## Volume Verification for the Sensidyne/Kitagawa Model AP-20S and Model AP-1S Piston Pumps

To assure optimum accuracy, the volume of air drawn through a detector tube must be correct within acceptable limits. Determining the sample volume is a simple procedure using the Sensidyne Volume Verification Kit (PN ${ }^{\circ} 830-1010-01$ ). The kit includes some flexible tubing, soap solution, a ring stand, clamp, and a bubble flowmeter. The bubble flowmeter is marked from 0 to 110 ml (or Cc). To verify the volume, follow Steps 1-8.


Assemble the bubblemeter as shown above.
Break off the ends of a fresh detector tube. Insert the tube into the pump (A 120SD or similar oneminute tube is recommended).


Attach the inlet of the tube to the flow meter via flexible assuring that there are no leaks.

Introduce a soap bubble into the bubblemeter as shown above.

## Volume Verification <br> (continued)



Use the pump to zero the soap bubble (see close-up in \#6).


Take a full pump stroke and observe that the bubble has stopped moving (about 1 minute for a 120SD tube).

## NOTE

To prevent bubbles from breaking prematurely, it will be necessary to first wet the bubblemeter walls by drawing a series of bubbles. This can be facilitated with a motorized pump.


The soap bubble should be at the zero mark.


It should be noted that there is no significant accuracy loss as long as 90 ml or more are drawn in the allotted time. The stainlength in the Sensidyne/Kitagawa system is determined by the first 80 to 90 ml of the sample. The remaining, slow moving sample portion serves to darken the stain and define the endpoint.


