | 2.41 | 932 | 2.64 | 976 | 2.88 | |

AVAILABLE EXTERNAL STATIC PRESSURE (in. wg)

| | | | - | | | | , wg, | | | |
|------|------|------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------------|------|-------|-----------|------------|------|
| CFM | 1. | .2 | 1 | .4 | 1 | .6 | 1 | .8 | 2 | .0 |
| CLIM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP |
| | | High Stati | c Option with | Field Suppli | ed Drive ¹ | | | High Stat | tic Option | |
| 2550 | 836 | 1.20 | 886 | 1.34 | 934 | 1.48 | 979 | 1.61 | 1022 | 1.74 |
| 2763 | 855 | 1.37 | 904 | 1.52 | 950 | 1.67 | 995 | 1.82 | 1037 | 1.97 |
| 2975 | 875 | 1.56 | 923 | 1.72 | 968 | 1.88 | 1012 | 2.04 | 1053 | 2.20 |
| 3188 | 897 | 1.77 | 943 | 1.94 | 987 | 2.11 | 1030 | 2.29 | 1071 | 2.46 |
| 3400 | 919 | 1.99 | 964 | 2.18 | 1007 | 2.36 | 1049 | 2.55 | 1089 | 2.73 |
| 3613 | 943 | 2.24 | 986 | 2.44 | 1029 | 2.63 | 1069 | 2.83 | 1108 | 3.02 |
| 3825 | 967 | 2.51 | 1010 | 2.71 | 1051 | 2.92 | 1090 | 3.13 | 1129 | 3.34 |
| 4038 | 992 | 2.80 | 1034 | 3.02 | 1074 | 3.24 | 1112 | 3.46 | 1150 | 3.68 |
| 4250 | 1018 | 3.11 | 1058 | 3.34 | 1097 | 3.57 | - | - | - | - |

NOTE: For more information, see General Fan Performance Notes on page 47.

Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

1. Recommend using field-supplied motor pulley (part number KR11HY171) and belt (part number KR30AE048)

APPENDIX III FAN PERFORMANCE - RGS121, 3 PHASE, 10 TON HORIZONTAL SUPPLY

| | | | | AVAILABLE | E EXTERNAL | STATIC PRI | ESSURE (in. | wg) | | | |
|------|------------|-------------------------|------|-----------|----------------|-------------|-------------|------|------|----------------------------|------------|
| | 0. | 2 | 0.4 | • | 0.6 | 5 | 0.8 | | | 1.0 | |
| CFM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | I | RPM | BHP |
| | Field-Supp | lied Drive ¹ | | | Standard Sta | atic Option | | | High | Static Optic Supplied I | |
| 3000 | 579 | 0.70 | 660 | 0.89 | 732 | 1.09 | 799 | 1.29 | | 860 | 1.50 |
| 3250 | 613 | 0.85 | 690 | 1.06 | 760 | 1.27 | 823 | 1.49 | | 883 | 1.71 |
| 3500 | 648 | 1.03 | 721 | 1.25 | 788 | 1.48 | 850 | 1.71 | ſ | 907 | 1.95 |
| 3750 | 683 | 1.23 | 753 | 1.47 | 817 | 1.71 | 877 | 1.96 | | 933 | 2.21 |
| 4000 | 719 | 1.45 | 786 | 1.71 | 848 | 1.97 | 905 | 2.23 | | 959 | 2.50 |
| 4250 | 756 | 1.71 | 819 | 1.98 | 879 | 2.26 | 934 | 2.53 | | 987 | 2.81 |
| 4500 | 792 | 1.99 | 853 | 2.28 | 910 | 2.57 | 964 | 2.87 | | 1015 | 3.16 |
| 4750 | 830 | 2.31 | 888 | 2.62 | 943 | 2.92 | 995 | 3.23 | | 1044 | 3.54 |
| 5000 | 867 | 2.66 | 923 | 2.98 | 976 | 3.30 | 1026 | 3.63 | | 1074 | 3.95 |
| | | | | AVAILABLE | E EXTERNAL | STATIC PRI | ESSURE (in. | wg) | | | |
| CFM | 1 | .2 | | 1.4 | | 1.6 | | 1.8 | | 2 | 2.0 |
| CLIM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | B | HP | RPM | BHP |
| | | | - | • | vith Field Sup | • | | | | • | tic Option |
| 3000 | 917 | 1.70 | 970 | 1.91 | 1021 | 2.13 | 1070 | 2. | 34 | 1117 | 2.56 |
| 3250 | 938 | 1.93 | 991 | 2.16 | 1041 | 2.38 | 1089 | 2. | 61 | 1134 | 2.85 |
| 3500 | 961 | 2.18 | 1013 | 2.42 | 1062 | 2.66 | 1108 | | 91 | 1153 | 3.15 |
| 3750 | 985 | 2.46 | 1035 | 2.71 | 1083 | 2.97 | 1129 | 3. | 23 | 1173 | 3.49 |
| 4000 | 1011 | 2.76 | 1059 | 3.03 | 1106 | 3.30 | 1151 | 3. | 58 | 1194 | 3.85 |
| 4250 | 1037 | 3.09 | 1084 | 3.38 | 1130 | 3.66 | 1174 | 3. | 95 | 1216 | 4.24 |
| 4500 | 1064 | 3.46 | 1110 | 3.76 | 1155 | 4.06 | 1198 | 4. | 36 | 1239 | 4.66 |
| 4750 | 1091 | 3.85 | 1137 | 4.16 | 1180 | 4.48 | 1222 | 4. | 80 | 1263 | 5.12 |
| 5000 | 1120 | 4.28 | 1164 | 4.61 | 1207 | 4.94 | - | | - | - | - |

NOTE: For more information, see General Fan Performance Notes on page 47.

Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

1. Recommend using field-supplied blower pulley (part no. KR11AD912), and belt (part no. KR29AF051).

2. Recommend using field-supplied motor pulley (part number KR11HY184) blower pulley (part no. KR11AZ712), and belt (part number KR29AF049).

APPENDIX III FAN PERFORMANCE - 3 PHASE, 10 TON VERTICAL SUPPLY

| | | | | AVAILABLE | EXTERNAL | STATIC PF | RESSURE (i | n. wg) | | | |
|------|------|------|---------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | 0. | 2 | 0.4 | 4 | 0.6 | 6 | (|).8 | | 1.0 | |
| CFM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPI | M | BHP |
| | | | : | Standard Sta | atic Option | | | | | atic Optic upplied I | on with Field Drive ¹ |
| 3000 | 616 | 0.79 | 689 | 0.97 | 757 | 1.16 | 821 | 1.36 | 882 | 2 | 1.57 |
| 3250 | 655 | 0.96 | 724 | 1.16 | 788 | 1.37 | 849 | 1.58 | 907 | 7 | 1.80 |
| 3500 | 695 | 1.17 | 760 | 1.38 | 821 | 1.60 | 879 | 1.83 | 934 | 1 | 2.06 |
| 3750 | 736 | 1.41 | 797 | 1.63 | 855 | 1.86 | 910 | 2.10 | 963 | 3 | 2.35 |
| 4000 | 777 | 1.68 | 834 | 1.91 | 889 | 2.16 | 942 | 2.41 | 993 | 3 | 2.67 |
| 4250 | 818 | 1.98 | 873 | 2.23 | 925 | 2.49 | 976 | 2.75 | 102 | 5 | 3.02 |
| 4500 | 860 | 2.32 | 912 | 2.58 | 962 | 2.85 | 1010 | 3.13 | 105 | 7 | 3.41 |
| 4750 | 902 | 2.69 | 951 | 2.97 | 999 | 3.26 | 1046 | 3.55 | 109 | 1 | 3.84 |
| 5000 | 944 | 3.11 | 991 | 3.40 | 1037 | 3.70 | 1082 | 4.00 | 112 | 5 | 4.31 |
| | | | | AVAILABLE | EXTERNAL | STATIC PF | RESSURE (i | n. wg) | | | |
| CFM | 1 | .2 | | 1.4 | | 1.6 | | 1.8 | | 2 | 2.0 |
| CLIM | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | RPM | BHP | P RF | | ΗP | RPM | BHP |
| | | | tic Option wi | | | | | | gh Static C | | |
| 3000 | 939 | 1.79 | 994 | 2.01 | 1047 | 2.24 | | | 47 | 1147 | 2.71 |
| 3250 | 962 | 2.03 | 1015 | 2.26 | 1066 | 2.50 |) 11 | 15 2. | 75 | 1163 | 3.00 |
| 3500 | 987 | 2.30 | 1038 | 2.54 | 1088 | 2.80 |) 11 | 35 3. | 05 | 1181 | 3.32 |
| 3750 | 1014 | 2.60 | 1063 | 2.86 | 1111 | 3.12 | 2 11 | 57 3. | 39 | 1202 | 3.66 |
| 4000 | 1042 | 2.93 | 1090 | 3.20 | 1136 | 3.48 | 3 11 | 80 3. | 76 | 1224 | 4.04 |
| 4250 | 1072 | 3.30 | 1118 | 3.58 | 1162 | 3.87 | ' 12 | 05 4. | 16 | 1247 | 4.46 |
| 4500 | 1103 | 3.70 | 1147 | 4.00 | 1190 | 4.29 | 12 | 32 4. | 60 | 1273 | 4.91 |
| 4750 | 1135 | 4.14 | 1177 | 4.45 | 1219 | 4.76 | i 12 | 59 5. | 08 | - | - |
| 5000 | 1167 | 4.63 | 1209 | 4.95 | - | - | | . . | - | - | - |

NOTE: For more information, see General Fan Performance Notes on page 47.

Boldface indicates field-supplied drive is required.

1. Recommend using field-supplied motor pulley (part number KR11HY184) blower pulley (part no. KR11AZ712), and belt (part number KR29AF049).

| UNIT | | MOTOR/DRIVE | | | | M | OTOR PL | ILLEY TU | RNS OPE | N | | | |
|--------|-------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|---------|----------|---------|------|------|------|------|
| UNIT | | СОМВО | 0.0 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 5.0 |
| | phase | Standard Static | 854 | 825 | 795 | 766 | 736 | 707 | 678 | 648 | 619 | 589 | 560 |
| RGS036 | 1 ph | HIgh Static | 1175 | 1135 | 1094 | 1054 | 1013 | 973 | 932 | 892 | 851 | 811 | 770 |
| nacooo | phase | Standard Static | 854 | 825 | 795 | 766 | 736 | 707 | 678 | 648 | 619 | 589 | 560 |
| | 3 pł | High Static | 1466 | 1423 | 1380 | 1337 | 1294 | 1251 | 1207 | 1164 | 1121 | 1078 | 1035 |
| | phase | Standard Static | 854 | 825 | 795 | 766 | 736 | 707 | 678 | 648 | 619 | 589 | 560 |
| RGS048 | 1 pł | High Static | 1175 | 1135 | 1094 | 1054 | 1013 | 973 | 932 | 892 | 851 | 811 | 770 |
| 1000-0 | phase | Standard Static | 854 | 825 | 795 | 766 | 736 | 707 | 678 | 648 | 619 | 589 | 560 |
| | 3 pł | High Static | 1466 | 1423 | 1380 | 1337 | 1294 | 1251 | 1207 | 1164 | 1121 | 1078 | 1035 |
| | phase | Standard Static | 1175 | 1135 | 1094 | 1054 | 1013 | 973 | 932 | 892 | 851 | 811 | 770 |
| RGS060 | 1 pł | High Static | 1466 | 1423 | 1380 | 1337 | 1294 | 1251 | 1207 | 1164 | 1121 | 1078 | 1035 |
| 100000 | phase | Standard Static | 1175 | 1135 | 1094 | 1054 | 1013 | 973 | 932 | 892 | 851 | 811 | 770 |
| | 3 pł | High Static | 1687 | 1649 | 1610 | 1572 | 1533 | 1495 | 1457 | 1418 | 1380 | 1341 | 1303 |
| RGS072 | phase | Standard Static | 1457 | 1419 | 1380 | 1342 | 1303 | 1265 | 1227 | 1188 | 1150 | 1111 | 1073 |
| | 3 pl | High Static | 1788 | 1757 | 1725 | 1694 | 1662 | 1631 | 1600 | 1568 | 1537 | 1505 | 1474 |
| RGS091 | phase | Standard Static | 747 | 721 | 695 | 670 | 644 | 618 | 592 | 566 | 541 | 515 | 489 |
| | 3 pł | High Static | 1102 | 1083 | 1063 | 1044 | 1025 | 1006 | 986 | 967 | 948 | 928 | 909 |
| RGS101 | phase | Standard Static | 733 | 712 | 690 | 669 | 647 | 626 | 604 | 583 | 561 | 540 | 518 |
| | 3 pł | High Static | 1084 | 1059 | 1035 | 1010 | 986 | 961 | 936 | 912 | 887 | 863 | 838 |
| RGS121 | phase | Standard Static | 838 | 813 | 789 | 764 | 739 | 715 | 690 | 665 | 640 | 616 | 591 |
| | 3 pł | High Static | 1240 | 1218 | 1196 | 1175 | 1153 | 1131 | 1109 | 1087 | 1066 | 1044 | 1022 |

APPENDIX III FAN PERFORMANCE - PULLEY ADJUSTMENT

NOTE: Do not adjust pulley further than 5 turns open. — Factory settings

APPENDIX III FAN PERFORMANCE - 3-10 Ton R-410A Rooftop Indoor Fan System Standard, Optional High Static and Field Installed Medium Static Drive Options

| UNIT MODEL NUMBER | | RGS036 | RGS048 | RGS060 | RGS072 | RGS091 | RGS101 | RGS121 |
|--|-------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|
| UNIT TONNAGE | | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7.5 | 8.5 | 10 |
| | | | FAN (Standard | - | | | | |
| ID Fan Motor (Standard Static) | Voltage-Ph | | | , | | | | |
| Indoor Motor Part No. | 208/230-1 | HC52ER230 | HC52ER230 | HC52ER230 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Indoor Motor Max Continuous BHP | 208/230-1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Indoor Motor Part No. | 208/230-3 | HC52ER230 | HC52ER230 | HC52ER230 | HD56FE652 | HD56FR652 | HD56FR652 | HD56FE652 |
| Indoor Motor Max Continuous BHP | 208/230-3 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 2.4 |
| Indoor Motor Part No. | 460-3 | HC52ER460 | HC52ER460 | HC52ER460 | HD56FE652 | HD56FR652 | HD56FR652 | HD56FE652 |
| Indoor Motor Max Continuous BHP | 460-3 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 2.4 |
| Indoor Motor Part No. | 575-3 | HC52EE575 | HC52EE575 | HC52EE575 | HD56FE575 | HD56FR575 | HD56FR575 | HD56FE575 |
| Indoor Motor Max Continuous BHP | 575-3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 2.4 |
| | ID Fan W | /heel, Shaft, Bea | rings, Drive (Be | elt Drive Standa | ard Static) | I | | |
| Motor Pulley Part No. | | KR11HY151 | KR11HY151 | KR11HY151 | KR11HY171 | KR11HY151 | KR11HY161 | KR11HY161 |
| Motor Pulley Pitch Diameter A min (in.) | 1 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 2.4 |
| Motor Pulley Pitch Diameter A max (in.) | Same all | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.8 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 3.4 |
| Blower Pulley Part No. | voltages | KR11AZ606 | KR11AZ606 | KR11AZ406 | KR11AD516 | KR11AD612 | KR11AZ002 | KR11AZ712 |
| Blower Pulley Pitch Diameter A (in.) | except 575v | 5.5 | 5.5 | 4 | 4.5 | 6.7 | 8 | 7 |
| Belt Part No. | as noted | KR30AE037 | KR30AE037 | KR29AF035 | KR29AF041 | KR29AF048 | KR29AF049 | KR29AF048 |
| BeltType | | A | A | AX | AX | AX | AX | AX |
| Belt Pitch Length | | 38.3 | 38.3 | 36.3 | 42.3 | 49.3 | 50.3 | 49.3 |
| Motor Pulley Part No. | 575-3 | KR11HY150 | KR11HY150 | KR11HY150 | | | | |
| Motor Pulley Pitch Diameter A min (in.) | 575-3 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | | Same all | voltages | |
| Motor Pulley Pitch Diameter A max (in.) | 575-3 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.9 | | | | |
| | | ID Fan M | lotor (Medium S | Static) ** | | | | |
| Indoor Motor Part No. | 208/230-1 | HC52ER230 | HC52ER230 | HC54FB230 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Indoor Motor Max Continuous BHP | 208/230-1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.5 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Indoor Motor Part No. | 208/230-3 | HC52ER230 | HC52ER230 | HD56FE652 | HD58FE651 | HD58FE651 | HD56FE652 | HD60FE655 |
| Indoor Motor Max Continuous BHP | 208/230-3 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 3.7 |
| Indoor Motor Part No. | 460-3 | HC52ER460 | HC52ER460 | HD56FE652 | HD58FE651 | HD58FE651 | HD56FE652 | HD60FE655 |
| Indoor Motor Max Continuous BHP | 460-3 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 3.7 |
| Indoor Motor Part No. | 575-3 | HC52EE575 | HC52EE575 | HD56FE575 | HD58FE576 | HD58FE576 | HD56FE575 | HD58FE576 |
| Indoor Motor Capacitor | 575-3 | HC91CL015 | HC91CL015 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Indoor Motor Max Continuous BHP | 575-3 | 1 | 1 | 2.4 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 2.4 | 3.7 |
| | ID | Fan Wheel, Shaf | | | | | | |
| Motor Pulley Part No. | | KR11HY151 | KR11HY151 | KR11HY161 | KR11HY184 | KR11HY184 | KR11HY171 | KR11HY184 |
| Motor Pulley Pitch Diameter A min (in.) | | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 3.4 |
| Motor Pulley Pitch Diameter A max (in.) | Same all | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 3.8 | 4.4 |
| Blower Pulley Part No. | voltages | KR11AZ406 | KR11AZ406 | KR11AZ406 | KR11AD561 | KR11AZ002 | KR11AZ712 | KR11AZ712 |
| Blower Pulley Pitch Diameter A (in.) | except 575v | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 8 | 7 | 7 |
| Belt Part No. | as noted | KR29AF035 | KR29AF035 | KR29AF038 | KR29AF041 | KR29AF052 | KR30AE048 | KR29AF049 |
| BeltType |] | AX | AX | AX | AX | AX | А | AX |
| Belt Pitch Length | | 36.3 | 36.3 | 39.3 | 42.3 | 53.3 | 49.3 | 50.3 |
| Motor Pulley Part No. | 575-3 | KR11HY150 | KR11HY150 | | | | | |
| Motor Pulley Pitch Diameter A min (in) | 575-3 | 1.9 | 1.9 | | 8 | Same all voltage | S | |
| Motor Pulley Pitch Diameter A max (in) 575-3 2.9 2.9 | | | | | | | | |

FAN PERFORMANCE (Cont.) - 3-10 Ton R-410A Rooftop Indoor Fan System Standard, Optional High Static and Field Installed Medium Static Drive Options

| | | DCCODE | DCC040 | DODOCO | DCC070 | DCC004 | DOCIAL | DO0104 |
|---|-----------|--------------------|------------------|----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | | RGS036 | RGS048 | RGS060 | RGS072 | RGS091 | RGS101 | RGS121 |
| UNIT TONNAGE | | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7.5 | 8.5 | 10 |
| | | ID Fan I | Motor (High Sta | atic) | | | | |
| Indoor Motor Part No. | 208/230-1 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Indoor Motor Part No. | 208/230-3 | HD56FE652 | HD56FE65 | HD58FE65 | HD60FE65 | HD60FK65 | HD60FE65 | HD60FK65 |
| | | | 2 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Indoor Motor Max Continuous BHP | 208/230-3 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 3.7 | 4.7 | 3.7 | 4.7 |
| Indoor Motor Part No. | 460-3 | HD56FE652 | HD56FE65 | HD58FE65 | HD60FE65 | HD60FK65 | HD60FE65 | HD60FK65 |
| | | | 2 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Indoor Motor Max Continuous BHP | 460-3 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 3.7 | 4.7 | 3.7 | 4.7 |
| Indoor Motor Part No. | 575-3 | HD56FE575 | HD56FE57 | HD58FE57 | HD58FE57 | HD60FE57 | HD58FE57 | HD60FE57 |
| | | | 5 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 6 | 5 |
| Indoor Motor Max Continuous BHP | 575-3 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 4.7 | 3.7 | 4.7 |
| | ID I | Fan Wheel, Shaft | , Bearings, Dri | ve (High Stati | c) | • | | |
| Indoor Fan Wheel Part No. | 208/230-1 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Motor Pulley Part No. | | KR11HY161 | KR11HY161 | KR11HY184 | KR11HY310 | KR11HY310 | KR11HY184 | KR11HY310 |
| Motor Pulley Type | | Variable | Variable | Variable | Variable | Variable | Variable | Variable |
| Motor Pulley Pitch Diameter A min (in.) | | 2.4 | 2.4 | 3.4 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 3.4 | 4.7 |
| Motor Pulley Pitch Diameter A max (in.) | | 3.4 | 3.4 | 4.4 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 4.4 | 5.7 |
| Blower Pulley Part No. | Same all | KR11AZ406 | KR11AZ406 | KR11AD516 | KR11AZ606 | KR11AD912 | KR11AZ712 | KR11AZ002 |
| Blower Pulley Type | voltages | Fixed | Fixed | Fixed | Fixed | Fixed | Fixed | Fixed |
| Blower Pulley Pitch Diameter A (in.) | | 4 | 4 | 4.5 | 5.5 | 9 | 7 | 8 |
| Belt Part No. | | KR29AF038 | KR29AF038 | KR29AF041 | KR30AE04 | KR29AF056 | KR29AF049 | KR29AF054 |
| | | | | | 3 | | | |
| | ** Medi | ium static motor a | nd drives availa | able from FAST | parts | 1 | | |

APPENDIX IV ELECTRICAL DATA RGS036, 3 TONS

| | | TAGE | COM | P (ea) | OFM (e | ea) | | | IFM | | |
|----------|------|------------|------|--------|--------|-----|-------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------|-----|
| V-Ph-Hz | MIN | NGE MAX | RLA | LRA | WATTS | FLA | TYPE | Max WATTS | Max AMP Draw | EFF at Full Load | FLA |
| 208-1-60 | 187 | 050 | 16.6 | 79 | 005 | 1 5 | Std Static | 1000 | 5.1 | 70% | 4.9 |
| 200-1-00 | 107 | 253 | 10.0 | 79 | 325 | 1.5 | High Static | 1000 | 5.1 | 70% | 4.9 |
| 230-1-60 | 187 | 253 | 16.6 | 79 | 325 | 1.5 | Std Static | 1000 | 5.1 | 70% | 4.9 |
| 230-1-60 | 107 | 253 | 10.0 | 79 | 320 | 1.5 | High Static | 1000 | 5.1 | 70% | 4.9 |
| 000 0 00 | 107 | 050 | 10.4 | 73 | 005 | | Std Static | 1000 | 5.1 | 70% | 4.9 |
| 208-3-60 | 187 | 253 | 10.4 | 73 | 325 | 1.5 | High Static | 2120 | 5.5 | 80% | 5.2 |
| 000 0 60 | 107 | 050 | 10.4 | 73 | 005 | 1 5 | Std Static | 1000 | 5.1 | 70% | 4.9 |
| 230-3-60 | 187 | 253 | 10.4 | 73 | 325 | 1.5 | High Static | 2120 | 5.5 | 80% | 5.2 |
| 460 0 60 | 44.4 | 506 | 5.8 | 38 | 005 | 0.8 | Std Static | 1000 | 2.2 | 70% | 2.1 |
| 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 5.8 | 38 | 325 | 0.8 | High Static | 2120 | 2.7 | 80% | 2.6 |
| 575 0 00 | 510 | 000 | 0.0 | 37 | 005 | 0.0 | Std Static | 1000 | 2.0 | 71% | 1.9 |
| 575-3-60 | 518 | 633 | 3.8 | 37 | 325 | 0.6 | High Static | 2120 | 2.1 | 80% | 2.0 |

APPENDIX IV ELECTRICAL DATA RGS048, 4 TONS

| | | TAGE | СОМ | P (ea) | OFM (e | ea) | | | IFM | | |
|----------|------------|------------|------|--------|--------|-----|-------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------|-----|
| V-Ph-Hz | RAI MIN | NGE MAX | RLA | LRA | WATTS | FLA | TYPE | Max WATTS | Max AMP Draw | EFF at Full Load | FLA |
| 000 1 00 | 107 | 050 | 01.0 | 447 | 005 | 4.5 | Std Static | 1000 | 5.1 | 70% | 4.9 |
| 208-1-60 | 187 | 253 | 21.8 | 117 | 325 | 1.5 | High Static | 1850 | 7.4 | 78% | 7.0 |
| 000 1 60 | 187 | 050 | 01.0 | 117 | 325 | 15 | Std Static | 1000 | 5.1 | 70% | 4.9 |
| 230-1-60 | 187 | 253 | 21.8 | 117 | 325 | 1.5 | High Static | 1850 | 7.4 | 78% | 7.0 |
| 000 0 00 | 107 | 050 | 10.7 | 00 | 005 | 4.5 | Std Static | 1000 | 5.1 | 70% | 4.9 |
| 208-3-60 | 187 | 253 | 13.7 | 83 | 325 | 1.5 | High Static | 2120 | 5.5 | 80% | 5.2 |
| 000 0 60 | 107 | 050 | 10.7 | 00 | 005 | 15 | Std Static | 1000 | 5.1 | 70% | 4.9 |
| 230-3-60 | 187 | 253 | 13.7 | 83 | 325 | 1.5 | High Static | 2120 | 5.5 | 80% | 5.2 |
| 100 0 00 | 44.4 | 500 | 0.0 | 44 | 005 | 0.0 | Std Static | 1000 | 2.2 | 70% | 2.1 |
| 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 6.2 | 41 | 325 | 0.8 | High Static | 2120 | 2.7 | 80% | 2.6 |
| 575 0 00 | 510 | 000 | 4.0 | 07 | 005 | 0.0 | Std Static | 1000 | 2.0 | 71% | 1.9 |
| 575-3-60 | 518 | 633 | 4.8 | 37 | 325 | 0.6 | High Static | 2120 | 2.1 | 80% | 2.0 |

APPENDIX IV ELECTRICAL DATA RGS060, 5 TONS

| | | TAGE | COMI | P (ea) | OFM (e | ea) | | | IFM | | |
|----------|------------|------------|------|--------|--------|-----|-------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------|-----|
| V-Ph-Hz | RAI MIN | NGE MAX | RLA | LRA | WATTS | FLA | TYPE | Max WATTS | Max AMP Draw | EFF at Full Load | FLA |
| 008 1 60 | 107 | 050 | 06.0 | 104 | 005 | 1 5 | Std Static | 1000 | 5.1 | 70% | 4.9 |
| 208-1-60 | 187 | 253 | 26.2 | 134 | 325 | 1.5 | High Static | 1850 | 7.4 | 78% | 7.0 |
| 000 1 60 | 187 | 050 | 26.2 | 104 | 205 | 1 5 | Std Static | 1000 | 5.1 | 70% | 4.9 |
| 230-1-60 | 107 | 253 | 20.2 | 134 | 325 | 1.5 | High Static | 1850 | 7.4 | 78% | 7.0 |
| 208-3-60 | 187 | 253 | 15.6 | 110 | 325 | 1.5 | Std Static | 1000 | 5.1 | 70% | 4.9 |
| 200-3-00 | 107 | 200 | 15.0 | 110 | 325 | 1.5 | High Static | 2615 | 7.9 | 81% | 7.5 |
| 230-3-60 | 187 | 253 | 15.6 | 110 | 325 | 1.5 | Std Static | 1000 | 5.1 | 70% | 4.9 |
| 230-3-00 | 107 | 200 | 15.0 | 110 | 320 | 1.5 | High Static | 2615 | 7.9 | 81% | 7.5 |
| 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 7.7 | 52 | 325 | 0.8 | Std Static | 1000 | 2.2 | 70% | 2.1 |
| 400-3-00 | 414 | 506 | 1.1 | 52 | 320 | 0.0 | High Static | 2615 | 3.6 | 81% | 3.4 |
| 575-3-60 | 518 | 633 | 5.8 | 39 | 325 | 0.6 | Std Static | 1000 | 2.0 | 71% | 1.9 |
| 575-3-00 | 510 | 033 | 5.0 | - 39 | 325 | 0.0 | High Static | 3775 | 2.9 | 81% | 2.8 |

APPENDIX IV ELECTRICAL DATA RGS072, 6 TONS

| | | TAGE NGE | COM | P (ea) | OFM (e | ea) | | | IFM | | |
|----------|------|-------------|------|--------|--------|-----|-------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------|-----|
| V-Ph-Hz | MIN | MAX | RLA | LRA | WATTS | FLA | TYPE | Max WATTS | Max AMP Draw | EFF at Full Load | FLA |
| 000 0 00 | 107 | 050 | 10.0 | 100 | 005 | 4.5 | Std Static | 2120 | 5.5 | 80% | 5.2 |
| 208-3-60 | 187 | 253 | 19.0 | 123 | 325 | 1.5 | High Static | 2615 | 7.9 | 81% | 7.5 |
| | 107 | 050 | 10.0 | 100 | 005 | 4.5 | Std Static | 2120 | 5.5 | 80% | 5.2 |
| 230-3-60 | 187 | 253 | 19.0 | 123 | 325 | 1.5 | High Static | 2615 | 7.9 | 81% | 7.5 |
| 100 0 00 | 44.4 | 500 | 0.7 | | 005 | 0.0 | Std Static | 2120 | 2.7 | 80% | 2.6 |
| 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 9.7 | 62 | 325 | 0.8 | High Static | 3775 | 4.6 | 81% | 4.4 |
| | 540 | | | 50 | 005 | | Std Static | 2120 | 2.1 | 80% | 2.0 |
| 575-3-60 | 518 | 633 | 7.4 | 50 | 325 | 0.6 | High Static | 3775 | 2.9 | 81% | 2.8 |

APPENDIX IV ELECTRICAL DATA RGS091, 7.5 TONS

| | VOL | TAGE | COM | P (ea) | OFM (e | ea) | | | IFM | | | |
|----------|-----|------|------|--------|--------|-----|-------------|-------|----------|----------------|------------|--|
| V-Ph-Hz | RA | NGE | | LRA | WATTS | FLA | TYPE | Max | Max | EFF at Full | FLA | |
| | MIN | MAX | RLA | LRA | WAIIS | FLA | ITPE | WATTS | AMP Draw | Load | FLA | |
| 208-3-60 | 187 | 253 | 25.0 | 164 | 325 | 1.5 | Std Static | 1448 | 5.5 | 80% | 5.2 | |
| 208-3-00 | 187 | 200 | 25.0 | 164 | 325 | 1.5 | High Static | 4559 | 15.8 | 81% | 15.0 | |
| 230-3-60 | 187 | 253 | 05.0 | 164 | 325 | 1 5 | Std Static | 1448 | 5.5 | 80% | 5.2 | |
| 230-3-60 | 187 | 200 | 25.0 | 164 | 325 | 1.5 | High Static | 4559 | 15.8 | 81% | 15.0 | |
| 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 12.2 | 100 | 325 | 0.8 | Std Static | 1448 | 2.7 | 80% | 2.6 | |
| 400-3-00 | 414 | 506 | 12.2 | 100 | 325 | 0.8 | High Static | 4559 | 7.8 | 81% | 7.4 | |
| 575-3-60 | 518 | 633 | 9.0 | 78 | 325 | 0.6 | Std Static | 1379 | 2.5 | 80% | 2.4 | |
| 575-3-60 | 518 | 033 | 9.0 | 18 | 325 | 0.0 | High Static | 1870 | 5.9 | 81% | 5.6 | |

APPENDIX IV ELECTRICAL DATA RGS101, 8.5 TONS

| | | COMP (ea) | | OFM (ea) | | IFM | | | | | |
|----------|------|-----------|---------|----------|-------|-----|-------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------|------|
| V-Ph-Hz | MIN | MAX | RLA LRA | | WATTS | FLA | TYPE | Max WATTS | Max AMP Draw | EFF at Full Load | FLA |
| 000 0 00 | 107 | 050 | 00.5 | 105 | 005 | 4.5 | Std Static | 1448 | 5.5 | 80% | 5.2 |
| 208-3-60 | 187 | 253 | 29.5 | 195 | 325 | 1.5 | High Static | 2694 | 10.5 | 80% | 10.0 |
| 000 0 00 | 107 | 050 | 00 F | 105 | 0.05 | 4.5 | Std Static | 1448 | 5.5 | 80% | 5.2 |
| 230-3-60 | 187 | 253 | 29.5 | 195 | 325 | 1.5 | High Static | 2694 | 10.5 | 80% | 10.0 |
| 400 0 00 | 44.4 | 500 | 147 | 05 | 005 | 0.0 | Std Static | 1448 | 2.7 | 80% | 2.6 |
| 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 14.7 | 95 | 325 | 0.8 | High Static | 2694 | 4.6 | 80% | 4.4 |
| 575 0 00 | 510 | 000 | 10.0 | 00 | | 0.0 | Std Static | 1379 | 2.5 | 80% | 2.4 |
| 575-3-60 | 518 | 633 | 12.2 | 80 | 325 | 0.6 | High Static | 3775 | 2.9 | 81% | 2.8 |

APPENDIX IV ELECTRICAL DATA RGS121, 10 TONS

| | | COMP (ea) | | OFM (ea) | | IFM | | | | | | |
|----------|-----|-----------|------------|----------|-------|-----|-------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------|------|-----|
| V-Ph-Hz | MIN | MAX | RLA LRA | | WATTS | FLA | TYPE | Max WATTS | Max AMP Draw | EFF at Full Load | FLA | |
| | 107 | 050 | 00.4 | 005 | 005 | 4 5 | Std Static | 2120 | 5.5 | 80% | 5.2 | |
| 208-3-60 | 187 | 253 | 30.1 | 225 | 325 | 1.5 | High Static | 4559 | 15.8 | 81% | 15.0 | |
| 230-3-60 | 187 | 050 | 30.1 | 005 | 005 | 005 | 1 5 | Std Static | 2120 | 5.5 | 80% | 5.2 |
| 230-3-60 | 187 | 253 | 30.1 | 225 | 325 | 1.5 | High Static | 4559 | 15.8 | 81% | 15.0 | |
| 100 0 00 | 414 | 506 | 16.7 | 44.4 | 325 | 0.0 | Std Static | 2120 | 2.7 | 80% | 2.6 | |
| 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 10.7 | 114 | 325 | 0.8 | High Static | 4559 | 7.8 | 81% | 7.4 | |
| 575-3-60 | | 0.6 | Std Static | 1390 | 2.1 | 80% | 2.0 | | | | | |
| 575-3-00 | 518 | 633 | 12.2 | 80 | 325 | 0.6 | High Static | 1870 | 5.9 | 81% | 5.6 | |

| | | | | | NO C.O. or UNPWRD C.O. | | | | | | | | |
|--------|--------------------------|----------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|------|------------|-----|------|------|------|--------|--|
| | NOM. | | Combustion Fan Motor | Power Exhaust FLA | NO P.E. w/ P.E. (pwrd fr/ unit) | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | DISC. SIZE | | | | DISC | . SIZE | |
| Unit | V-Ph-Hz | IFM TYPE | FLA | | MCA | MOCP | FLA | LRA | MCA | MOCP | FLA | LRA | |
| | 000/020 1 60 | STD | 0.40 | 10 | 27.2 | 40.0 | 26 | 95 | 29.1 | 45.0 | 29 | 97 | |
| | 208/230-1-60 | HIGH | 0.48 | 1.9 | 27.2 | 40.0 | 26 | 95 | 29.1 | 45.0 | 29 | 97 | |
| | | STD | | | 19.4 | 25.0 | 19 | 89 | 21.3 | 30.0 | 22 | 91 | |
| | 208/230-3-60 | MED* | 0.48 | 1.9 | 19.4 | 25.0 | 19 | 89 | 21.3 | 30.0 | 22 | 91 | |
| | | HIGH | | | 19.7 | 30.0 | 20 | 107 | 21.6 | 30.0 | 22 | 109 | |
| RGS036 | | STD | | | 10.2 | 15.0 | 10 | 46 | 11.2 | 15.0 | 11 | 47 | |
| | 460-3-60 | MED* | 0.25 | 1.0 | 10.2 | 15.0 | 10 | 46 | 11.2 | 15.0 | 11 | 47 | |
| | | HIGH | | | 10.7 | 15.0 | 11 | 55 | 11.7 | 15.0 | 12 | 56 | |
| | | STD | | | 7.3 | 15.0 | 7 | 44 | 9.2 | 15.0 | 9 | 46 | |
| | 575-3-60 | MED* | 0.24 | 1.9 | 7.3 | 15.0 | 7 | 44 | 9.2 | 15.0 | 9 | 46 | |
| | | HIGH | | | 7.4 | 15.0 | 7 | 50 | 9.3 | 15.0 | 10 | 52 | |
| | 208/230-1-60 | STD | 0.48 | 1.9 | 33.7 | 50.0 | 32 | 133 | 35.6 | 50.0 | 35 | 135 | |
| | 200/200 1 00 | HIGH | 0.40 | 1.5 | 33.7 | 50.0 | 32 | 133 | 35.6 | 50.0 | 35 | 135 | |
| | | STD | | | 23.5 | 30.0 | 23 | 99 | 25.4 | 30.0 | 25 | 101 | |
| | 208/230-3-60 | MED* | 0.48 | 1.9 | 23.5 | 30.0 | 23 | 99 | 25.4 | 30.0 | 25 | 101 | |
| | | HIGH | | | 23.8 | 30.0 | 23 | 117 | 25.7 | 30.0 | 25 | 119 | |
| RGS048 | 460-3-60 | STD | | | 10.7 | 15.0 | 10 | 49 | 11.7 | 15.0 | 12 | 50 | |
| | | MED* | 0.25 | 1.0 | 10.7 | 15.0 | 10 | 49 | 11.7 | 15.0 | 12 | 50 | |
| | | HIGH | | | 11.2 | 15.0 | 11 | 58 | 12.2 | 15.0 | 12 | 59 | |
| | 575-3-60 208/230-1-60 | STD | | | 8.5 | 15.0 | 8 | 44 | 10.4 | 15.0 | 11 | 46 | |
| | | MED* | 0.24 | 1.9 | 8.5 | 15.0 | 8 | 44 | 10.4 | 15.0 | 11 | 46 | |
| | | HIGH | | | 8.6 | 15.0 | 9 | 50 | 10.5 | 15.0 | 11 | 52 | |
| | | STD | 0.48 | 1.9 | 39.2 | 60.0 | 37 | 150 | 41.1 | 60.0 | 40 | 152 | |
| | | HIGH | | | 41.3 | 60.0 | 40 | 175 | 43.2 | 60.0 | 42 | 177 | |
| | | STD | | | 25.9 | 30.0 | 25 | 126 | 27.8 | 40.0 | 27 | 128 | |
| | 208/230-3-60 | MED* | 0.48 | 1.9 | 26.2 | 40.0 | 26 | 144 | 28.1 | 40.0 | 28 | 146 | |
| | | HIGH | | | 28.5 | 40.0 | 29 | 170 | 30.4 | 45.0 | 30 | 172 | |
| RGS060 | | STD | | | 12.5 | 20.0 | 12 | 60 | 13.5 | 20.0 | 13 | 61 | |
| | 460-3-60 | MED* | 0.25 | 1.0 | 13.0 | 20.0 | 13 | 69 | 14.0 | 20.0 | 14 | 70 | |
| | | HIGH | | | 13.8 | 20.0 | 14 | 82 | 14.8 | 20.0 | 15 | 83 | |
| | | STD | | | 9.8 | 15.0 | 10 | 46 | 11.7 | 15.0 | 12 | 48 | |
| | 575-3-60 | MED* | 0.24 | 1.9 | 9.9 | 15.0 | 10 | 52 | 11.8 | 15.0 | 13 | 54 | |
| | | HIGH | | | 10.7 | 15.0 | 11 | 63 | 12.6 | 15.0 | 13 | 65 | |
| | | STD | | | 30.5 | 45.0 | 30 | 157 | 32.4 | 50.0 | 32 | 159 | |
| | 208/230-3-60 | MED* | 0.48 | 1.9 | 32.8 | 50.0 | 32 | 183 | 34.7 | 50.0 | 34 | 185 | |
| | | HIGH | | | 32.8 | 50.0 | 32 | 183 | 34.7 | 50.0 | 34 | 185 | |
| | | STD | | | 15.5 | 25.0 | 15 | 79 | 16.5 | 25.0 | 16 | 80 | |
| RGS072 | 460-3-60 | MED* | 0.25 | 1.0 | 16.3 | 25.0 | 16 | 92 | 17.3 | 25.0 | 17 | 93 | |
| | | HIGH | | | 17.3 | 25.0 | 17 | 101 | 18.3 | 25.0 | 18 | 102 | |
| | | STD | | | 11.9 | 15.0 | 12 | 63 | 13.8 | 20.0 | 14 | 65 | |
| | 575-3-60 | MED* | 0.24 | 1.9 | 12.7 | 20.0 | 12 | 74 | 14.6 | 20.0 | 15 | 76 | |
| | | HIGH | | | 12.7 | 20.0 | 12 | 74 | 14.6 | 20.0 | 15 | 76 | |

APPENDIX IV ELECTRICAL DATA MCA/MOCP DETERMINATION NO C.O. OR UNPWRD C.O.

*Available from Fast Parts See notes on next page.

APPENDIX IV ELECTRICAL DATA MCA/MOCP DETERMINATION NO C.O. OR UNPWRD C.O.

| | | | | Power | NO C.O. or UNPWRD C.O. | | | | NO C.O. or UNPWRD C.O. | | | |
|--------|--------------|----------|------------|---------|------------------------|------|------------|-----|-------------------------|------|------------|-----|
| | | | Combustion | | NO P.E. | | | | w/ P.E. (pwrd fr/ unit) | | | |
| | NOM. | | Fan Motor | Exhaust | | | DISC. SIZE | | | | DISC. SIZE | |
| Unit | V-Ph-Hz | IFM TYPE | FLA | FLA | MCA | MOCP | FLA | LRA | MCA | МОСР | FLA | LRA |
| | | STD | | | 39.5 | 60 | 38 | 191 | 43.3 | 60 | 43 | 195 |
| | 208/230-3-60 | MED* | 0.48 | 3.8 | 41.8 | 60 | 41 | 228 | 45.6 | 60 | 45 | 232 |
| | | HIGH | | | 49.3 | 60 | 49 | 254 | 53.1 | 60 | 54 | 258 |
| | | STD | | | 19.5 | 30 | 19 | 113 | 21.3 | 30 | 21 | 115 |
| RGS091 | 460-3-60 | MED* | 0.25 | 1.8 | 20.3 | 30 | 20 | 132 | 22.1 | 30 | 22 | 134 |
| | | HIGH | | | 24.3 | 30 | 24 | 145 | 26.1 | 30 | 26 | 147 |
| | | STD | | | 14.9 | 20 | 14 | 89 | 18.7 | 25 | 19 | 93 |
| | 575-3-60 | MED* | 0.24 | 3.8 | 15.3 | 20 | 15 | 104 | 19.1 | 25 | 19 | 108 |
| | | HIGH | | | 18.1 | 25 | 18 | 118 | 21.9 | 30 | 23 | 122 |
| | 208/230-3-60 | STD | | | 45.1 | 60 | 43 | 222 | 48.9 | 60 | 48 | 226 |
| | | MED* | 0.48 | 3.8 | 45.1 | 60 | 43 | 233 | 48.9 | 60 | 48 | 237 |
| | | HIGH | | | 49.9 | 60 | 49 | 276 | 53.7 | 80 | 53 | 280 |
| | 460-3-60 | STD | | | 22.6 | 30 | 22 | 108 | 24.4 | 30 | 24 | 110 |
| RGS101 | | MED* | 0.25 | 1.8 | 22.6 | 30 | 22 | 114 | 24.4 | 30 | 24 | 116 |
| | | HIGH | | | 24.4 | 30 | 24 | 136 | 26.2 | 30 | 26 | 138 |
| | | STD | | | 18.9 | 30 | 18 | 91 | 22.7 | 30 | 23 | 95 |
| | 575-3-60 | MED* | 0.24 | 3.8 | 18.5 | 30 | 18 | 95 | 22.3 | 30 | 22 | 99 |
| | | HIGH | | | 19.3 | 30 | 19 | 106 | 23.1 | 30 | 23 | 110 |
| | | STD | | | 45.8 | 60 | 44 | 263 | 49.6 | 60 | 48 | 267 |
| | 208/230-3-60 | MED* | 0.48 | 3.8 | 50.6 | 60 | 50 | 306 | 54.4 | 80 | 54 | 310 |
| | | HIGH | | | 55.6 | 80 | 55 | 315 | 59.4 | 80 | 60 | 319 |
| | | STD | | | 25.1 | 30 | 24 | 133 | 26.9 | 40 | 26 | 135 |
| RGS121 | 460-3-60 | MED* | 0.25 | 1.8 | 26.9 | 40 | 26 | 155 | 28.7 | 45 | 28 | 157 |
| | | HIGH | | | 29.9 | 45 | 30 | 159 | 31.7 | 45 | 32 | 161 |
| | | STD | | | 18.5 | 30 | 18 | 95 | 22.3 | 30 | 22 | 99 |
| | 575-3-60 | MED* | 0.24 | 3.8 | 19.3 | 30 | 19 | 106 | 23.1 | 30 | 23 | 110 |
| | | HIGH | | | 22.1 | 30 | 22 | 120 | 25.9 | 30 | 26 | 124 |

* Available from Fast Parts

¹Fuse or breaker

| 1 400 01 5100 | 2110 | |
|---------------|------|---------------------------------|
| LEGEND: | | |
| CO | - | Convenient outlet |
| DISC | - | Disconnect |
| FLA | - | Full load amps |
| IFM | - | Indoor fan motor |
| LRA | - | Locked rotor amps |
| MCA | - | Minimum circuit amps |
| MOCP | - | Maximum over current protection |
| PE | - | Power exhaust |
| UNPWRD CO | - | Unpowered convenient outlet |
| NOTES: | | |

NOTES:

1.In compliance with NEC requirements for multimotor and combination load equipment (refer to NEC Articles 430 and 440), the overcurrent protective device for the unit shall be fuse or HACR breaker. Canadian units may be fuse or circuit breaker.

1. Unbalanced 3-Phase Supply Voltage

Never operate a motor where a phase imbalance in supply voltage is greater than 2%. Use the following formula to determine the percentage of voltage imbalance.

% Voltage Imbalance = 100 x

average voltage

Example: Supply voltage is 230-3-60

AB = 224 v BC = 231 v AC = 226 v

Average Voltage =

_ = ____

681

227

(224 + 231 + 226)

Determine maximum deviation from average voltage.

(AB) 227 - 224 = 3 v

(BC) 231 – 227 = 4 v

(AC) 227 – 226 = 1 v

Maximum deviation is 4 v. Determine percent of voltage imbalance.

=

| % Voltage Imbalance | = 100 x - | 4 |
|---------------------|-----------|-----|
| / Voltage imbalance | 100 x | 227 |
| | = 1.76% | |

This amount of phase imbalance is satisfactory as it is below the maximum allowable 2%.

IMPORTANT: If the supply voltage phase imbalance is more than 2%, contact your local electric utility company immediately.

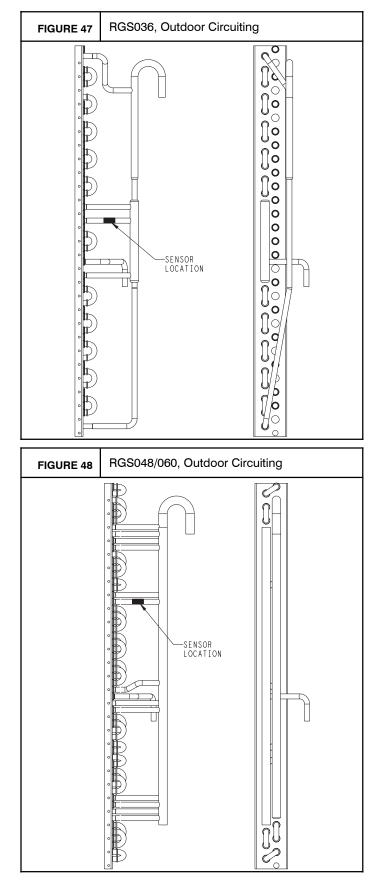
APPENDIX V. WIRING DIAGRAM LIST

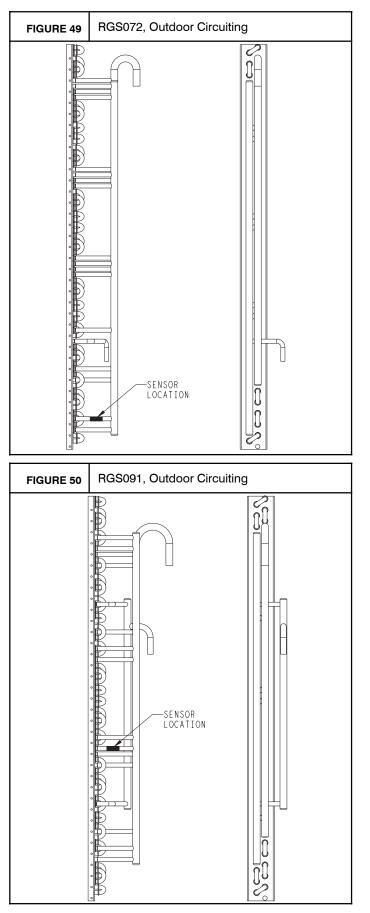
Wiring Diagrams

| RGS | | | | | | | | |
|------|--------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| SIZE | VOLTAGE | CONTROL | POWER | | | | | |
| | 208/230-1-60 | 48TM500213.05 | 48TM500749.08 | | | | | |
| 036 | 208/230-3-60 | 48TM500213.05 | 48TM500748.08 | | | | | |
| 030 | 460-3-60 | 48TM500213.05 | 48TM500748.08 | | | | | |
| | 575-3-60 | 48TM500213.05 | 48TM500215.08 | | | | | |
| | 208/230-1-60 | 48TM500213.05 | 48TM500749.08 | | | | | |
| 048 | 208/230-3-60 | 48TM500213.05 | 48TM500748.08 | | | | | |
| 040 | 460-3-60 | 48TM500213.05 | 48TM500748.08 | | | | | |
| | 575-3-60 | 48TM500213.05 | 48TM500215.08 | | | | | |
| | 208/230-1-60 | 48TM500213.05 | 48TM500749.08 | | | | | |
| 060 | 208/230-3-60 | 48TM500213.05 | 48TM500748.08 | | | | | |
| 000 | 460-3-60 | 48TM500213.05 | 48TM500748.08 | | | | | |
| | 575-3-60 | 48TM500213.05 | 48TM500215.08 | | | | | |
| | 208/230-3-60 | 48TM500213.05 | 48TM500748.08 | | | | | |
| 072 | 460-3-60 | 48TM500213.05 | 48TM500748.08 | | | | | |
| | 575-3-60 | 48TM500213.05 | 48TM500215.08 | | | | | |
| | 208/230-3-60 | 48TM500929.05 | 48TM500803.05 | | | | | |
| 091 | 460-3-60 | 48TM500929.05 | 48TM500803.05 | | | | | |
| | 575-3-60 | 48TM500929.05 | 48TM500804.05 | | | | | |
| | 208/230-3-60 | 48TM500929.05 | 48TM500803.05 | | | | | |
| 101 | 460-3-60 | 48TM500929.05 | 48TM500803.05 | | | | | |
| | 575-3-60 | 48TM500929.05 | 48TM500804.05 | | | | | |
| | 208/230-3-60 | 48TM500929.05 | 48TM500803.05 | | | | | |
| 121 | 460-3-60 | 48TM500929.05 | 48TM500803.05 | | | | | |
| | 575-3-60 | 48TM500929.05 | 48TM500804.05 | | | | | |

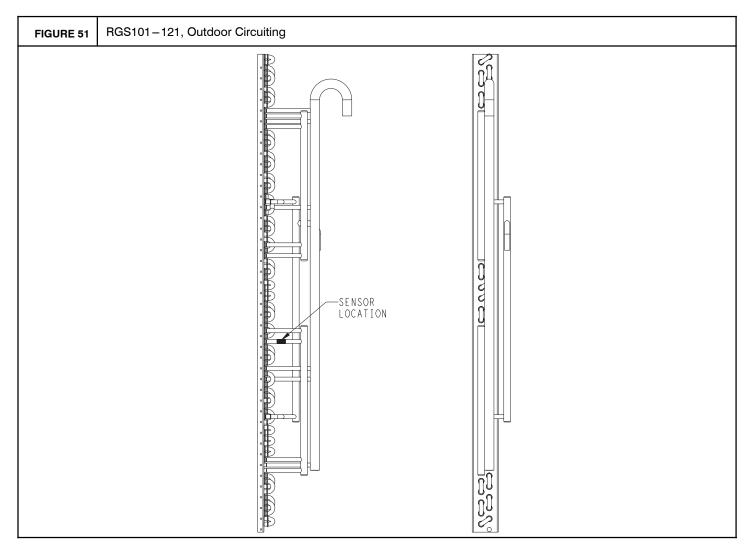
NOTE: Component arrangement on Control; Legend on Power Schematic

APPENDIX VI. MOTORMASTER SENSOR LOCATIONS





APPENDIX VI. MOTORMASTER SENSOR LOCATIONS (CONT.)



START-UP CHECKLIST

(Remove and Store in Job File)

I. PRELIMINARY INFORMATION

SERIAL NO.:

| | - | | |
|-------|---|--|--|
| DATE: | | | |

TECHNICIAN:

BUILDING LOCATION:

MODEL NO .:

II. PRE-START-UP (insert checkmark in box as each item is completed)

- □ VERIFY THAT ALL PACKAGING MATERIALS HAVE BEEN REMOVED FROM UNIT
- □ VERIFY THAT CONDENSATE CONNECTION IS INSTALLED PER INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS
- □ VERIFY THAT FLUE HOOD IS INSTALLED
- □ CHECK ALL ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS AND TERMINALS FOR TIGHTNESS
- □ CHECK TO ENSURE NO WIRES ARE TOUCHING REFRIGERANT TUBING OR SHARP EDGES
- □ CHECK GAS PIPING FOR LEAKS
- $\hfill \Box$ CHECK THAT RETURN-AIR FILTER IS CLEAN AND IN PLACE
- □ VERIFY THAT UNIT INSTALLATION IS LEVEL

 $\hfill\square$ CHECK FAN WHEEL AND PROPELLER FOR LOCATION IN HOUSING/ORIFICE AND VERIFY SETSCREW IS TIGHT

□ VERIFY PULLEY ALIGNMENT AND BELT TENSION ARE CORRECT

III. START-UP

ELECTRICAL

| SUPPLY VOLTAGE COMPRESSOR AMPS INDOOR FAN AMPS | L1-L2 L1 L1 | | L2-L3 L2 L2 | | L3-L1 L2 L2 |
|--|-------------------|-----------|-------------------|----|-------------------|
| TEMPERATURES | | | | | |
| OUTDOOR-AIR TEMPERATURE | | DB | | WB | |
| RETURN-AIR TEMPERATURE | | DB | | WB | |
| COOLING SUPPLY AIR | | DB | | WB | |
| GAS HEAT SUPPLY AIR | | DB | | | |
| PRESSURES | | | | | |
| GAS INLET PRESSURE | | IN. WG | | | |
| GAS MANIFOLD PRESSURE | | IN. WG (I | LOW FIRE) | | IN. WG (HI FIRE) |
| REFRIGERANT SUCTION | | PSIG | | | TEMP °F |
| REFRIGERANT DISCHARGE | | PSIG | | | TEMP °F |

□ VERIFY PULLEY ALIGNMENT AND BELT TENSION ARE CORRECT

□ VERIFY REFRIGERANT CHARGE USING CHARGING CHARTS

□ VERIFY THAT 3-PHASE SCROLL COMPRESSOR IS ROTATING IN CORRECT DIRECTION